

Nature and distribution of known offenses

Data presented in this section describe the type and extent of criminal activity in the United States. The level of crime is measured through officially recorded data, victimization surveys, and self-reports of criminal involvement. It is well documented that many crimes are not reported to the police. Therefore, surveys of the population and selected subgroups have been used to augment the data provided through official law enforcement records. Two methods have been most commonly used: (1) surveys of household members to determine the rate of criminal victimization, characteristics of victims, and perceived characteristics of offenders; and (2) self-report surveys of the general population, or particular subgroups, to determine the proportion and characteristics of persons who have committed criminal offenses.

The section begins with information from the National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS), which is an annual national probability survey of households in the United States sponsored by the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Information is provided on the extent and nature of completed and attempted crimes, frequency of occurrence, characteristics of victims and offenders, victim-offender relationships, the circumstances surrounding criminal incidents, and reasons for reporting or not reporting crimes to the police.

The next set of tables is based on data from the Monitoring the Future Project at the University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research. This project conducts annual nationwide surveys of secondary school students' experiences of victimization and involvement in delinquent activity occurring at school and elsewhere. These data include student involvement in traffic violations and crashes while under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Also shown are figures on the prevalence and frequency of drug and alcohol use among eighth and tenth graders, high school seniors, college students, and young adults in the United States. Use of marijuana, hashish, inhalants, hallucinogens (LSD, PCP), cocaine and crack, heroin, stimulants, sedatives, tranquilizers, alcohol, steroids, and cigarettes is examined. This segment also incorporates self-report data collected by PRIDE Surveys on students' (grades 6 through 12) victimization experiences, involvement with delinquent behavior, and alcohol and drug use. The Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, a nationwide survey of youth conducted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), is the source of information for high school students' involvement in a wide scope of risk-related behaviors including fighting

and weapons possession at school. These tables are followed by reports of violent crime, bullying, hate-related behavior, and gangs at school, from data jointly collected by the U.S. Departments of Education and Justice. A series of tables present statistics on the prevalence of binge drinking on college campuses, associated violence, and other alcohol-related problems.

Section 3 also covers the prevalence of drug and alcohol use among the Nation's population age 12 and older from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health. Figures for various types of drugs are presented as well as reported problems associated with drug and alcohol use. The next series of tables present data from U.S. Department of Defense surveys measuring illicit drug use among U.S. military personnel. These data include branch of military, type of drug, and recency of use. Also included are data from the Drug Abuse Warning Network (DAWN) focusing on drug abuse-related emergency department episodes. Results of public opinion surveys by The Gallup Organization, asking about alcohol use and related problems, are shown. Information on alcohol-related driving behavior, including involvement in motor vehicle crashes and associated fatalities completes this segment.

The final part of Section 3 incorporates numerous tables displaying statistics on officially recorded crime. The Federal Bureau of Investigation collects information on crimes known to the police through its ongoing Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. The number and rate of offenses known to police are tabulated by State and for large U.S. cities for the eight Index crimes: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Tables displaying information on bias-motivated (hate) crimes and offenses occurring in Federal parks are included. The next set of tables provides details about murder victims and offenders based on the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Supplementary Homicide Reports, followed by two tables focusing on violence between intimate partners. Data on homicides and other violent crimes occurring in the workplace and rates of suicide for various subgroups of the population are shown, as is information on the civilians and law enforcement officers killed as a result of the terrorist attacks on Sept. 11, 2001. New this year is a table displaying trend data on sniper attacks in the U.S.

Trend tables on robbery, assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft present more than 25 years of UCR data. Information on financial institution fraud and Federal bank robberies is provided in this section as are numerous tabulations for the number of

law enforcement officers assaulted and killed in the United States. These include detailed data on the circumstances of the incidents.

Section 3 concludes with information on arson, dollar losses due to incendiary or suspicious fires, bombing incidents, information on terrorist incidents and casualties resulting from terrorism, and the results of airline passenger screening.

Table 3.1

Estimated average number, rate, and percent change in rate of personal and property victimizationBy type of crime, United States, 2000-01 and 2002-03^a

Type of crime	Average number of victimizations (in thousands)		Victimization rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older or per 1,000 households)		
	2000-01	2002-03	2000-01	2002-03	Percent change 2000-01 to 2002-03 ^b
All crimes	25,054,520	23,624,410	X	X	X
Personal crimes ^c	6,264,440	5,541,610	27.5	23.5	-14.3%
Crimes of violence	6,033,280	5,371,570	26.5	22.8	-13.8
Completed violence	1,936,170	1,704,040	8.5	7.2	-14.8
Attempted/threatened violence	4,097,110	3,667,520	18.0	15.6	-13.3
Rape/sexual assault	254,600	223,290	1.1	0.9	-15.1
Rape/attempted rape	146,700	142,380	0.6	0.6	-6.0
Rape	88,030	81,310	0.4	0.3	-10.5
Attempted rape	58,670	61,060	0.3	0.3	0.8
Sexual assault	107,900	80,910	0.5	0.3	-27.4
Robbery	681,230	554,310	3.0	2.4	-21.2
Completed/property taken	473,400	381,880	2.1	1.6	-21.9
With injury	167,100	165,090	0.7	0.7	-4.3
Without injury	306,300	216,780	1.3	0.9	-31.5
Attempted to take property	207,830	172,440	0.9	0.7	-19.6
With injury	66,720	48,160	0.3	0.2	-30.1
Without injury	141,110	124,290	0.6	0.5	-14.7
Assault	5,097,450	4,593,970	22.4	19.5	-12.7
Aggravated	1,257,330	1,045,610	5.5	4.4	-19.5
With injury	368,810	338,930	1.6	1.4	-11.0
Threatened with weapon	888,520	706,680	3.9	3.0	-23.0
Simple	3,840,110	3,548,360	16.8	15.1	-10.5
With minor injury	916,980	837,770	4.0	3.6	-11.5
Without injury	2,923,130	2,710,590	12.8	11.5	-10.2
Personal theft ^d	231,170	170,050	1.0	0.7	-28.8
Property crimes	18,790,080	18,082,800	172.4	161.1	-6.6
Household burglary	3,291,700	3,225,670	30.2	28.7	-4.9
Completed	2,798,080	2,703,900	25.7	24.1	-6.2
Forcible entry	1,047,230	1,016,990	9.6	9.1	-5.7
Unlawful entry without force	1,750,840	1,686,910	16.1	15.0	-6.5
Attempted forcible entry	493,620	521,770	4.5	4.6	2.6
Motor vehicle theft	972,890	1,010,610	8.9	9.0	0.9
Completed	682,980	772,070	6.3	6.9	9.8
Attempted	289,910	238,550	2.7	2.1	-20.1
Theft	14,525,500	13,846,520	133.3	123.4	-7.5
Completed ^e	13,986,000	13,379,380	128.4	119.2	-7.1
Less than \$50	4,701,510	4,188,440	43.1	37.3	-13.5
\$50 to \$249	5,055,100	4,603,610	46.4	41.0	-11.6
\$250 or more	3,176,160	3,323,300	29.1	29.6	1.6
Attempted	539,490	467,140	5.0	4.2	-15.9

Note: The National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS) is conducted annually for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. These estimates are based on data derived from a continuous survey of a representative sample of housing units in the United States. For the 2003 survey, approximately 149,040 residents in 83,660 housing units were interviewed. Response rates were 92% of eligible housing units and 86% of eligible individuals in interviewed households. For the 2002 survey, approximately 76,050 residents in 42,340 housing units were interviewed. Response rates were 92% of eligible housing units and 87% of eligible individuals in interviewed households. For the 2001 survey, approximately 79,950 residents in 43,680 housing units were interviewed. Response rates were 93% of eligible housing units and 89% of individuals in interviewed households. For the 2000 survey, approximately 159,420 residents in 86,800 housing units were interviewed. Response rates were 93% of eligible housing units and 90% of individuals in interviewed households. In 2000, the total U.S. population age 12 and older was 226,804,610; in 2001, it was 229,215,290; in 2002 it was 231,589,260; and in 2003 it was 239,305,990. The total number of households in the United States in 2000 was 108,352,960; in 2001, it was 109,568,450; in 2002 it was 110,323,840; and in 2003 it was 114,136,930. Readers should note that the NCVS is based on interviews with victims and therefore cannot measure murder.

^aSince 1995, the NCVS has undergone sample reductions because of the escalating costs of data collection. At the same time, the rate of violence has continued to decline. The combination of the two--fewer survey respondents and less crime--has resulted in a diminished ability to detect statistically significant year-to-year changes in rates" (Source, p. 3). Presentation of 2-year averages for counts and rates permits over time comparisons that are more reliable. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^bDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^cPercent change was calculated using unrounded rates.

^dDoes not include murder or manslaughter.

^eIncludes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching.

^fIncludes thefts with unknown losses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2003*, NCJ 205455 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2004), p. 3.

Table 3.2

Estimated number and rate of violent and property victimizationBy type of crime, United States, 2002 and 2003^a

Type of crime	Number of victimizations		Victimization rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older or per 1,000 households)	
	2002	2003	2002	2003
All crimes	23,036,030	24,212,800	X	X
Violent crimes ^b	5,341,410	5,401,720	23.1	22.6
Rape/sexual assault	247,730	198,850	1.1	0.8
Robbery	512,490	596,130	2.2	2.5
Assault	4,581,190	4,606,740	19.8	19.3
Aggravated	990,110	1,101,110	4.3	4.6
Simple	3,591,090	3,505,630	15.5	14.6
Property crimes	17,539,220	18,626,380	159.0	163.2
Household burglary	3,055,720	3,395,620	27.7	29.8
Motor vehicle theft	988,760	1,032,470	9.0	9.0
Theft	13,494,750	14,198,290	122.3	124.4

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bDoes not include murder or manslaughter.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2003*, NCJ 205455 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2004), p. 2.

Table 3.3

Estimated rate of criminal victimization and percent change in rateBy type of crime, United States, 1993, 1994, 1999-2003^a

Type of crime	Victimization rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older or per 1,000 households)							Percent change 1993 to 2003 ^b
	1993	1994	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Personal crimes ^c	52.2	54.1	33.7	29.1	25.9	23.7	23.3	-55.4%
Crimes of violence	49.9	51.8	32.8	27.9	25.1	23.1	22.6	-54.7
Completed violence	15.0	15.4	10.1	9.0	8.0	7.6	6.9	-54.0
Attempted/threatened violence	34.9	36.4	22.6	18.9	17.1	15.5	15.7	-55.0
Rape/sexual assault	2.5	2.1	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.8	-68.0
Rape/attempted rape	1.6	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.5	-68.8
Rape	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	-70.0
Attempted rape	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	-71.4
Sexual assault	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	-62.5
Robbery	6.0	6.3	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.2	2.5	-58.3
Completed/property taken	3.8	4.0	2.4	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.6	-57.9
With injury	1.3	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	-46.2
Without injury	2.5	2.6	1.5	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.9	-64.0
Attempted to take property	2.2	2.3	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.9	-59.1
With injury	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	-50.0
Without injury	1.8	1.7	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.7	-61.1
Assault	41.4	43.3	27.4	23.5	21.2	19.8	19.3	-53.4
Aggravated	12.0	11.9	6.7	5.7	5.3	4.3	4.6	-61.7
With injury	3.4	3.3	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	-55.9
Threatened with weapon	8.6	8.6	4.7	4.2	3.6	2.9	3.1	-64.0
Simple	29.4	31.5	20.8	17.8	15.9	15.5	14.6	-50.3
With minor injury	6.1	6.8	4.4	4.4	3.7	3.9	3.2	-47.5
Without injury	23.3	24.7	16.3	13.4	12.2	11.6	11.4	-51.1
Personal theft ^d	2.3	2.4	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.8	-65.2
Property crimes	318.9	310.2	198.0	178.1	166.9	159.0	163.2	-48.8
Household burglary	58.2	56.3	34.1	31.8	28.7	27.7	29.8	-48.8
Completed	47.2	46.1	28.6	26.9	24.5	23.5	24.6	-47.9
Forcible entry	18.1	16.9	11.0	9.6	9.6	9.2	8.9	-50.8
Unlawful entry without force	29.1	29.2	17.6	17.3	14.9	14.3	15.7	-46.0
Attempted forcible entry	10.9	10.2	5.5	4.9	4.1	4.2	5.1	-53.2
Motor vehicle theft	19.0	18.8	10.0	8.6	9.2	9.0	9.0	-52.6
Completed	12.4	12.5	7.5	5.9	6.6	7.1	6.7	-46.0
Attempted	6.6	6.3	2.4	2.7	2.6	1.9	2.3	-65.2
Theft	241.7	235.1	153.9	137.7	129.0	122.3	124.4	-48.5
Completed ^e	230.1	224.3	149.0	132.0	124.8	118.2	120.2	-47.8
Less than \$50	98.7	93.5	53.2	43.4	42.9	37.9	36.7	-62.8
\$50 to \$249	76.1	77.0	54.0	48.9	43.9	40.4	41.6	-45.3
\$250 or more	41.6	41.8	31.7	29.3	29.0	29.6	29.6	-28.8
Attempted	11.6	10.8	5.0	5.7	4.2	4.1	4.2	-63.8

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Victimization rates may differ from those reported previously because the estimates are now based on data collected in each calendar year rather than data about events within a calendar year. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bDifferences between annual rates shown do not take into account any changes that may have occurred during interim years. Percent change calculated using unrounded rates.

^cDoes not include murder or manslaughter.

^dIncludes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching.

^eIncludes thefts with unknown losses.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization 2001: Changes 2000-01 with Trends 1993-2001*, Bulletin NCJ 194610 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2002), p. 11; and U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2002*, NCJ 199994, p. 5; **2003**, NCJ 205455, p. 5 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.4

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimization

By type of crime and selected characteristics of victim, United States, 2003

Victim characteristics	Population	Type of personal crime						Personal theft ^b
		Crimes of violence						
		All crimes of violence ^a	Rape/sexual assault	Robbery	Total	Assault Aggravated	Simple	
Sex								
Male	116,041,090	26.3	0.2 ^c	3.2	23.0	5.9	17.1	0.4
Female	123,264,890	19.0	1.5	1.9	15.7	3.3	12.4	1.1
Race^d								
White	197,577,400	21.5	0.8	1.9	18.8	4.2	14.7	0.6
Black	28,561,780	29.1	0.8 ^c	5.9	22.3	6.0	16.3	1.7
Other	11,120,220	16.0	0.2 ^c	3.4	12.4	5.4	7.0	0.9 ^e
Two or more races	2,046,590	67.7	5.8 ^c	8.1 ^c	53.7	21.3	32.4	2.7 ^c
Ethnicity^d								
Hispanic	30,275,550	24.2	0.4 ^c	3.1	20.8	4.6	16.1	1.1 ^c
Non-Hispanic	207,263,340	22.3	0.9	2.4	19.0	4.6	14.4	0.7
Age								
12 to 15 years	17,084,330	51.6	1.2 ^c	5.2	45.3	8.9	36.4	1.5 ^c
16 to 19 years	16,210,780	53.0	1.3 ^c	5.1	46.6	11.9	34.7	1.4 ^c
20 to 24 years	19,786,270	43.3	1.7	6.4	35.3	9.8	25.5	1.6
25 to 34 years	39,449,790	26.4	1.6	2.5	22.3	6.0	16.3	1.0
35 to 49 years	65,780,190	18.5	0.6	1.7	16.1	3.8	12.3	0.5
50 to 64 years	46,736,200	10.3	0.4 ^c	1.4	8.5	1.6	7.0	0.3 ^c
65 years and older	34,258,430	2.0	0.1 ^c	0.7 ^c	1.2	0.1 ^c	1.1	0.5 ^c
Household income								
Under \$7,500	8,335,120	49.9	1.6 ^c	9.0	39.3	10.8	28.5	1.2 ^c
\$7,500 to \$14,999	15,893,630	30.8	1.8 ^c	4.0	25.0	7.9	17.0	1.1 ^c
\$15,000 to \$24,999	24,560,390	26.3	0.8 ^c	4.0	21.5	4.5	17.0	0.7 ^c
\$25,000 to \$34,999	24,252,930	24.9	0.9 ^c	2.2	21.8	5.0	16.9	0.8 ^c
\$35,000 to \$49,999	32,082,950	21.4	0.9 ^c	2.1	18.3	4.8	13.5	0.7 ^c
\$50,000 to \$74,999	35,174,290	22.9	0.5 ^c	2.0	20.4	5.2	15.2	0.5 ^c
\$75,000 and over	47,855,860	17.5	0.5 ^c	1.7	15.4	2.7	12.6	1.0
Marital status								
Never married	76,429,290	41.6	1.6	5.2	34.8	8.7	26.1	1.4
Married	120,862,960	10.2	0.2 ^c	0.8	9.2	1.8	7.4	0.3
Divorced/separated	25,907,600	35.1	1.9	3.5	29.7	7.8	21.9	0.7 ^c
Widowed	14,297,780	3.5	0.0 ^c	1.1 ^c	2.5	0.1 ^c	2.3	0.8 ^c
Region								
Northeast	44,525,430	21.0	0.2 ^c	2.7	18.1	3.9	14.2	1.1
Midwest	55,886,090	23.6	1.5	2.7	19.4	4.6	14.8	1.0
South	86,489,420	21.1	0.9	2.5	17.8	4.4	13.4	0.5
West	52,405,050	25.2	0.6 ^c	2.1	22.5	5.6	16.9	0.6
Residence								
Urban	66,466,630	28.2	0.8	3.7	23.8	5.4	18.3	1.3
Suburban	115,814,150	21.3	1.0	2.3	18.1	4.3	13.7	0.7
Rural	57,025,210	18.6	0.6	1.6	16.4	4.2	12.2	0.3 ^c

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^dBeginning in 2003, race and ethnicity categories are not directly comparable to previous years. For more information on this change, see Appendix 8.

^aDoes not include murder or manslaughter.

^bIncludes pocket picking, purse snatching, and attempted purse snatching.

^cEstimate is based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2003*, NCJ 205455 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2004), p. 7, Table 6 and p. 8. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.5

Estimated number and rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimizationBy type of crime and sex of victim, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Both sexes		Male		Female	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All personal crimes	5,496,810	23.7	2,927,520	26.1	2,569,300	21.5
Crimes of violence	5,341,410	23.1	2,857,930	25.5	2,483,480	20.8
Completed violence	1,753,090	7.6	816,240	7.3	936,850	7.8
Attempted/threatened violence	3,588,320	15.5	2,041,690	18.2	1,546,630	13.0
Rape/sexual assault	247,730	1.1	31,640	0.3	216,090	1.8
Rape/attempted rape	167,860	0.7	22,610 ^b	0.2 ^b	145,240	1.2
Rape	90,390	0.4	4,100 ^b	0.0 ^b	86,290	0.7
Attempted rape ^c	77,470	0.3	18,520 ^b	0.2 ^b	58,950	0.5
Sexual assault ^d	79,870	0.3	9,030 ^b	0.1 ^b	70,840	0.6
Robbery	512,490	2.2	323,530	2.9	188,960	1.6
Completed/property taken	385,880	1.7	237,350	2.1	148,530	1.2
With injury	169,980	0.7	102,860	0.9	67,130	0.6
Without injury	215,890	0.9	134,490	1.2	81,400	0.7
Attempted to take property	126,610	0.5	86,180	0.8	40,430	0.3
With injury	42,600	0.2	31,470	0.3	11,130 ^b	0.1 ^b
Without injury	84,020	0.4	54,710	0.5	29,300 ^b	0.2 ^b
Assault	4,581,190	19.8	2,502,760	22.3	2,078,440	17.4
Aggravated	990,110	4.3	588,430	5.2	401,670	3.4
With injury	316,260	1.4	166,930	1.5	149,330	1.3
Threatened with weapon	673,850	2.9	421,510	3.8	252,350	2.1
Simple	3,591,090	15.5	1,914,320	17.1	1,676,760	14.0
With minor injury	906,580	3.9	405,670	3.6	500,910	4.2
Without injury	2,684,510	11.6	1,508,650	13.4	1,175,860	9.9
Purse snatching/pocket picking	155,400	0.7	69,590	0.6	85,810	0.7
Population age 12 and older	231,589,260	X	112,241,930	X	119,347,330	X

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape.^dIncludes threats.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 2 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.6

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons in each age group) of personal victimizationBy type of crime and age of victim, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Age of victim (in years)						
	12 to 15	16 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 49	50 to 64	65 and older
All personal crimes	45.3	58.8	49.0	26.8	18.8	11.0	4.0
Crimes of violence	44.4	58.2	47.4	26.3	18.1	10.7	3.4
Completed violence	12.8	20.7	16.4	9.0	5.5	3.5	1.2
Attempted/threatened violence	31.7	37.6	31.0	17.3	12.6	7.2	2.2
Rape/sexual assault	2.1	5.5	2.9	0.6 ^b	0.5 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.1 ^b
Rape/attempted rape	0.8 ^b	4.6	2.0	0.6 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.1 ^b
Rape	0.5 ^b	2.7	1.4 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b
Attempted rape ^c	0.2 ^b	2.0	0.6 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.1 ^b
Sexual assault ^d	1.3 ^b	0.9 ^b	0.9 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.1 ^b
Robbery	3.0	4.0	4.7	2.8	1.5	1.6	1.0
Completed/property taken	1.8 ^b	3.1	3.6	2.1	1.2	1.2	0.8 ^b
With injury	0.9 ^b	1.6 ^b	1.8	0.7 ^b	0.5	0.6 ^b	0.2 ^b
Without injury	0.9 ^b	1.5 ^b	1.8	1.4	0.7	0.6 ^b	0.6 ^b
Attempted to take property	1.2 ^b	0.9 ^b	1.1 ^b	0.7 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.2 ^b
With injury	0.2 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.1 ^b
Without injury	1.0 ^b	0.5 ^b	1.0 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.1 ^b
Assault	39.3	48.6	39.8	22.8	16.1	8.9	2.2
Aggravated	5.0	11.9	10.1	5.2	3.5	1.7	0.7 ^b
With injury	1.0 ^b	3.9	3.8	1.9	0.9	0.6 ^b	0.1 ^b
Threatened with weapon	4.0	8.0	6.3	3.3	2.5	1.0	0.6 ^b
Simple	34.3	36.7	29.7	17.6	12.7	7.2	1.5
With minor injury	8.8	10.2	6.7	4.7	3.2	1.5	0.3 ^b
Without injury	25.6	26.5	23.0	12.9	9.4	5.7	1.3
Purse snatching/pocket picking	0.9 ^b	0.6 ^b	1.6 ^b	0.5 ^b	0.7	0.3 ^b	0.6 ^b
Population in each age group	16,676,560	16,171,800	19,317,740	37,329,720	65,263,580	43,746,850	33,083,000

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape.^dIncludes threats.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 3 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.7

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons in each age group) of personal victimizationBy sex and age of victim, and type of crime, United States, 2002^a

Sex and age of victim	Total population	Crimes of violence	Completed violence	Attempted/threatened violence	Rape/sexual assault ^b	Robbery			Assault			Purse snatching/pocket picking
						Total	With injury	Without injury	Total	Aggravated	Simple	
Male												
12 to 15 years	8,603,860	46.1	13.2	33.0	0.0 ^c	4.9	1.8 ^c	3.1 ^c	41.2	5.4	35.8	1.8 ^c
16 to 19 years	8,210,100	58.4	16.6	41.7	0.8 ^c	4.9	3.0 ^c	1.9 ^c	52.6	16.3	36.3	1.2 ^c
20 to 24 years	9,583,970	56.7	18.2	38.5	0.4 ^c	7.2	2.5 ^c	4.7	49.1	13.2	35.9	1.9 ^c
25 to 34 years	18,406,060	29.4	8.6	20.8	0.1 ^c	3.2	0.8 ^c	2.4	26.0	6.6	19.4	0.4 ^c
35 to 49 years	32,213,630	18.7	4.9	13.9	0.4 ^c	2.0	1.1	0.9 ^c	16.3	3.1	13.2	0.4 ^c
50 to 64 years	21,052,670	11.4	3.0	8.4	0.3 ^c	1.6	0.5 ^c	1.1 ^c	9.5	2.0	7.5	0.4 ^c
65 years and older	14,171,630	3.9	1.0 ^c	2.9	0.0 ^c	1.0 ^c	0.6 ^c	0.3 ^c	2.9	1.2 ^c	1.7 ^c	0.0 ^c
Female												
12 to 15 years	8,072,700	42.6	12.3	30.3	4.3	0.9 ^c	0.3 ^c	0.6 ^c	37.3	4.5	32.8	0.0 ^c
16 to 19 years	7,961,700	58.1	24.8	33.2	10.4	3.2 ^c	1.0 ^c	2.2 ^c	44.5	7.4	37.1	0.0 ^c
20 to 24 years	9,733,770	38.3	14.6	23.7	5.4	2.2 ^c	1.3 ^c	0.9 ^c	30.7	7.0	23.7	1.3 ^c
25 to 34 years	18,923,660	23.2	9.3	13.9	1.1 ^c	2.4	1.4 ^c	1.0 ^c	19.8	3.9	15.9	0.7 ^c
35 to 49 years	33,049,950	17.6	6.2	11.4	0.6 ^c	1.1	0.3 ^c	0.8 ^c	16.0	3.9	12.1	1.0
50 to 64 years	22,694,180	10.0	3.9	6.1	0.1 ^c	1.5	0.8 ^c	0.7 ^c	8.4	1.4	7.0	0.3 ^c
65 years and older	18,911,370	3.0	1.4 ^c	1.6	0.2 ^c	1.1 ^c	0.1 ^c	1.0 ^c	1.7	0.2 ^c	1.4 ^c	1.1 ^c

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 4 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.8

Estimated number and rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimizationBy type of crime and race of victim, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	White		Black		Other	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All personal crimes	4,525,090	23.5	824,530	28.6	147,190	15.1
Crimes of violence	4,392,620	22.8	805,440	27.9	143,350	14.7
Completed violence	1,430,510	7.4	271,200	9.4	51,380	5.3
Attempted/threatened violence	2,962,110	15.4	534,230	18.5	91,980	9.4
Rape/sexual assault	163,790	0.8	72,020	2.5	11,920 ^b	1.2 ^b
Rape/attempted rape	103,350	0.5	55,460	1.9	9,050 ^b	0.9 ^b
Rape	65,440	0.3	20,980 ^b	0.7 ^b	3,980 ^b	0.4 ^b
Attempted rape ^c	37,910	0.2	34,480	1.2	5,070 ^b	0.5 ^b
Sexual assault ^d	60,440	0.3	16,560 ^b	0.6 ^b	2,870 ^b	0.3 ^b
Robbery	370,800	1.9	118,040	4.1	23,650 ^b	2.4 ^b
Completed/property taken	275,550	1.4	98,310	3.4	12,020 ^b	1.2 ^b
With injury	119,810	0.6	43,780	1.5	6,390 ^b	0.7 ^b
Without injury	155,740	0.8	54,520	1.9	5,630 ^b	0.6 ^b
Attempted to take property	95,250	0.5	19,740 ^b	0.7 ^b	11,630 ^b	1.2 ^b
With injury	34,750	0.2	5,230 ^b	0.2 ^b	2,620 ^b	0.3 ^b
Without injury	60,490	0.3	14,510 ^b	0.5 ^b	9,010 ^b	0.9 ^b
Assault	3,858,030	20.0	615,370	21.3	107,790	11.0
Aggravated	788,040	4.1	192,900	6.7	9,170 ^b	0.9 ^b
With injury	267,900	1.4	45,960	1.6	2,390 ^b	0.2 ^b
Threatened with weapon	520,140	2.7	146,930	5.1	6,780 ^b	0.7 ^b
Simple	3,069,990	15.9	422,480	14.6	98,620	10.1
With minor injury	780,230	4.0	93,360	3.2	32,990	3.4
Without injury	2,289,760	11.9	329,110	11.4	65,630	6.7
Purse snatching/pocket picking	132,460	0.7	19,100 ^b	0.7 ^b	3,840 ^b	0.4 ^b
Population age 12 and older	192,956,980	X	28,871,440	X	9,760,850	X

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape.^dIncludes threats.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 5 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.9

Estimated number and rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimizationBy type of crime and ethnicity of victim, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Total ^b		Hispanic		Non-Hispanic	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All personal crimes	5,496,810	23.7	647,290	24.0	4,823,750	23.8
Crimes of violence	5,341,410	23.1	637,320	23.6	4,678,330	23.0
Completed violence	1,753,090	7.6	235,600	8.7	1,501,500	7.4
Attempted/threatened violence	3,588,320	15.5	401,720	14.9	3,176,830	15.6
Rape/sexual assault	247,730	1.1	19,670 ^c	0.7 ^c	228,060	1.1
Rape/attempted rape	167,860	0.7	15,700 ^c	0.6 ^c	152,150	0.7
Rape	90,390	0.4	6,420 ^c	0.2 ^c	83,970	0.4
Attempted rape ^d	77,470	0.3	9,280 ^c	0.3 ^c	68,190	0.3
Sexual assault ^e	79,870	0.3	3,960 ^c	0.1 ^c	75,910	0.4
Robbery	512,490	2.2	85,490	3.2	424,820	2.1
Completed/property taken	385,880	1.7	63,830	2.4	322,050	1.6
With injury	169,980	0.7	14,690 ^c	0.5 ^c	155,290	0.8
Without injury	215,890	0.9	49,140	1.8	166,750	0.8
Attempted to take property	126,610	0.5	21,660 ^c	0.8 ^c	102,780	0.5
With injury	42,600	0.2	2,280 ^c	0.1 ^c	40,320	0.2
Without injury	84,020	0.4	19,380 ^c	0.7 ^c	62,460	0.3
Assault	4,581,190	19.8	532,160	19.7	4,025,440	19.8
Aggravated	990,110	4.3	163,510	6.1	826,590	4.1
With injury	316,260	1.4	62,160	2.3	254,090	1.3
Threatened with weapon	673,850	2.9	101,350	3.8	572,500	2.8
Simple	3,591,090	15.5	368,650	13.7	3,198,840	15.8
With minor injury	906,580	3.9	99,220	3.7	791,370	3.9
Without injury	2,684,510	11.6	269,430	10.0	2,407,480	11.9
Purse snatching/pocket picking	155,400	0.7	9,980 ^c	0.4 ^c	145,420	0.7
Population age 12 and older	231,589,260	X	26,991,490	X	203,062,880	X

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^dIncludes verbal threats of rape.^eIncludes threats.^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes data on persons whose ethnicity was not ascertained, which are not shown separately.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 7 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.10

Estimated number and rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimizationBy type of crime, and sex and race of victim, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Male				Female			
	White		Black		White		Black	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All personal crimes	2,459,570	26.1	386,130	29.3	2,065,520	20.9	438,400	27.9
Crimes of violence	2,394,330	25.4	381,780	29.0	1,998,290	20.3	423,650	27.0
Completed violence	683,120	7.2	107,160	8.1	747,390	7.6	164,040	10.4
Attempted/threatened violence	1,711,210	18.1	274,620	20.9	1,250,900	12.7	259,610	16.5
Rape/sexual assault ^b	19,160 ^c	0.2 ^c	9,610 ^c	0.7 ^c	144,630	1.5	62,410	4.0
Robbery	235,360	2.5	75,490	5.7	135,440	1.4	42,560	2.7
Completed/property taken	173,570	1.8	60,170	4.6	101,980	1.0	38,130	2.4
With injury	76,890	0.8	25,970 ^c	2.0 ^c	42,920	0.4	17,810 ^c	1.1 ^c
Without injury	96,680	1.0	34,210	2.6	59,060	0.6	20,320 ^c	1.3 ^c
Attempted to take property	61,790	0.7	15,310 ^c	1.2 ^c	33,460	0.3	4,420 ^c	0.3 ^c
With injury	25,720 ^c	0.3 ^c	3,130 ^c	0.2 ^c	9,040 ^c	0.1 ^c	2,100 ^c	0.1 ^c
Without injury	36,070	0.4	12,180 ^c	0.9 ^c	24,430 ^c	0.2 ^c	2,330 ^c	0.1 ^c
Assault	2,139,810	22.7	296,680	22.5	1,718,230	17.4	318,690	20.3
Aggravated	485,760	5.2	98,030	7.4	302,290	3.1	94,860	6.0
With injury	145,280	1.5	19,260 ^c	1.5 ^c	122,620	1.2	26,710 ^c	1.7 ^c
Threatened with weapon	340,480	3.6	78,770	6.0	179,660	1.8	68,160	4.3
Simple	1,654,050	17.5	198,650	15.1	1,415,940	14.4	223,820	14.3
With minor injury	357,970	3.8	27,730 ^c	2.1 ^c	42,250	4.3	65,630	4.2
Without injury	1,296,080	13.7	170,920	13.0	993,690	10.1	158,190	10.1
Purse snatching/pocket picking	65,240	0.7	4,340 ^c	0.3 ^c	67,220	0.7	14,750 ^c	0.9 ^c
Population age 12 and older	94,313,900	X	13,164,830	X	98,643,080	X	15,706,600	X

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Table excludes data on persons of "other" races. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 6 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.11

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons in each age group) of personal victimizationBy race and age of victim, and type of crime, United States, 2002^a

Race and age of victim	Total population	Crimes of violence		Attempted/threatened violence	Rape/sexual assault ^b	Robbery			Assault		Purse snatching/pocket picking	
		Completed violence	Violence			Total	With injury	Without injury	Total	Aggravated		Simple
White												
12 to 15 years	12,991,380	47.5	13.6	33.9	2.0 ^c	2.6	1.1 ^c	1.5 ^c	43.0	5.3	37.6	1.2 ^c
16 to 19 years	13,032,600	56.6	19.9	36.7	3.4	4.2	2.3 ^c	2.0 ^c	49.0	10.9	38.1	0.8 ^c
20 to 24 years	15,676,290	49.8	18.0	31.8	3.1	4.8	2.1	2.7	41.9	11.2	30.7	1.9 ^c
25 to 34 years	30,125,710	26.4	9.1	17.2	0.7 ^c	2.5	1.0 ^c	1.5	23.2	4.8	18.4	0.3 ^c
35 to 49 years	54,144,220	18.3	5.5	12.8	0.3 ^c	1.4	0.6 ^c	0.8	16.6	3.3	13.3	0.7
50 to 64 years	37,611,120	10.3	3.1	7.2	0.1 ^c	1.1	0.4 ^c	0.8 ^c	9.1	1.6	7.5	0.3 ^c
65 years and older	29,375,650	2.8	0.7 ^c	2.1	0.2 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.3 ^c	2.2	0.6 ^c	1.6	0.7 ^c
Black												
12 to 15 years	2,937,540	39.6	9.7 ^c	29.8	3.0 ^c	4.5 ^c	1.5 ^c	3.0 ^c	32.0	4.7 ^c	27.4	0.0 ^c
16 to 19 years	2,405,340	73.9	28.9	45.0	18.1	4.3 ^c	1.3 ^c	3.0 ^c	51.5	21.1	30.4	0.0 ^c
20 to 24 years	2,670,870	34.5	7.3 ^c	27.2	1.5 ^c	2.8 ^c	0.0 ^c	2.8 ^c	30.3	7.1 ^c	23.1	0.0 ^c
25 to 34 years	5,223,930	31.9	10.6	21.3	0.7 ^c	5.6 ^c	2.2 ^c	3.5 ^c	25.5	9.2	16.3	1.9 ^c
35 to 49 years	8,261,960	19.5	6.0	13.6	1.0 ^c	2.1 ^c	1.3 ^c	0.8 ^c	16.5	5.9	10.5	0.8 ^c
50 to 64 years	4,513,150	14.4	6.5 ^c	7.9	0.9 ^c	5.1 ^c	3.3 ^c	1.8 ^c	8.4	1.7 ^c	6.6 ^c	0.0 ^c
65 years and older	2,858,650	9.2 ^c	6.9 ^c	2.3 ^c	0.0 ^c	5.9 ^c	1.4 ^c	4.5 ^c	3.3 ^c	1.6 ^c	1.8 ^c	0.8 ^c

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Table excludes data on persons of "other" races. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 9 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.12

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimizationBy type of crime and annual household income of victim, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Annual household income						
	Less than \$7,500	\$7,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 or more
All personal crimes	47.2	32.0	30.8	27.4	26.0	19.3	19.7
Crimes of violence	45.5	31.5	30.0	27.0	25.6	18.7	19.0
Completed violence	18.7	12.0	11.4	9.3	6.7	4.9	5.6
Attempted/threatened violence	26.8	19.5	18.6	17.7	18.8	13.8	13.4
Rape/sexual assault	2.5 ^b	3.2	2.1	1.2 ^b	0.9 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.4 ^b
Rape/attempted rape	2.3 ^b	2.7	1.3	0.8 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.2 ^b
Rape	0.6 ^b	1.4 ^b	1.0 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.1 ^b
Attempted rape ^c	1.7 ^b	1.3 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.5 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.1 ^b
Sexual assault ^d	0.3 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.8 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.6 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.2 ^b
Robbery	6.3	4.1	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.1	1.0
Completed/property taken	5.0	2.4	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.5	0.8
With injury	2.4 ^b	1.3 ^b	1.1 ^b	0.8 ^b	0.5 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.4 ^b
Without injury	2.7 ^b	1.1 ^b	1.3	1.1 ^b	1.4	1.2	0.4 ^b
Attempted to take property	1.3 ^b	1.7 ^b	0.5 ^b	1.0 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.6 ^b	0.2 ^b
With injury	0.3 ^b	0.9 ^b	0.1 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.2 ^b	0.1 ^b
Without injury	1.0 ^b	0.8 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.6 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.1 ^b
Assault	36.7	24.2	25.0	22.9	22.4	16.5	17.6
Aggravated	11.2	5.8	6.1	4.1	5.2	2.5	2.8
With injury	4.2	2.4	1.8	1.5	1.3	0.5 ^b	0.9
Threatened with weapon	7.0	3.3	4.3	2.5	3.9	2.0	1.9
Simple	25.5	18.4	18.9	18.9	17.2	14.0	14.8
With minor injury	8.6	5.6	5.7	5.2	3.1	2.8	3.7
Without injury	16.9	12.8	13.3	13.7	14.1	11.2	11.2
Purse snatching/pocket picking	1.7 ^b	0.5 ^b	0.8 ^b	0.3 ^b	0.4 ^b	0.6 ^b	0.7
Population age 12 and older	8,347,650	15,608,210	23,872,200	24,104,810	31,655,160	33,713,640	43,139,380

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Table excludes data on persons whose family income level was not ascertained. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape.^dIncludes threats.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 14 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.13

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of personal victimizationBy type of crime, size of population, and locality of residence, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	All areas	Size of population and locality of residence										
		Total		50,000 to 249,999		250,000 to 499,999		500,000 to 999,999		1,000,000 or more		Rural
		Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	
Personal crimes	23.7	34.4	20.6	37.9	16.2	39.6	20.7	34.4	26.8	28.7	19.4	17.6
Crimes of violence	23.1	33.1	20.0	37.5	15.9	38.3	19.9	33.0	26.1	26.9	18.8	17.5
Completed violence	7.6	11.6	6.3	11.9	5.0	17.0	6.0	12.2	8.9	8.3	5.4	5.4
Attempted/threatened violence	15.5	21.6	13.7	25.6	10.8	21.3	13.9	20.8	17.2	18.5	13.3	12.1
Rape/sexual assault ^b	1.1	2.2	0.7	2.4	0.4 ^c	0.6 ^c	1.2	2.7	0.6 ^c	2.4	0.5 ^c	0.6
Robbery	2.2	4.3	1.8	2.6	1.8	7.6	1.6	5.0	2.0	3.8	1.7	0.7
Completed/property taken	1.7	3.3	1.3	2.0	1.3	6.8	1.2	3.6	1.7	2.6	0.8 ^c	0.5 ^c
With injury	0.7	1.2	0.7	0.8 ^c	0.9	3.4	0.7 ^c	1.3 ^c	0.7 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.4 ^c	0.3 ^c
Without injury	0.9	2.1	0.6	1.2 ^c	0.4 ^c	3.4	0.5 ^c	2.3	1.1	2.2	0.4 ^c	0.2 ^c
Attempted to take property	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.7 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.9 ^c	0.4 ^c	1.4 ^c	0.3 ^c	1.2 ^c	0.9 ^c	0.1 ^c
With injury	0.2	0.2 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.1 ^c	0.3 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.1 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.3 ^c	0.0 ^c
Without injury	0.4	0.8	0.2 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.9 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.9 ^c	0.2 ^c	0.9 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.1 ^c
Assault	19.8	26.7	17.6	32.6	13.7	30.1	17.1	25.3	23.5	20.7	16.6	16.2
Aggravated	4.3	6.5	3.5	6.3	3.4	9.7	2.6	6.3	5.2	5.3	2.5	3.3
With injury	1.4	2.0	1.1	1.5 ^c	0.9 ^c	4.3	1.2	2.1 ^c	1.4	1.3 ^c	0.8 ^c	1.2
Threatened with weapon	2.9	4.5	2.4	4.7	2.5	5.4	1.5	4.2	3.8	4.0	1.7	2.1
Simple	15.5	20.2	14.1	26.3	10.3	20.3	14.4	19.0	18.3	15.4	14.1	12.9
With minor injury	3.9	5.1	3.6	7.1	2.7	5.3	3.0	4.5	5.4	3.5	3.6	3.1
Without injury	11.6	15.1	10.5	19.2	7.6	15.0	11.4	14.5	12.9	11.9	10.5	9.8
Purse snatching/ pocket picking	0.7	1.2	0.6	0.4 ^c	0.3 ^c	1.3 ^c	0.8 ^c	1.4 ^c	0.7 ^c	1.9	0.6 ^c	0.2 ^c
Population age 12 and older	231,589,260	64,533,840	111,164,070	19,377,970	33,918,960	9,774,350	26,924,760	14,047,610	28,545,860	21,333,930	21,774,480	55,891,360

Note: See Note, table 3.1. "Urban" denotes central cities; "suburban" denotes outside central cities; "rural" denotes nonmetropolitan areas. The population range categories shown for "urban" and "suburban" are based on the size of the core city of a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) and do not reflect the population of the entire MSA. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 52 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.14

Estimated number and percent distribution of violent victimization incidentsBy type of crime and victim-offender relationship, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	All incidents		Involving strangers		Involving nonstrangers	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Crimes of violence	4,923,050	100%	2,403,050	48.8%	2,520,000	51.2%
Completed violence	1,605,900	100	696,930	43.4	908,960	56.6
Attempted/threatened violence	3,317,150	100	1,706,110	51.4	1,611,040	48.6
Rape/sexual assault	247,730	100	83,930	33.9	163,800	66.1
Rape/attempted rape	167,860	100	56,010	33.4	111,850	66.6
Rape	90,390	100	33,400	37.0	56,990	63.0
Attempted rape ^b	77,470	100	22,610 ^c	29.2 ^c	54,860	70.8
Sexual assault ^d	79,870	100	27,920 ^c	35.0 ^c	51,950	65.0
Robbery	458,460	100	330,540	72.1	127,930	27.9
Completed/property taken	341,910	100	247,510	72.4	94,400	27.6
With injury	159,120	100	98,450	61.9	60,680	38.1
Without injury	182,790	100	149,060	81.6	33,720	18.4
Attempted to take property	116,550	100	83,020	71.2	33,530	28.8
With injury	39,040	100	24,610 ^c	63.0 ^c	14,430 ^c	37.0 ^c
Without injury	77,510	100	58,410	75.4	19,100 ^c	24.6 ^c
Assault	4,216,850	100	1,988,580	47.2	2,228,270	52.8
Aggravated	848,030	100	486,100	57.3	361,940	42.7
With injury	273,670	100	115,610	42.2	158,060	57.8
Threatened with weapon	574,360	100	370,480	64.5	203,880	35.5
Simple	3,368,820	100	1,502,490	44.6	1,866,340	55.4
With minor injury	845,940	100	283,650	33.5	562,280	66.5
Without injury	2,522,890	100	1,218,830	48.3	1,304,050	51.7

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bIncludes verbal threats of rape.

^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

^dIncludes threats.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 27 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.15

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimizationBy type of crime and victim-offender relationship, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Total number of victimizations	Victim-offender relationship												
		Total crimes	Related							Well known ^b	Casual acquaintances	Don't know relationship	Strangers	Don't know number of offenders
			Total	Spouse	Ex-spouse	Parent	Own child	Other relatives						
Crimes of violence	5,341,410	100%	8.4%	2.6%	1.1%	1.3%	1.0%	2.3%	27.4%	13.8%	4.3%	44.4%	1.7%	
Completed violence	1,753,090	100	12.6	5.0	1.3 ^c	2.1	1.4 ^c	2.8	31.2	10.7	4.4	39.5	1.7 ^c	
Attempted/threatened violence	3,588,320	100	6.3	1.5	1.0	0.8 ^c	0.8 ^c	2.1	25.6	15.4	4.2	46.8	1.7	
Rape/sexual assault ^d	247,730	100	2.2 ^c	0.7 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	1.6 ^c	38.6	25.2	0.9 ^c	30.7	2.2 ^c	
Robbery	512,490	100	6.7	1.9 ^c	0.7 ^c	2.2 ^c	0.4 ^c	1.4 ^c	18.3	2.0 ^c	8.0	62.5	2.5 ^c	
Completed/property taken	385,880	100	4.9 ^c	1.9 ^c	0.5 ^c	1.3 ^c	0.6 ^c	0.6 ^c	18.7	2.7 ^c	7.5 ^c	63.0	3.3 ^c	
Attempted to take property	126,610	100	12.1 ^c	2.0 ^c	1.4 ^c	4.8 ^c	0.0 ^c	3.9 ^c	17.1 ^c	0.0 ^c	9.8 ^c	61.0	0.0 ^c	
Assault	4,581,190	100	8.9	2.8	1.2	1.2	1.1	2.5	27.9	14.5	4.0	43.1	1.6	
Aggravated	990,110	100	9.2	2.8 ^c	0.8 ^c	2.2 ^c	0.8 ^c	2.6 ^c	21.1	10.4	6.1	50.6	2.7 ^c	
Simple	3,591,090	100	8.8	2.8	1.4	1.0	1.2	2.5	29.7	15.7	3.4	41.0	1.3	

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8. Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 34 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes data on offenders well known to the victim whose relationship to the victim could not be ascertained.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^dIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

Table 3.16

Victim-offender relationship in violent victimizationBy type of crime and sex of victim, United States, 2003^a

Relationship of victim to offender	Rape/sexual assault									
	Violent crime		Rape/sexual assault		Robbery		Aggravated assault		Simple assault	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Male victims, total	3,056,160	100%	19,670	100%	365,590	100%	688,420	100%	1,982,480	100%
Nonstranger	1,287,960	42	14,500 ^b	74 ^b	118,300	32	266,770	39	888,400	45
Intimate	83,750	3	5,940 ^b	30 ^b	6,130 ^b	2 ^b	21,910 ^b	3 ^b	49,780	3
Other relative	138,310	5	0 ^b	0 ^b	17,250 ^b	5 ^b	12,490 ^b	2 ^b	108,570	6
Friend/acquaintance	1,065,900	35	8,560 ^b	44 ^b	94,910	26	232,370	34	730,050	37
Stranger	1,658,160	54	5,170 ^b	26 ^b	226,110	62	399,240	58	1,027,630	52
Relationship unknown	110,050	4	0 ^b	0 ^b	21,180 ^b	6 ^b	22,420 ^b	3 ^b	66,450	3
Female victims, total	2,345,550	100	179,170	100	230,540	100	412,690	100	1,523,150	100
Nonstranger	1,562,010	67	125,370	70	110,670	48	274,430	67	1,051,540	69
Intimate	437,990	19	21,440 ^b	12 ^b	30,990 ^b	13 ^b	101,400	25	284,170	19
Other relative	230,850	10	13,930 ^b	8 ^b	17,430 ^b	8 ^b	40,320	10	159,180	11
Friend/acquaintance	893,170	38	90,000	50	62,260	27	132,720	32	608,190	40
Stranger	745,930	32	53,800	30	103,630	45	131,850	32	456,640	30
Relationship unknown	37,610	2	0 ^b	0 ^b	16,240 ^b	7 ^b	6,400 ^b	2 ^b	14,970 ^b	1 ^b

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2003*, NCJ 205455 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2004), p. 9, Table 9.^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.17

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimization incidentsBy type of crime, victim-offender relationship, and type of weapon used, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	All incidents		No weapon used	Weapon used										Don't know if weapon present	
				Total	Total firearm	Hand- gun	Other gun	Gun type unknown	Knife	Sharp object	Blunt object	Other weapon	Weapon type		
													unknown		known
Crimes of violence	4,923,050	100%	70.3%	21.3%	7.2%	6.0%	1.1%	0.1% ^b	4.4%	1.0%	3.1%	4.0%	1.5%	8.5%	
Completed violence	1,605,900	100	67.5	25.7	8.4	7.4	1.1 ^b	0.0 ^b	3.6	1.7 ^b	5.1	5.9	1.1	6.8	
Attempted/threatened violence	3,317,150	100	71.6	19.1	6.6	5.3	1.1	0.2 ^b	4.8	0.7 ^b	2.1	3.1	1.7	9.3	
Rape/sexual assault ^c	247,730	100	84.5	7.2 ^b	4.6 ^b	4.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	2.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	8.4 ^b	
Robbery	458,460	100	41.3	47.0	25.6	20.5	5.1 ^b	0.0 ^b	10.2	1.2 ^b	2.3 ^b	4.4 ^b	3.3 ^b	11.7	
Completed/property taken	341,910	100	40.3	47.2	26.8	22.8	4.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	9.9	0.6 ^b	2.7 ^b	3.6 ^b	3.7 ^b	12.5	
With injury	159,120	100	48.1	39.2	11.0 ^b	10.3 ^b	0.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	12.8 ^b	1.3 ^b	4.1 ^b	5.4 ^b	4.7 ^b	12.2 ^b	
Without injury	182,790	100	33.6	54.2	40.5	33.7	6.9 ^b	0.0 ^b	7.3 ^b	0.0 ^b	1.5 ^b	2.0 ^b	2.8 ^b	12.2 ^b	
Attempted to take property	116,550	100	44.0	46.4	22.2 ^b	14.0 ^b	8.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	11.3 ^b	2.8 ^b	1.1 ^b	6.8 ^b	2.2 ^b	9.6 ^b	
With injury	39,040	100	37.3 ^b	56.0 ^b	17.3 ^b	7.0 ^b	10.3 ^b	0.0 ^b	22.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	3.4 ^b	6.2 ^b	6.4 ^b	6.7 ^b	
Without injury	77,510	100	47.4	41.6	24.7 ^b	17.6 ^b	7.1 ^b	0.0 ^b	5.6 ^b	4.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	7.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	11.1 ^b	
Assault	4,216,850	100	72.6	19.3	5.3	4.5	0.7 ^b	0.1 ^b	3.9	1.1	3.3	4.2	1.4	8.1	
Aggravated	848,030	100	4.0	96.0	26.5	22.4	3.5 ^b	0.6 ^b	19.4	5.4	16.6	20.9	7.1	0.0 ^b	
With injury	273,670	100	12.4	87.6	13.1	11.8	1.3 ^b	0.0 ^b	7.2 ^b	9.1 ^b	26.3	30.2	1.8 ^b	0.0 ^b	
Threatened with weapon	574,360	100	X	100.0	33.0	27.5	4.6 ^b	0.9 ^b	25.2	3.7 ^b	12.0	16.5	9.6	0.0 ^b	
Simple ^d	3,368,820	100	89.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	10.1	
With minor injury	845,940	100	93.4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	6.6	
Without injury	2,522,890	100	88.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	11.3	
Involving strangers															
Crimes of violence	2,403,050	100	59.9	28.2	11.3	9.5	1.7	0.1 ^b	5.5	1.0 ^b	4.2	4.0	2.1	11.8	
Rape/sexual assault ^c	83,930	100	70.6	13.5 ^b	13.5 ^b	13.5 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	15.9 ^b	
Robbery	330,540	100	27.2	58.4	34.9	28.5	6.4 ^b	0.0 ^b	11.9	1.6 ^b	0.9 ^b	4.5 ^b	4.6 ^b	14.4	
Aggravated assault	486,100	100	2.5 ^b	97.5	30.0	25.2	4.2 ^b	0.6 ^b	19.2	4.0 ^b	20.3	16.5	7.5	0.0 ^b	
Simple assault ^d	1,502,490	100	85.1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	14.9	
Involving nonstrangers															
Crimes of violence	2,520,000	100	80.1	14.6	3.2	2.7	0.5 ^b	0.1 ^b	3.4	1.1 ^b	2.0	4.1	0.9 ^b	5.2	
Rape/sexual assault ^c	163,800	100	91.6	3.9 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	3.9 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	4.5 ^b	
Robbery	127,930	100	77.6	17.6 ^b	1.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	1.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	5.8 ^b	0.0 ^b	6.1 ^b	4.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	4.8 ^b	
Aggravated assault	361,940	100	6.0 ^b	94.0	21.9	18.7	2.6 ^b	0.6 ^b	19.7	7.4 ^b	11.6	26.8	6.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	
Simple assault ^d	1,866,340	100	93.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	6.3	

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Responses for weapon use are tallied once, based upon a hierarchy. Prior to 1993, multiple responses for weapons were tallied. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 66 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

^cIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

^dSimple assault, by definition, does not involve the use of a weapon.

Table 3.18

Estimated percent of violent victimizations in which victim took self-protective measures

By type of crime and victim-offender relationship, United States, 2002

Type of crime	Victimizations in which self-protective measure was taken		
	Total	Involving strangers	Involving nonstrangers
Crimes of violence	70.1%	67.8%	72.4%
Completed violence	71.1	61.4	79.1
Attempted/threatened violence	69.6	70.5	68.7
Rape/sexual assault ^a	82.1	76.3	85.1
Robbery	60.9	51.4	86.7
Completed/property taken	51.0	39.4	83.6
With injury	72.7	63.8	87.4
Without injury	33.9	25.0	77.0 ^b
Attempted to take property	91.1	89.5	95.1
With injury	95.7	100.0 ^b	89.1 ^b
Without injury	88.8	85.2	100.0 ^b
Assault	70.5	70.2	70.7
Aggravated	72.1	70.5	74.4
With injury	71.9	73.0	71.0
Threatened with weapon	72.2	69.7	76.9
Simple	70.0	70.1	70.0
With minor injury	78.2	75.1	79.8
Without injury	67.3	68.9	65.7

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 68 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.19

Estimated percent distribution of self-protective measures employed by victims of violent crimeBy sex and race of victim, United States, 2002^a

Self-protective measure	Sex			Race ^b	
	Both sexes	Male	Female	White	Black
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Attacked offender with weapon	0.8	0.9 ^c	0.7 ^c	0.5 ^c	2.6 ^c
Attacked offender without weapon	9.4	11.4	7.4	9.0	11.4
Threatened offender with weapon	0.8	1.1 ^c	0.5 ^c	0.8	1.3 ^c
Threatened offender without weapon	1.9	2.2	1.6	1.7	3.4 ^c
Resisted or captured offender	24.5	27.4	21.4	23.8	28.0
Scared or warned offender	9.3	8.7	9.9	9.2	8.1
Persuaded or appeased offender	11.0	11.6	10.3	11.3	9.0
Ran away or hid	14.1	12.4	15.8	14.5	12.6
Got help or gave alarm	12.0	10.7	13.5	12.6	9.4
Screamed from pain or fear	2.7	1.0 ^c	4.6	2.3	4.3
Took other measures	13.5	12.6	14.4	14.4	9.9

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Some respondents may have reported more than one self-protective measure employed. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bExcludes data on persons of "other" races.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 71 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.20

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimizations in which self-protective measures were employedBy person taking measure, type of crime, and outcome of measure, United States, 2002^a

Person taking measure and type of crime	Number of victimizations	Total	Outcome of self-protective measure					Don't know	Not available
			Helped situation	Hurt situation	Both helped and hurt situation	Neither helped nor hurt situation			
Measure taken by victim									
Crimes of violence	3,744,110	100%	64.8%	9.7%	4.9%	11.8%	8.2%	0.6% ^b	
Rape/sexual assault ^c	203,400	100	51.2	24.2	8.2 ^b	10.4 ^b	6.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	
Robbery	312,260	100	51.2	13.3	6.7 ^b	14.6	13.2	0.9 ^b	
Assault	3,228,450	100	67.0	8.5	4.5	11.6	7.8	0.6 ^b	
Aggravated	714,150	100	65.9	8.1	6.8	11.5	7.4	0.4 ^b	
Simple	2,514,300	100	67.3	8.6	3.9	11.6	8.0	0.6 ^b	
Measure taken by others									
Crimes of violence	3,496,770	100	32.2	10.4	2.3	45.7	8.0	1.5	
Rape/sexual assault ^c	73,160	100	45.8	4.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	36.5 ^b	8.5 ^b	4.6 ^b	
Robbery	272,320	100	35.4	7.8 ^b	1.0 ^b	48.6	7.2 ^b	0.0 ^b	
Assault	3,151,290	100	31.6	10.7	2.4	45.7	8.1	1.5	
Aggravated	695,320	100	35.6	11.1	1.2 ^b	41.1	9.0	2.1 ^b	
Simple	2,455,970	100	30.4	10.6	2.8	47.0	7.8	1.4	

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Table excludes victimizations in which no self-protective actions were taken. Of those victimizations in which self-protective measures were employed, the victim and/or someone else may have taken action. Therefore, the above categories are not mutually exclusive. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 72 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

^cIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

Table 3.21

Estimated rate (per 1,000 households) of property victimization

By type of crime and characteristics of household, United States, 2003

Characteristics of household	Number of households	Type of property crime			
		Total	Burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
Household income					
Under \$7,500	5,161,000	204.6	58.0	6.3	140.3
\$7,500 to \$14,999	9,214,180	167.7	42.2	7.3	118.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	12,550,810	179.2	38.4	8.9	131.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	11,764,020	180.7	35.3	12.3	133.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	14,731,780	177.1	27.6	9.5	140.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	15,017,300	168.1	24.9	8.4	134.7
\$75,000 and over	19,395,640	176.4	20.8	11.9	143.7
Region					
Northeast	21,259,800	122.1	20.5	7.2	94.4
Midwest	27,137,920	160.2	32.5	6.9	120.9
South	41,583,860	160.5	32.2	7.8	120.4
West	24,155,340	207.4	30.6	15.2	161.6
Residence					
Urban	32,515,050	216.3	38.7	13.0	164.7
Suburban	53,701,950	144.8	24.0	9.3	111.6
Rural	27,919,930	136.6	30.5	4.0	102.1
Home ownership					
Owned	78,421,480	143.5	24.5	7.3	111.7
Rented	35,715,440	206.4	41.2	13.0	152.2

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2003*, NCJ 205455 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, September 2004), p. 9, Table 8.

Table 3.22

Estimated number and rate (per 1,000 households) of property victimizationBy type of crime and race of head of household, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Race of head of household							
	All races		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Property crimes	17,539,220	159.0	14,527,440	157.6	2,434,780	173.7	576,990	139.8
Household burglary	3,055,720	27.7	2,396,810	26.0	578,880	41.3	80,030	19.4
Completed	2,597,310	23.5	2,080,340	22.6	444,040	31.7	72,930	17.7
Forcible entry	1,017,660	9.2	727,180	7.9	260,680	18.6	29,800 ^b	7.2 ^b
Unlawful entry without force	1,579,650	14.3	1,353,160	14.7	183,360	13.1	43,130	10.4
Attempted forcible entry	458,410	4.2	316,470	3.4	134,840	9.6	7,100 ^b	1.7 ^b
Motor vehicle theft	988,760	9.0	695,410	7.5	241,670	17.2	51,670	12.5
Completed	780,630	7.1	549,730	6.0	191,610	13.7	39,300	9.5
Attempted	208,120	1.9	145,690	1.6	50,060	3.6	12,380 ^b	3.0 ^b
Theft	13,494,750	122.3	11,435,220	124.1	1,614,240	115.2	445,290	107.9
Completed	13,039,920	118.2	11,054,970	119.9	1,556,620	111.1	428,320	103.8
Less than \$50	4,186,570	37.9	3,646,500	39.6	409,720	29.2	130,360	31.6
\$50 to \$249	4,455,080	40.4	3,717,980	40.3	598,290	42.7	138,810	33.6
\$250 or more	3,270,530	29.6	2,766,820	30.0	396,330	28.3	107,390	26.0
Amount not available	1,127,740	10.2	923,680	10.0	152,290	10.9	51,760	12.5
Attempted	454,830	4.1	380,240	4.1	57,620	4.1	16,970 ^b	4.1 ^b
Total number of households	110,323,840	X	92,182,320	X	14,013,850	X	4,127,670	X

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 16 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.23

Estimated number and rate (per 1,000 households) of property victimizationBy type of crime and ethnicity of head of household, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Ethnicity of head of household					
	Total ^b		Hispanic		Non-Hispanic	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Property crimes	17,539,220	159.0	2,207,780	210.1	15,192,540	153.3
Household burglary	3,055,720	27.7	318,370	30.3	2,711,060	27.4
Completed	2,597,310	23.5	279,860	26.6	2,295,420	23.2
Forcible entry	1,017,660	9.2	134,410	12.8	873,960	8.8
Unlawful entry without force	1,579,650	14.3	145,460	13.8	1,421,460	14.3
Attempted forcible entry	458,410	4.2	38,510	3.7	415,640	4.2
Motor vehicle theft	988,760	9.0	185,660	17.7	789,290	8.0
Completed	780,630	7.1	156,750	14.9	618,020	6.2
Attempted	208,120	1.9	28,900 ^c	2.8 ^c	171,270	1.7
Theft	13,494,750	122.3	1,703,750	162.1	11,692,180	118.0
Completed	13,039,920	118.2	1,658,360	157.8	11,295,340	114.0
Less than \$50	4,186,570	37.9	372,100	35.4	3,781,860	38.2
\$50 to \$249	4,455,080	40.4	647,180	61.6	3,784,150	38.2
\$250 or more	3,270,530	29.6	480,070	45.7	2,769,960	27.9
Amount not available	1,127,740	10.2	159,010	15.1	959,360	9.7
Attempted	454,830	4.1	45,380	4.3	396,850	4.0
Total number of households	110,323,840	X	10,507,570	X	99,104,480	X

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes data on persons whose ethnicity was not ascertained, which are not shown separately.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 17 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.24

Estimated rate (per 1,000 households) of property victimizationBy type of crime and annual household income, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Annual household income						
	Less than \$7,500	\$7,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 or more
Property crimes	188.9	166.7	172.1	161.7	175.4	158.3	169.8
Household burglary	51.4	31.8	33.8	27.8	27.3	24.6	21.0
Completed	39.1	27.0	25.8	24.2	23.0	21.8	18.6
Forcible entry	16.8	11.9	12.4	9.3	8.6	7.0	4.5
Unlawful entry without force	22.3	15.1	13.5	14.9	14.4	14.8	14.1
Attempted forcible entry	12.3	4.8	7.9	3.7	4.2	2.8	2.4
Motor vehicle theft	3.2 ^b	8.1	9.9	12.6	11.3	9.2	5.9
Completed	3.2 ^b	6.8	8.2	9.2	8.6	7.0	4.5
Attempted	0.0 ^b	1.3 ^b	1.7 ^b	3.5	2.7	2.1	1.4 ^b
Theft	134.3	126.8	128.5	121.2	136.9	124.5	142.9
Completed	130.9	124.1	125.6	116.4	133.1	119.0	136.6
Less than \$50	34.5	37.5	42.0	40.2	44.7	40.2	44.4
\$50 to \$249	55.1	46.6	44.7	40.8	43.8	39.9	44.1
\$250 or more	32.8	28.7	30.1	26.3	33.8	26.1	36.5
Amount not available	8.4	11.3	8.8	9.0	10.8	12.9	11.5
Attempted	3.4 ^b	2.7 ^b	2.8	4.8	3.8	5.5	6.3
Total number of households	5,157,750	9,038,620	12,231,090	11,586,530	14,391,310	14,283,610	17,532,840

Note: See Note, table 3.1. Table excludes data on families whose income level was not ascertained. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 20 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.25

Estimated rate (per 1,000 households) of property victimizationBy type of crime, size of population, and locality of residence, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	All areas	Size of population and locality of residence										Rural
		Total		50,000 to 249,999		250,000 to 499,999		500,000 to 999,999		1,000,000 or more		
		Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	Urban	Suburban	
Property crimes	159.0	215.3	145.3	223.1	137.0	238.7	136.7	202.3	156.3	206.2	154.4	118.3
Household burglary	27.7	40.5	22.4	45.1	20.7	39.3	22.7	45.6	22.2	33.5	25.2	22.6
Completed	23.5	34.1	19.1	37.8	17.2	33.8	18.4	38.0	19.9	28.3	21.6	19.5
Forcible entry	9.2	16.4	6.1	16.3	4.6	18.0	7.8	19.5	5.9	13.5	6.7	6.7
Unlawful entry without force	14.3	17.8	12.9	21.6	12.6	15.8	10.6	18.5	14.0	14.8	14.9	12.9
Attempted forcible entry	4.2	6.4	3.4	7.3	3.4	5.4 ^b	4.3	7.5	2.3 ^b	5.2	3.5	3.0
Motor vehicle theft	9.0	17.1	7.5	9.3	5.3	19.6	7.2	19.9	8.2	20.7	10.2	2.2
Completed	7.1	13.1	6.0	9.0	4.3	14.9	5.9	15.6	6.8	14.0	7.9	2.0
Attempted	1.9	4.0	1.4	0.3 ^b	1.0 ^b	4.7 ^b	1.3 ^b	4.4	1.4 ^b	6.6	2.3 ^b	0.3 ^b
Theft	122.3	157.7	115.4	168.7	111.1	179.9	106.7	136.8	125.9	152.0	119.0	93.5
Completed	118.2	151.5	111.6	164.3	105.7	170.6	103.8	130.7	121.9	145.6	116.6	91.3
Less than \$50	37.9	42.5	37.1	49.3	40.6	44.4	34.2	38.6	36.5	38.5	36.4	34.1
\$50 to \$249	40.4	55.3	36.5	62.2	35.4	57.9	32.0	47.4	40.4	53.5	38.5	30.1
\$250 or more	29.6	40.3	28.0	42.5	22.2	49.1	26.9	33.9	33.0	38.5	31.7	20.1
Amount not available	10.2	13.4	10.0	10.3	7.6	19.2	10.7	10.7	12.0	15.1	10.1	7.0
Attempted	4.1	6.2	3.8	4.4	5.4	9.3	2.9	6.2	4.0	6.3	2.4 ^b	2.2
Total number of households	110,323,840	31,937,800	51,446,980	9,207,710	15,382,280	4,982,290	12,670,550	7,195,150	13,385,490	10,552,650	10,008,660	26,939,060

Note: See Notes, tables 3.1 and 3.13. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 53 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.26

Estimated rate (per 1,000 households) of property victimizationBy locality of residence, race of head of household, and type of crime, United States, 2002^a

Locality and race of head of household	Total households	Property crimes	Household burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
All areas					
White	92,182,320	157.6	26.0	7.5	124.1
Black	14,013,850	173.7	41.3	17.2	115.2
Urban					
White	22,867,860	220.0	37.0	15.0	168.1
Black	7,354,200	211.7	53.6	22.8	135.4
Suburban					
White	45,038,270	145.9	22.3	6.6	116.9
Black	4,390,810	150.4	28.9	15.8	105.7
Rural					
White	24,276,190	120.6	22.5	2.3	95.8
Black	2,268,840	95.7	25.5	2.1 ^b	68.1

Note: See Notes, tables 3.1 and 3.13. Table excludes data on persons of "other" races. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 55 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.27

Estimated percent distribution of households experiencing crimeBy type of crime, United States, 1994-2000, 2002, and 2003^a

Type of crime	Households experiencing crime									
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2002	2003	
Any NCVS crime ^b	25.0%	23.4%	22.4%	20.9%	19.1%	17.7%	16.2%	14.6%	14.7%	
Violent crime	7.0	6.3	5.9	5.5	5.0	4.4	3.9	3.2	3.0	
Rape	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Sexual assault	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Robbery	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	
Assault	6.0	5.4	5.1	4.8	4.4	3.8	3.4	2.8	2.6	
Aggravated	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	
Simple	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.7	3.5	2.9	2.7	2.2	2.0	
Purse snatching/pocket picking	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	
Property crime	21.1	19.9	19.0	17.7	16.0	14.9	13.6	12.5	12.7	
Household burglary	4.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.6	
Motor vehicle theft	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	
Theft	16.9	16.1	15.4	14.1	12.8	12.1	10.9	9.9	10.0	
Intimate partner violence ^c	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	
Violence by strangers or household burglary ^d	7.9	7.2	6.7	6.2	5.4	4.9	4.5	3.9	3.9	
Vandalism ^b	9.0	8.0	7.9	7.4	6.5	6.2	5.7	4.9	5.1	
Households experiencing crime	25,103,670	23,794,200	23,036,300	21,749,300	20,063,900	18,985,700	17,580,900	16,080,430	16,749,820	
Total households	100,544,570	101,481,000	102,675,000	103,967,400	105,301,700	107,138,300	108,331,600	110,323,840	114,136,930	

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). The data reflect the number and percent of households in the United States victimized during a given year. A household is counted only once for each type of crime, regardless of how often the household or household member was victimized during the year. For example, if a particular household was burglarized twice and a member of that household was robbed once during the year, it is counted once for households victimized by burglary, once for households victimized by robbery, and once for the overall measure of households experiencing crime. The NCVS measures crime for which the victim can be interviewed and therefore does not include murder. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aSubcategories may not add to total because of overlap in households experiencing various types of crime.

^bVandalism is not included in totals.

^cThese crimes also are included in overall violent crimes. Intimate partners include current and former spouses, boyfriends, and girlfriends.

^dThese crimes also are included in overall violent or property crimes.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Crime and the Nation's Households, 2000 with Trends, 1994-2000*, Bulletin NCJ 194107, p. 3; *Crime and the Nation's Households, 2002*, Bulletin NCJ 201797, p. 2, Table 1; and p. 3; *2003*, Bulletin NCJ 206348, p. 2, Table 1; and p. 3, Table 5 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice).

Table 3.28

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimizations by lone offendersBy type of crime and perceived age of offender, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Number of lone-offender victimizations	Perceived age of lone offender (in years)								Not known and not available
		Total	Under 12	12 to 20				21 to 29	30 and older	
				Total	12 to 14	15 to 17	18 to 20			
Crimes of violence	4,158,290	100%	2.2%	29.8%	8.9%	11.3%	9.7%	25.7%	37.8%	4.5%
Completed violence	1,290,480	100	2.8	28.7	8.8	9.1	10.8	27.4	35.5	5.6
Attempted/threatened violence	2,867,810	100	1.9	30.3	8.9	12.2	9.1	24.9	38.9	4.0
Rape/sexual assault ^b	202,670	100	0.0 ^c	21.2	3.3 ^c	5.1 ^c	12.8 ^c	49.9	28.8	0.0 ^c
Robbery	280,000	100	1.4 ^c	21.2	1.8 ^c	7.5 ^c	11.9	38.6	31.1	7.7 ^c
Completed/property taken	191,270	100	0.0 ^c	16.8	1.3 ^c	6.1 ^c	9.4 ^c	40.0	33.3	9.9 ^c
With injury	74,900	100	0.0 ^c	14.5 ^c	3.3 ^c	0.0 ^c	11.2 ^c	33.7 ^c	45.8	5.9 ^c
Without injury	116,360	100	0.0 ^c	18.3 ^c	0.0 ^c	10.1 ^c	8.2 ^c	44.0	25.3 ^c	12.5 ^c
Attempted to take property	88,730	100	4.5 ^c	30.8 ^c	3.0 ^c	10.5 ^c	17.2 ^c	35.6	26.4 ^c	2.8 ^c
With injury	34,610	100	0.0 ^c	25.1 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	25.1 ^c	32.1 ^c	35.6 ^c	7.2 ^c
Without injury	54,110	100	7.4 ^c	34.4 ^c	4.9 ^c	17.3 ^c	12.2 ^c	37.8 ^c	20.5 ^c	0.0 ^c
Assault	3,675,610	100	2.4	30.9	9.7	11.9	9.3	23.4	38.8	4.5
Aggravated	720,880	100	3.0 ^c	23.9	5.1	6.3	12.6	19.3	46.7	7.0
Simple	2,954,730	100	2.2	32.6	10.8	13.2	8.5	24.4	36.9	3.9

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 39 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.29

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimizations by lone offendersBy type of crime and perceived race of offender, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Number of lone-offender victimizations	Perceived race of lone offender				Not known and not available
		Total	White	Black	Other	
Crimes of violence	4,158,290	100%	63.3%	22.8%	13.0%	0.9%
Completed violence	1,290,480	100	61.4	25.8	12.2	0.7 ^b
Attempted/threatened violence	2,867,810	100	64.2	21.5	13.4	1.0 ^b
Rape/sexual assault ^c	202,670	100	55.8	35.8	8.4 ^b	0.0 ^b
Robbery	280,000	100	42.4	45.7	12.0	0.0 ^b
Completed/property taken	191,270	100	38.7	52.1	9.1 ^b	0.0 ^b
With injury	74,900	100	35.8 ^b	54.2	10.0 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without injury	116,360	100	40.7	50.8	8.5 ^b	0.0 ^b
Attempted to take property	88,730	100	50.2	31.7 ^b	18.1 ^b	0.0 ^b
With injury	34,610	100	59.3 ^b	32.6 ^b	8.1 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without injury	54,110	100	44.4 ^b	31.1 ^b	24.5 ^b	0.0 ^b
Assault	3,675,610	100	65.3	20.4	13.3	1.0
Aggravated	720,880	100	58.0	24.1	17.5	0.5 ^b
Simple	2,954,730	100	67.1	19.4	12.3	1.2

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 40 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.30

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimizations by multiple offendersBy type of crime and perceived age of offenders, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Number of multiple-offender victimizations	Total	Perceived age of multiple offenders (in years)					Not known and not available
			All under 12	All 12 to 20	All 21 to 29	All 30 and older	Mixed ages	
Crimes of violence	1,091,760	100%	0.5% ^b	37.9%	16.4%	6.6%	26.0%	12.6%
Completed violence	433,470	100	0.0 ^b	26.0	20.2	9.9	27.7	16.2
Attempted/threatened violence	658,280	100	0.8 ^b	45.7	13.8	4.5 ^b	24.9	10.2
Rape/sexual assault ^c	39,580	100	0.0 ^b	38.3 ^b	10.9 ^b	0.0 ^b	43.6 ^b	7.3 ^b
Robbery	219,770	100	0.0 ^b	27.7	23.3	7.1 ^b	20.9	21.1
Completed/property taken	181,890	100	0.0 ^b	25.2	24.3	8.5 ^b	19.5	22.5
With injury	89,620	100	0.0 ^b	13.3 ^b	22.6 ^b	11.0 ^b	30.9 ^b	22.2 ^b
Without injury	92,260	100	0.0 ^b	36.7	25.9 ^b	6.1 ^b	8.4 ^b	22.8 ^b
Attempted to take property	37,870	100	0.0 ^b	39.7 ^b	18.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	27.5 ^b	14.2 ^b
With injury	7,970 ^b	100 ^b	0.0 ^b	65.8 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	34.2 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without injury	29,900 ^b	100 ^b	0.0 ^b	32.7 ^b	23.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	25.7 ^b	18.0 ^b
Assault	832,400	100	0.6 ^b	40.5	14.8	6.8	26.6	10.7
Aggravated	242,510	100	1.1 ^b	26.2	16.6	5.7 ^b	38.1	12.3 ^b
Simple	589,890	100	0.4 ^b	46.4	14.1	7.3	21.8	10.0

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 45 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

Table 3.31

Estimated percent distribution of violent victimizations by multiple offendersBy type of crime and perceived race of offenders, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Number of multiple-offender victimizations	Total	Perceived race of multiple offenders				Not known and not available
			All white	All black	All other	Mixed races	
Crimes of violence	1,091,760	100%	41.8%	24.1%	13.6%	14.1%	6.4%
Completed violence	433,470	100	34.0	32.4	13.1	15.0	5.5 ^b
Attempted/threatened violence	658,280	100	46.9	18.6	14.0	13.5	7.0
Rape/sexual assault ^c	39,580	100	39.8 ^b	29.3 ^b	10.9 ^b	20.0 ^b	0.0 ^b
Robbery	219,770	100	22.8	42.8	12.0 ^b	14.7	7.6 ^b
Completed/property taken	181,890	100	22.2	43.5	8.9 ^b	16.3 ^b	9.2 ^b
With injury	89,620	100	21.1 ^b	41.2	10.6 ^b	16.2 ^b	11.0 ^b
Without injury	92,260	100	23.3 ^b	45.7	7.2 ^b	16.4 ^b	7.4 ^b
Attempted to take property	37,870	100	26.0 ^b	39.8 ^b	27.0 ^b	7.2 ^b	0.0 ^b
With injury	7,970 ^b	100 ^b	33.0 ^b	32.8 ^b	0.0 ^b	34.2 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without injury	29,900 ^b	100 ^b	24.1 ^b	41.7 ^b	34.3 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b
Assault	832,400	100	46.9	18.9	14.2	13.6	6.4
Aggravated	242,510	100	37.8	22.5	18.5	14.0	7.1 ^b
Simple	589,890	100	50.6	17.3	12.5	13.5	6.1

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 46 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.32

Estimated percent distribution of personal and property incidentsBy type of crime and place of occurrence, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Number of incidents	Total	Place of occurrence											Other
			At or in respondent's home	Near home	On the street near home	At, in, or near a friend's, relative's, or neighbor's home	Inside a restaurant, bar, or nightclub	Other commercial building	Parking lot or garage	Inside school building/ on school property	In apartment yard, park, field, or playground	On street other than near own home	On public transportation or inside station	
Crimes of violence	4,923,050	100%	16.3%	11.0%	4.4%	8.9%	4.2%	7.1%	7.6%	15.1%	2.5%	14.0%	1.0%	7.7%
Completed violence	1,605,900	100	23.0	9.3	3.5	13.0	3.6	4.2	6.9	11.4	2.4	14.1	1.2 ^b	7.4
Attempted/threatened violence	3,317,150	100	13.1	11.9	4.9	7.0	4.5	8.6	8.0	16.9	2.6	13.9	0.9 ^b	7.9
Rape/sexual assault ^c	247,730	100	26.1	3.4 ^b	1.4 ^b	17.0	2.8 ^b	14.2	2.1 ^b	3.8 ^b	1.6 ^b	13.5	1.2 ^b	13.0
Robbery	458,460	100	21.8	7.8	4.4 ^b	5.6 ^b	1.0 ^b	3.0 ^b	14.7	3.8 ^b	1.9 ^b	28.3	2.8 ^b	4.8 ^b
Completed/property taken	341,910	100	22.1	7.1 ^b	4.2 ^b	6.4 ^b	1.4 ^b	4.0 ^b	13.8	2.2 ^b	1.5 ^b	30.7	2.8 ^b	3.8 ^b
With injury	159,120	100	23.6	6.1 ^b	6.4 ^b	6.2 ^b	0.7 ^b	6.2 ^b	4.2 ^b	1.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	42.7	2.3 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without injury	182,790	100	20.7	7.9 ^b	2.3 ^b	6.6 ^b	2.1 ^b	2.1 ^b	22.1	2.8 ^b	2.9 ^b	20.2	3.2 ^b	7.2 ^b
Attempted to take property	116,550	100	21.0 ^b	9.9 ^b	4.9 ^b	3.1 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	17.5 ^b	8.4 ^b	2.9 ^b	21.4 ^b	3.0 ^b	7.8 ^b
With injury	39,040	100	33.6 ^b	0.0 ^b	6.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	30.2 ^b	8.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	12.4 ^b	9.1 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without injury	77,510	100	14.7 ^b	14.8 ^b	4.0 ^b	4.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	11.1 ^b	8.6 ^b	4.4 ^b	26.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	11.7 ^b
Assault	4,216,850	100	15.2	11.8	4.6	8.8	4.6	7.1	7.2	17.0	2.7	12.5	0.8	7.7
Aggravated	848,030	100	15.8	15.0	3.2 ^b	9.3	3.5 ^b	7.9	8.8	6.8	2.0 ^b	18.6	0.4 ^b	8.8
Simple	3,368,820	100	15.0	11.0	5.0	8.7	4.9	7.0	6.7	19.6	2.8	10.9	0.8 ^b	7.5
Purse snatching/ pocket picking	154,190	100	3.7 ^b	3.7 ^b	1.4 ^b	10.0 ^b	9.6 ^b	14.9 ^b	9.4 ^b	6.0 ^b	2.1 ^b	33.4	4.4 ^b	1.5 ^b
Motor vehicle theft	988,760	100	1.3 ^b	27.3	18.1	3.6	X	X	36.2	0.7 ^b	0.0 ^b	10.4	X	2.4 ^b
Completed	780,630	100	1.2 ^b	28.0	15.3	4.2	X	X	35.4	0.9 ^b	0.0 ^b	12.3	X	2.7 ^b
Attempted	208,120	100	1.5 ^b	24.8	28.8	1.3 ^b	X	X	39.3	0.0 ^b	0.0 ^b	3.2 ^b	X	1.1 ^b
Theft	13,494,750	100	9.7	34.3	6.0	2.9	1.8	5.5	15.6	10.9	1.3	3.9	0.8	7.3

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 61 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^cIncludes verbal threats of rape and threats of sexual assault.

Table 3.33

Estimated percent distribution of personal and property victimizationBy type of crime and whether or not reported to police, United States, 2002^a

Type of crime	Number of victimizations	Were victimizations reported to the police?			
		Total	Yes ^b	No	Not known and not available
All crimes	23,036,030	100%	42.2%	56.5%	1.3%
Personal crimes	5,496,810	100	48.4	49.8	1.7
Crimes of violence	5,341,410	100	48.5	49.7	1.8
Completed violence	1,753,090	100	60.4	39.0	0.6 ^c
Attempted/threatened violence	3,588,320	100	42.7	55.0	2.3
Rape/sexual assault	247,730	100	53.7	46.3	0.0 ^c
Rape/attempted rape	167,860	100	56.6	43.4	0.0 ^c
Rape	90,390	100	57.3	42.7	0.0 ^c
Attempted rape ^d	77,470	100	55.8	44.2	0.0 ^c
Sexual assault ^e	79,870	100	47.8	52.2	0.0 ^c
Robbery	512,490	100	71.2	28.3	0.5 ^c
Completed/property taken	385,880	100	75.8	23.6	0.7 ^c
With injury	169,980	100	79.8	20.2	0.0 ^c
Without injury	215,890	100	72.6	26.2	1.2 ^c
Attempted to take property	126,610	100	57.4	42.6	0.0 ^c
With injury	42,600	100	92.6	7.4 ^c	0.0 ^c
Without injury	84,020	100	39.5	60.5	0.0 ^c
Assault	4,581,190	100	45.7	52.3	2.0
Aggravated	990,110	100	56.6	40.5	2.8 ^c
With injury	316,260	100	61.3	38.7	0.0 ^c
Threatened with weapon	673,850	100	54.5	41.4	4.2 ^c
Simple	3,591,090	100	42.7	55.6	1.8
With minor injury	906,580	100	54.8	44.2	1.0 ^c
Without injury	2,684,510	100	38.6	59.4	2.1
Purse snatching/pocket picking	155,400	100	46.4	53.6	0.0 ^c
Completed purse snatching	55,400	100	74.5	25.5 ^c	0.0 ^c
Attempted purse snatching	2,140 ^c	100 ^c	100.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c
Pocket picking	97,860	100	29.3 ^c	70.7	0.0 ^c
Property crimes	17,539,220	100	40.2	58.6	1.2
Household burglary	3,055,720	100	57.9	41.4	0.7 ^c
Completed	2,597,310	100	58.8	40.4	0.8 ^c
Forcible entry	1,017,660	100	77.2	21.7	1.1 ^c
Unlawful entry without force	1,579,650	100	46.9	52.5	0.6 ^c
Attempted forcible entry	458,410	100	52.9	47.1	0.0 ^c
Motor vehicle theft	988,760	100	86.1	13.5	0.5 ^c
Completed	780,630	100	95.8	3.9 ^c	0.3 ^c
Attempted	208,120	100	49.4	49.5	1.1 ^c
Theft	13,494,750	100	32.8	65.8	1.4
Completed	13,039,920	100	32.7	65.9	1.4
Less than \$50	4,186,570	100	17.1	81.8	1.1
\$50 to \$249	4,455,080	100	28.3	70.6	1.1
\$250 or more	3,270,530	100	56.4	42.8	0.8 ^c
Amount not available	1,127,740	100	39.5	55.0	5.5
Attempted	454,830	100	36.5	62.5	1.0 ^c

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bFigures in this column represent the percent of victimizations reported to the police, or "police reporting rates."^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^dIncludes verbal threats of rape.^eIncludes threats.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 91 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004].

Table 3.34

Estimated percent distribution of reasons for reporting personal and property victimizations to policeBy type of crime, United States, 2002^a

Reasons for reporting to police	Personal crimes				Property crimes			
	Total ^b	Crimes of violence			Total	Household burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
		Total ^c	Robbery	Assault				
Number of reasons for reporting victimizations ^d	2,388,410	2,294,390	402,790	1,778,370	9,064,910	2,468,020	1,050,840	5,546,050
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Stop or prevent this incident	17.9	18.5	12.9	20.6	7.6	10.4	4.8	6.8
Needed help due to injury	1.7	1.8	2.1 ^e	1.8	0.1 ^e	0.2 ^e	0.0 ^e	0.1 ^e
To recover property	5.1	4.1	20.5	0.6 ^e	24.7	19.9	35.5	24.7
To collect insurance	0.4 ^e	0.3 ^e	0.6 ^e	0.3 ^e	5.3	4.0	10.3	4.9
To prevent further crimes by offender against victim	19.1	19.8	11.7	21.5	9.9	12.2	6.1	9.5
To prevent crime by offender against anyone	10.5	10.5	10.5	9.9	6.8	6.4	5.6	7.2
To punish offender	7.2	7.3	8.8	6.8	4.1	4.8	4.9	3.7
To catch or find offender	6.9	6.5	8.2	5.3	7.3	7.5	7.2	7.2
To improve police surveillance	4.4	4.6	5.2 ^e	4.7	6.3	7.2	6.8	5.8
Duty to notify police	5.8	5.7	2.8 ^e	6.7	6.0	5.5	5.5	6.3
Because it was a crime	14.6	14.4	14.3	14.2	17.7	18.4	11.7	18.6
Some other reason	4.6	4.5	1.8 ^e	5.1	3.0	2.2	1.3 ^e	3.6
Not available	1.9	2.0	0.6 ^e	2.4	1.4	1.2	0.3 ^e	1.7

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 101 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bIncludes crimes of violence and purse snatching/pocket picking not listed separately.

^cIncludes rape and sexual assault not listed separately.

^dSome respondents may have cited more than one reason for reporting victimizations to the police.

^eEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.35

Estimated percent distribution of reasons for not reporting personal and property victimizations to policeBy type of crime, United States, 2002^a

Reasons for not reporting to police	Personal crimes				Property crimes			
	Total ^b	Crimes of violence			Total	Household burglary	Motor vehicle theft	Theft
		Total ^c	Robbery	Assault				
Number of reasons for not reporting victimizations ^d	3,200,150	3,105,890	196,020	2,776,190	12,958,170	1,685,780	152,140	11,120,240
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Reported to another official	17.0	17.1	9.0 ^e	18.4	9.7	3.9	9.9 ^e	10.6
Private or personal matter	21.2	21.7	6.9 ^e	23.4	5.2	4.9	6.2 ^e	5.2
Object recovered; offender unsuccessful	15.7	15.8	10.7 ^e	16.5	25.7	21.0	32.0	26.3
Not important enough	4.9	5.1	5.5 ^e	5.1	3.4	3.2	1.4 ^e	3.4
Insurance would not cover	0.1 ^e	0.1 ^e	1.4 ^e	0.0 ^e	2.4	3.0	1.5 ^e	2.4
Not aware crime occurred until later	0.6 ^e	0.4 ^e	0.0 ^e	0.3 ^e	5.8	9.8	12.5 ^e	5.1
Unable to recover property; no ID number	0.8 ^e	0.3 ^e	1.5 ^e	0.3 ^e	7.4	4.9	0.0 ^e	7.9
Lack of proof	3.8	3.1	14.8 ^e	2.3	11.8	13.4	6.4 ^e	11.6
Police would not want to be bothered	5.0	4.8	9.2 ^e	4.7	8.3	10.5	2.9 ^e	8.0
Police inefficient, ineffective, or biased	3.0	3.0	17.9	2.0	3.3	6.7	5.6 ^e	2.7
Fear of reprisal	4.5	4.6	4.6 ^e	3.5	0.7	1.0 ^e	1.4 ^e	0.7
Too inconvenient or time consuming	2.6	2.5	4.0 ^e	2.6	3.6	3.8	5.6 ^e	3.5
Other reasons	20.9	21.3	14.4 ^e	21.1	12.7	14.0	14.5 ^e	12.5

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 2002 Statistical Tables*, NCJ 200561, Table 102 [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/cvus02.pdf> [Mar. 3, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bIncludes crimes of violence and purse snatching/pocket picking not listed separately.

^cIncludes rape and sexual assault not listed separately.

^dSome respondents may have cited more than one reason for not reporting victimizations to the police.

^eEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Table 3.36

Estimated percent of violent victimizations reported to police

By selected victim and household characteristics, 1992-2000 (aggregate)

Characteristics	Violent crimes					Serious violent crime ^a
	All	Rape/sexual assault	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Simple assault	
Total	43%	31%	57%	55%	38%	53%
<u>Sex</u>						
Male	40	27	52	52	34	51
Female	47	32	66	61	43	55
<u>Race</u>						
White	42	31	56	54	37	51
Black	49	35	59	61	41	58
American Indian	48	47 ^b	45	59	43	55
Asian	40	16 ^b	55	51	31	50
<u>Hispanic origin</u>						
Hispanic	44	28	48	55	39	50
Non-Hispanic	43	32	58	55	38	53
<u>Age</u>						
12 to 15 years	25	47	32	37	20	37
16 to 19 years	37	27	49	47	32	44
20 to 24 years	45	28	59	56	39	53
25 to 34 years	51	29	64	62	46	59
35 to 49 years	50	32	64	63	45	60
50 to 64 years	49	33	65	58	43	60
65 years and older	53	30 ^b	72	51	46	61
<u>Marital status</u>						
Never married	37	30	50	49	31	47
Married	51	39	67	64	44	63
Widowed	54	51 ^b	70	59	46	63
Divorced	52	34	65	60	48	58
Separated	54	25	65	61	53	55
<u>Annual household income</u>						
Less than \$7,500	48	38	57	60	41	56
\$7,500 to \$14,999	48	41	54	57	43	54
\$15,000 to \$24,999	44	28	58	55	39	52
\$25,000 to \$34,999	43	28	61	53	37	53
\$35,000 to \$49,999	42	22	57	53	38	51
\$50,000 to \$74,999	39	38	53	52	33	51
\$75,000 or more	37	21	63	53	30	53
<u>Residence</u>						
Urban	45	30	58	55	38	53
Suburban	42	28	54	54	37	51
Rural	45	42	60	57	40	55

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

^aIncludes rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Reporting Crime to the Police, 1992-2000*, Special Report NCJ 195710 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, March 2003), p. 3, Table 2; p. 4, Table 3. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

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Table 3.37

High school seniors reporting victimization experiences in last 12 months

By type of victimization, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how often. . ."

Type of victimization	Class of 1991 (N=2,569)	Class of 1992 (N=2,690)	Class of 1993 (N=2,770)	Class of 1994 (N=2,645)	Class of 1995 (N=2,656)	Class of 1996 (N=2,452)	Class of 1997 (N=2,638)	Class of 1998 (N=2,656)	Class of 1999 (N=2,322)	Class of 2000 (N=2,204)	Class of 2001 (N=2,218)	Class of 2002 (N=2,274)	Class of 2003 (N=2,517)
Has something of yours (worth under \$50) been stolen?													
Not at all	55.4%	55.4%	55.3%	56.6%	55.4%	52.5%	54.0%	54.7%	54.9%	54.6%	54.6%	55.6%	56.8%
Once	26.2	27.0	25.6	25.3	25.7	27.0	26.8	25.6	27.1	25.2	26.7	26.3	26.7
Twice	10.9	10.6	11.0	11.0	10.7	11.0	11.0	11.1	10.9	10.8	10.2	10.7	9.9
3 or 4 times	5.2	5.0	5.7	5.1	5.2	6.4	5.3	5.9	4.8	6.1	5.2	4.6	4.4
5 or more times	2.3	2.0	2.4	2.1	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	3.4	3.2	2.8	2.2
Has something of yours (worth over \$50) been stolen?													
Not at all	77.2	77.5	75.1	76.8	76.0	73.3	74.2	73.4	74.3	74.3	74.3	75.0	74.7
Once	15.7	15.3	17.2	16.8	16.4	17.0	17.2	17.3	18.2	16.6	17.4	17.6	18.0
Twice	4.8	4.6	4.0	4.1	4.7	5.7	5.5	5.5	4.8	6.1	5.3	4.2	4.5
3 or 4 times	1.7	1.9	2.6	1.6	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.0	1.7
5 or more times	0.6	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.5	0.8	1.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.1
Has someone deliberately damaged your property (your car, clothing, etc.)?													
Not at all	65.8	66.4	66.1	67.0	66.4	65.6	67.4	67.5	69.2	69.7	67.4	68.6	68.5
Once	21.6	19.8	19.1	19.6	19.5	20.9	19.9	19.3	19.5	17.7	19.6	18.8	20.1
Twice	7.7	9.4	9.2	8.5	8.6	8.8	8.2	7.6	7.7	7.8	6.9	7.4	6.7
3 or 4 times	3.6	3.4	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.0	3.4	3.8	2.5	3.4	4.4	4.0	3.1
5 or more times	1.3	0.9	1.4	1.2	1.8	1.6	1.1	1.8	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.6
Has someone injured you with a weapon (like a knife, gun, or club)?													
Not at all	94.5	94.3	93.9	94.9	95.0	95.0	94.9	95.0	95.2	95.5	95.0	96.2	94.7
Once	4.1	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.8	3.3	2.0	3.0
Twice	0.7	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.7
3 or 4 times	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6
5 or more times	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.9
Has someone threatened you with a weapon, but not actually injured you?													
Not at all	81.4	80.7	79.6	80.9	82.1	81.0	81.8	82.3	84.2	83.8	83.3	84.2	84.1
Once	11.1	10.9	11.5	11.3	9.3	10.7	11.1	9.8	9.3	9.6	11.0	9.2	9.0
Twice	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.7	4.5	4.6	3.3	4.2	3.4	3.2	2.5	3.1	3.6
3 or 4 times	2.0	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.6
5 or more times	1.6	2.1	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.5	2.0	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.6
Has someone injured you on purpose without using a weapon?													
Not at all	83.8	84.0	83.6	84.9	84.1	84.4	85.4	85.3	85.6	85.7	84.8	85.2	84.0
Once	9.6	9.3	9.2	9.3	9.0	7.9	7.8	8.6	8.3	8.2	7.5	7.4	8.8
Twice	3.1	3.1	3.4	2.7	3.7	3.2	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.1	3.4	3.6	3.0
3 or 4 times	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.2
5 or more times	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.9	2.0	1.3	1.3	2.2	2.0	1.7	2.0
Has an unarmed person threatened you with injury, but not actually injured you?													
Not at all	69.1	69.3	69.0	70.1	70.2	69.9	71.7	71.5	72.1	71.9	70.8	73.0	72.7
Once	13.5	13.7	13.1	13.2	12.8	13.4	13.5	12.4	11.3	12.8	14.0	11.7	13.0
Twice	6.8	6.2	7.6	6.8	6.4	6.2	5.3	6.4	6.3	5.5	5.5	6.2	5.8
3 or 4 times	4.9	5.3	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.0	3.8	4.1	5.1	4.3	4.5	3.8	3.1
5 or more times	5.7	5.4	6.1	5.5	6.1	6.5	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.5

Note: These data are from a series of nationwide surveys of high school seniors conducted from 1975 through 2003 by the Monitoring the Future Project at the University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research. The survey design is a multistage random sample of high school seniors in public and private schools throughout the continental United States. All percentages reported are based on weighted cases; the Ns that are shown in the tables also refer to the number of weighted cases. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 109, 110; *1993*, pp. 110, 111; *1995*, pp. 111, 112; *1997*, pp. 107, 108; *1999*, pp. 108, 109 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 109, 110; *1994*, pp. 109, 110; *1996*, pp. 105, 106; *1998*, pp. 107, 108; *2000*, pp. 109, 110 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.38

High school seniors reporting victimization experiences in last 12 months

By type of victimization and sex, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how often. . ."

Type of victimization	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	Male (N=1,280)	Female (N=1,205)	Male (N=1,276)	Female (N=1,308)	Male (N=1,294)	Female (N=1,321)	Male (N=1,208)	Female (N=1,302)	Male (N=1,238)	Female (N=1,313)	Male (N=1,142)	Female (N=1,197)
Has something of yours (worth under \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	50.4%	60.9%	49.9%	60.8%	50.9%	60.3%	53.8%	59.5%	50.7%	60.3%	48.4%	57.1%
Once	28.1	23.9	28.8	25.5	25.9	24.4	24.1	26.5	26.2	24.8	26.0	27.9
Twice	12.1	9.8	12.7	8.3	13.1	9.0	12.9	9.1	12.1	9.3	13.1	9.0
3 or 4 times	6.1	4.0	5.7	4.2	6.6	5.0	6.4	3.6	6.7	4.1	8.1	4.4
5 or more times	3.2	1.4	2.9	1.2	3.5	1.3	2.8	1.2	4.3	1.6	4.4	1.6
Has something of yours (worth over \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	73.2	81.6	73.3	82.7	69.0	81.3	73.6	81.0	70.8	82.3	68.8	78.2
Once	18.5	13.1	17.5	12.2	20.8	13.9	19.0	14.4	19.6	12.9	18.0	15.9
Twice	5.6	3.7	6.0	3.1	5.3	2.6	4.6	3.2	6.2	2.9	7.9	3.6
3 or 4 times	1.9	1.2	2.4	1.4	3.3	1.9	2.2	0.9	2.9	1.4	3.2	1.8
5 or more times	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.6	1.6	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	2.1	0.5
Has someone deliberately damaged your property (your car, clothing, etc.)?												
Not at all	59.7	72.3	61.3	71.8	61.6	71.1	61.8	72.1	61.2	71.1	59.6	71.9
Once	24.5	18.8	21.5	18.4	21.7	16.2	22.0	17.2	22.1	17.5	24.6	17.3
Twice	10.0	5.1	11.9	6.8	9.8	8.6	10.9	6.0	10.1	7.2	9.8	7.9
3 or 4 times	3.9	3.1	4.2	2.3	4.8	3.5	4.4	3.3	4.8	2.6	3.7	2.4
5 or more times	1.9	0.7	1.1	0.7	2.2	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.8	1.6	2.3	0.5
Has someone injured you with a weapon (like a knife, gun, or club)?												
Not at all	92.0	97.2	90.8	98.4	91.3	97.1	93.1	96.9	93.0	97.3	92.0	98.6
Once	5.9	2.3	6.2	1.3	4.6	2.1	5.1	1.8	4.2	1.7	4.8	1.1
Twice	1.0	0.4	2.4	0.3	2.6	0.1	1.4	0.9	1.8	0.4	1.4	0.2
3 or 4 times	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.3	1.1	0.1
5 or more times	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.3	(a)	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.1
Has someone threatened you with a weapon, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	75.2	87.9	73.8	88.3	72.7	86.5	74.3	87.8	74.4	90.4	74.6	88.5
Once	14.0	8.2	13.3	8.6	14.0	8.6	13.4	8.6	12.7	5.6	12.6	8.1
Twice	5.4	2.4	6.3	1.3	4.8	2.9	6.2	1.5	6.4	2.3	7.3	1.7
3 or 4 times	2.9	1.1	3.7	1.0	4.8	1.1	3.7	1.3	3.4	1.0	2.9	0.9
5 or more times	2.6	0.5	2.9	0.7	3.7	0.9	2.4	0.9	3.1	0.6	2.6	0.8
Has someone injured you on purpose without using a weapon?												
Not at all	83.2	84.6	82.8	86.3	82.7	84.9	84.1	85.6	82.7	85.7	82.3	87.0
Once	10.3	8.7	10.8	7.5	10.6	7.3	10.9	8.1	9.8	7.7	9.7	6.3
Twice	3.3	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.8	2.5	2.7	4.1	3.4	3.7	2.7
3 or 4 times	1.7	2.1	2.5	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.7	2.3
5 or more times	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.0	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.7
Has an unarmed person threatened you with injury, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	62.3	75.9	63.4	75.6	63.5	74.7	63.4	76.5	61.9	77.9	63.9	76.3
Once	14.5	12.7	14.8	12.9	14.4	11.6	14.7	11.7	14.4	11.2	15.6	11.7
Twice	8.8	4.8	8.2	4.5	8.7	6.6	7.8	5.4	8.4	4.9	6.0	6.3
3 or 4 times	5.7	4.0	5.7	4.5	4.4	3.9	6.3	2.9	6.2	2.9	5.8	2.0
5 or more times	8.7	2.5	7.9	2.6	9.0	3.1	7.7	3.5	9.1	3.1	8.7	3.7

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 109, 110; *1993*, pp. 110, 111; *1995*, pp. 111, 112; *1997*, pp. 107, 108; *1999*, pp. 108, 109 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 109, 110; *1994*, pp. 109, 110; *1996*, pp. 105, 106; *1998*, pp. 107, 108; *2000*, pp. 109, 110 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
Male (N=1,204)	Female (N=1,304)	Male (N=1,225)	Female (N=1,299)	Male (N=1,111)	Female (N=1,106)	Male (N=1,000)	Female (N=1,097)	Male (N=1,032)	Female (N=1,089)	Male (N=1,094)	Female (N=1,070)	Male (N=1,164)	Female (N=1,246)
49.3%	57.9%	49.5%	59.4%	50.1%	60.1%	50.1%	59.0%	51.4%	57.8%	52.3%	59.0%	50.8%	62.2%
26.6	27.4	27.4	23.9	28.1	25.9	26.0	23.6	27.9	25.5	28.0	24.6	27.8	25.6
13.7	8.6	12.0	10.5	12.6	9.4	12.2	9.9	11.1	9.4	11.9	9.8	12.1	8.2
6.1	4.4	7.7	4.4	5.5	3.6	7.5	4.9	6.1	4.2	5.1	4.3	5.9	2.9
4.3	1.7	3.4	1.8	3.7	1.0	4.2	2.6	3.5	3.0	2.7	2.3	3.3	1.1
69.0	78.6	68.8	78.2	70.6	78.4	71.1	78.1	69.7	79.3	70.1	80.6	69.2	80.5
20.3	14.7	20.7	14.2	20.0	16.5	16.8	15.4	20.1	14.7	21.5	13.0	20.4	15.1
7.1	4.2	5.9	4.8	6.1	3.6	8.1	4.3	7.3	3.0	4.8	3.7	6.6	2.6
2.4	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.1	1.4	2.8	1.4	1.4	1.9	2.5	1.6	2.5	0.9
1.1	0.4	2.2	0.7	1.2	0.1	1.2	0.7	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.9
59.3	74.6	61.4	73.3	63.6	74.5	62.5	76.3	62.1	72.2	62.4	74.8	60.7	75.5
24.3	16.3	21.9	17.1	23.2	15.9	20.9	14.8	22.6	17.2	22.1	15.6	24.3	16.7
10.4	6.1	9.1	5.7	9.0	6.5	10.3	5.6	8.0	5.8	8.6	6.3	8.6	4.9
4.6	2.3	4.9	2.8	2.6	2.3	4.5	2.4	5.3	3.7	4.8	2.8	4.6	1.7
1.3	0.8	2.6	1.1	1.7	0.7	1.8	0.9	1.9	1.2	2.1	0.5	1.9	1.1
92.4	97.8	92.7	97.3	93.9	97.1	92.9	98.1	92.4	97.6	94.8	97.6	91.6	98.0
3.8	1.7	4.1	1.9	3.6	1.4	4.0	1.7	5.1	1.8	2.5	1.4	4.6	1.4
1.8	0.3	1.4	0.6	1.0	1.0	2.3	0.0	1.8	0.6	1.6	0.8	1.0	0.2
1.4	0.1	1.1	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.7	(a)	0.6	0.0	0.8	0.1	1.0	0.3
0.5	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	1.8	0.1
74.0	89.0	75.6	88.7	78.6	90.0	76.8	90.8	77.4	89.4	79.4	89.4	77.8	90.6
14.7	7.9	12.5	7.1	12.1	6.6	12.4	6.4	14.2	7.7	11.6	6.8	12.0	5.8
5.1	1.7	6.0	2.6	5.0	1.8	5.3	1.2	3.9	1.2	3.4	2.4	5.4	2.0
3.8	0.8	2.6	0.9	2.6	0.9	2.1	1.2	2.5	1.3	3.1	1.0	2.2	0.9
2.4	0.7	3.3	0.7	1.8	0.7	3.3	0.4	2.0	0.4	2.5	0.4	2.6	0.6
84.7	86.6	82.1	88.7	83.9	87.5	81.8	89.3	83.3	86.3	83.9	86.3	81.6	86.1
8.2	7.3	11.2	5.9	9.9	6.6	10.2	6.6	8.7	6.5	7.8	6.6	10.3	7.6
3.1	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.6	3.2	1.0	3.4	3.4	3.8	3.5	3.6	2.5
1.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.2	2.3	1.4	1.9	2.7	2.8	1.8	2.0	2.4
2.1	1.8	1.8	0.9	1.7	1.0	2.5	1.8	2.7	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.5	1.4
64.3	79.0	63.1	79.8	63.9	79.7	64.1	78.9	63.7	77.7	67.3	78.9	66.5	78.2
16.6	10.5	15.2	9.5	13.1	9.8	13.8	11.7	16.1	12.1	12.6	10.9	14.1	11.9
6.6	4.2	7.6	5.4	7.9	4.7	8.2	3.3	6.8	4.2	6.8	5.5	7.2	4.6
4.7	2.7	5.6	2.5	6.4	4.0	5.3	3.4	6.0	3.1	5.4	2.0	4.0	2.5
7.8	3.6	8.5	2.8	8.7	1.6	8.7	2.7	7.4	3.0	8.0	2.7	8.3	2.8

Table 3.39

High school seniors reporting victimization experiences in last 12 months

By type of victimization and race, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how often. . ."

Type of victimization	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	White (N=1,818)	Black (N=289)	White (N=1,806)	Black (N=368)	White (N=1,895)	Black (N=334)	White (N=1,815)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,841)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,628)	Black (N=287)
Has something of yours (worth under \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	57.9%	47.3%	58.2%	52.0%	55.6%	54.2%	59.0%	48.7%	57.7%	49.9%	53.9%	46.4%
Once	25.4	25.3	26.2	25.0	25.6	23.0	23.8	29.5	25.4	26.4	26.0	27.1
Twice	10.2	15.6	9.7	11.5	11.1	10.3	10.5	11.2	8.9	13.1	11.5	11.7
3 or 4 times	4.4	7.8	4.6	7.6	5.6	8.1	5.2	5.7	5.2	7.2	6.0	10.1
5 or more times	2.1	3.9	1.4	3.8	2.2	4.3	1.5	4.9	2.7	3.4	2.6	4.6
Has something of yours (worth over \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	80.4	68.8	80.6	71.3	77.5	67.5	79.8	65.8	79.2	65.9	75.1	66.2
Once	14.3	20.5	14.1	18.3	16.5	19.9	15.5	21.8	14.9	23.0	16.2	19.9
Twice	4.0	5.7	3.4	6.4	3.2	5.3	3.3	7.4	4.1	5.0	5.7	8.0
3 or 4 times	1.0	3.4	1.6	2.4	2.1	5.6	1.1	2.5	1.5	5.3	1.9	3.5
5 or more times	0.3	1.6	0.2	1.7	0.8	1.7	0.3	2.5	0.4	0.8	1.0	2.4
Has someone deliberately damaged your property (your car, clothing, etc.)?												
Not at all	66.3	67.3	67.3	73.4	66.4	70.9	66.9	68.9	67.0	68.9	65.6	71.1
Once	21.3	22.8	20.7	14.8	19.7	17.1	21.3	12.8	19.7	15.8	21.7	13.6
Twice	7.8	4.7	8.5	8.0	8.4	7.3	7.6	9.3	8.4	8.0	8.5	9.1
3 or 4 times	3.5	3.6	3.1	2.5	4.2	3.5	3.3	6.1	3.7	4.3	3.0	3.6
5 or more times	1.1	1.6	0.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	0.9	2.9	1.2	3.0	1.3	2.7
Has someone injured you with a weapon (like a knife, gun, or club)?												
Not at all	95.1	92.1	96.0	93.3	95.0	93.6	96.7	87.6	96.1	93.2	95.8	92.1
Once	3.7	5.7	3.0	4.9	3.1	3.9	2.5	8.4	2.4	4.7	2.9	3.8
Twice	0.4	1.8	0.8	1.6	1.4	0.7	0.6	2.6	0.9	1.8	0.7	2.2
3 or 4 times	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.4	1.4	0.2	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.3	1.2
5 or more times	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7
Has someone threatened you with a weapon, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	83.5	71.2	83.1	74.1	81.0	76.0	82.6	71.9	84.6	73.2	82.9	79.3
Once	10.3	15.7	9.9	14.0	11.0	14.6	10.4	14.3	8.5	12.2	9.8	10.8
Twice	3.3	6.9	3.5	4.5	3.4	5.0	3.5	5.0	3.8	5.6	4.8	3.1
3 or 4 times	1.3	3.8	2.0	3.7	2.5	2.8	2.2	4.6	1.8	4.7	1.5	5.0
5 or more times	1.6	2.4	1.5	3.7	2.2	1.6	1.3	4.2	1.3	4.3	1.1	1.9
Has someone injured you on purpose without using a weapon?												
Not at all	83.7	83.1	83.9	87.3	83.5	85.6	85.5	80.7	85.3	81.4	86.0	79.3
Once	9.7	9.3	9.8	6.6	10.0	6.9	9.0	11.4	8.1	9.6	6.7	12.8
Twice	3.2	2.3	3.2	2.5	3.4	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.6	5.0	3.4	2.3
3 or 4 times	1.9	2.6	1.9	1.2	1.3	3.2	1.6	3.4	1.6	3.4	2.4	4.6
5 or more times	1.5	2.7	1.2	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.4	0.6	1.6	1.1
Has an unarmed person threatened you with injury, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	68.6	65.7	68.0	73.8	67.5	72.3	69.2	69.0	70.4	68.4	69.0	67.6
Once	12.7	16.1	13.5	12.6	13.7	11.3	14.2	8.6	13.0	13.6	14.6	13.7
Twice	7.0	6.7	7.2	3.0	8.4	6.6	6.3	9.3	6.9	5.6	6.5	9.0
3 or 4 times	5.2	5.7	5.6	4.2	4.4	5.2	5.0	3.7	3.7	7.6	3.7	3.9
5 or more times	6.4	5.7	5.7	6.4	6.1	4.6	5.3	9.6	6.0	4.8	6.1	5.8

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Data are given for those who identify themselves as white or Caucasian and those who identify themselves as black or African-American; data are not given for the other ethnic categories because these groups comprise a small percentage of the sample in any given year (Source, 2000, p. 10). Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 109, 110; *1993*, pp. 110, 111; *1995*, pp. 111, 112; *1997*, pp. 107, 108; *1999*, pp. 108, 109 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 109, 110; *1994*, pp. 109, 110; *1996*, pp. 105, 106; *1998*, pp. 107, 108; *2000*, pp. 109, 110 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
White (N=1,726)	Black (N=343)	White (N=1,741)	Black (N=326)	White (N=1,594)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,425)	Black (N=286)	White (N=1,366)	Black (N=239)	White (N=1,440)	Black (N=231)	White (N=1,631)	Black (N=273)
54.8%	53.3%	57.2%	48.6%	57.2%	53.3%	57.2%	45.8%	57.0%	45.9%	57.0%	56.0%	57.9%	50.9%
27.6	22.2	25.1	24.2	25.5	28.9	24.0	24.2	25.3	32.1	25.0	25.6	26.8	25.4
10.6	12.8	10.0	15.1	10.4	8.0	10.6	13.8	9.5	11.7	11.2	10.7	9.5	13.0
4.6	8.3	5.4	10.0	4.8	7.1	5.9	7.4	4.9	6.3	4.7	4.1	4.1	5.4
2.4	3.3	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.8	2.3	8.8	3.2	4.0	2.1	3.6	1.6	5.4
76.4	67.7	76.2	67.0	77.7	63.7	78.4	61.4	77.7	65.8	76.8	70.8	77.1	69.7
16.6	17.3	16.4	19.2	16.3	25.4	15.2	19.4	16.0	20.2	16.2	19.6	17.1	18.2
5.2	6.4	4.6	8.3	4.0	6.0	4.6	11.8	4.2	6.8	4.5	5.1	3.8	6.2
1.3	6.5	1.8	4.1	1.4	3.5	1.4	4.7	1.3	4.3	1.9	2.4	1.3	2.0
0.5	2.1	1.1	1.4	0.5	1.4	0.4	2.7	0.8	2.9	0.7	2.1	0.7	3.9
66.9	73.2	68.3	67.9	69.7	69.6	70.0	71.5	65.7	75.7	68.0	76.4	68.6	69.2
20.5	15.7	20.1	17.0	19.9	18.6	18.7	14.7	21.7	14.4	20.9	11.8	20.5	16.9
8.8	5.8	7.1	7.3	6.8	9.3	7.7	7.3	7.4	2.9	7.1	7.0	6.5	8.0
2.8	3.6	3.4	3.6	2.2	1.7	2.5	4.9	4.5	1.6	3.0	4.2	3.4	3.4
1.0	1.7	1.1	4.1	1.4	0.8	1.0	1.6	0.6	5.4	1.0	0.6	1.1	2.5
96.3	91.5	96.1	94.2	96.3	93.9	96.4	94.5	95.9	94.7	96.4	95.8	96.2	94.7
2.2	4.8	2.4	3.9	2.0	3.2	2.4	3.7	2.7	3.4	1.7	3.2	1.9	3.8
0.8	2.4	0.8	1.5	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.4	1.0	1.9	1.2	0.1	0.6	0.4
0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.1	1.1	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.7	0.7	(a)
0.1	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	1.9	(a)	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.7	1.1
83.9	74.9	83.6	79.2	85.2	82.8	85.6	81.4	83.7	82.3	85.0	79.0	84.9	82.6
9.8	15.0	8.9	10.9	9.3	11.1	9.2	9.8	10.3	13.3	9.0	11.7	9.0	9.1
2.5	6.4	4.1	5.4	3.0	3.0	2.5	4.5	2.5	2.2	3.0	3.7	3.4	5.3
2.3	2.0	1.6	3.0	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.4	2.4	0.8	1.6	2.1	1.1	1.6
1.5	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.9	1.0	1.3	1.4	3.5	1.6	1.3
85.5	85.7	86.0	88.5	85.8	86.9	85.6	86.3	84.8	91.6	85.3	87.4	84.2	89.6
8.0	6.4	7.8	7.4	8.3	9.1	8.6	9.7	7.5	3.0	7.5	5.6	8.9	6.9
2.7	2.9	2.8	2.3	2.3	1.2	2.1	1.3	3.3	2.8	3.4	3.9	2.7	1.5
2.0	2.8	2.3	1.6	2.1	1.3	1.7	1.4	2.0	1.6	2.2	0.7	2.2	0.7
1.7	2.2	1.2	0.2	1.5	1.5	2.1	1.3	2.3	1.0	1.7	2.4	2.1	1.4
70.5	75.7	70.3	76.4	72.5	71.5	71.5	72.3	69.2	79.3	71.0	80.8	71.5	75.8
14.0	10.6	12.3	10.4	10.9	13.0	12.6	12.9	14.3	10.3	12.6	6.7	13.8	11.5
5.1	6.9	7.3	6.8	5.5	8.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	4.1	7.1	5.4	6.1	4.6
3.7	3.2	4.4	2.6	5.6	3.4	4.6	3.2	5.3	1.4	4.4	1.2	3.0	2.9
6.7	3.7	5.7	3.8	5.5	4.0	5.4	5.6	5.7	4.9	4.9	5.8	5.6	5.3

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Table 3.40

High school seniors reporting victimization experiences at school in last 12 months

By type of victimization, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "The next questions are about some things which may have happened to you while you were at school (inside or outside or in a school bus). During the last 12 months, how often. . ."

Type of victimization	Class of 1991 (N=2,582)	Class of 1992 (N=2,684)	Class of 1993 (N=2,773)	Class of 1994 (N=2,642)	Class of 1995 (N=2,658)	Class of 1996 (N=2,455)	Class of 1997 (N=2,648)	Class of 1998 (N=2,608)	Class of 1999 (N=2,357)	Class of 2000 (N=2,216)	Class of 2001 (N=2,201)	Class of 2002 (N=2,250)	Class of 2003 (N=2,523)
Has something of yours (worth under \$50) been stolen?													
Not at all	62.7%	66.4%	62.1%	63.9%	64.6%	66.3%	65.3%	67.8%	66.3%	66.9%	64.6%	69.1%	70.6%
Once	25.6	22.0	24.9	24.8	22.8	23.0	24.1	22.9	23.1	23.1	23.4	21.7	19.8
Twice	7.7	8.0	8.0	6.9	7.6	7.1	7.0	5.5	7.0	5.9	7.0	6.1	6.4
3 or 4 times	2.6	2.4	3.6	3.6	3.3	2.6	2.7	2.6	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.1
5 or more times	1.4	1.2	1.4	0.9	1.7	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.5	1.3	2.0	0.7	1.2
Has something of yours (worth over \$50) been stolen?													
Not at all	81.5	83.7	81.4	82.1	81.0	81.9	82.4	82.0	80.0	82.6	78.9	82.4	83.5
Once	13.6	12.3	12.8	13.4	13.8	14.0	12.9	13.7	14.3	13.5	15.0	13.3	12.2
Twice	3.2	2.8	3.6	3.1	3.3	2.7	3.1	3.1	4.3	2.8	3.6	2.7	2.5
3 or 4 times	1.3	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.6	1.0	0.7	1.8	1.1	1.0
5 or more times	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.8
Has someone deliberately damaged your property (your car, clothing, etc.)?													
Not at all	71.7	73.6	74.2	72.8	72.7	74.1	75.3	74.7	74.4	74.8	76.2	77.1	77.8
Once	18.9	18.5	17.3	18.9	18.6	17.6	16.9	18.1	17.7	17.5	16.9	15.6	15.3
Twice	5.8	4.1	5.6	4.8	5.4	5.6	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.2	4.8	4.5
3 or 4 times	2.5	2.8	2.0	2.8	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.4
5 or more times	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.9
Has someone injured you with a weapon (like a knife, gun, or club)?													
Not at all	93.5	94.9	95.3	95.3	95.1	95.1	94.8	95.4	95.3	96.3	94.9	95.9	96.2
Once	3.9	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.1	2.7	2.1	3.0	2.6	2.2
Twice	1.4	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.9
3 or 4 times	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.3
5 or more times	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.5
Has someone threatened you with a weapon, but not actually injured you?													
Not at all	83.7	86.0	84.4	85.0	86.7	86.8	89.2	89.0	87.5	89.0	87.1	90.1	88.8
Once	9.3	8.6	8.6	9.0	8.4	8.1	6.8	6.5	8.1	7.0	7.8	5.9	6.5
Twice	3.6	2.8	3.9	3.2	2.1	2.6	1.7	2.3	2.3	1.7	2.5	2.0	2.0
3 or 4 times	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.4	1.4	0.7	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.5	0.9	1.2
5 or more times	1.7	0.9	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.0	1.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.4
Has someone injured you on purpose without using a weapon?													
Not at all	84.7	87.2	88.6	88.3	88.4	88.2	87.8	88.9	89.7	89.0	87.3	89.3	89.7
Once	9.0	7.4	6.8	6.5	6.5	7.4	7.5	7.2	6.0	5.9	7.7	5.6	6.0
Twice	3.1	3.2	2.3	2.9	2.2	2.4	2.2	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.1	2.7	2.3
3 or 4 times	1.8	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.8
5 or more times	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.3
Has an unarmed person threatened you with injury, but not actually injured you?													
Not at all	74.2	75.4	76.9	76.3	76.5	78.4	78.8	79.5	77.5	78.2	78.4	80.7	81.2
Once	12.6	13.5	10.5	12.6	10.8	11.6	10.6	10.4	11.5	11.6	11.7	10.7	9.4
Twice	4.9	3.8	5.5	4.3	4.9	3.3	4.5	3.7	4.5	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.6
3 or 4 times	3.7	3.8	2.9	3.0	3.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.5	1.6	2.3
5 or more times	4.7	3.4	4.1	3.8	4.2	4.0	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 151, 152; *1993*, pp. 154, 155; *1995*, pp. 155, 156; *1997*, pp. 150, 151; *1999*, pp. 152, 153 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 153, 154; *1994*, pp. 153, 154; *1996*, pp. 147, 148; *1998*, pp. 151, 152; *2000*, pp. 153, 154 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.41

High school seniors reporting victimization experiences at school in last 12 months

By type of victimization and sex, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "The next questions are about some things which may have happened to you while you were at school (inside or outside or in a school bus). During the last 12 months, how often. . ."

Type of victimization	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	Male (N=1,292)	Female (N=1,194)	Male (N=1,267)	Female (N=1,334)	Male (N=1,291)	Female (N=1,377)	Male (N=1,221)	Female (N=1,326)	Male (N=1,225)	Female (N=1,327)	Male (N=1,142)	Female (N=1,207)
Has something of yours (worth under \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	58.7%	67.1%	62.5%	70.2%	61.3%	63.2%	59.1%	68.3%	61.2%	67.8%	62.0%	70.0%
Once	27.2	24.3	23.7	20.6	25.0	25.1	26.5	23.0	24.3	21.5	24.8	21.5
Twice	9.4	5.8	9.6	6.7	8.4	7.4	9.0	5.2	8.2	6.9	8.8	5.6
3 or 4 times	3.0	1.8	3.1	1.8	3.8	3.5	4.1	3.0	3.9	2.7	3.2	2.2
5 or more times	1.7	1.0	1.2	0.8	1.6	0.9	1.3	0.5	2.3	1.2	1.3	0.7
Has something of yours (worth over \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	77.2	86.6	80.6	87.1	78.9	84.3	76.9	87.0	78.2	83.8	78.4	85.1
Once	16.4	10.7	14.6	10.3	14.6	11.0	17.2	9.8	15.5	12.4	16.2	12.0
Twice	4.1	1.6	3.8	1.8	4.0	3.1	4.0	2.2	3.9	2.6	3.7	1.8
3 or 4 times	1.7	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.6	1.3	1.5	0.8	1.4	0.8	1.4	0.6
5 or more times	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.9	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.5
Has someone deliberately damaged your property (your car, clothing, etc.)?												
Not at all	65.9	78.4	66.4	80.8	70.2	77.8	66.3	79.4	66.9	77.5	67.6	79.9
Once	22.1	15.4	22.9	14.6	18.9	15.9	23.3	14.3	22.4	15.6	21.3	14.1
Twice	7.6	4.1	5.4	2.5	6.9	4.5	6.4	3.5	6.9	4.0	7.5	4.0
3 or 4 times	3.2	1.4	3.5	1.8	2.5	1.4	3.1	2.2	2.6	2.1	3.0	1.2
5 or more times	1.3	0.7	1.9	0.4	1.4	0.4	0.9	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.8
Has someone injured you with a weapon (like a knife, gun, or club)?												
Not at all	91.3	96.6	91.9	98.2	93.0	98.0	92.2	98.3	92.5	97.7	93.3	96.9
Once	5.0	2.6	5.3	1.0	4.1	1.5	4.6	0.9	4.3	1.5	3.9	1.7
Twice	2.3	0.6	1.6	0.3	1.1	0.3	1.7	0.4	2.0	0.4	1.4	0.9
3 or 4 times	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.2	1.1	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.1
5 or more times	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.9	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4
Has someone threatened you with a weapon, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	78.7	89.7	79.2	92.8	78.6	90.4	78.0	91.5	80.1	92.6	82.7	90.5
Once	11.6	6.8	12.5	4.9	11.6	5.6	12.9	5.6	12.4	5.1	9.9	6.5
Twice	5.1	1.8	3.9	1.7	4.9	2.5	4.6	1.7	2.8	1.4	3.9	1.5
3 or 4 times	2.0	1.0	2.8	0.4	3.0	0.7	1.7	0.7	2.3	0.6	2.1	0.8
5 or more times	2.6	0.7	1.6	0.2	1.9	0.8	2.8	0.5	2.3	0.3	1.4	0.7
Has someone injured you on purpose without using a weapon?												
Not at all	82.7	87.8	84.4	90.0	86.2	91.0	85.0	92.0	84.8	91.8	86.8	89.2
Once	10.7	6.7	8.2	6.6	8.0	5.5	8.2	4.6	8.5	4.7	7.8	7.1
Twice	3.1	3.0	3.8	2.6	2.7	2.0	3.9	1.8	3.1	1.2	3.0	1.9
3 or 4 times	1.6	1.5	1.9	0.2	2.1	0.6	1.7	0.9	2.1	1.1	0.9	0.8
5 or more times	1.8	1.1	1.8	0.5	1.0	0.9	1.3	0.8	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.0
Has an unarmed person threatened you with injury, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	68.3	80.6	68.6	81.8	70.1	83.0	68.9	83.3	69.1	83.0	73.6	82.7
Once	14.1	11.2	15.3	12.1	12.5	9.2	15.5	9.8	12.3	9.4	11.9	11.2
Twice	6.8	3.2	4.9	2.8	7.0	4.2	5.6	2.9	6.2	3.9	4.4	2.4
3 or 4 times	4.5	2.4	5.7	1.9	4.6	1.4	4.1	1.8	5.9	1.6	4.3	1.2
5 or more times	6.3	2.6	5.5	1.4	5.7	2.2	5.8	2.2	6.4	2.1	5.9	2.4

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 151, 152; *1993*, pp. 154, 155; *1995*, pp. 155, 156; *1997*, pp. 150, 151; *1999*, pp. 152, 153 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 153, 154; *1994*, pp. 153, 154; *1996*, pp. 147, 148; *1998*, pp. 151, 152; *2000*, pp. 153, 154 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
Male (N=1,252)	Female (N=1,262)	Male (N=1,195)	Female (N=1,279)	Male (N=1,079)	Female (N=1,159)	Male (N=941)	Female (N=1,130)	Male (N=1,011)	Female (N=1,070)	Male (N=983)	Female (N=1,122)	Male (N=1,085)	Female (N=1,252)
61.9%	69.1%	63.1%	71.8%	63.9%	69.4%	63.0%	70.5%	62.3%	66.5%	65.6%	71.7%	66.2%	74.7%
26.3	22.1	24.2	22.1	22.1	21.1	24.5	21.9	24.6	22.7	24.5	19.6	21.9	17.6
7.7	6.1	7.1	4.3	7.4	6.6	7.2	4.7	7.0	7.2	6.6	5.6	7.4	5.7
3.1	2.1	3.9	1.2	4.3	2.0	3.8	2.0	3.6	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.7	1.6
1.1	0.6	1.8	0.6	2.3	0.8	1.6	0.9	2.5	1.2	0.6	0.9	1.8	0.4
78.8	86.3	76.4	87.2	76.6	83.7	77.5	87.6	74.5	83.1	79.1	85.8	80.8	86.3
15.3	10.5	17.0	10.9	16.0	12.5	17.3	9.8	17.8	12.8	16.6	10.0	14.3	10.7
3.6	2.3	5.0	1.5	5.3	3.3	3.7	1.9	4.7	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.1
1.8	0.7	0.8	0.3	1.3	0.3	1.2	0.3	2.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.5
0.5	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.4
71.3	79.5	71.7	78.0	67.6	81.0	68.9	80.3	71.5	81.1	72.6	81.1	71.8	82.8
18.6	14.9	19.7	16.3	22.6	13.2	22.3	13.9	19.9	13.6	19.3	12.6	19.1	13.0
7.0	3.7	6.0	3.8	6.7	3.1	5.9	3.3	4.5	4.1	5.3	4.0	5.9	3.0
2.4	1.3	0.9	1.4	2.2	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.9	0.6	2.5	1.4	1.7	0.9
0.8	0.7	1.7	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.2	0.8	1.5	0.3
92.1	97.7	92.3	98.4	93.2	97.5	93.9	98.7	92.4	97.5	94.1	98.0	94.8	98.3
4.7	1.3	4.8	1.3	4.0	1.3	3.8	0.7	4.4	1.8	4.1	1.3	3.1	1.3
1.9	0.8	1.1	0.3	1.1	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.9	0.0	1.3	0.2
0.5	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
0.8	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.1	1.3	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.2
85.1	93.4	83.0	94.3	83.2	92.2	85.0	92.7	81.7	92.0	86.8	93.4	83.0	94.1
8.9	5.0	8.7	4.2	10.7	5.3	8.6	5.8	10.4	5.5	7.9	4.2	9.8	4.2
2.1	1.1	4.1	0.8	2.7	1.7	2.6	0.5	4.0	1.2	3.6	0.4	2.7	1.0
1.1	0.4	2.9	0.5	1.7	0.6	1.7	0.6	2.1	0.6	1.1	0.5	1.9	0.5
2.8	0.1	1.3	0.2	1.7	0.2	2.1	0.3	1.9	0.6	0.5	1.5	2.7	0.2
85.2	90.7	85.6	92.4	87.7	91.9	87.8	90.4	84.1	90.3	87.3	91.4	87.9	91.6
9.5	5.4	9.8	4.5	7.4	4.5	6.7	5.2	9.2	6.4	6.9	4.6	6.7	5.2
2.7	1.8	1.9	1.4	2.4	1.7	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.7	2.0
1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.8	1.4	1.9	0.8	1.8	0.3	1.0	0.6
1.7	1.1	1.6	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.4	0.7	2.7	0.7	1.7	1.0	1.7	0.6
72.7	84.8	71.3	87.2	72.2	83.0	72.9	82.6	71.4	84.6	77.3	83.4	74.4	87.4
12.5	8.7	13.3	7.3	12.0	10.7	13.3	10.3	15.1	8.9	11.5	10.5	11.0	7.8
6.2	3.1	4.7	2.9	5.3	3.6	5.4	2.7	4.2	3.6	3.6	3.2	5.0	2.4
3.4	2.0	4.2	1.3	4.0	1.5	3.0	2.6	3.3	1.4	2.3	0.8	3.7	1.0
5.3	1.5	6.5	1.3	6.5	1.2	5.4	1.7	6.0	1.5	5.3	2.1	5.9	1.3

Table 3.42

High school seniors reporting victimization experiences at school in last 12 months

By type of victimization and race, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "The next questions are about some things which may have happened to you while you were at school (inside or outside or in a school bus). During the last 12 months how often. . ."

Type of victimization	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	White (N=1,808)	Black (N=301)	White (N=1,840)	Black (N=383)	White (N=1,883)	Black (N=340)	White (N=1,814)	Black (N=291)	White (N=1,833)	Black (N=301)	White (N=1,638)	Black (N=294)
Has something of yours (worth under \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	62.6%	62.6%	67.2%	59.4%	61.8%	59.3%	63.6%	59.5%	64.3%	65.3%	67.0%	62.2%
Once	26.1	25.4	22.3	25.4	25.7	24.6	24.6	28.8	23.6	17.2	23.6	21.0
Twice	8.1	6.7	6.9	11.9	8.0	7.8	7.3	5.5	7.7	8.6	6.2	8.6
3 or 4 times	2.3	4.2	2.6	3.0	3.4	6.4	3.8	4.5	2.9	7.8	2.2	6.0
5 or more times	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.3	1.1	1.9	0.7	1.7	1.6	1.1	0.9	2.3
Has something of yours (worth over \$50) been stolen?												
Not at all	83.6	74.6	85.3	77.4	83.1	73.1	83.1	75.2	82.4	74.8	84.1	70.9
Once	12.3	19.4	11.6	16.4	11.6	18.0	12.7	19.4	12.9	17.6	13.2	18.9
Twice	2.8	3.8	2.3	5.6	3.6	4.7	3.0	2.2	3.2	5.3	1.8	5.6
3 or 4 times	0.9	1.8	0.5	0.4	1.2	3.0	0.9	3.2	1.0	0.8	0.8	2.3
5 or more times	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.5	1.6	0.2	2.4
Has someone deliberately damaged your property (your car, clothing, etc.)?												
Not at all	71.6	75.4	74.3	73.7	74.2	73.7	71.7	78.5	72.0	72.7	74.8	74.0
Once	19.4	15.1	18.3	16.2	18.0	15.8	19.6	17.0	19.5	16.8	17.7	14.4
Twice	5.9	2.5	3.4	6.8	5.3	6.3	4.7	3.8	5.6	5.1	5.5	6.5
3 or 4 times	2.2	3.7	2.9	1.3	1.7	2.3	3.2	0.5	2.1	3.8	1.4	3.4
5 or more times	0.8	3.2	1.0	2.0	0.8	1.9	0.8	0.2	0.8	1.7	0.5	1.7
Has someone injured you with a weapon (like a knife, gun, or club)?												
Not at all	94.7	90.4	95.5	94.8	95.7	93.6	96.0	91.9	95.9	91.3	96.3	90.2
Once	3.2	6.4	2.9	3.5	2.5	4.9	2.5	3.2	2.6	4.5	2.5	3.8
Twice	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.5	0.6	1.0	0.5	3.8	1.0	2.7	0.8	3.4
3 or 4 times	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.3	0.6	1.1	0.4	1.5	0.1	1.2
5 or more times	0.5	1.6	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	1.5
Has someone threatened you with a weapon, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	84.3	79.8	87.7	80.6	86.2	76.5	85.2	81.9	87.7	81.1	87.7	82.9
Once	8.8	12.2	8.1	9.8	7.1	15.0	9.1	10.6	8.1	9.8	8.3	8.6
Twice	3.6	4.2	2.4	6.1	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.1	1.8	3.3	2.3	3.8
3 or 4 times	1.6	2.9	1.2	2.9	1.7	2.4	1.1	1.7	1.2	3.5	0.9	2.9
5 or more times	1.7	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.3	2.3	1.1	2.7	1.2	2.2	0.8	1.9
Has someone injured you on purpose without using a weapon?												
Not at all	84.6	82.9	87.3	86.2	89.0	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.4	90.8	88.8	84.3
Once	9.2	9.5	7.5	6.4	6.5	5.5	6.2	6.2	6.5	4.4	7.3	8.6
Twice	3.1	3.2	3.2	5.3	2.4	2.7	2.8	3.4	2.0	2.9	2.4	3.5
3 or 4 times	1.7	2.2	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.9	1.6	1.2	0.6	1.3
5 or more times	1.5	2.2	0.9	1.2	0.7	2.1	1.2	0.0	1.4	0.6	1.0	2.3
Has an unarmed person threatened you with injury, but not actually injured you?												
Not at all	73.5	72.5	74.5	79.5	76.2	77.7	75.3	77.9	74.9	77.1	78.1	78.1
Once	12.4	13.2	13.7	12.4	10.8	13.8	13.2	11.5	11.1	14.4	11.3	13.8
Twice	5.2	5.3	4.1	2.6	5.8	3.1	3.9	6.4	5.1	3.7	3.5	2.6
3 or 4 times	4.0	4.0	4.3	2.6	3.1	1.4	3.1	2.5	4.0	2.3	3.0	2.3
5 or more times	4.9	4.9	3.4	2.9	4.1	3.9	4.5	1.6	4.9	2.4	4.1	3.2

Note: See Notes, tables 3.37 and 3.39. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 151, 152; *1993*, pp. 154, 155; *1995*, pp. 155, 156; *1997*, pp. 150, 151; *1999*, pp. 152, 153 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 153, 154; *1994*, pp. 153, 154; *1996*, pp. 147, 148; *1998*, pp. 151, 152; *2000*, pp. 153, 154 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
White (N=1,708)	Black (N=323)	White (N=1,721)	Black (N=326)	White (N=1,594)	Black (N=297)	White (N=1,424)	Black (N=292)	White (N=1,381)	Black (N=252)	White (N=1,421)	Black (N=235)	White (N=1,612)	Black (N=288)
66.1%	65.0%	68.3%	66.4%	67.0%	67.6%	66.5%	68.3%	64.9%	62.9%	70.3%	60.8%	70.8%	73.1%
23.9	22.5	22.5	25.3	21.4	21.9	24.0	23.7	23.2	23.5	21.6	23.1	20.1	16.8
6.6	8.2	5.6	4.7	6.5	7.2	6.4	3.3	7.0	6.1	5.4	8.2	5.8	7.2
2.5	3.7	2.6	2.0	3.4	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.1	3.9	2.2	6.1	2.1	2.1
0.8	0.7	0.9	1.6	1.7	0.6	0.5	2.0	1.9	3.7	0.4	1.9	1.1	0.8
84.2	76.8	83.1	77.4	81.0	78.4	83.7	83.6	80.8	71.5	84.7	72.9	84.7	81.4
12.3	13.7	13.1	16.5	13.8	15.1	13.0	13.2	13.8	21.7	11.9	15.7	12.2	11.8
2.2	6.5	2.8	4.4	4.4	3.4	2.5	2.1	3.5	2.5	2.5	7.3	2.2	3.2
0.9	2.8	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.7	0.8	0.0	1.3	2.7	0.6	3.6	0.6	2.6
0.4	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.1	1.4	0.1	1.2	0.7	1.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	1.1
74.5	81.2	74.8	78.5	73.3	78.5	75.3	79.7	76.6	83.2	77.2	75.8	77.0	81.4
18.0	10.0	18.6	15.7	18.1	16.5	18.0	15.8	16.8	11.4	15.9	15.6	16.0	13.5
4.9	6.0	4.1	4.9	5.3	3.3	4.7	3.3	4.4	2.1	4.8	3.5	5.1	2.7
1.8	2.6	1.3	0.6	2.1	1.7	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.7	3.3	1.4	1.3
0.8	0.3	1.2	0.3	1.1	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.8	2.0	0.4	1.8	0.5	1.1
95.7	92.9	96.4	93.4	95.8	96.1	96.7	97.2	95.2	95.1	97.1	90.3	96.6	96.3
3.0	3.4	2.5	5.0	2.8	2.6	2.0	1.8	2.9	4.6	2.1	5.0	2.2	2.3
0.7	3.1	0.5	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.2	1.8	0.5	0.8
0.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.3	(a)	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	1.8	0.3	(a)
0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.5
90.4	86.3	89.2	85.6	88.3	89.0	89.7	89.2	86.4	87.3	91.8	78.9	88.7	91.2
6.9	7.0	6.3	8.3	7.3	7.8	7.0	6.8	8.3	10.2	5.2	10.0	7.0	4.7
1.3	2.3	2.1	3.5	2.3	2.2	1.1	1.8	2.4	0.6	1.7	3.4	1.8	2.6
0.2	2.8	1.5	2.1	1.3	0.5	1.1	0.2	1.3	0.7	0.6	3.7	1.2	0.9
1.2	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.6	1.0	2.0	1.5	1.1	0.8	3.9	1.3	0.7
88.0	88.9	89.5	89.2	89.2	95.6	89.2	92.8	86.4	88.6	89.9	84.6	90.1	91.4
7.7	4.1	6.8	5.7	6.7	2.7	5.5	4.7	8.1	7.9	6.0	6.1	6.1	4.5
2.1	3.1	1.4	2.6	2.0	1.6	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.8	2.5	4.4	2.1	1.3
1.0	0.4	1.2	1.5	1.1	0.0	1.5	0.1	1.5	(a)	1.1	1.4	0.5	1.6
1.2	3.5	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.1	1.2	0.1	2.0	0.6	0.6	3.5	1.2	1.2
77.6	80.7	79.2	78.5	77.1	80.3	77.1	85.1	76.8	83.2	81.4	74.6	80.3	86.0
11.2	9.3	9.8	14.5	11.6	11.3	11.6	10.7	12.4	7.7	9.8	14.3	10.3	6.8
4.7	4.1	3.9	2.4	4.9	3.8	4.6	1.2	4.5	1.7	4.1	4.2	3.4	4.3
2.7	3.4	3.0	1.5	2.6	1.7	2.7	1.0	2.3	4.9	1.6	0.8	2.4	1.0
3.8	2.6	4.0	3.1	3.8	2.8	4.0	2.0	3.9	2.6	3.2	6.1	3.5	1.9

Table 3.43

High school seniors reporting involvement in selected delinquent activities in last 12 months

United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how often have you. . ."

Delinquent activity	Class of 1991 (N=2,569)	Class of 1992 (N=2,690)	Class of 1993 (N=2,770)	Class of 1994 (N=2,645)	Class of 1995 (N=2,656)	Class of 1996 (N=2,452)	Class of 1997 (N=2,638)	Class of 1998 (N=2,656)	Class of 1999 (N=2,322)	Class of 2000 (N=2,204)	Class of 2001 (N=2,218)	Class of 2002 (N=2,274)	Class of 2003 (N=2,517)
Argued or had a fight with either of your parents? ^a													
Not at all	10.0%	9.3%	12.1%	10.1%	9.8%	11.0%	11.6%	11.9%	9.2%	11.2%	10.2%	12.3%	10.3%
Once	8.9	8.7	9.4	10.3	9.4	9.6	10.3	9.6	10.2	10.1	9.8	10.3	10.5
Twice	12.7	11.7	12.4	12.1	15.1	13.3	13.1	14.1	12.6	13.4	12.3	12.4	13.8
3 or 4 times	24.7	24.7	20.2	24.9	23.2	24.0	22.6	23.7	24.7	23.5	24.4	24.4	22.9
5 or more times	43.6	45.5	45.9	42.7	42.5	42.2	42.4	40.7	43.3	41.8	43.3	40.6	42.5
Hit an instructor or supervisor?													
Not at all	97.0	96.7	96.2	97.0	96.9	96.3	96.4	96.7	96.9	97.1	96.6	97.0	96.8
Once	1.6	1.9	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.1
Twice	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.9	0.9
3 or 4 times	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2
5 or more times	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.4	1.0
Gotten into a serious fight in school or at work?													
Not at all	82.1	81.1	82.3	83.8	85.2	83.3	82.6	83.4	85.3	87.7	83.8	86.3	85.7
Once	10.3	11.5	10.3	9.1	8.2	9.3	10.1	9.8	8.8	7.1	9.2	8.6	7.2
Twice	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.4	3.9	3.8	3.7	2.8	2.8	3.7	3.0	4.0
3 or 4 times	2.0	1.8	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.2	2.2	1.6	1.5
5 or more times	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.6	1.6
Taken part in a fight where a group of your friends were against another group?													
Not at all	79.6	78.7	77.8	80.7	81.4	79.8	78.5	79.4	80.8	80.3	79.8	82.9	80.2
Once	11.2	11.5	11.2	10.2	10.1	10.8	11.0	10.3	10.8	11.0	11.9	9.3	10.3
Twice	5.0	4.4	5.8	4.0	3.6	4.3	5.1	5.1	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.2	4.7
3 or 4 times	2.5	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.3	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.1	3.0
5 or more times	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.8	2.0	2.2	1.2	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.7
Hurt someone badly enough to need bandages or a doctor?													
Not at all	87.1	87.2	86.6	86.6	87.7	85.7	85.4	85.6	86.6	88.1	86.9	88.3	88.0
Once	8.2	7.3	7.1	7.5	6.5	8.4	8.9	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.6	6.2	5.6
Twice	2.3	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.0	2.2	3.2	3.1
3 or 4 times	1.1	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.1	1.8	1.3	1.7
5 or more times	1.3	1.1	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.6
Used a knife or gun or some other thing (like a club) to get something from a person?													
Not at all	96.6	95.7	95.4	95.2	96.5	96.3	95.5	95.7	96.2	97.2	97.2	96.8	96.1
Once	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.5	2.2	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.5
Twice	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.9
3 or 4 times	0.3	0.5	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.8
5 or more times	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.7
Taken something not belonging to you worth under \$50?													
Not at all	68.1	67.4	67.9	69.3	68.6	67.6	65.8	68.8	69.0	69.5	68.7	71.2	72.3
Once	13.7	14.2	13.8	13.1	14.0	14.2	12.5	13.2	12.8	12.3	13.0	12.4	13.4
Twice	7.7	7.5	7.3	6.6	7.2	6.9	9.3	7.4	7.7	7.4	6.9	6.8	5.8
3 or 4 times	4.1	5.6	4.5	5.7	4.6	4.7	5.9	4.9	4.5	5.0	5.1	3.9	4.0
5 or more times	6.5	5.2	6.5	5.3	5.6	6.6	6.4	5.7	6.0	5.8	6.3	5.7	4.4
Taken something not belonging to you worth over \$50?													
Not at all	89.9	89.5	88.7	89.0	90.7	87.7	87.2	88.4	89.4	87.5	88.3	89.9	90.4
Once	4.6	5.5	5.0	5.1	3.7	5.3	6.3	5.3	4.7	5.6	5.3	4.8	4.3
Twice	2.1	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.0	1.6
3 or 4 times	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.3
5 or more times	1.8	1.7	2.8	2.3	1.9	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.9	2.7	1.7	2.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.43

High school seniors reporting involvement in selected delinquent activities in last 12 months

United States, 1991-2003--Continued

Delinquent activity	Class of 1991 (N=2,569)	Class of 1992 (N=2,690)	Class of 1993 (N=2,770)	Class of 1994 (N=2,645)	Class of 1995 (N=2,656)	Class of 1996 (N=2,452)	Class of 1997 (N=2,638)	Class of 1998 (N=2,656)	Class of 1999 (N=2,322)	Class of 2000 (N=2,204)	Class of 2001 (N=2,218)	Class of 2002 (N=2,274)	Class of 2003 (N=2,517)
Taken something from a store without paying for it?													
Not at all	68.9%	69.6%	69.3%	69.7%	70.1%	67.8%	66.6%	70.3%	72.3%	71.3%	69.4%	72.1%	73.2%
Once	11.9	12.6	13.4	11.5	12.0	12.9	11.4	12.5	11.4	11.4	12.0	11.4	12.1
Twice	7.4	6.7	5.8	6.9	6.0	6.5	7.3	6.5	5.6	6.3	6.4	6.5	5.4
3 or 4 times	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.2	7.4	4.1	3.9	3.9	5.4	4.0	4.0
5 or more times	6.5	5.9	6.5	6.7	6.4	7.6	7.2	6.4	6.8	7.0	6.8	6.0	5.2
Taken a car that didn't belong to someone in your family without permission of the owner?													
Not at all	93.8	94.0	93.6	94.1	95.2	94.8	93.9	95.2	93.1	94.8	93.3	95.1	94.7
Once	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.4	3.4	2.7	4.2	2.7	3.9	2.4	2.3
Twice	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.1
3 or 4 times	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.7
5 or more times	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.2
Taken part of a car without permission of the owner?													
Not at all	93.7	93.9	92.7	94.3	94.9	94.7	94.6	94.9	95.2	94.9	95.3	95.3	94.5
Once	3.3	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.5	1.9	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.8
Twice	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
3 or 4 times	0.6	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.7
5 or more times	1.0	0.8	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.8
Gone into some house or building when you weren't supposed to be there?													
Not at all	75.7	74.0	73.7	75.2	76.5	76.0	75.3	75.4	76.4	77.3	75.7	77.4	77.0
Once	10.8	12.1	12.1	11.2	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.6	11.1	10.3	12.4	10.1	10.5
Twice	6.7	6.9	7.0	6.5	6.1	7.1	7.0	6.5	5.6	6.7	6.1	6.2	6.8
3 or 4 times	3.4	3.9	3.4	4.1	3.1	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.6	2.9	2.7	3.2	3.2
5 or more times	3.6	3.2	3.8	3.0	3.3	2.9	3.5	3.9	3.3	2.8	3.1	3.1	2.5
Set fire to someone's property on purpose?													
Not at all	97.9	97.2	96.6	96.8	97.5	97.0	96.9	97.1	97.5	97.2	96.9	96.9	96.2
Once	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.1	0.8	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.6
Twice	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.9
3 or 4 times	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3
5 or more times	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.5	0.7	0.4	1.1
Damaged school property on purpose?													
Not at all	87.2	85.3	85.3	86.2	86.0	85.7	84.8	85.7	86.6	86.5	86.0	88.5	86.8
Once	6.5	7.9	6.4	6.5	6.5	7.2	7.7	7.5	6.4	7.3	6.7	5.4	6.3
Twice	3.0	3.5	4.0	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	2.6	3.9
3 or 4 times	1.3	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.3	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.4
5 or more times	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.6
Damaged property at work on purpose?													
Not at all	93.4	94.0	93.6	94.4	93.8	93.7	93.3	92.7	92.9	92.8	92.7	93.5	93.2
Once	3.2	2.7	2.9	2.3	3.3	3.3	2.8	3.3	3.7	3.8	3.3	2.7	3.3
Twice	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.2	0.8	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.4	2.1	1.6	1.5
3 or 4 times	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.7	1.1
5 or more times	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.0
Been arrested and taken to a police station?													
Not at all	X	X	90.4	91.1	91.0	90.0	90.6	89.8	90.4	90.9	92.0	90.7	92.0
Once	X	X	5.9	5.5	5.9	5.5	5.6	6.9	5.5	5.3	4.7	6.3	4.5
Twice	X	X	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.6	1.9	1.5	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.9
3 or 4 times	X	X	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.7
5 or more times	X	X	0.6	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.9

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1975 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis question was omitted from schools in California beginning in 1997.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 106-109; *1993*, pp. 107-110; *1995*, pp. 108-110; *1997*, pp. 105-107; *1999*, pp. 106-108 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 106-109; *1994*, pp. 106-109; *1996*, pp. 103-105; *1998*, pp. 105-107; *2000*, pp. 107-109 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.44

High school seniors reporting involvement in selected delinquent activities in last 12 months

By sex, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how often have you. . ."

Delinquent activity	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	Male (N=1,280)	Female (N=1,205)	Male (N=1,276)	Female (N=1,308)	Male (N=1,294)	Female (N=1,321)	Male (N=1,208)	Female (N=1,302)	Male (N=1,238)	Female (N=1,313)	Male (N=1,142)	Female (N=1,197)
Argued or had a fight with either of your parents? ^a												
Not at all	12.2%	7.0%	11.5%	6.6%	15.5%	8.0%	13.1%	6.3%	13.1%	5.9%	14.0%	7.7%
Once	9.6	8.3	9.7	7.4	11.8	7.3	12.3	8.0	11.2	7.4	10.2	8.9
Twice	13.1	12.2	12.9	10.7	12.2	12.1	11.6	12.9	15.8	14.0	15.2	11.8
3 or 4 times	24.9	25.3	25.3	24.0	18.5	22.1	23.1	27.3	22.4	24.1	22.8	25.7
5 or more times	40.2	47.2	40.6	51.3	42.0	50.5	40.0	45.6	37.5	48.5	37.9	45.9
Hit an instructor or supervisor?												
Not at all	95.3	98.9	94.8	98.9	94.3	98.3	95.0	99.3	95.8	98.3	94.2	98.9
Once	2.4	0.8	2.6	0.8	3.3	1.1	2.4	0.5	1.7	1.0	3.3	0.7
Twice	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.1	1.0	0.1	1.5	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.9	0.2
3 or 4 times	0.4	0.0	0.6	(b)	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.1
5 or more times	1.0	0.2	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.1	0.7	(b)	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.1
Got into a serious fight in school or at work?												
Not at all	76.6	88.1	76.9	85.8	78.4	87.0	80.3	87.9	82.1	88.6	77.4	90.0
Once	12.4	8.2	12.7	10.2	11.2	8.5	10.3	7.6	9.3	7.0	11.8	6.3
Twice	5.5	2.4	5.4	2.5	5.2	2.3	4.9	2.9	4.1	2.5	6.1	1.9
3 or 4 times	2.8	1.0	2.4	0.9	3.1	1.9	2.8	1.0	2.8	1.6	1.9	1.3
5 or more times	2.7	0.3	2.6	0.6	2.1	0.4	1.8	0.6	1.7	0.3	2.9	0.5
Taken part in a fight where a group of your friends were against another group?												
Not at all	73.8	86.4	73.0	85.3	71.0	85.5	75.4	86.0	76.7	86.1	73.0	86.9
Once	13.4	8.7	12.9	9.3	13.8	8.2	10.8	9.6	11.3	9.1	13.3	8.2
Twice	6.8	2.8	6.0	2.8	7.2	4.3	5.9	2.2	4.5	2.6	5.7	3.0
3 or 4 times	3.5	1.2	4.7	1.9	4.1	1.4	3.8	1.7	4.1	1.8	3.4	1.1
5 or more times	2.5	0.9	3.4	0.8	3.9	0.6	4.1	0.5	3.4	0.6	4.6	0.7
Hurt someone badly enough to need bandages or a doctor?												
Not at all	79.1	96.0	78.5	96.0	78.6	95.0	79.1	94.5	79.6	95.9	77.5	94.6
Once	13.4	2.9	11.9	2.8	11.1	3.0	10.8	4.1	10.1	2.8	12.2	4.1
Twice	3.7	0.5	5.2	0.6	4.1	1.4	4.3	0.8	4.2	0.7	4.9	0.9
3 or 4 times	1.9	0.4	2.5	0.4	2.9	0.5	3.6	0.3	3.9	0.3	3.1	0.3
5 or more times	2.0	0.2	1.9	0.2	3.3	0.1	2.3	0.3	2.2	0.3	2.3	0.1
Used a knife or gun or some other thing (like a club) to get something from a person?												
Not at all	94.7	98.8	93.3	98.6	91.9	99.0	92.5	98.3	94.6	98.6	94.1	98.9
Once	2.5	0.6	3.2	0.9	2.6	0.7	3.7	1.1	2.8	0.6	2.5	0.4
Twice	0.9	0.4	1.9	0.2	1.7	0.1	1.4	0.5	1.1	0.3	0.9	0.5
3 or 4 times	0.5	0.2	0.9	0.2	2.2	0.2	1.0	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.2
5 or more times	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.2	1.6	0.0	1.4	(b)	1.0	0.2	1.6	0.0
Taken something not belonging to you worth under \$50?												
Not at all	58.2	78.3	59.7	75.3	59.9	76.5	60.6	77.0	59.6	76.9	61.3	73.3
Once	16.5	10.8	16.6	11.9	15.8	11.9	14.9	11.4	16.5	11.8	16.1	12.9
Twice	9.5	5.7	9.8	5.5	7.7	6.2	8.4	5.0	9.3	4.9	6.9	7.2
3 or 4 times	5.9	2.2	6.4	4.6	5.7	3.1	8.2	3.6	6.1	3.4	6.1	3.1
5 or more times	9.9	3.0	7.5	2.7	11.0	2.3	7.9	3.0	8.5	3.1	9.6	3.6
Taken something not belonging to you worth over \$50?												
Not at all	85.0	95.6	84.8	94.9	82.5	95.6	82.6	95.3	85.6	95.5	82.2	93.5
Once	6.2	2.7	8.2	2.7	7.6	2.3	8.2	2.2	5.3	2.1	6.7	3.7
Twice	3.5	0.4	2.3	0.9	3.4	0.6	3.2	1.2	3.5	0.6	4.2	1.2
3 or 4 times	2.8	0.3	2.2	0.5	2.1	0.7	2.2	0.6	2.6	1.1	2.8	0.7
5 or more times	2.5	0.9	2.5	0.9	4.5	0.9	3.8	0.8	3.1	0.8	4.1	1.0

See notes at end of table.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
Male (N=1,204)	Female (N=1,304)	Male (N=1,225)	Female (N=1,299)	Male (N=1,111)	Female (N=1,106)	Male (N=1,000)	Female (N=1,097)	Male (N=1,032)	Female (N=1,089)	Male (N=1,094)	Female (N=1,070)	Male (N=1,164)	Female (N=1,246)
13.2%	9.9%	14.2%	9.6%	9.8%	7.8%	13.1%	8.1%	13.7%	6.5%	15.1%	8.5%	12.4%	7.6%
12.4	7.9	11.1	8.2	11.4	8.8	8.4	11.0	9.3	10.1	11.1	9.2	14.1	6.9
14.0	12.2	15.5	12.5	13.7	11.7	16.1	11.3	12.0	12.6	13.6	10.9	13.8	13.8
24.7	20.8	22.7	24.9	23.9	26.4	23.2	24.1	23.3	25.6	23.3	25.8	21.6	24.6
35.8	49.2	36.6	44.9	41.4	45.3	39.2	45.4	41.6	45.2	36.9	45.6	38.2	47.1
94.5	98.4	95.3	98.6	95.1	99.1	94.9	99.6	95.2	98.3	95.4	98.7	94.8	99.1
2.9	0.7	2.2	0.5	2.1	0.6	2.9	0.2	2.5	0.9	2.3	0.5	1.6	0.6
1.0	0.5	1.4	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.3	0.3	1.3	0.2
0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.5	(b)	0.5	0.3	0.4	(b)
1.2	0.3	0.8	0.3	1.9	0.1	0.9	0.1	1.4	0.2	0.7	0.1	1.9	0.2
78.5	87.3	78.6	88.6	81.4	89.4	83.8	92.3	80.8	87.3	83.4	90.2	80.6	91.2
11.8	7.8	12.0	7.6	10.8	6.9	8.7	5.3	10.6	7.6	10.2	6.2	9.8	4.6
4.9	2.9	4.4	2.6	3.7	1.8	3.5	1.8	4.4	3.1	3.4	2.3	5.3	2.4
2.3	1.2	2.5	0.7	2.2	1.3	2.1	0.4	2.5	1.5	2.0	1.1	1.5	1.5
2.5	0.8	2.5	0.5	2.0	0.5	1.9	0.3	1.6	0.5	1.0	0.2	2.8	0.3
73.1	84.2	74.2	84.7	76.0	85.8	75.1	85.1	76.3	83.0	81.0	85.7	75.4	85.1
12.5	9.6	12.3	8.3	12.6	9.5	12.8	9.7	11.6	12.4	9.6	8.9	11.8	9.1
6.0	3.6	6.0	4.5	6.3	2.4	6.3	3.3	5.5	3.1	4.3	3.7	5.6	3.5
5.0	1.9	3.8	1.8	3.5	1.7	3.1	1.1	3.8	0.9	2.9	1.1	4.2	1.8
3.4	0.8	3.7	0.7	1.6	0.6	2.6	0.7	2.7	0.6	2.2	0.8	3.0	0.5
77.0	93.9	77.2	93.9	79.8	94.3	79.9	95.6	79.9	93.9	82.5	94.9	81.1	94.9
12.9	4.6	12.6	3.2	11.0	3.8	11.4	3.6	10.9	4.0	8.8	2.7	7.6	3.4
4.7	0.9	5.1	1.0	4.3	1.2	3.8	0.5	3.5	1.1	4.7	1.6	5.5	0.7
3.0	0.2	2.8	0.9	2.9	0.3	2.2	0.2	3.3	0.5	2.1	0.6	2.8	0.7
2.4	0.4	2.3	1.0	2.0	0.3	2.7	0.1	2.5	0.6	2.0	0.2	3.0	0.3
93.6	97.8	93.2	98.2	94.0	98.7	95.5	99.0	95.1	99.3	94.9	99.1	93.5	99.1
1.6	1.2	3.2	1.2	2.7	0.8	1.5	0.6	2.4	0.4	2.2	0.4	2.5	0.4
2.1	0.5	1.4	0.2	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.8	0.2	1.3	0.2
1.8	0.0	0.8	0.2	1.0	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.0	1.6	0.0
0.9	0.5	1.3	0.3	1.4	0.2	1.3	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.6	0.2	1.0	0.2
58.4	72.5	61.5	75.5	60.7	76.8	61.3	76.2	63.1	74.3	67.1	75.2	65.8	78.9
14.2	11.1	14.8	11.8	14.4	11.6	15.3	10.1	14.3	11.6	12.0	12.8	14.8	11.8
12.0	7.0	9.3	6.0	9.1	6.5	8.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	8.3	5.1	6.8	4.9
7.2	4.9	6.9	2.8	6.5	2.5	6.2	4.0	6.4	3.9	4.5	3.3	5.4	2.7
8.1	4.5	7.5	4.0	9.3	2.7	9.2	2.9	9.4	3.5	8.1	3.6	7.2	1.7
82.3	92.0	83.3	93.3	84.6	94.5	81.0	93.6	83.6	92.7	85.8	94.6	86.3	94.9
8.2	4.3	7.7	3.1	6.6	2.7	8.3	3.0	7.1	3.9	6.4	2.7	5.7	2.9
4.1	1.1	4.0	1.0	2.8	1.2	3.5	1.6	3.6	1.0	3.1	1.0	2.0	0.9
2.2	1.2	1.7	1.3	2.5	0.8	2.5	0.7	1.8	1.0	2.1	0.8	1.9	0.7
3.1	1.4	3.3	1.3	3.6	0.7	4.7	0.9	4.0	1.4	2.6	1.0	4.1	0.7

Table 3.44

High school seniors reporting involvement in selected delinquent activities in last 12 months

By sex, United States, 1991-2003--Continued

Delinquent activity	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	Male (N=1,280)	Female (N=1,205)	Male (N=1,276)	Female (N=1,308)	Male (N=1,294)	Female (N=1,321)	Male (N=1,208)	Female (N=1,302)	Male (N=1,238)	Female (N=1,313)	Male (N=1,142)	Female (N=1,197)
Taken something from a store without paying for it?												
Not at all	60.4%	78.0%	62.5%	76.5%	62.4%	76.7%	63.9%	74.8%	64.3%	76.0%	63.1%	72.3%
Once	14.7	8.7	14.2	11.3	15.1	11.5	12.7	10.4	12.8	10.8	14.3	11.4
Twice	7.6	7.2	8.6	5.0	6.1	5.1	8.2	6.0	6.7	5.0	6.8	6.7
3 or 4 times	7.7	2.9	6.6	3.8	7.1	3.0	6.2	4.1	7.0	4.4	5.1	5.3
5 or more times	9.7	3.3	8.1	3.4	9.4	3.6	9.0	4.7	9.2	3.9	10.7	4.3
Taken a car that didn't belong to someone in your family without permission of the owner?												
Not at all	91.7	96.1	91.5	96.6	91.2	96.2	91.6	97.3	93.4	97.0	92.6	97.4
Once	3.8	2.9	4.0	2.0	4.3	1.7	3.7	2.1	3.6	1.7	3.1	1.5
Twice	1.8	0.4	1.9	0.8	1.7	1.3	2.3	0.4	1.5	0.5	1.6	0.8
3 or 4 times	1.5	0.4	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.4	1.2	0.1	0.6	0.5	1.7	0.0
5 or more times	1.2	0.3	1.4	0.2	1.4	0.4	1.2	0.1	0.9	0.3	1.0	0.3
Taken part of a car without permission of the owner?												
Not at all	89.4	98.3	90.4	98.0	87.5	97.9	90.3	98.3	91.9	97.7	90.6	99.1
Once	5.6	1.1	4.6	1.4	5.9	0.7	4.5	1.2	4.1	1.3	4.6	0.8
Twice	2.0	0.4	1.9	0.2	2.1	1.0	2.0	0.1	1.9	0.5	2.9	0.0
3 or 4 times	1.1	0.1	1.7	0.3	2.3	0.1	1.3	0.3	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.0
5 or more times	1.9	0.1	1.4	0.1	2.2	0.3	1.8	(b)	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.0
Gone into some house or building when you weren't supposed to be there?												
Not at all	69.3	82.7	68.7	79.6	65.9	82.5	67.8	82.6	70.4	82.9	71.0	81.6
Once	12.8	8.7	12.4	11.8	13.9	9.4	13.0	8.9	12.4	9.1	12.1	9.1
Twice	7.5	6.0	9.4	4.4	8.2	5.4	9.5	4.0	8.2	4.0	8.7	5.2
3 or 4 times	4.9	1.3	5.0	2.4	5.2	1.7	5.4	2.8	4.4	1.9	4.4	2.6
5 or more times	5.6	1.3	4.5	1.8	6.8	0.9	4.3	1.6	4.6	2.1	3.8	1.5
Set fire to someone's property on purpose?												
Not at all	96.4	99.4	95.3	99.1	94.1	99.1	94.7	99.2	96.3	98.8	95.1	99.1
Once	1.6	0.5	2.6	0.6	2.4	0.4	2.6	0.5	2.4	0.6	2.6	0.6
Twice	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.2	1.1	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.2
3 or 4 times	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.1	1.0	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0
5 or more times	1.0	0.1	0.8	(b)	1.3	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.1
Damaged school property on purpose?												
Not at all	81.2	93.5	79.7	91.5	77.7	92.8	78.9	92.6	78.6	92.6	79.4	92.5
Once	8.7	4.1	10.0	5.2	8.6	4.3	8.8	4.5	9.1	4.1	9.6	4.8
Twice	4.5	1.4	5.1	2.0	6.2	1.9	5.6	1.5	4.8	1.7	4.5	1.4
3 or 4 times	2.0	0.4	1.4	0.8	3.3	0.7	3.3	0.9	4.3	1.1	3.1	1.0
5 or more times	3.6	0.5	3.7	0.5	4.2	0.3	3.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	3.3	0.3
Damaged property at work on purpose?												
Not at all	89.2	98.2	90.5	97.8	89.5	98.0	90.7	98.0	89.8	97.6	89.6	98.2
Once	4.9	1.1	4.0	1.2	4.4	1.2	3.7	0.9	5.6	1.0	5.1	1.4
Twice	2.1	0.2	1.9	0.6	2.6	0.4	2.6	0.5	1.9	0.6	1.3	0.3
3 or 4 times	1.4	0.2	1.7	0.3	1.4	0.3	1.4	0.4	1.0	0.3	1.5	0.1
5 or more times	2.4	0.3	1.9	0.1	2.1	0.1	1.6	0.3	1.7	0.4	2.4	0.1
Been arrested and taken to a police station?												
Not at all	X	X	X	X	85.5	95.5	86.8	95.5	85.9	96.2	85.7	94.8
Once	X	X	X	X	8.2	3.3	7.1	3.6	8.8	2.9	7.3	3.9
Twice	X	X	X	X	2.8	0.8	2.8	0.6	2.7	0.6	3.9	0.9
3 or 4 times	X	X	X	X	2.4	0.2	1.8	0.2	1.3	0.2	1.5	0.3
5 or more times	X	X	X	X	1.0	0.2	1.5	0.1	1.3	0.2	1.6	0.1

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1975 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis question was omitted from schools in California beginning in 1997.

^bLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 106-109; *1993*, pp. 107-110; *1995*, pp. 108-110; *1997*, pp. 105-107; *1999*, pp. 106-108 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 106-109; *1994*, pp. 106-109; *1996*, pp. 103-105; *1998*, pp. 105-107; *2000*, pp. 107-109 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
Male (N=1,204)	Female (N=1,304)	Male (N=1,225)	Female (N=1,299)	Male (N=1,111)	Female (N=1,106)	Male (N=1,000)	Female (N=1,097)	Male (N=1,032)	Female (N=1,089)	Male (N=1,094)	Female (N=1,070)	Male (N=1,164)	Female (N=1,246)
62.4%	70.1%	66.5%	73.9%	68.0%	76.8%	66.5%	75.6%	66.0%	73.0%	70.1%	74.2%	69.1%	77.2%
12.3	10.7	12.7	12.1	11.5	11.8	12.1	10.4	12.6	11.2	11.2	12.2	12.8	11.6
8.7	6.5	7.3	5.9	6.7	4.3	7.2	5.8	6.4	6.5	7.4	5.7	5.0	5.9
7.9	7.1	4.8	3.7	4.9	3.1	3.6	4.4	4.8	5.5	3.8	3.8	5.4	2.7
8.7	5.7	8.7	4.4	9.0	4.1	10.6	3.9	10.2	3.8	7.5	4.2	7.7	2.6
91.6	96.2	93.5	97.1	91.4	95.2	92.2	97.0	90.3	95.9	93.1	97.3	92.0	97.6
4.0	3.0	3.5	1.7	4.9	3.3	3.5	2.0	4.7	3.0	2.7	2.0	3.0	1.5
2.0	0.3	1.4	0.4	1.3	0.9	1.8	0.5	1.9	0.6	1.3	0.5	1.8	0.4
1.2	0.1	0.9	0.2	1.2	0.2	1.2	0.2	1.3	0.4	1.6	0.0	1.1	0.2
1.2	0.5	0.7	0.6	1.2	0.5	1.3	0.3	1.8	0.1	1.2	0.2	2.1	0.3
90.9	98.1	92.1	98.2	93.0	97.4	92.0	97.7	92.7	98.0	93.0	97.9	91.0	97.9
3.6	0.8	4.1	0.7	2.5	1.1	4.0	1.9	3.3	0.8	2.9	0.9	4.5	1.2
2.6	0.3	1.6	0.5	2.1	0.5	1.9	0.3	1.6	0.7	1.6	0.6	1.9	0.3
1.7	0.2	1.1	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.1	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.5	1.3	0.1
1.2	0.6	1.1	0.5	1.6	0.6	1.3	0.0	1.8	0.2	1.4	0.1	1.3	0.4
69.4	81.2	69.4	81.0	69.4	83.3	70.8	83.2	68.7	82.2	73.5	81.2	71.0	82.7
12.2	8.5	10.7	10.1	12.1	10.1	11.9	8.8	13.9	11.0	11.2	9.0	13.3	7.8
8.6	5.6	8.5	4.8	8.7	2.8	9.0	4.5	8.7	3.5	7.2	5.2	8.2	5.3
5.2	2.5	6.3	1.4	4.9	2.2	4.4	1.7	4.1	1.4	4.4	2.2	3.7	2.8
4.7	2.2	5.1	2.7	4.9	1.5	3.9	1.7	4.5	1.8	3.7	2.3	3.7	1.4
95.2	98.7	95.8	98.9	96.2	99.2	94.6	99.4	94.5	99.2	95.3	98.8	93.3	99.1
2.7	0.8	1.5	0.4	1.1	0.5	2.4	0.3	2.7	0.6	1.9	0.6	2.7	0.6
0.5	(b)	0.9	0.3	0.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.0	0.1	1.5	0.4	1.7	(b)
0.4	0.0	0.5	(b)	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.1
1.1	0.4	1.3	0.3	1.8	0.3	1.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.8	(b)	2.0	0.2
78.8	90.4	79.5	91.8	79.8	93.7	78.7	93.0	78.1	93.2	84.2	93.4	80.1	93.6
10.3	5.7	9.6	5.2	9.4	3.8	11.5	3.8	9.4	4.1	7.2	3.8	8.8	3.8
4.3	1.8	3.7	1.6	5.0	1.9	5.1	2.0	5.7	1.9	3.3	1.7	6.2	1.6
3.0	1.4	3.4	0.7	2.5	0.2	2.0	0.9	3.6	0.7	2.4	0.3	2.1	0.7
3.6	0.6	3.8	0.8	3.3	0.4	2.7	0.2	3.1	0.2	2.9	0.8	2.8	0.3
90.0	96.7	87.4	97.6	88.2	98.1	87.2	97.6	88.9	96.6	88.9	98.4	88.9	97.4
3.9	1.7	5.8	1.1	5.9	1.3	6.3	1.7	4.3	2.2	4.5	0.9	5.0	1.7
2.6	0.8	2.9	0.2	2.1	0.4	2.5	0.5	3.6	0.6	2.4	0.5	2.2	0.7
1.8	0.3	1.4	0.3	1.9	0.1	1.7	0.0	0.7	0.3	1.3	0.1	2.1	(b)
1.7	0.4	2.6	0.8	2.0	0.1	2.3	0.2	2.6	0.3	2.9	0.2	1.8	0.2
85.7	95.5	84.7	95.4	87.4	94.4	86.9	94.8	87.7	96.3	86.5	95.7	88.4	95.9
8.2	3.0	9.6	3.8	6.4	4.1	6.6	3.9	7.4	2.3	9.0	3.2	6.4	2.6
3.1	0.7	2.5	0.3	3.1	0.9	2.9	0.6	2.3	0.9	2.2	0.8	2.8	0.9
1.7	0.2	1.1	0.1	1.4	0.3	2.2	0.4	1.4	0.2	1.5	0.1	1.0	0.3
1.3	0.5	2.1	0.4	1.7	0.3	1.4	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.9	0.1	1.4	0.2

Table 3.45

High school seniors reporting involvement in selected delinquent activities in last 12 months

By race, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how often have you . . ."

Delinquent activity	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	White (N=1,818)	Black (N=289)	White (N=1,806)	Black (N=368)	White (N=1,895)	Black (N=334)	White (N=1,815)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,841)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,628)	Black (N=287)
Argued or had a fight with either of your parents? ^a												
Not at all	6.8%	22.4%	5.5%	23.9%	7.7%	25.9%	6.0%	23.8%	6.6%	22.9%	7.2%	26.6%
Once	7.7	8.4	7.5	11.1	8.5	11.3	9.0	12.9	8.9	9.8	8.9	9.2
Twice	11.9	15.0	11.1	12.3	12.5	12.7	12.4	13.5	15.9	13.1	14.0	13.3
3 or 4 times	26.1	24.4	24.3	24.0	21.1	17.0	26.5	20.3	23.9	21.6	25.0	20.8
5 or more times	47.6	29.9	51.5	28.7	50.2	33.0	46.1	29.5	44.7	32.5	44.9	30.0
Hit an instructor or supervisor?												
Not at all	97.3	95.9	97.2	96.4	96.9	96.1	97.5	95.2	97.7	95.2	97.1	94.0
Once	1.5	1.9	1.8	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.1	2.9	1.0	3.2	1.7	2.9
Twice	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.4	2.4
3 or 4 times	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.9	0.4	0.4
5 or more times	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.4
Gotten into a serious fight in school or at work?												
Not at all	83.1	76.8	82.1	80.6	82.8	83.5	85.3	77.5	86.4	82.0	84.9	81.4
Once	9.7	13.6	10.8	12.7	10.3	9.2	8.3	11.7	7.3	11.4	9.0	11.3
Twice	4.0	5.3	4.3	2.7	3.6	4.2	3.5	6.5	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.7
3 or 4 times	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.8	3.0	2.1	2.4	1.4	1.4
5 or more times	1.6	2.2	1.2	2.1	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.1	0.7	1.4	2.2
Taken part in a fight where a group of your friends were against another group?												
Not at all	80.8	76.5	79.3	76.3	78.7	75.4	81.7	74.0	82.3	76.7	81.1	79.7
Once	11.3	9.7	11.6	12.8	11.1	9.0	10.1	10.8	10.2	9.4	11.1	9.5
Twice	4.6	6.6	4.1	4.4	6.0	8.5	4.1	3.6	3.1	7.0	3.5	6.0
3 or 4 times	2.2	3.9	2.8	3.7	2.5	2.4	2.5	6.5	2.4	5.2	2.1	2.4
5 or more times	1.2	3.3	2.2	2.8	1.8	4.6	1.5	5.1	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.4
Hurt someone badly enough to need bandages or a doctor?												
Not at all	88.2	84.4	87.9	84.7	87.5	85.5	88.0	77.0	88.9	83.9	87.3	84.4
Once	7.7	10.0	7.3	7.8	7.2	6.2	6.9	12.2	5.7	7.6	7.8	8.1
Twice	2.0	1.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.0	2.1	5.6	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.5
3 or 4 times	1.1	0.7	1.3	1.9	1.4	2.0	1.8	2.7	1.7	4.3	1.6	2.1
5 or more times	0.9	3.2	0.6	2.8	1.0	4.3	1.2	2.5	1.0	1.3	0.7	1.8
Used a knife or gun or some other thing (like a club) to get something from a person?												
Not at all	97.4	94.1	97.1	93.2	96.0	94.2	96.4	90.2	97.5	92.8	97.5	93.1
Once	1.4	1.7	1.5	2.9	1.2	3.1	1.8	5.0	1.5	3.4	1.4	2.7
Twice	0.3	2.1	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.7	1.4	0.3	2.2	0.4	1.4
3 or 4 times	0.1	0.5	0.3	1.3	1.0	1.3	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.8	0.3	2.2
5 or more times	0.8	1.6	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.6	2.6	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.6
Taken something not belonging to you worth under \$50?												
Not at all	67.2	74.9	65.3	79.0	66.1	78.3	69.4	65.7	69.4	69.9	67.8	68.1
Once	13.9	11.2	14.9	7.8	15.4	8.4	13.1	13.9	14.2	8.4	14.4	10.2
Twice	7.9	6.5	9.2	3.9	7.2	3.4	6.7	5.5	6.9	8.5	7.0	8.2
3 or 4 times	3.8	3.0	5.7	5.3	5.0	2.8	5.3	7.8	4.6	5.2	4.5	7.8
5 or more times	7.2	4.5	5.0	4.0	6.3	7.0	5.6	7.1	4.9	7.9	6.3	5.8
Taken something not belonging to you worth over \$50?												
Not at all	90.5	93.2	89.9	92.2	89.2	90.6	90.2	84.1	91.6	87.6	90.0	82.1
Once	4.4	3.0	5.2	3.4	5.4	2.1	4.5	7.8	3.5	4.0	4.7	7.3
Twice	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.6	3.4	1.8	3.7	1.8	5.6
3 or 4 times	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.5	2.1	1.5	2.6
5 or more times	1.7	0.8	1.8	1.2	2.4	4.1	2.4	3.0	1.7	2.6	2.0	2.4

See notes at end of table.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
White (N=1,726)	Black (N=343)	White (N=1,741)	Black (N=326)	White (N=1,564)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,425)	Black (N=286)	White (N=1,366)	Black (N=239)	White (N=1,440)	Black (N=231)	White (N=1,631)	Black (N=273)
7.4%	28.5%	8.9%	23.4%	5.4%	26.8%	6.4%	28.1%	6.9%	22.3%	9.8%	21.9%	6.9%	24.3%
9.4	12.9	8.9	10.5	9.5	12.9	8.1	17.2	9.2	11.6	9.4	14.4	9.6	14.6
13.3	13.4	14.0	17.5	12.5	11.8	13.8	12.2	11.5	11.9	11.9	12.8	15.4	8.9
24.5	15.2	25.7	15.1	26.1	20.8	25.2	17.4	26.1	19.0	26.0	17.0	23.7	19.4
45.4	29.9	42.6	33.5	46.5	27.8	46.5	25.1	46.3	35.3	42.9	33.9	44.4	32.8
96.9	94.6	97.5	97.3	97.7	98.0	97.9	95.2	97.1	96.7	97.2	96.7	97.5	98.5
1.7	1.9	1.2	1.8	0.8	1.6	1.3	3.0	1.8	2.4	1.8	0.8	0.9	0.5
0.6	2.1	0.9	0.4	0.2	(b)	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.7	1.4	0.4	0.4
0.2	(b)	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	(b)	0.2	(b)	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3
0.5	1.3	0.4	0.0	1.0	(b)	0.3	(b)	0.8	(b)	0.2	(b)	1.0	(b)
84.9	79.3	85.5	79.0	86.2	88.5	89.3	85.8	84.7	81.5	87.7	83.8	87.9	81.6
8.6	12.6	9.0	13.7	8.7	6.1	6.9	6.6	8.8	10.2	7.8	9.7	6.8	9.0
3.5	4.0	2.9	4.6	2.5	3.3	2.2	5.2	3.4	3.3	2.6	4.4	3.5	5.0
1.8	2.0	1.7	0.8	1.5	1.6	1.1	0.9	2.4	3.6	1.6	0.7	1.0	3.5
1.2	2.1	0.9	1.8	1.1	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.7	1.5	0.2	1.5	0.8	0.9
80.0	76.8	79.9	79.2	82.2	82.7	81.2	82.2	80.8	80.5	83.8	82.7	82.2	78.6
10.2	11.9	10.6	9.5	10.3	11.5	11.6	6.3	11.2	8.4	9.1	7.4	10.5	11.2
5.0	4.1	5.2	6.3	4.1	3.8	4.5	5.1	4.4	5.5	4.0	2.3	3.8	3.6
3.4	3.6	2.8	2.4	2.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.2	4.0	2.1	3.9	2.2	5.6
1.4	3.7	1.5	2.6	0.7	0.2	0.8	4.6	1.5	1.5	1.0	3.8	1.3	1.1
87.9	83.2	86.8	82.7	88.8	85.5	89.2	86.0	88.5	85.0	88.4	84.9	89.8	85.6
7.5	7.8	7.4	10.4	6.5	9.1	6.9	7.6	7.0	5.9	6.4	7.0	5.4	7.7
2.3	4.2	3.1	3.7	2.4	3.0	2.3	1.8	2.1	3.3	3.2	3.9	2.6	2.7
1.2	2.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.4	1.3	3.7	1.2	2.1	1.1	2.9
1.1	2.1	1.0	1.7	0.9	0.9	0.6	3.2	1.1	2.1	0.8	2.1	1.2	1.2
96.6	91.7	97.1	92.6	97.7	94.7	98.3	95.4	97.8	96.9	97.4	95.8	97.6	97.2
1.1	2.3	1.3	4.9	0.9	2.6	0.6	2.2	1.1	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.0	1.5
1.0	3.0	0.6	2.0	0.4	1.2	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.7	0.6	0.4
0.7	1.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3
0.6	1.6	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.3	1.2	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.6
66.0	69.0	69.3	74.3	69.3	75.6	69.4	74.3	69.6	71.7	70.3	78.3	73.1	78.8
12.8	9.4	13.3	11.7	13.5	9.3	12.8	7.2	12.1	12.5	12.4	9.7	13.0	10.6
9.5	8.3	7.3	6.3	7.9	4.2	6.8	10.6	6.5	7.8	7.6	5.9	5.4	5.2
6.0	4.7	5.1	4.1	4.4	4.6	5.0	4.6	5.4	2.1	3.8	2.2	4.1	2.5
5.7	8.7	5.0	3.6	4.9	6.2	5.9	3.3	6.4	5.9	5.8	3.9	4.4	2.9
89.2	83.2	90.8	87.2	91.3	87.3	89.4	87.0	89.9	88.1	90.0	91.7	91.6	93.0
5.4	6.6	4.3	5.7	3.9	6.5	5.3	4.5	5.0	5.3	4.7	3.8	4.3	2.3
2.2	3.6	2.0	3.9	1.8	1.0	2.1	3.1	1.7	2.4	2.2	0.6	1.3	1.6
1.2	3.5	1.5	1.2	1.7	0.6	1.0	3.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.2	0.5
2.0	3.1	1.6	2.0	1.3	4.6	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.6

Table 3.45

High school seniors reporting involvement in selected delinquent activities in last 12 months

By race, United States, 1991-2003--Continued

Delinquent activity	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	White (N=1,818)	Black (N=289)	White (N=1,806)	Black (N=368)	White (N=1,895)	Black (N=334)	White (N=1,815)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,841)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,628)	Black (N=287)
Taken something from a store without paying for it?												
Not at all	68.3%	74.5%	70.0%	74.0%	69.4%	73.4%	71.0%	65.1%	72.1%	62.2%	69.1%	64.5%
Once	12.1	9.4	12.3	10.6	13.6	8.9	10.8	12.0	11.7	13.6	12.3	12.8
Twice	7.1	6.8	6.6	5.8	5.6	5.5	7.4	7.4	5.2	6.3	7.2	6.3
3 or 4 times	5.3	4.1	5.5	5.0	5.5	3.9	4.6	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.0	6.9
5 or more times	7.1	5.2	5.6	4.6	5.9	8.3	6.1	10.0	5.5	12.2	6.4	9.6
Taken a car that didn't belong to someone in your family without permission of the owner?												
Not at all	94.4	92.2	95.1	91.9	94.7	93.4	95.4	89.7	96.1	90.7	95.6	94.0
Once	3.2	4.2	2.3	4.6	2.9	1.1	2.6	4.1	2.3	3.2	2.3	2.2
Twice	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.0	2.6	0.6	3.4	0.9	2.9
3 or 4 times	0.9	1.4	0.5	1.4	0.7	1.3	0.3	2.2	0.6	1.1	0.7	0.7
5 or more times	0.5	1.1	0.8	1.1	0.6	2.5	0.7	1.4	0.3	1.5	0.4	0.3
Taken part of a car without permission of the owner?												
Not at all	94.6	91.8	94.7	95.0	93.3	92.7	95.3	88.5	95.8	90.4	95.8	94.5
Once	3.1	4.6	2.7	3.2	3.1	2.6	2.2	6.9	2.1	4.9	2.5	2.1
Twice	1.0	1.8	0.9	0.8	1.3	2.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	2.0	1.0	2.2
3 or 4 times	0.5	0.5	1.2	0.6	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.5	0.4	1.3	0.2	0.8
5 or more times	0.9	1.2	0.5	0.4	1.1	1.4	0.8	2.0	0.6	1.3	0.4	0.3
Gone into some house or building when you weren't supposed to be there?												
Not at all	75.0	78.6	71.7	81.1	72.8	80.5	75.5	72.4	77.5	74.9	75.5	79.8
Once	11.6	8.0	13.1	8.0	12.5	9.0	11.0	9.7	10.8	11.3	11.5	6.7
Twice	6.8	5.2	8.1	3.6	7.1	3.4	6.6	6.2	5.9	5.2	6.9	8.3
3 or 4 times	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.2	4.3	5.7	3.3	2.0	3.9	2.4
5 or more times	3.4	4.6	2.9	3.2	4.0	3.9	2.5	6.0	2.5	6.7	2.1	2.8
Set fire to someone's property on purpose?												
Not at all	98.1	98.3	97.3	98.2	96.8	96.6	97.1	95.6	97.8	96.7	97.5	96.0
Once	1.0	0.8	1.8	0.7	1.4	2.1	1.7	2.3	1.3	2.1	1.2	2.6
Twice	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.9
3 or 4 times	(b)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0
5 or more times	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.5
Damaged school property on purpose?												
Not at all	87.4	88.0	85.8	88.2	84.7	89.2	86.6	81.5	85.7	87.0	86.1	85.8
Once	6.9	4.0	8.1	5.6	6.6	4.5	6.2	8.3	6.7	6.2	7.1	7.9
Twice	2.4	4.3	3.0	3.9	4.1	2.6	3.6	4.3	3.4	2.6	2.9	3.6
3 or 4 times	1.1	2.0	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.1	3.5	2.7	2.0	2.4	1.7
5 or more times	2.1	1.6	2.0	0.9	2.5	1.5	1.4	2.4	1.5	2.1	1.6	0.9
Damaged property at work on purpose?												
Not at all	93.4	95.7	93.8	96.3	93.7	94.1	94.5	90.5	93.8	93.9	94.5	91.4
Once	3.1	2.1	2.8	1.7	3.1	2.8	2.5	3.2	3.5	2.7	3.1	4.9
Twice	1.2	1.7	1.4	0.5	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.3	1.3	0.2	0.7	1.4
3 or 4 times	0.9	0.0	1.2	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.7	2.9	0.5	1.4	0.8	0.7
5 or more times	1.4	0.5	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.7	2.1	0.8	1.8	1.0	1.6
Been arrested or taken to a police station?												
Not at all	X	X	X	X	91.0	90.6	91.5	88.5	92.0	87.7	91.7	87.0
Once	X	X	X	X	5.7	6.1	5.4	6.2	5.7	7.8	5.1	5.5
Twice	X	X	X	X	1.5	2.0	1.6	2.8	1.6	1.2	2.1	4.6
3 or 4 times	X	X	X	X	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	2.5	0.6	1.4
5 or more times	X	X	X	X	0.5	0.3	0.5	2.0	0.5	0.9	0.5	1.4

Note: See Notes, tables 3.37 and 3.39. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis question was omitted from schools in California beginning in 1997.

^bLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 106-109; *1993*, pp. 107-110; *1995*, pp. 108-110; *1997*, pp. 105-107; *1999*, pp. 106-108 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 106-109; *1994*, pp. 106-109; *1996*, pp. 103-105; *1998*, pp. 105-107; *2000*, pp. 107-109 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
White (N=1,726)	Black (N=343)	White (N=1,741)	Black (N=326)	White (N=1,564)	Black (N=282)	White (N=1,425)	Black (N=286)	White (N=1,366)	Black (N=239)	White (N=1,440)	Black (N=231)	White (N=1,631)	Black (N=273)
67.6%	65.7%	72.6%	70.5%	74.5%	71.6%	72.3%	69.2%	70.4%	71.1%	72.8%	73.3%	76.6%	69.7%
11.7	9.6	12.4	10.7	10.1	13.4	11.3	10.4	11.2	12.8	10.4	14.3	11.2	12.5
7.3	9.3	6.3	6.6	5.6	3.8	5.6	9.0	6.2	5.3	6.6	5.1	4.3	7.7
7.0	7.5	3.5	5.9	3.8	2.4	4.2	5.1	4.6	3.9	4.2	2.6	3.7	3.5
6.4	7.9	5.3	6.3	6.0	8.7	6.6	6.3	7.5	6.8	6.0	4.8	4.2	6.6
95.6	88.2	96.6	94.5	93.7	92.2	96.3	92.2	93.6	94.8	96.0	94.3	96.0	95.0
2.5	5.8	2.2	3.1	4.2	3.9	2.6	2.7	3.9	1.1	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.2
0.9	2.3	0.5	1.5	0.9	2.3	0.5	2.4	1.2	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.7	1.2
0.5	2.2	0.3	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.7	2.9	0.3	1.2
0.6	1.5	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.3	1.6	0.5	2.0	0.5	(b)	1.1	0.5
95.2	92.8	95.8	95.0	96.5	94.8	95.4	95.6	96.2	94.0	96.0	96.4	95.7	94.8
1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	1.6	1.5	3.0	3.3	1.8	3.1	1.6	1.5	2.2	3.0
1.4	2.5	1.2	0.8	0.7	2.8	0.7	0.4	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.7
0.9	1.4	0.4	1.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.5
0.6	1.2	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.5	1.8	0.6	1.2	0.7	0.9
74.1	79.8	75.1	77.7	76.0	81.1	76.7	79.9	74.4	79.6	76.3	75.2	77.1	80.4
11.9	6.5	11.0	11.9	11.8	6.3	10.3	10.0	13.1	10.1	11.5	10.5	11.3	6.6
7.2	7.8	6.8	5.3	6.0	6.5	7.2	4.7	6.4	4.8	6.6	4.5	6.2	6.0
3.8	3.1	4.0	3.3	3.3	2.0	3.4	2.9	3.6	0.6	3.4	3.9	3.4	3.0
2.9	2.8	3.2	1.7	2.8	4.1	2.5	2.6	2.5	5.0	2.1	5.9	2.1	3.9
97.6	97.3	98.3	98.4	98.1	96.8	97.5	97.5	97.3	97.7	97.0	95.1	96.6	97.3
1.1	2.2	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.8	1.2	0.7	1.4	1.5	1.2	2.5	1.5	1.8
0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.3
0.3	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	1.1	0.3	(b)
0.8	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.8	1.7	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.6
84.7	88.3	86.1	86.0	87.2	86.7	86.2	87.9	85.5	90.2	87.9	88.5	87.4	90.8
8.3	6.0	7.8	7.2	6.3	4.9	7.7	6.9	7.6	3.2	6.0	5.3	6.6	2.8
3.3	1.8	2.7	2.5	3.6	4.4	3.1	3.1	3.0	5.1	2.6	2.8	3.7	3.5
2.1	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.2	0.8	1.7	1.3	2.5	0.0	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.4
1.5	2.4	1.4	2.4	1.6	3.1	1.2	0.8	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.3	1.3	1.4
93.2	93.7	92.5	96.4	93.2	95.3	93.1	91.7	92.8	93.9	92.8	94.7	93.3	95.3
2.8	3.5	3.8	1.0	3.6	1.8	3.1	7.2	3.6	1.9	2.9	3.1	2.9	3.3
1.8	1.3	1.7	0.4	1.1	1.0	1.6	0.4	2.1	3.1	1.6	1.6	1.7	(b)
1.1	1.3	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.5	1.0	0.5
1.2	0.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.2	1.2	0.8	1.9	0.2	1.1	0.8
91.6	87.3	90.3	90.9	90.8	92.7	92.1	89.7	92.7	87.6	90.5	90.7	92.9	91.4
4.9	7.2	7.0	5.1	5.6	4.7	5.0	5.9	5.0	5.8	6.3	6.4	4.2	5.4
1.9	2.6	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.3	2.6	1.3	3.9	1.8	1.3	1.8	1.5
0.7	2.8	0.5	1.3	0.9	0.3	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.9	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.7
0.9	(b)	0.8	1.2	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.7	0.5	1.0

Table 3.46

High school seniors reporting receiving traffic ticket or warning for a moving violation in last 12 months

United States, 1991-2003

Question: "Within the last 12 months how many times, if any, have you received a ticket (or been stopped and warned) for moving violations, such as speeding, running a stop light, or improper passing?"

Number of tickets/warnings	Class of 1991 (N=15,483)	Class of 1992 (N=16,251)	Class of 1993 (N=16,763)	Class of 1994 (N=15,929)	Class of 1995 (N=15,876)	Class of 1996 (N=14,824)	Class of 1997 (N=15,963)	Class of 1998 (N=15,780)	Class of 1999 (N=14,056)	Class of 2000 (N=13,286)	Class of 2001 (N=13,304)	Class of 2002 (N=13,544)	Class of 2003 (N=15,200)
None	68.4%	69.1%	71.3%	70.5%	68.9%	68.9%	68.9%	68.2%	66.7%	68.8%	68.2%	69.5%	71.0%
Once	19.2	18.6	17.8	17.7	19.1	18.4	19.1	18.8	19.6	19.1	19.3	18.4	17.4
Twice	6.9	7.1	6.7	6.8	6.7	7.2	6.9	7.4	7.6	6.9	7.1	7.0	6.8
Three times	3.1	2.9	2.3	2.8	3.1	3.2	2.8	3.0	3.3	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.7
Four or more times	2.3	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.1

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, p. 22; *1993*, p. 22; *1995*, p. 22; *1997*, p. 22; *1999*, p. 22 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, p. 22; *1994*, p. 22; *1996*, p. 22; *1998*, p. 22; *2000*, p. 22 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.47

High school seniors reporting receiving traffic ticket or warning for a moving violation in last 12 months

By sex, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "Within the last 12 months how many times, if any, have you received a ticket (or been stopped and warned) for moving violations, such as speeding, running a stop light, or improper passing?"

Number of tickets/warnings	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	Male (N=7,617)	Female (N=7,277)	Male (N=7,582)	Female (N=8,053)	Male (N=7,708)	Female (N=8,310)	Male (N=7,095)	Female (N=8,075)	Male (N=7,293)	Female (N=7,891)	Male (N=6,806)	Female (N=7,261)
None	59.9%	77.0%	61.1%	76.5%	64.4%	77.7%	62.9%	77.2%	61.4%	75.4%	62.1%	75.4%
Once	22.3	16.1	21.6	15.9	20.0	15.6	20.3	15.6	22.0	16.8	20.5	16.4
Twice	9.4	4.4	9.5	4.8	8.9	4.8	9.0	4.8	8.7	4.8	9.3	5.1
Three times	4.5	1.8	4.2	1.7	3.5	1.3	4.1	1.7	4.3	2.0	4.4	2.1
Four or more times	3.9	0.7	3.7	1.0	3.3	0.6	3.7	0.8	3.6	1.0	3.7	1.0

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, p. 22; *1993*, p. 22; *1995*, p. 22; *1997*, p. 22; *1999*, p. 22 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, p. 22; *1994*, p. 22; *1996*, p. 22; *1998*, p. 22; *2000*, p. 22 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.48

High school seniors reporting receiving traffic ticket or warning for a moving violation in last 12 months

By race, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "Within the last 12 months, how many times, if any, have you received a ticket (or been stopped and warned) for moving violations such as speeding, running a stop light, or improper passing?"

Number of tickets/warnings	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	White (N=10,754)	Black (N=1,757)	White (N=11,029)	Black (N=2,244)	White (N=11,274)	Black (N=2,045)	White (N=10,786)	Black (N=1,761)	White (N=11,012)	Black (N=1,693)	White (N=9,890)	Black (N=1,719)
None	65.4%	81.8%	65.4%	82.9%	67.8%	83.1%	67.0%	83.0%	65.8%	81.1%	65.7%	78.2%
Once	21.0	11.1	21.2	10.3	19.7	10.9	19.6	10.4	21.0	11.7	20.6	13.0
Twice	7.4	4.2	7.5	4.8	7.7	4.2	7.6	4.2	7.3	4.3	7.6	5.7
Three times	3.5	1.8	3.3	1.4	2.7	1.1	3.2	1.3	3.4	1.9	3.6	1.9
Four or more times	2.6	1.1	2.6	0.6	2.1	0.7	2.5	1.1	2.5	1.0	2.5	1.2

Note: See Notes, tables 3.37 and 3.39. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, p. 22; *1993*, p. 22; *1995*, p. 22; *1997*, p. 22; *1999*, p. 22 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, p. 22; *1994*, p. 22; *1996*, p. 22; *1998*, p. 22; *2000*, p. 22 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
Male	Female												
(N=7,269)	(N=7,793)	(N=7,286)	(N=7,618)	(N=6,485)	(N=6,804)	(N=5,991)	(N=6,492)	(N=5,962)	(N=6,543)	(N=5,992)	(N=6,679)	(N=6,736)	(N=7,554)
61.5%	75.5%	60.8%	75.1%	58.8%	74.3%	61.5%	75.4%	61.4%	74.6%	63.0%	75.5%	65.9%	75.4%
21.6	16.9	21.1	16.9	22.2	17.1	22.2	16.4	22.0	17.0	20.6	16.4	18.7	16.4
8.9	5.1	9.5	5.3	10.2	5.3	8.3	5.5	8.7	5.5	8.7	5.2	8.4	5.3
4.1	1.7	4.5	1.6	4.4	2.1	4.4	1.6	4.3	1.8	4.2	1.8	3.7	1.8
3.9	0.8	4.1	1.1	4.4	1.3	3.7	1.1	3.5	1.0	3.5	1.1	3.2	1.1

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
White	Black												
(N=10,210)	(N=2,001)	(N=10,280)	(N=1,885)	(N=9,499)	(N=1,692)	(N=8,447)	(N=1,707)	(N=8,187)	(N=1,567)	(N=8,396)	(N=1,443)	(N=9,722)	(N=1,739)
65.5%	79.2%	63.4%	82.5%	63.3%	78.7%	65.5%	78.1%	63.9%	77.2%	64.9%	83.0%	67.3%	80.4%
21.1	13.2	21.7	10.6	21.9	11.4	21.4	14.4	22.0	15.3	21.3	9.7	19.8	12.0
7.8	4.3	8.5	3.9	8.3	5.4	7.6	4.7	8.0	4.6	8.0	4.4	7.5	4.4
3.1	2.1	3.4	1.8	3.4	2.5	3.1	1.5	3.6	1.4	3.4	1.5	3.1	1.6
2.6	1.3	3.0	1.2	3.1	1.9	2.5	1.2	2.5	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.3	1.6

Table 3.49

High school seniors reporting receiving traffic ticket or warning for a moving violation in last 12 months while under the influence of alcohol or drugs

By type of drug, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were. . ."

Type of drug	Class of 1991	Class of 1992	Class of 1993	Class of 1994	Class of 1995	Class of 1996	Class of 1997	Class of 1998	Class of 1999	Class of 2000	Class of 2001	Class of 2002	Class of 2003
Drinking alcoholic beverages?													
None	90.0%	91.2%	92.3%	91.1%	91.1%	91.2%	90.8%	91.1%	92.2%	92.6%	92.4%	92.2%	94.0%
One	8.2	6.3	5.8	6.6	6.7	6.3	6.7	6.8	6.2	5.7	5.4	6.4	4.8
Two	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.1	0.8
Three	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1
Four or more	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3
Smoking marijuana or hashish?													
None	97.1	97.9	96.6	94.9	94.7	93.3	93.1	93.6	93.8	93.7	94.5	94.7	94.5
One	2.1	1.1	2.6	3.6	3.6	4.8	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.4	3.5	3.4	4.2
Two	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.8
Three	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2
Four or more	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
Using other illegal drugs?													
None	99.1	99.0	98.9	98.6	98.4	97.9	97.7	97.8	98.3	98.8	98.0	98.0	98.4
One	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.3	0.7	1.4	1.5	0.9
Two	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3
Three	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Four or more	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3

Note: See Note, table 3.37. This question was asked of respondents who reported receiving one or more traffic tickets (or warnings). See table 3.46 for the screen question. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 22, 23; **1993**, p. 23; **1995**, p. 23; **1997**, pp. 22, 23; **1999**, pp. 22, 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 22, 23; **1994**, p. 23; **1996**, pp. 22, 23; **1998**, pp. 22, 23; **2000**, pp. 22, 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.50

High school seniors reporting receiving traffic ticket or warning for a moving violation in last 12 months while under the influence of alcohol or drugs

By type of drug and sex, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were. . ."

Type of drug	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	Male	Female										
Drinking alcoholic beverages?												
None	88.6%	92.5%	89.1%	94.8%	90.4%	95.3%	88.4%	94.9%	89.1%	94.3%	89.1%	94.4%
One	9.0	6.5	7.6	4.2	7.1	3.9	8.4	4.4	7.9	4.8	7.4	4.6
Two	1.8	1.0	2.3	0.8	1.9	0.7	1.9	0.6	1.9	0.7	2.3	0.5
Three	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.5	0.4
Four or more	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.2
Smoking marijuana or hashish?												
None	96.4	98.5	97.3	98.8	95.6	97.9	94.2	96.5	93.4	96.9	91.3	96.6
One	2.5	1.1	1.2	0.7	3.2	1.6	4.0	3.0	4.1	2.5	6.1	2.6
Two	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.6	0.3	1.1	0.4	1.1	0.3	1.5	0.5
Three	0.2	(a)	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.2
Four or more	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.8	0.1
Using other illegal drugs?												
None	98.8	99.5	99.0	99.4	98.8	99.1	98.4	99.2	98.1	99.3	97.4	99.1
One	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.3	0.6	1.9	0.5
Two	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2
Three	0.1	0.1	(a)	0.1	0.0	(a)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Four or more	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	(a)	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1

Note: See Note, table 3.37. This question was asked of respondents who reported receiving one or more traffic tickets (or warnings). See table 3.47 for the screen question. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 22, 23; **1993**, p. 23; **1995**, p. 23; **1997**, pp. 22, 23; **1999**, pp. 22, 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 22, 23; **1994**, p. 23; **1996**, pp. 22, 23; **1998**, pp. 22, 23; **2000**, pp. 22, 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
Male	Female												
89.0%	93.6%	89.1%	94.3%	90.4%	94.8%	91.2%	95.2%	90.7%	94.9%	89.6%	95.8%	92.0%	96.4%
7.6	5.1	7.8	4.8	7.6	4.3	6.5	3.8	6.4	3.6	8.2	3.9	6.3	3.2
2.1	0.7	2.3	0.6	1.5	0.6	1.6	0.7	2.1	1.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.4
0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	(a)	0.1	0.1
0.9	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	(a)
91.4	95.5	92.3	95.9	92.9	95.0	91.9	96.4	93.4	96.7	93.1	97.1	92.5	97.2
5.1	2.9	4.9	3.2	4.8	3.9	5.6	2.6	4.0	2.5	4.3	2.2	5.5	2.3
1.7	0.8	1.9	0.4	1.2	0.7	1.6	0.7	1.4	0.6	1.5	0.4	1.1	0.4
0.7	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.1
1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.0
97.2	98.6	97.2	99.0	98.0	98.7	98.5	99.2	97.6	98.7	97.4	98.9	98.0	99.3
1.3	0.9	2.0	0.4	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.4	1.6	1.1	1.8	0.9	1.0	0.7
0.7	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.0
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	(a)	0.0	(a)
0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.6	(a)

Table 3.51

High school seniors reporting receiving traffic ticket or warning for a moving violation in last 12 months while under the influence of alcohol or drugs

By type of drug and race, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "How many of these tickets or warnings occurred after you were . . ."

Type of drug	Class of 1991		Class of 1992		Class of 1993		Class of 1994		Class of 1995		Class of 1996	
	White	Black										
Drinking alcoholic beverages?												
None	89.3%	95.7%	91.3%	95.2%	92.0%	96.9%	90.9%	94.4%	91.0%	92.3%	91.3%	93.5%
One	8.6	3.4	6.3	2.7	6.2	1.7	6.8	3.9	6.8	7.4	6.3	4.1
Two	1.7	0.6	1.7	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.3	0.6	1.6	0.3	1.6	1.0
Three	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.9
Four or more	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.5
Smoking marijuana or hashish?												
None	97.1	98.3	98.0	98.2	96.3	97.9	95.1	94.4	94.8	96.3	93.1	95.2
One	2.1	0.9	1.2	0.4	2.8	1.7	3.6	3.3	3.6	2.3	5.1	2.4
Two	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.0	0.7	1.5	1.2	1.5
Three	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.4
Four or more	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.5
Using other illegal drugs?												
None	98.9	100.0	99.2	98.7	99.0	99.3	98.7	97.8	98.8	99.7	98.3	97.8
One	0.8	0.0	0.2	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.8	1.5	0.9	0.0	1.3	0.1
Two	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.1
Three	(a)	0.0	(a)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4
Four or more	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5

Note: See Notes, tables 3.37 and 3.39. This question was asked of respondents who reported receiving one or more traffic tickets (or warnings). See table 3.48 for the screen question. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, pp. 22, 23; *1993*, p. 23; *1995*, p. 23; *1997*, pp. 22, 23; *1999*, pp. 22, 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, pp. 22, 23; *1994*, p. 23; *1996*, pp. 22, 23; *1998*, pp. 22, 23; *2000*, pp. 22, 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.52

High school seniors reporting involvement in driving accidents in last 12 months

United States, 1991-2003

Question: "During the last 12 months, how many accidents have you had while you were driving (whether or not you were responsible)?"

Number of accidents	Class of 1991 (N=15,483)	Class of 1992 (N=16,251)	Class of 1993 (N=16,763)	Class of 1994 (N=15,929)	Class of 1995 (N=15,876)	Class of 1996 (N=14,824)	Class of 1997 (N=15,963)	Class of 1998 (N=15,780)	Class of 1999 (N=14,056)	Class of 2000 (N=13,286)	Class of 2001 (N=13,304)	Class of 2002 (N=13,544)	Class of 2003 (N=15,200)
None	75.7%	76.9%	76.1%	75.7%	75.3%	74.1%	74.4%	74.4%	75.1%	75.1%	75.5%	75.5%	75.8%
One	18.3	17.5	18.2	18.6	18.7	19.1	19.3	19.3	18.7	18.7	18.4	18.8	18.4
Two	4.5	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.4	4.0	4.3
Three	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0
Four or more	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4

Note: See Note, table 3.37. Respondents were informed that "accident" refers to "a collision involving property damage or personal injury - not bumps or scratches in parking lots" (Source, *1992*, p. 23). Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, p. 23; *1993*, p. 23; *1995*, p. 23; *1997*, p. 23; *1999*, p. 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, p. 23; *1994*, p. 23; *1996*, p. 23; *1998*, p. 23; *2000*, p. 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Class of 1997		Class of 1998		Class of 1999		Class of 2000		Class of 2001		Class of 2002		Class of 2003	
White	Black												
90.1%	95.8%	90.7%	96.6%	91.9%	96.3%	92.3%	95.2%	92.1%	96.5%	91.7%	98.0%	93.5%	95.3%
7.4	2.6	7.2	1.7	6.7	1.5	6.3	1.3	5.5	1.5	7.0	1.1	5.4	4.2
1.7	0.8	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.1	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.1	(a)	0.9	0.1
0.3	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.4	(a)	0.1	(a)	0.1	(a)
0.6	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.3
92.6	96.0	93.7	94.9	94.3	94.9	93.9	94.6	94.6	96.3	94.8	94.3	94.4	96.4
4.8	1.9	4.4	3.4	4.2	2.7	4.7	2.3	3.5	1.3	3.7	2.1	4.1	2.7
1.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.8	1.1	1.9	0.9	2.7	0.9	0.3
0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.4	(a)	0.3	0.3
0.6	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.1	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.2	0.3
97.8	98.2	98.0	99.1	98.3	99.9	99.2	96.5	98.1	99.3	98.0	98.8	98.7	98.8
1.3	0.8	1.3	0.3	1.4	0.0	0.6	1.9	1.4	0.7	1.6	0.3	0.8	0.9
0.6	0.8	0.4	(a)	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	(a)	0.3	(a)
0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	(a)	0.0	(a)
0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.2	0.3

Table 3.53

High school seniors reporting involvement in driving accidents while under the influence of alcohol or drugs in last 12 months

By type of drug, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "How many of these accidents occurred after you were. . ."

Type of drug	Class of 1991	Class of 1992	Class of 1993	Class of 1994	Class of 1995	Class of 1996	Class of 1997	Class of 1998	Class of 1999	Class of 2000	Class of 2001	Class of 2002	Class of 2003
Drinking alcoholic beverages?													
None	93.5%	93.4%	94.7%	94.6%	94.6%	94.8%	94.4%	94.5%	94.6%	95.6%	95.0%	95.9%	96.4%
One	5.7	5.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.7	3.6	4.0	3.4	2.8
Two	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5
Three	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1
Four or more	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
Smoking marijuana or hashish?													
None	98.1	98.2	97.8	97.6	97.0	96.5	95.7	96.1	95.9	96.0	96.3	96.5	97.4
One	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.4	2.7	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.8	1.9
Two	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.3
Three	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
Four or more	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.2
Using other illegal drugs?													
None	99.2	98.9	98.9	99.1	99.0	98.9	98.6	98.6	98.6	98.8	98.4	98.4	99.2
One	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.8	1.1	1.2	0.2
Two	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2
Three	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	(a)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Four or more	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2

Note: See Notes, tables 3.37 and 3.52. This question was asked of respondents who reported involvement in one or more accidents. See table 3.52 for the screen question. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1976 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1991*, p. 23; *1993*, pp. 23, 24; *1995*, pp. 23, 24; *1997*, p. 23; *1999*, p. 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); Jerald G. Bachman, Lloyd D. Johnston, and Patrick M. O'Malley, *Monitoring the Future 1992*, p. 23; *1994*, pp. 23, 24; *1996*, p. 23; *1998*, p. 23; *2000*, p. 23 (Ann Arbor, MI: Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan); and data provided by the Monitoring the Future Project, Survey Research Center, Lloyd D. Johnston, Jerald G. Bachman, and Patrick M. O'Malley, Principal Investigators. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

^aLess than 0.05%.

Table 3.54

Students reporting problem behaviorsBy grade level of respondent, 2002-2003^a

	Never	Seldom	Some- times	Often	A lot
Have you been in trouble with the police?	75.0%	13.3%	6.3%	2.3%	2.9%
Grades 6 to 8	78.1	11.3	5.6	2.3	2.9
Grades 9 to 12	72.1	15.4	7.1	2.4	3.0
12th grade	71.5	16.2	6.9	2.1	3.3
Do you take part in gang activities?	87.9	4.7	3.1	1.4	2.8
Grades 6 to 8	87.3	5.2	3.4	1.6	2.5
Grades 9 to 12	88.5	4.2	2.9	1.3	3.1
12th grade	89.2	3.6	2.5	1.0	3.8
Have you thought about committing suicide?	70.6	14.2	8.7	2.9	3.5
Grades 6 to 8	75.3	11.8	7.2	2.6	3.1
Grades 9 to 12	65.9	16.7	10.2	3.3	3.9
12th grade	65.1	18.0	10.4	2.7	3.9
Have you been caught using alcohol?	82.0	7.2	5.4	2.3	3.0
Grades 6 to 8	88.9	4.8	2.9	1.4	1.9
Grades 9 to 12	75.3	9.5	7.7	3.3	4.1
12th grade	68.8	11.4	9.7	4.4	5.6
Have you been caught using drugs?	88.7	4.6	2.9	1.5	2.4
Grades 6 to 8	92.1	3.3	1.9	1.0	1.8
Grades 9 to 12	85.4	5.9	3.8	1.9	3.0
12th grade	83.1	6.7	4.4	2.4	3.4
Have you threatened to harm a teacher?	91.6	4.4	2.0	0.8	1.2
Grades 6 to 8	92.7	3.9	1.6	0.7	1.1
Grades 9 to 12	90.5	4.9	2.4	0.9	1.4
12th grade	89.7	4.8	2.4	0.9	2.2
Have you threatened to harm one or both of your parents, guardian, etc.?	88.8	6.1	2.8	1.0	1.3
Grades 6 to 8	90.3	5.1	2.4	0.9	1.2
Grades 9 to 12	87.3	7.0	3.2	1.1	1.4
12th grade	87.4	6.6	3.0	1.0	2.1

Note: These data are from a survey of 6th through 12th grade students conducted between August 2002 and June 2003 by PRIDE Surveys. Participating schools are sent the PRIDE questionnaire with explicit instructions for administering the anonymous, self-report survey. Schools that administer the PRIDE questionnaire do so voluntarily or in compliance with a school district or State request. For the 2002-2003 academic year, survey results are based on students from 24 States. The following States participated in the 2002-2003 PRIDE survey: Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. To prevent any one State from having a disproportionate influence on the summary results, random samples of students were drawn from those States where disproportionately large numbers of students were surveyed. Therefore, no State comprises more than 10% of the sample. The results presented are based on a sample consisting of 109,919 students drawn from the total number of students who completed the PRIDE questionnaire.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: PRIDE Surveys, "2002-2003 PRIDE Surveys National Summary, Grades 6 through 12," Bowling Green, KY: PRIDE Surveys, 2003. (Mimeographed.) P. 166, Table 8.15; p. 167, Table 8.16; p. 171, Table 8.30; p. 172, Tables 8.31 and 8.32; p. 174, Tables 8.38 and 8.39. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.55

High school students reporting involvement in delinquent and risk-related behaviors, and drug, alcohol, and cigarette use

United States, selected years, 1991-2003

(Percent reporting engaging in or experiencing the behavior)

	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003
<u>Delinquent/risk-related behavior</u>							
Rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol ^a	39.9%	35.3%	38.8%	36.6%	33.1%	30.7%	30.2%
Drove after drinking alcohol ^a	16.7	13.5	15.4	16.9	13.1	13.3	12.1
Carried a weapon ^b	26.1	22.1	20.0	18.3	17.3	17.4	17.1
Carried a gun ^c	NA	7.9	7.6	5.9	4.9	5.7	6.1
In a physical fight ^d	42.5	41.8	38.7	36.6	35.7	33.2	33.0
Felt unsafe at school or on way to or from school ^c	NA	4.4	4.5	4.0	5.2	6.6	5.4
Carried a weapon on school property ^b	NA	11.8	9.8	8.5	6.9	6.4	6.1
Threatened or injured with a weapon on school property ^d	NA	7.3	8.4	7.4	7.7	8.9	9.2
Engaged in a physical fight on school property ^d	NA	16.2	15.5	14.8	14.2	12.5	12.8
Seriously considered suicide ^e	29.0	24.1	24.1	20.5	19.3	19.0	16.9
Made a suicide plan ^a	18.6	19.0	17.7	15.7	14.5	14.8	16.5
Attempted suicide ^d	7.3	8.6	8.7	7.7	8.3	8.8	8.5
<u>Drug, alcohol, cigarette use</u>							
Marijuana use, lifetime ^f	31.3	32.8	42.4	47.1	47.2	42.4	40.2
Marijuana use, current ^a	14.7	17.7	25.3	26.2	26.7	23.9	22.4
Cocaine use, lifetime ^g	5.9	4.9	7.0	8.2	9.5	9.4	8.7
Cocaine use, current ^a	1.7	1.9	3.1	3.3	4.0	4.2	4.1
Illegal steroid use, lifetime ^f	2.7	2.2	3.7	3.1	3.7	5.0	6.1
Inhalant use, lifetime ^h	NA	NA	20.3	16.0	14.6	14.7	12.1
Alcohol use, current ^c	50.8	48.0	51.6	50.8	50.0	47.1	44.9
Episodic heavy drinking ⁱ	31.3	30.0	32.6	33.4	31.5	29.9	28.3
Cigarette use, lifetime ^j	70.1	69.5	71.3	70.2	70.4	63.9	58.4
Cigarette use, current ^c	27.5	30.5	34.8	36.4	34.8	28.5	21.9
Cigarette use, frequent ^k	12.7	13.8	16.1	16.7	16.8	13.8	9.7
<u>On school property</u>							
Alcohol use ^c	NA	5.2	6.3	5.6	4.9	4.9	5.2
Marijuana use ^a	NA	5.6	8.8	7.0	7.2	5.4	5.8
Offered, sold, or given an illegal drug ^e	NA	24.0	32.1	31.7	30.2	28.5	28.7

Note: These data are from the national school-based survey conducted biennially as part of the Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS). The data were collected and analyzed by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. For survey methodology and sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aOne or more times during the 30 days preceding the survey.

^bCarried a weapon (e.g., a gun, knife, or club) on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^cOn 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^dOne or more times during the 12 months preceding the survey.

^eDuring the 12 months preceding the survey.

^fEver used.

^gEver tried any form of cocaine (e.g., powder, crack, or freebase).

^hEver sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high.

ⁱDrank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^jEver tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs.

^kSmoked cigarettes on 20 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, **Trend Fact Sheets: Prevalence Trends, 1991-2003** [Online]. Available: <http://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/yrbss/factsheets.htm> [Aug. 31, 2004]; Jo Anne Grunbaum et al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance--United States, 2001," CDC Surveillance Summaries, **Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report** 51 No. SS-4 (Washington, DC: USGPO, June 28, 2002), pp. 25-27, 29, 31, 33, 38, 40, 42, 46; and Jo Anne Grunbaum et al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance--United States, 2003," CDC Surveillance Summaries, **Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report** 53 No. SS-2 (Washington, DC: USGPO, May 21, 2004), pp. 33-69. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.56

High school students reporting involvement in delinquent and risk-related behaviors

By sex, race, ethnicity, and grade level, United States, 2003

(Percent reporting engaging in or experiencing the behavior)

	Total	Sex		Race, ethnicity			Grade level			
		Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	9th grade	10th grade	11th grade	12th grade
Rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol ^a	30.2%	29.2%	31.1%	28.5%	30.9%	36.4%	28.2%	29.3%	30.5%	33.3%
Drove after drinking alcohol ^a	12.1	15.0	8.9	12.9	9.1	11.7	6.2	9.2	15.3	19.8
Carried a weapon ^b	17.1	26.9	6.7	16.7	17.3	16.5	18.0	15.9	18.2	15.5
Carried a gun ^c	6.1	10.2	1.6	5.9	6.0	5.4	5.8	5.9	6.3	5.7
In a physical fight ^d	33.0	40.5	25.1	30.5	39.7	36.1	38.6	33.5	30.9	26.5
Injured in a physical fight ^{d,e}	4.2	5.7	2.6	2.9	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.2	3.6	3.1
Physically hurt by a boyfriend or girlfriend on purpose ^f	8.9	8.9	8.8	7.0	13.9	9.3	8.1	8.8	8.1	10.1
Forced to have sexual intercourse	9.0	6.1	11.9	7.3	12.3	10.4	8.0	9.4	9.2	9.1
Seriously considered suicide ^f	16.9	12.8	21.3	16.5	12.5	18.1	16.9	18.3	16.4	15.5
Made a suicide plan ^f	16.5	14.1	18.9	16.2	10.4	17.6	17.7	16.3	16.2	14.9
Attempted suicide ^d	8.5	5.4	11.5	6.9	8.4	10.6	10.1	9.1	7.3	6.1
Suicide attempt required medical attention ^f	2.9	2.4	3.2	1.7	3.7	5.0	3.5	2.6	2.4	2.1

Note: See Note, table 3.55. For survey methodology and sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^eInjured seriously enough to be treated by a doctor or nurse.
^fDuring the 12 months preceding the survey.^aOne or more times during the 30 days preceding the survey.^bCarried a weapon (e.g., a gun, knife, or club) on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.^cOn 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.^dOne or more times during the 12 months preceding the survey.Source: Jo Anne Grunbaum et al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance--United States, 2003," CDC Surveillance Summaries, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* 53 No. SS-2 (Washington, DC: USGPO, May 21, 2004), pp. 33, 35, 37, 39, 45, 47. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.57

High school students reporting victimization experiences and involvement in delinquent activities on school property

By sex, race, ethnicity, and grade level, United States, 2003

(Percent reporting engaging in or experiencing the behavior)

	Total	Sex		Race, ethnicity			Grade level			
		Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	9th grade	10th grade	11th grade	12th grade
Felt unsafe at school or on way to or from school ^a	5.4%	5.5%	5.3%	3.1%	8.4%	9.4%	6.9%	5.2%	4.5%	3.8%
<u>On school property</u>										
Property stolen or deliberately damaged ^{b,c}	29.8	33.1	26.2	28.2	30.4	32.3	34.8	30.5	27.2	24.2
Threatened or injured with a weapon ^c	9.2	11.6	6.5	7.8	10.9	9.4	12.1	9.2	7.3	6.3
Carried a weapon ^d	6.1	8.9	3.1	5.5	6.9	6.0	5.3	6.0	6.6	6.4
Engaged in a physical fight ^c	12.8	17.1	8.0	10.0	17.1	16.7	18.0	12.8	10.4	7.3
Cigarette use ^e	8.0	8.2	7.6	8.9	5.9	6.0	7.5	7.7	8.2	8.3
Alcohol use ^f	5.2	6.0	4.2	3.9	5.8	7.6	5.1	5.6	5.0	4.5
Marijuana use ^g	5.8	7.6	3.7	4.5	6.6	8.2	6.6	5.2	5.6	5.0
Offered, sold, or given an illegal drug ^c	28.7	31.9	25.0	27.5	23.1	36.5	29.5	29.2	29.9	24.9

Note: See Note, table 3.55. For survey methodology and sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^eEver tried smoking, even one or two puffs.^fDrank alcohol on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.^gOne or more times during the 30 days preceding the survey.^aOn 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.^bFor example, a car, clothing, or books.^cOne or more times during the 12 months preceding the survey.^dCarried a weapon (e.g., a gun, knife, or club) on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.Source: Jo Anne Grunbaum et al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance--United States, 2003," CDC Surveillance Summaries, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* 53 No. SS-2 (Washington, DC: USGPO, May 21, 2004), pp. 41, 43, 67, 69. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.58

Students reporting involvement in delinquent activities at school				
By grade level of respondent, 2002-2003 ^a				
Question: "While at school have you. . .?"				
	Never	One time	2 to 5 times	6 or more times
Carried a gun	96.3%	1.2%	0.6%	1.8%
Grades 6 to 8	96.9	1.2	0.5	1.5
Grades 9 to 12	95.7	1.3	0.8	2.2
12th grade	94.8	1.4	0.8	3.0
Carried a knife, club or other weapon	85.0	6.7	3.5	4.8
Grades 6 to 8	87.7	6.7	2.6	3.0
Grades 9 to 12	82.4	6.6	4.3	6.6
12th grade	82.1	5.5	4.2	8.1
Threatened a student with a gun, knife or club	94.6	2.2	1.2	1.9
Grades 6 to 8	95.6	2.0	1.0	1.4
Grades 9 to 12	93.7	2.5	1.5	2.4
12th grade	93.6	2.3	1.2	2.9
Threatened to hurt a student by hitting, slapping or kicking	62.6	11.1	12.8	13.6
Grades 6 to 8	62.6	12.0	12.0	13.3
Grades 9 to 12	62.5	10.1	13.6	13.8
12th grade	67.1	8.9	12.1	11.9
Hurt a student by using a gun, knife or club	96.5	1.2	0.8	1.5
Grades 6 to 8	97.2	1.0	0.6	1.2
Grades 9 to 12	95.8	1.5	0.9	1.8
12th grade	95.1	1.5	1.0	2.4
Hurt a student by hitting, slapping or kicking	68.3	11.6	10.8	9.3
Grades 6 to 8	66.6	12.9	10.9	9.6
Grades 9 to 12	69.9	10.4	10.8	9.0
12th grade	75.2	8.3	8.9	7.5

Note: See Note, table 3.54.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: PRIDE Surveys, "2002-2003 PRIDE Surveys National Summary, Grades 6 through 12," Bowling Green, KY: PRIDE Surveys, 2003. (Mimeographed.) Pp. 212, 213. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.59

Students reporting victimization experiences at school				
By grade level of respondent, 2002-2003 ^a				
Question: "While at school have you. . .?"				
	Never	One time	2 to 5 times	6 or more times
Been threatened with a gun, knife or club by a student	88.3%	6.0%	3.1%	2.6%
Grades 6 to 8	88.4	6.3	2.9	2.4
Grades 9 to 12	88.2	5.7	3.2	2.8
12th grade	89.4	4.8	2.6	3.2
Had a student threaten to hit, slap or kick you	60.3	14.7	13.8	11.2
Grades 6 to 8	58.1	15.6	14.1	12.2
Grades 9 to 12	62.5	13.8	13.5	10.2
12th grade	68.1	12.2	11.0	8.7
Been afraid a student may hurt you	76.3	12.5	6.6	4.6
Grades 6 to 8	74.2	13.4	7.0	5.3
Grades 9 to 12	78.4	11.6	6.1	3.8
12th grade	82.5	9.3	4.6	3.6
Been hurt by a student using a gun, knife or club	96.2	1.6	0.8	1.4
Grades 6 to 8	96.6	1.6	0.7	1.1
Grades 9 to 12	95.8	1.7	0.9	1.7
12th grade	95.5	1.6	0.8	2.1
Been hurt by a student who hit, slapped or kicked you	78.0	10.8	6.3	4.9
Grades 6 to 8	73.9	12.8	7.5	5.9
Grades 9 to 12	82.1	8.9	5.1	4.0
12th grade	85.8	6.6	3.8	3.8

Note: See Note, table 3.54.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: PRIDE Surveys, "2002-2003 PRIDE Surveys National Summary, Grades 6 through 12," Bowling Green, KY: PRIDE Surveys, 2003. (Mimeographed.) Pp. 214, 215. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.60

Number and rate (per 1,000 students) of nonfatal violent crimes against students age 12 to 18 occurring at schoolBy type of crime and student characteristics, United States, 1995-2001^a

Student characteristics	1995		1999		2000		2001	
	Violent ^b	Serious violent ^c						
Number of offenses								
Total	1,290,000	222,500	884,100	185,600	699,800	128,400	763,700	160,900
Sex								
Male	779,400	144,800	513,000	111,200	468,000	98,900	424,700	88,800
Female	510,500	77,600	371,200	74,300	231,800	29,600 ^d	339,100	72,200
Age								
12 to 14 years	850,400	145,900	543,200	127,000	384,100	57,200	423,600	84,400
15 to 18 years	439,600	76,600	340,900	58,600	315,700	71,200	340,100	76,500
Race, ethnicity								
White, non-Hispanic	917,800	123,000	582,200	95,300	457,800	60,000	511,700	88,600
Black, non-Hispanic	190,500	53,300	178,200	58,900	110,300	19,800 ^d	108,800	30,500 ^d
Hispanic	151,300	36,900	84,100	25,700	116,400	43,100	138,400	39,300
Other, non-Hispanic	25,100	9,300 ^d	31,000	5,600 ^d	10,000 ^d	2,500 ^d	4,900 ^d	2,500 ^d
Community								
Urban	342,000	95,200	215,100	63,700	167,800	56,700	222,000	52,500
Suburban	709,800	93,400	514,900	110,400	393,500	54,200	406,400	81,100
Rural	238,100	33,800	154,100	11,400 ^d	138,600	17,500 ^d	135,400	27,300 ^d
Rate per 1,000 students								
Total	50	9	33	7	26	5	28	6
Sex								
Male	59	11	37	8	33	7	30	6
Female	41	6	28	6	18	2 ^d	26	5
Age								
12 to 14 years	73	13	46	11	32	5	35	7
15 to 18 years	31	5	23	4	21	5	22	5
Race, ethnicity								
White, non-Hispanic	54	7	34	6	26	3	29	5
Black, non-Hispanic	47	13	43	14	26	5 ^d	25	7 ^d
Hispanic	46	11	21	6	29	11	33	9
Other, non-Hispanic	23	9 ^d	26	5 ^d	8 ^d	2 ^d	4 ^d	2 ^d
Community								
Urban	49	14	29	9	22	7	29	7
Suburban	57	7	36	8	28	4	28	6
Rural	39	5	28	2 ^d	26	3 ^d	25	5 ^d

Note: These data are from the National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS) conducted for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. The data presented are estimates based on a continuous survey of a representative sample of households in the United States and therefore are subject to sampling variation. "At school" is defined as in the school building, on school property, or going to and from school. For more information on the NCVS, see Note, table 3.1 and Appendix 8.

^aNumbers are rounded to the nearest 100; due to rounding or missing cases, detail may not add to total.

^bIncludes rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated and simple assault.

^cIncludes rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Serious violent crimes also are included in violent crimes.

^dEstimate is based on fewer than 10 cases.

Source: Jill F. DeVoe et al., *Indicators of School Crime and Safety: 2003*, NCES 2004-004/NCJ 201257 (Washington, DC: U.S. Departments of Education and Justice, 2003), pp. 56-62. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.61

Students age 12 to 18 reporting victimization, bullying, hate-related behavior, and gangs at school

By student characteristics, United States, 2001

Student characteristics	Criminal victimization				Bullying	Hate-related behavior		Street gangs present at school
	Total ^a	Theft	Violent ^b	Serious violent ^c		Target of hate-related words	Saw hate-related graffiti	
Total	5.5%	4.2%	1.8%	0.4%	7.9%	12.3%	35.5%	20.1%
Sex								
Male	6.1	4.5	2.1	0.5	8.6	12.8	34.9	21.4
Female	4.9	3.8	1.5	0.4	7.1	11.7	36.1	18.8
Race, ethnicity								
White, non-Hispanic	5.8	4.2	2.0	0.4	8.5	12.1	36.2	15.5
Black, non-Hispanic	6.1	5.0	1.3	0.5	5.9	13.9	33.6	28.6
Hispanic	4.6	3.7	1.5	0.8	7.8	11.0	35.1	32.0
Other, non-Hispanic	3.1	2.9	0.4	(d)	6.6	13.6	32.1	21.4
Grade								
6th	5.9	4.0	2.6	0.1	14.3	12.1	34.9	11.2
7th	5.8	3.4	2.6	0.6	13.0	14.1	34.9	15.7
8th	4.3	3.3	1.3	0.3	9.2	13.0	36.7	17.3
9th	7.9	6.2	2.4	0.8	8.6	12.1	35.7	24.3
10th	6.5	5.7	1.2	0.4	4.6	13.1	36.2	23.6
11th	4.8	3.8	1.6	0.3	4.3	12.7	36.1	24.2
12th	2.9	2.3	0.9	0.3	2.4	7.9	33.0	21.1
Community								
Urban	5.9	4.5	1.7	0.5	6.9	11.9	35.7	28.9
Suburban	5.7	4.3	1.7	0.4	8.1	12.4	36.0	18.3
Rural	4.7	3.4	2.0	0.5	8.7	12.4	33.8	13.3
Type of school								
Public	5.7	4.4	1.9	0.5	8.0	12.7	37.3	21.6
Private	3.4	2.5	1.0	(d)	7.3	8.2	16.8	4.9

Note: These data are from the School Crime Supplement (SCS) to the National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). The NCVS is a continuous survey of a representative sample of households in the United States conducted for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. The SCS is an additional questionnaire fielded with the 2001 NCVS and was administered to a nationally representative sample of 8,374 students 12 to 18 years of age. Eligible respondents were asked the supplemental SCS questions only after completing the NCVS interview. Persons eligible for the SCS were those NCVS respondents who were enrolled in grades 6 through 12 at a school leading to a high school diploma and had attended school at any time during the 6 months preceding the interview. "At school" includes in the school building, on school property, on a school bus, or going to and from school. These data are not directly comparable to data presented in table 3.60 because those data are derived from the larger NCVS dataset rather than the SCS. The data presented are survey estimates and therefore are subject to sampling variation.

^aTotal victimization is a combination of violent victimization and theft. If the student reported an incident of either, he or she is counted as having experienced "total" victimization. If the student reported having experienced both, he or she is counted once under "total" victimization.

^bIncludes rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated and simple assault.

^cIncludes rape, sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. Serious violent crimes also are included in violent crimes.

^dNo cases of this type occurred in the data.

Source: Jill F. DeVoe et al., *Indicators of School Crime and Safety: 2003*, NCES 2004-004/NCJ 201257 (Washington, DC: U.S. Departments of Education and Justice, 2003), pp. 71, 74, 86-88. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.62

High school students reporting drug, alcohol, and cigarette use

By sex, race, ethnicity, and grade level, United States, 2003

(Percent reporting engaging in the behavior)

	Race, ethnicity										
	Total	Sex		White, non-Hispanic			Black, non-Hispanic			Grade level	
		Male	Female	White, non-Hispanic	Black, non-Hispanic	Hispanic	9th grade	10th grade	11th grade	12th grade	
Marijuana use, lifetime ^a	40.2%	42.7%	37.6%	39.8%	43.3%	42.7%	30.7%	40.4%	44.5%	48.5%	
Marijuana use, current ^b	22.4	25.1	19.3	21.7	23.9	23.8	18.5	22.0	24.1	25.8	
Cocaine use, lifetime ^c	8.7	9.5	7.7	8.7	3.2	12.5	6.8	8.5	9.0	10.5	
Cocaine use, current ^b	4.1	4.6	3.5	3.8	2.2	5.7	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.7	
Illegal steroid use, lifetime ^a	6.1	6.8	5.3	6.2	3.6	7.2	7.1	6.1	5.6	4.9	
Injected illegal drugs, lifetime ^d	3.2	3.8	2.5	2.5	2.4	3.9	3.2	3.2	2.8	3.0	
Heroin use, lifetime ^e	3.3	4.3	2.0	2.6	2.6	3.9	3.5	2.9	3.0	2.9	
Methamphetamine use, lifetime ^f	7.6	8.3	6.8	8.1	3.1	8.3	6.7	7.5	8.0	8.0	
Ecstasy use, lifetime ^g	11.1	11.6	10.4	11.0	6.0	13.0	10.9	9.0	11.4	12.8	
Sniffed or inhaled intoxicating substances, lifetime ^h	12.1	12.6	11.4	12.8	7.0	12.7	13.6	11.1	11.0	11.8	
Sniffed or inhaled intoxicating substances, current ⁱ	3.9	4.3	3.4	3.6	3.0	4.3	5.4	3.5	3.1	2.7	
Alcohol use, lifetime ^j	74.9	73.7	76.1	75.4	71.4	79.5	65.0	75.7	78.6	83.0	
Alcohol use, current ^k	44.9	43.8	45.8	47.1	37.4	45.6	36.2	43.5	47.0	55.9	
Episodic heavy drinking ^l	28.3	29.0	27.5	31.8	15.3	28.9	19.8	27.4	31.8	37.2	
Cigarette use, lifetime ^m	58.4	58.7	58.1	58.1	58.4	61.9	52.0	58.3	60.0	65.4	
Cigarette use, current ⁿ	21.9	21.8	21.9	24.9	15.1	18.4	17.4	21.8	23.6	26.2	
Cigarette use, frequent ^o	9.7	9.6	9.7	11.8	5.5	5.5	6.3	9.2	11.2	13.1	
Before age 13											
Smoked whole cigarette	18.3	20.0	16.4	18.9	15.3	18.3	19.3	20.1	16.0	16.5	
Drank alcohol ^p	27.8	32.0	23.3	25.7	31.2	30.2	36.4	28.5	23.0	20.3	
Tried marijuana	9.9	12.6	6.9	8.7	12.1	10.7	11.7	10.8	8.1	7.8	

Note: See Note, table 3.55. For survey methodology and sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aEver used.

^bOne or more times during the 30 days preceding the survey.

^cEver tried any form of cocaine (e.g., powder, crack, or freebase).

^dEver injected illegal drugs. Respondents were classified as injecting-drug users only if they (a) reported injecting-drug use not prescribed by a physician and (b) answered "one or more times" to any of these questions: "During your life, how many times have you used any form of cocaine including powder, crack, or freebase?"; "During your life, how many times have you used heroin, (also called smack, junk, or China White)?"; "During your life, how many times have you used methamphetamines (also called speed, crystal, crank, or ice)?"; "During your life, how many times have you taken steroid pills or shots without a doctor's prescription?"

^eEver used heroin (also called smack, junk, or China White).

^fEver used methamphetamines (also called speed, crystal, crank, or ice).

^gEver used ecstasy (also called MDMA).

^hEver sniffed glue or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans or inhaled any paints or sprays to become intoxicated.

ⁱEver sniffed glue or breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans or inhaled any paints or sprays to become intoxicated one or more times during the 30 days preceding the survey.

^jEver had one or more drinks of alcohol.

^kDrank alcohol on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^lDrank five or more drinks of alcohol on at least one occasion on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^mEver tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs.

ⁿOn 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^oSmoked cigarettes on 20 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey.

^pMore than a few sips.

Source: Jo Anne Grunbaum et al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance--United States, 2003," CDC Surveillance Summaries, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* 53 No. SS-2 (Washington, DC: USGPO, May 21, 2004), pp. 49-65. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.63

Students reporting use of alcohol and drugs

By grade level of respondent and frequency of use, 2002-2003

	Grades 6 to 8 (N=54,520)		Grades 9 to 12 (N=55,399)		12th grade (N=8,385)	
	Annual use ^a	Monthly use ^b	Annual use ^a	Monthly use ^b	Annual use ^a	Monthly use ^b
Any alcohol	37.0%	13.7%	63.0%	35.0%	70.1%	44.6%
Beer	25.7	9.9	49.3	28.2	56.9	36.8
Wine coolers	28.5	10.1	45.8	20.9	48.7	24.1
Liquor	19.1	8.0	48.3	26.9	58.3	36.3
Any illicit drugs	15.8	9.0	32.7	21.0	37.8	25.2
Marijuana	11.7	7.1	30.0	19.1	35.5	22.9
Cocaine ^c	3.1	1.9	6.3	3.8	8.6	5.3
Inhalants	5.9	2.7	5.7	3.2	5.7	3.7
Hallucinogens ^d	2.6	1.7	5.7	3.3	7.8	4.5
Heroin	2.3	1.6	3.8	2.6	5.0	3.6
Steroids	2.5	1.6	3.7	2.6	4.8	3.6
Ecstasy	3.1	NA	6.7	NA	8.9	NA

Note: See Note, table 3.54.

^aUsed one or more times in the past year.^bUsed once a month or more in the past year.^cIncludes crack.^dIncludes LSD and PCP.

Source: PRIDE Surveys, "2002-2003 PRIDE Surveys National Summary, Grades 6 through 12," Bowling Green, KY: PRIDE Surveys, 2003. (Mimeographed.) Pp. 11, 12, 17. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.64

Reported alcohol use and most recent use among students

By sex, college plans, region, and population density, United States, 2003

Questions: "On how many occasions have you had alcoholic beverages to drink, more than just a few sips, in your lifetime? On how many occasions have you had alcoholic beverages to drink, more than just a few sips, during the last 12 months? On how many occasions have you had alcoholic beverages to drink, more than just a few sips, during the last 30 days?"

	Ever used			Used in last 12 months			Used in last 30 days		
	Eighth grade	Tenth grade	Twelfth grade	Eighth grade	Tenth grade	Twelfth grade	Eighth grade	Tenth grade	Twelfth grade
Total	45.6%	66.0%	76.6%	37.2%	59.3%	70.1%	19.7%	35.4%	47.5%
Sex									
Male	45.4	64.3	76.8	36.6	57.5	71.0	19.4	35.3	51.7
Female	45.5	67.5	76.5	37.6	61.0	69.3	19.8	35.3	43.8
College plans									
None or under 4 years	63.1	75.9	82.6	54.1	69.8	76.2	35.3	46.6	55.4
Complete 4 years	43.6	64.5	74.9	35.3	57.7	68.5	18.1	33.6	45.2
Region									
Northeast	43.0	70.0	79.9	35.8	64.2	74.6	18.4	38.7	51.6
North Central	47.7	63.9	78.0	40.4	58.2	71.8	21.9	34.4	50.8
South	48.6	67.6	73.8	38.8	59.5	66.1	20.8	34.8	43.0
West	38.8	62.3	76.1	30.7	55.6	70.1	16.0	34.1	47.0
Population density									
Large SMSA	45.5	65.1	74.2	36.6	58.1	67.7	18.2	33.1	43.0
Other SMSA	44.4	65.9	77.6	36.4	59.6	71.4	19.4	35.6	49.6
Non-SMSA	47.9	67.7	77.8	39.5	60.7	70.9	22.3	38.3	49.6

Note: These data are from a series of nationwide surveys of high school seniors conducted by the University of Michigan's Institute for Social Research for the National Institute on Drug Abuse from 1975 through 2003. The survey design is a multistage random sample of high school seniors in public and private schools. Depending on the survey year, approximately 65% of the schools initially invited to participate agreed to do so. Completed questionnaires were obtained from approximately 83% of all sampled students in participating schools each year. Beginning in 1991, eighth and tenth grade students also were included in the survey. All percentages reported are based on weighted cases; the Ns that are shown in the tables also refer to the approximate number (i.e., rounded to the

nearest hundred) of weighted cases. The number of respondents for 2003 were approximately 16,500 for eighth graders, 15,800 for tenth graders, and 14,600 for twelfth graders, excluding cases with missing data. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 106, 110, 114. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.65

Reported use of any illicit drug and most recent use among students

By sex, college plans, region, and population density, United States, 2003

Questions: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . . in your lifetime? On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . . during the last 12 months? On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . . during the last 30 days?"

	Ever used			Used in last 12 months			Used in last 30 days		
	Eighth grade	Tenth grade	Twelfth grade	Eighth grade	Tenth grade	Twelfth grade	Eighth grade	Tenth grade	Twelfth grade
Total	22.8%	41.4%	51.1%	16.1%	32.0%	39.3%	9.7%	19.5%	24.1%
Sex									
Male	23.6	42.4	54.1	16.4	33.2	41.3	10.2	21.0	27.3
Female	21.8	40.2	47.7	15.5	30.8	36.7	8.9	18.0	20.6
College plans									
None or under 4 years	44.5	57.7	60.2	34.7	48.6	46.8	24.7	34.7	30.6
Complete 4 years	20.4	38.6	47.9	14.0	29.2	36.6	8.1	17.0	21.9
Region									
Northeast	18.5	40.4	53.8	13.1	32.6	43.7	8.1	20.2	28.3
North Central	22.5	37.7	52.7	15.7	28.8	40.0	9.1	17.2	23.9
South	25.2	44.2	46.7	18.1	34.0	34.8	11.2	21.3	21.8
West	22.9	42.7	53.7	15.6	32.3	41.4	8.9	19.0	24.2
Population density									
Large SMSA	22.3	40.7	47.6	14.3	30.5	35.7	8.5	17.4	21.9
Other SMSA	22.2	41.2	54.3	16.2	32.4	42.7	9.5	19.8	26.7
Non-SMSA	24.7	43.0	49.6	18.1	33.5	37.6	11.7	22.1	22.4

Note: See Note, table 3.64. For twelfth graders, use of "any illicit drug" includes any use of marijuana, LSD, other hallucinogens, crack, other cocaine, or heroin, or any use of other narcotics, amphetamines, barbiturates, or tranquilizers not under a doctor's orders. For eighth and tenth graders, the use of other narcotics and barbiturates is excluded, because these younger respondents appear to overreport use (perhaps because they include the use of nonprescription drugs in their answers). For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 103, 107, 111. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.66

Reported use of any illicit drug in last 12 months among students

By sex, race, ethnicity, and college plans, United States, 1991-2003 and 1975-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used . . . during the last 12 months?"

	Percent reporting use of any illicit drug in last 12 months							
	Total	Sex		Race, ethnicity ^a			College plans	
		Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	None or under 4 years	Complete 4 years
Eighth graders								
1991	11.3%	11.7%	11.0%	NA	NA	NA	22.8%	9.5%
1992	12.9	11.9	13.6	11.8%	7.9%	18.1%	25.6	10.9
1993	15.1	15.2	14.9	13.6	9.3	20.6	30.7	12.8
1994	18.5	19.4	17.6	15.7	13.0	24.6	34.6	16.3
1995	21.4	22.3	20.2	19.2	15.8	26.7	38.4	19.1
1996	23.6	23.6	23.3	22.4	17.5	26.9	40.3	21.0
1997	22.1	22.6	21.3	23.0	18.1	26.5	39.6	19.9
1998	21.0	21.3	20.4	21.5	18.1	26.7	41.3	18.4
1999	20.5	21.3	19.7	19.9	18.6	27.4	39.9	18.0
2000	19.5	19.7	19.0	19.1	18.3	25.1	38.9	17.1
2001	19.5	21.3	17.5	19.0	16.7	24.3	38.5	17.2
2002	17.7	19.2	16.3	18.3	15.1	24.8	36.8	15.7
2003	16.1	16.4	15.5	16.5	14.6	22.8	34.7	14.0
Tenth graders								
1991	21.4	21.6	21.1	NA	NA	NA	32.7	18.9
1992	20.4	20.4	20.1	22.4	10.8	23.6	32.0	17.8
1993	24.7	25.1	24.0	23.7	11.9	26.3	37.7	21.9
1994	30.0	31.8	28.0	27.9	18.5	30.3	43.2	27.0
1995	33.3	33.7	32.5	32.6	23.6	34.3	47.3	30.8
1996	37.5	38.8	36.3	36.5	27.3	40.0	52.4	35.0
1997	38.5	40.1	36.8	39.3	30.2	41.3	55.2	35.7
1998	35.0	35.3	34.7	38.2	28.9	38.1	50.5	32.2
1999	35.9	37.0	34.6	36.4	28.4	38.4	51.8	33.2
2000	36.4	39.4	33.5	36.9	29.7	39.3	53.5	33.9
2001	37.2	39.6	35.0	37.6	30.5	38.8	52.7	34.6
2002	34.8	35.9	33.7	37.6	28.5	36.2	51.5	32.1
2003	32.0	33.2	30.8	35.0	27.3	33.8	48.6	29.2
Twelfth graders								
1975	45.0	49.0	41.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1976	48.1	52.6	43.0	NA	NA	NA	50.6	44.3
1977	51.1	55.4	46.7	50.4	40.8	49.9	54.3	46.8
1978	53.8	58.6	48.7	53.5	42.8	49.5	55.5	50.5
1979	54.2	58.1	50.1	55.2	41.5	48.4	56.8	50.5
1980	53.1	56.0	49.8	54.9	40.5	48.1	56.5	49.7
1981	52.1	53.6	50.8	54.4	39.0	46.8	55.8	48.6
1982	49.4	51.8	46.3	50.7	36.4	42.7	53.4	45.5
1983	47.4	49.7	44.4	49.3	38.5	42.0	50.8	43.7
1984	45.8	48.0	42.8	47.4	37.8	43.1	50.3	41.4
1985	46.3	48.3	43.8	47.6	35.9	43.9	50.1	43.1
1986	44.3	45.7	42.3	47.2	33.3	42.8	48.6	41.2
1987	41.7	43.2	39.7	45.2	28.9	38.9	46.7	39.0
1988	38.5	40.6	36.1	43.0	25.0	35.4	42.0	36.5
1989	35.4	37.7	32.8	40.3	21.3	30.1	40.9	32.6
1990	32.5	34.3	30.1	37.5	17.0	26.4	37.8	29.6
1991	29.4	32.1	26.2	33.9	14.7	29.4	33.9	27.1
1992	27.1	29.0	24.7	30.5	14.5	30.3	33.5	24.4
1993	31.0	33.5	27.9	31.4	16.6	28.8	34.9	29.2
1994	35.8	38.6	32.7	35.5	23.5	31.2	40.8	33.6
1995	39.0	41.5	35.8	39.0	29.6	35.5	44.1	36.7
1996	40.2	43.4	36.2	40.8	32.4	38.0	46.2	37.8
1997	42.4	44.1	40.0	42.8	33.0	41.2	48.8	40.1
1998	41.4	45.2	37.2	44.0	32.3	41.9	47.3	39.1
1999	42.1	45.0	38.9	43.3	32.8	42.5	47.9	40.3
2000	40.9	43.4	38.0	42.8	32.7	44.8	45.1	38.8
2001	41.4	43.8	38.4	43.1	31.7	41.8	46.2	39.6
2002	41.0	43.5	37.8	43.6	30.4	39.0	46.2	39.3
2003	39.3	41.3	36.7	42.8	28.3	35.8	46.8	36.6

Note: See Note, table 3.64. For twelfth graders, use of "any illicit drug" includes any use of marijuana, LSD, other hallucinogens, crack, other cocaine, or heroin, or any use of other narcotics, amphetamines, barbiturates, or tranquilizers not under a doctor's orders. For eighth and tenth graders, the use of other narcotics and barbiturates is excluded, because these younger respondents appear to overreport use (perhaps because they include the use of nonprescription drugs in their answers) (Source, p. 452). For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aTo derive percentages for each racial/ethnic subgroup, data for the specified year and the previous year are combined to increase subgroup sample sizes and provide more stable estimates.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 452, 453. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.67

Reported use of any illicit drug other than marijuana in last 12 months among students

By sex, race, ethnicity, and college plans, United States, 1991-2003 and 1975-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used . . . during the last 12 months?"

	Percent reporting use of any illicit drug other than marijuana in last 12 months							
	Total	Sex		Race, ethnicity ^a			College plans	
		Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	None or under 4 years	Complete 4 years
Eighth graders								
1991	8.4%	8.0%	8.8%	NA	NA	NA	16.3%	7.2%
1992	9.3	8.0	10.4	9.0%	4.9%	12.2%	18.5	8.0
1993	10.4	9.2	11.5	10.0	5.0	13.7	21.3	8.9
1994	11.3	10.1	12.3	10.8	5.9	15.2	21.2	9.9
1995	12.6	11.5	13.5	12.6	5.7	15.3	25.3	10.9
1996	13.1	11.0	14.7	13.9	5.3	14.7	23.0	11.6
1997	11.8	10.8	12.6	13.5	4.7	13.6	22.1	10.6
1998	11.0	9.6	12.1	12.5	4.0	13.5	23.8	9.4
1999	10.5	9.7	11.2	11.5	4.1	14.5	23.4	9.0
2000	10.2	9.1	10.9	11.1	3.8	13.9	22.7	8.7
2001	10.8	10.0	11.2	10.6	3.9	12.2	21.5	9.5
2002	8.8	8.1	9.3	10.3	4.4	11.9	19.7	7.6
2003	8.8	7.9	9.4	9.3	4.4	10.8	20.0	7.5
Tenth graders								
1991	12.2	11.2	13.1	NA	NA	NA	19.6	10.7
1992	12.3	11.1	13.2	13.7	4.3	11.8	20.2	10.5
1993	13.9	13.4	14.3	14.4	4.6	13.7	23.1	12.0
1994	15.2	14.1	16.0	15.4	5.4	16.1	24.0	13.3
1995	17.5	15.8	18.9	17.7	5.4	16.9	27.5	15.7
1996	18.4	17.2	19.6	20.0	4.5	18.8	29.5	16.5
1997	18.2	17.2	19.1	20.5	4.8	19.1	29.6	16.3
1998	16.6	15.6	17.5	19.7	4.7	17.5	27.8	14.6
1999	16.7	15.9	17.3	18.7	4.5	17.9	27.3	15.0
2000	16.7	16.7	16.6	18.6	4.2	17.8	27.7	15.0
2001	17.9	18.3	17.4	19.2	4.7	15.8	32.1	15.5
2002	15.7	15.1	16.4	18.9	5.7	15.7	27.1	14.0
2003	13.8	13.0	14.3	17.2	4.7	15.2	23.8	12.1
Twelfth graders								
1975	26.2	25.9	26.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1976	25.4	25.7	24.4	NA	NA	NA	28.7	20.9
1977	26.0	26.3	25.3	26.6	14.2	23.8	30.1	20.8
1978	27.1	27.9	25.7	27.7	13.4	23.5	30.0	22.7
1979	28.2	29.4	26.3	28.8	13.0	23.3	31.8	23.5
1980	30.4	30.2	30.0	30.6	13.8	24.7	35.5	25.5
1981	34.0	32.8	34.3	34.5	13.2	27.6	38.3	30.1
1982	30.1	31.0	28.3	32.1	14.5	25.5	34.0	26.0
1983	28.4	28.9	27.3	31.2	15.2	25.2	32.3	24.7
1984	28.0	28.2	26.9	30.2	12.9	26.2	32.9	23.3
1985	27.4	27.9	26.2	29.6	12.0	27.2	31.6	24.1
1986	25.9	26.2	24.8	28.2	12.1	26.2	31.3	22.2
1987	24.1	24.3	23.3	26.6	11.1	23.0	28.8	21.3
1988	21.1	22.2	19.3	24.4	10.3	20.5	24.5	19.0
1989	20.0	21.0	18.5	22.5	8.6	17.7	25.5	17.2
1990	17.9	19.2	16.0	21.0	6.5	15.6	23.1	15.2
1991	16.2	17.0	14.8	18.7	5.7	15.8	20.1	14.3
1992	14.9	15.5	13.8	17.1	5.3	15.1	19.5	13.0
1993	17.1	17.8	15.8	17.9	4.8	15.6	19.8	15.9
1994	18.0	18.5	16.9	19.4	6.1	16.5	22.9	16.0
1995	19.4	20.7	17.3	20.3	6.9	17.9	23.9	17.5
1996	19.8	21.7	16.8	21.2	6.0	19.7	24.2	17.9
1997	20.7	21.7	18.8	22.3	6.4	18.9	25.8	18.4
1998	20.2	21.7	18.0	23.1	7.1	17.5	26.5	17.8
1999	20.7	22.5	18.5	22.9	6.8	18.5	24.4	19.4
2000	20.4	21.5	18.6	22.7	6.4	21.2	24.7	18.5
2001	21.6	23.3	19.0	23.0	6.3	18.2	24.5	19.9
2002	20.9	22.0	19.0	24.1	6.0	6.1	27.2	19.0
2003	19.8	21.1	17.9	23.0	6.3	16.0	26.5	17.4

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64 and 3.66. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aTo derive percentages for each racial/ethnic subgroup, data for the specified year and the previous year are combined to increase subgroup sample sizes and provide more stable estimates.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 454, 455. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.68

Reported drug and alcohol use in last 12 months among high school seniors

By type of drug, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . .during the last 12 months?"

(Percent who used in last 12 months)

Type of drug	Class of 1991 (N=15,000)	Class of 1992 (N=15,800)	Class of 1993 (N=16,300)	Class of 1994 (N=15,400)	Class of 1995 (N=15,400)	Class of 1996 (N=14,300)	Class of 1997 (N=15,400)	Class of 1998 (N=15,200)	Class of 1999 (N=13,600)	Class of 2000 (N=12,800)	Class of 2001 (N=12,800)	Class of 2002 (N=12,900)	Class of 2003 (N=14,600)
Marijuana/hashish	23.9%	21.9%	26.0%	30.7%	34.7%	35.8%	38.5%	37.5%	37.8%	36.5%	37.0%	36.2%	34.9%
Inhalants ^a	6.6	6.2	7.0	7.7	8.0	7.6	6.7	6.2	5.6	5.9	4.5	4.5	3.9
Adjusted ^{a,b}	6.9	6.4	7.4	8.2	8.4	8.5	7.3	7.1	6.0	6.2	4.9	4.9	4.5
Amyl and butyl nitrites ^c	0.9	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.9
Hallucinogens ^d	5.8	5.9	7.4	7.6	9.3	10.1	9.8	9.0	9.4	8.1	9.1	6.6	5.9
Adjusted ^e	6.1	6.2	7.8	7.8	9.7	10.7	10.0	9.2	9.8	8.7	9.7	7.2	6.5
LSD	5.2	5.6	6.8	6.9	8.4	8.8	8.4	7.6	8.1	6.6	6.6	3.5	1.9
PCP ^c	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.8	2.3	1.8	1.1	1.3
MDMA (ecstasy) ^f	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.6	4.0	3.6	5.6	8.2	9.2	7.4	4.5
Cocaine	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.9	5.5	5.7	6.2	5.0	4.8	5.0	4.8
Crack	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.2
Other cocaine ^g	3.2	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.4	4.2	5.0	4.9	5.8	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.2
Heroin ^h	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.5	0.9	1.0	0.8
Other narcotics ^{i,j}	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.7	5.4	6.2	6.3	6.7	7.0	6.7	9.4	9.3
Amphetamines ⁱ	8.2	7.1	8.4	9.4	9.3	9.5	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.5	10.9	11.1	9.9
Methamphetamine ^k	NA	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.2							
Crystal methamphetamine ^k	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.8	2.4	2.8	2.3	3.0	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	2.0
Sedatives ^{l,m}	3.6	2.9	3.4	4.2	4.9	5.3	5.4	6.0	6.3	6.3	5.9	7.0	6.2
Barbiturates ⁱ	3.4	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.2	5.7	6.7	6.0
Methaqualone ^{i,m}	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.9	0.6
Tranquilizers ^{d,i}	3.6	2.8	3.5	3.7	4.4	4.6	4.7	5.5	5.8	5.7	6.9	7.7	6.7
Alcohol ⁿ	77.7	76.8	72.7	73.0	73.7	72.5	74.8	74.3	73.8	73.2	73.3	71.5	70.1
Steroids ^o	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.4	2.5	2.1

Note: See Note, table 3.64. Data for the categories "inhalants" and "hallucinogens" are underestimated because some users of amyl and butyl nitrites, and PCP fail to report in these drug categories. Since 1979, the survey addresses this issue by asking specific questions about amyl and butyl nitrites (inhalants) and PCP (a hallucinogen) on one survey alternate form. The results of this survey are used to adjust for underreporting in these drug categories. "Crack" is a highly potent and addictive form of cocaine. "Other cocaine" refers to noncrack forms of this drug. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1975 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aData based on five questionnaire forms in 1991-98; N is five-sixths of N indicated. Beginning in 1999, data are based on three questionnaire forms; N is one-half of N indicated.

^bAdjusted for underreporting of amyl and butyl nitrites.

^cData based on a single questionnaire form; N is one-sixth of N indicated.

^dIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^eAdjusted for underreporting of PCP.

^fData based on a single questionnaire form; N is one-sixth of N indicated. Beginning in 2002, data are based on two forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

^gData based on four questionnaire forms beginning in 1991; N is two-thirds of N indicated.

^hBeginning in 1995, the heroin question was changed in half of the questionnaire forms. Separate questions were asked for use with injection and without injection. Data presented here represent the combined data from all forms.

ⁱOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^jIn 2002, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The list of examples of narcotics other than heroin was updated by replacing "Talwin," "laudanum," and "paregoric" with "Vicodin," "OxyContin," and "Percocet." The 2002 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2003, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^kData based on two questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

^lSedatives data are a combination of barbiturate and methaqualone data. Beginning in 1991, six forms of barbiturate data are adjusted by one form of methaqualone data.

^mData based on a single questionnaire form; N is one-sixth of N indicated.

ⁿData based on six questionnaire forms in 1991 and 1992. In 1993, the question was changed slightly in three of six forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." The 1993 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 1994, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^oData based on two questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 175. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.69

Reported drug use, alcohol use, and cigarette use in last 30 days among high school seniors

By type of drug, United States, 1991-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . .during the last 30 days?"

(Percent who used in last 30 days)

Type of drug	Class of 1991 (N=15,000)	Class of 1992 (N=15,800)	Class of 1993 (N=16,300)	Class of 1994 (N=15,400)	Class of 1995 (N=15,400)	Class of 1996 (N=14,300)	Class of 1997 (N=15,400)	Class of 1998 (N=15,200)	Class of 1999 (N=13,600)	Class of 2000 (N=12,800)	Class of 2001 (N=12,800)	Class of 2002 (N=12,900)	Class of 2003 (N=14,600)
Marijuana/hashish	13.8%	11.9%	15.5%	19.0%	21.2%	21.9%	23.7%	22.8%	23.1%	21.6%	22.4%	21.5%	21.2%
Inhalants ^a	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.5
Adjusted ^{a,b}	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.5	2.9	2.9	3.1	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.8	2.3
Amyl and butyl nitrites ^c	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7
Hallucinogens ^d	2.2	2.1	2.7	3.1	4.4	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.5	2.6	3.3	2.3	1.8
Adjusted ^e	2.4	2.3	3.3	3.2	4.6	3.8	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.0	3.5	2.7	2.7
LSD	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.6	4.0	2.5	3.1	3.2	2.7	1.6	2.3	0.7	0.6
PCP ^c	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.6	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.6
MDMA (ecstasy) ^f	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.0	1.6	1.5	2.5	3.6	2.8	2.4	1.3
Cocaine	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.1
Crack	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.9
Other cocaine ^g	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8
Heroin ^h	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.4
Other narcotics ^{i,j}	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.0	4.0	4.1
Amphetamines ⁱ	3.2	2.8	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.8	4.6	4.5	5.0	5.6	5.5	5.0
Methamphetamine ^k	NA	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.7							
Crystal methamphetamine ^k	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8
Sedatives ^{l,m}	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.0
Barbiturates ⁱ	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.6	2.6	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.9
Methaqualone ^{i,m}	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.4
Tranquilizers ^{d,i}	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.3	2.8
Alcohol ⁿ	54.0	51.3	48.6	50.1	51.3	50.8	52.7	52.0	51.0	50.0	49.8	48.6	47.5
Steroids ^o	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.3
Cigarettes	28.3	27.8	29.9	31.2	33.5	34.0	36.5	35.1	34.6	31.4	29.5	26.7	24.4

Note: See Note, table 3.64. Data for the categories "inhalants" and "hallucinogens" are underestimated because some users of amyl and butyl nitrites, and PCP fail to report in these drug categories. Since 1979, the survey addresses this issue by asking specific questions about amyl and butyl nitrites (inhalants) and PCP (a hallucinogen) on one survey alternate form. The results of this survey are used to adjust for underreporting in these drug categories. "Crack" is a highly potent and addictive form of cocaine. "Other cocaine" refers to noncrack forms of this drug. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1975 through 1990 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aData based on five questionnaire forms in 1991-98; N is five-sixths of N indicated. Beginning in 1999, data are based on three questionnaire forms; N is one-half of N indicated.

^bAdjusted for underreporting of amyl and butyl nitrites.

^cData based on a single questionnaire form; N is one-sixth of N indicated.

^dIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^eAdjusted for underreporting of PCP.

^fData based on a single questionnaire form; N is one-sixth of N indicated. Beginning in 2002, data are based on two forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

^gData based on four questionnaire forms beginning in 1991; N is two-thirds of N indicated.

^hBeginning in 1995, the heroin question was changed in half of the questionnaire forms. Separate questions were asked for use with injection and without injection. Data presented here represent the combined data from all forms.

ⁱOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^jIn 2002, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The list of examples of narcotics other than heroin was updated by replacing "Talwin," "laudanum," and "paregoric" with "Vicodin," "OxyContin," and "Percocet." The 2002 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2003, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^kData based on two questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

^lSedatives data are a combination of barbiturate and methaqualone data. Beginning in 1991, six forms of barbiturate data are adjusted by one form of methaqualone data.

^mData based on a single questionnaire form; N is one-sixth of N indicated.

ⁿData based on six questionnaire forms in 1991 and 1992. In 1993, the question was changed slightly in three of six forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." The 1993 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated for 1993. Beginning in 1994, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^oData based on two questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 176. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.70

Reported drug use and most recent use among students

By type of drug and grade level, United States, 1991-2003

Type of drug	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Ever used													
<u>Marijuana/hashish</u>													
Eighth grade	10.2%	11.2%	12.6%	16.7%	19.9%	23.1%	22.6%	22.2%	22.0%	20.3%	20.4%	19.2%	17.5%
Tenth grade	23.4	21.4	24.4	30.4	34.1	39.8	42.3	39.6	40.9	40.3	40.1	38.7	36.4
Twelfth grade	36.7	32.6	35.3	38.2	41.7	44.9	49.6	49.1	49.7	48.8	49.0	47.8	46.1
<u>Inhalants^a</u>													
Eighth grade	17.6	17.4	19.4	19.9	21.6	21.2	21.0	20.5	19.7	17.9	17.1	15.2	15.8
Tenth grade	15.7	16.6	17.5	18.0	19.0	19.3	18.3	18.3	17.0	16.6	15.2	13.5	12.7
Twelfth grade ^b	17.6	16.6	17.4	17.7	17.4	16.6	16.1	15.2	15.4	14.2	13.0	11.7	11.2
<u>Hallucinogens^{a,c}</u>													
Eighth grade	3.2	3.8	3.9	4.3	5.2	5.9	5.4	4.9	4.8	4.6	5.2	4.1	4.0
Tenth grade	6.1	6.4	6.8	8.1	9.3	10.5	10.5	9.8	9.7	8.9	8.9	7.8	6.9
Twelfth grade	9.6	9.2	10.9	11.4	12.7	14.0	15.1	14.1	13.7	13.0	14.7	12.0	10.6
<u>LSD</u>													
Eighth grade	2.7	3.2	3.5	3.7	4.4	5.1	4.7	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.4	2.5	2.1
Tenth grade	5.6	5.8	6.2	7.2	8.4	9.4	9.5	8.5	8.5	7.6	6.3	5.0	3.5
Twelfth grade	8.8	8.6	10.3	10.5	11.7	12.6	13.6	12.6	12.2	11.1	10.9	8.4	5.9
<u>MDMA (ecstasy)</u>													
Eighth grade ^d	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.4	3.2	2.7	2.7	4.3	5.2	4.3	3.2
Tenth grade ^d	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.6	5.7	5.1	6.0	7.3	8.0	6.6	5.4
Twelfth grade ^e	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.1	6.9	5.8	8.0	11.0	11.7	10.5	8.3
<u>Cocaine</u>													
Eighth grade	2.3	2.9	2.9	3.6	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.3	3.6	3.6
Tenth grade	4.1	3.3	3.6	4.3	5.0	6.5	7.1	7.2	7.7	6.9	5.7	6.1	5.1
Twelfth grade	7.8	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.0	7.1	8.7	9.3	9.8	8.6	8.2	7.8	7.7
<u>Amphetamines^f</u>													
Eighth grade	10.5	10.8	11.8	12.3	13.1	13.5	12.3	11.3	10.7	9.9	10.2	8.7	8.4
Tenth grade	13.2	13.1	14.9	15.1	17.4	17.7	17.0	16.0	15.7	15.7	16.0	14.9	13.1
Twelfth grade	15.4	13.9	15.1	15.7	15.3	15.3	16.5	16.4	16.3	15.6	16.2	16.8	14.4
<u>Methamphetamine</u>													
Eighth grade ^g	NA	4.5	4.2	4.4	3.5	3.9							
Tenth grade ^g	NA	7.3	6.9	6.4	6.1	5.2							
Twelfth grade ^h	NA	8.2	7.9	6.9	6.7	6.2							
Used in last 12 months													
<u>Marijuana/hashish</u>													
Eighth grade	6.2	7.2	9.2	13.0	15.8	18.3	17.7	16.9	16.5	15.6	15.4	14.6	12.8
Tenth grade	16.5	15.2	19.2	25.2	28.7	33.6	34.8	31.1	32.1	32.2	32.7	30.3	28.2
Twelfth grade	23.9	21.9	26.0	30.7	34.7	35.8	38.5	37.5	37.8	36.5	37.0	36.2	34.9
<u>Inhalants^a</u>													
Eighth grade	9.0	9.5	11.0	11.7	12.8	12.2	11.8	11.1	10.3	9.4	9.1	7.7	8.7
Tenth grade	7.1	7.5	8.4	9.1	9.6	9.5	8.7	8.0	7.2	7.3	6.6	5.8	5.4
Twelfth grade ^b	6.6	6.2	7.0	7.7	8.0	7.6	6.7	6.2	5.6	5.9	4.5	4.5	3.9
<u>Hallucinogens^{a,c}</u>													
Eighth grade	1.9	2.5	2.6	2.7	3.6	4.1	3.7	3.4	2.9	2.8	3.4	2.6	2.6
Tenth grade	4.0	4.3	4.7	5.8	7.2	7.8	7.6	6.9	6.9	6.1	6.2	4.7	4.1
Twelfth grade	5.8	5.9	7.4	7.6	9.3	10.1	9.8	9.0	9.4	8.1	9.1	6.6	5.9
<u>LSD</u>													
Eighth grade	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.4	3.2	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.5	1.3
Tenth grade	3.7	4.0	4.2	5.2	6.5	6.9	6.7	5.9	6.0	5.1	4.1	2.6	1.7
Twelfth grade	5.2	5.6	6.8	6.9	8.4	8.8	8.4	7.6	8.1	6.6	6.6	3.5	1.9
<u>MDMA (ecstasy)</u>													
Eighth grade ^d	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.3	2.3	1.8	1.7	3.1	3.5	2.9	2.1
Tenth grade ^d	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.6	3.9	3.3	4.4	5.4	6.2	4.9	3.0
Twelfth grade ^e	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.6	4.0	3.6	5.6	8.2	9.2	7.4	4.5
<u>Cocaine</u>													
Eighth grade	1.1	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.6	3.0	2.8	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2
Tenth grade	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.4	3.6	4.0	3.3
Twelfth grade	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.9	5.5	5.7	6.2	5.0	4.8	5.0	4.8
<u>Amphetamines^f</u>													
Eighth grade	6.2	6.5	7.2	7.9	8.7	9.1	8.1	7.2	6.9	6.5	6.7	5.5	5.5
Tenth grade	8.2	8.2	9.6	10.2	11.9	12.4	12.1	10.7	10.4	11.1	11.7	10.7	9.0
Twelfth grade	8.2	7.1	8.4	9.4	9.3	9.5	10.2	10.1	10.2	10.5	10.9	11.1	9.9
<u>Methamphetamine</u>													
Eighth grade ^g	NA	3.2	2.5	2.8	2.2	2.5							
Tenth grade ^g	NA	4.6	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.3							
Twelfth grade ^h	NA	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.2							

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.70

Reported drug use and most recent use among students

By type of drug and grade level, United States, 1991-2003--Continued

Type of drug	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Used in last 30 days													
<u>Marijuana/hashish</u>													
Eighth grade	3.2%	3.7%	5.1%	7.8%	9.1%	11.3%	10.2%	9.7%	9.7%	9.1%	9.2%	8.3%	7.5%
Tenth grade	8.7	8.1	10.9	15.8	17.2	20.4	20.5	18.7	19.4	19.7	19.8	17.8	17.0
Twelfth grade	13.8	11.9	15.5	19.0	21.2	21.9	23.7	22.8	23.1	21.6	22.4	21.5	21.2
<u>Inhalants^a</u>													
Eighth grade	4.4	4.7	5.4	5.6	6.1	5.8	5.6	4.8	5.0	4.5	4.0	3.8	4.1
Tenth grade	2.7	2.7	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.2
Twelfth grade ^b	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.5
<u>Hallucinogens^{a,c}</u>													
Eighth grade	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.2
Tenth grade	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.4	3.3	2.8	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.3	2.1	1.6	1.5
Twelfth grade	2.2	2.1	2.7	3.1	4.4	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.5	2.6	3.3	2.3	1.8
<u>LSD</u>													
Eighth grade	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6
Tenth grade	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	3.0	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.3	1.6	1.5	0.7	0.6
Twelfth grade	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.6	4.0	2.5	3.1	3.2	2.7	1.6	2.3	0.7	0.6
<u>MDMA (ecstasy)</u>													
Eighth grade ^d	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.4	1.8	1.4	0.7
Tenth grade ^d	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.8	2.6	2.6	1.8	1.1
Twelfth grade ^e	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.0	1.6	1.5	2.5	3.6	2.8	2.4	1.3
<u>Cocaine</u>													
Eighth grade	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.9
Tenth grade	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.3
Twelfth grade	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.1
<u>Amphetamines^f</u>													
Eighth grade	2.6	3.3	3.6	3.6	4.2	4.6	3.8	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.2	2.8	2.7
Tenth grade	3.3	3.6	4.3	4.5	5.3	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.4	5.6	5.2	4.3
Twelfth grade	3.2	2.8	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.8	4.6	4.5	5.0	5.6	5.5	5.0
<u>Methamphetamine</u>													
Eighth grade ^g	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1	0.8	1.3	1.1	1.2
Tenth grade ^g	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.4
Twelfth grade ^h	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.7

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64 and 3.68. Approximate weighted Ns range from 15,100 to 18,600 for the eighth grade surveys, 13,600 to 17,000 for the tenth grade surveys, and 12,800 to 16,300 for the twelfth grade surveys. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aInhalants are unadjusted for underreporting of amyl and butyl nitrites; hallucinogens are unadjusted for underreporting of PCP.

^bFor twelfth graders, data based on five questionnaire forms in 1991-98; N is five-sixths of N indicated. Beginning in 1999, data are based on three of six questionnaire forms; N is one-half of N indicated.

^cIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^dData based on one of two forms in 1996; N is one-half of N indicated. In 1997-2001, data are based on one-third of N indicated due to changes on the questionnaire forms. Beginning in 2002, data are based on two of four forms; N is one-half of N indicated.

^eFor twelfth graders, data based on one questionnaire form in 1996-2001; N is one-sixth of N indicated. Beginning in 2002, data are based on two questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

^fOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^gData based on one of four questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

^hData based on two of six questionnaire forms; N is one-third of N indicated.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 1, Secondary School Students (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 178-184. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.71

Reported drug use, alcohol use, and cigarette use in last 12 months among college students

By type of drug, United States, 1988-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . .during the last 12 months?"

Type of drug	Percent who used in last 12 months															
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Marijuana	34.6%	33.6%	29.4%	26.5%	27.7%	27.9%	29.3%	31.2%	33.1%	31.6%	35.9%	35.2%	34.0%	35.6%	34.7%	33.7%
Inhalants ^a	4.1	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.1	3.8	3.0	3.9	3.6	4.1	3.0	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.0	1.8
Hallucinogens ^b	5.3	5.1	5.4	6.3	6.8	6.0	6.2	8.2	6.9	7.7	7.2	7.8	6.7	7.5	6.3	7.4
LSD	3.6	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	5.1	5.2	6.9	5.2	5.0	4.4	5.4	4.3	4.0	2.1	1.4
MDMA (ecstasy) ^c	NA	2.3	2.3	0.9	2.0	0.8	0.5	2.4	2.8	2.4	3.9	5.5	9.1	9.2	6.8	4.4
Cocaine	10.0	8.2	5.6	3.6	3.0	2.7	2.0	3.6	2.9	3.4	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.4
Crack ^d	1.4	1.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.3
Heroin	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2
Other narcotics ^{e,f}	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.4	3.8	3.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.5	5.7	5.9	8.7
Amphetamines ^e	6.2	4.6	4.5	3.9	3.6	4.2	4.2	5.4	4.2	5.7	5.1	5.8	6.6	7.2	7.0	7.1
Crystal methamphetamine ^g	NA	NA	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.4	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9
Barbiturates ^e	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.2	2.0	2.3	3.0	2.5	3.2	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.1
Tranquilizers ^{b,e}	3.1	2.6	3.0	2.4	2.9	2.4	1.8	2.9	2.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.2	5.1	6.7	6.9
Alcohol ^h	89.6	89.6	89.0	88.3	86.9	85.1	82.7	83.2	83.0	82.4	84.6	83.6	83.2	83.0	82.9	81.7
Cigarettes	36.6	34.2	35.5	35.6	37.3	38.8	37.6	39.3	41.4	43.6	44.3	44.5	41.3	39.0	38.3	35.2

Note: See Note, table 3.64. These data are from a followup survey of respondents 1 to 4 years past high school who are presently enrolled in college. Included are those registered as full-time students in March of the year in question and who report that they are enrolled in a 2- or 4-year college. Those individuals previously in college and those who have already completed college are excluded. The approximate N for each year is as follows: 1988, 1,310; 1989, 1,300; 1990, 1,400; 1991, 1,410; 1992, 1,490; 1993, 1,490; 1994, 1,410; 1995, 1,450; 1996, 1,450; 1997, 1,480; 1998, 1,440; 1999, 1,440; 2000, 1,350; 2001, 1,340; 2002, 1,260; 2003, 1,270. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1980 through 1987 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Since 1982, new questions were introduced on the use of controlled and non-controlled stimulants in order to exclude over-the-counter amphetamines, which were believed to have been inflating the statistic for earlier years. Figures presented for "stimulants" are based on the data obtained from these new questions. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis drug was asked about in four of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in five of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-98, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1999.

^bIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording.

^cThis drug was asked about in two of the five questionnaire forms in 1989, in two of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^dThis drug was asked about in two of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in all six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in five of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^eOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^fIn 2002, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The list of examples of narcotics other than heroin was updated by replacing "Talwin," "laudanum," and "paregoric" with "Vicodin," "OxyContin," and "Percocet." The 2002 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2003, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^gThis drug was asked about in two of the six questionnaire forms.

^hIn 1993 and 1994, the question was changed slightly in half of the questionnaire forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." Data for 1993 and 1994 are from the revised and unrevised forms combined. Beginning in 1995, all forms include the revised wording.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 2, College Students and Adults Ages 19-45 (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 237. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.72

Reported drug use, alcohol use, and cigarette use in last 30 days among college students

By type of drug, United States, 1988-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used . . . during the last 30 days?"

Type of drug	Percent who used in last 30 days																
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Marijuana	16.8%	16.3%	14.0%	14.1%	14.6%	14.2%	15.1%	18.6%	17.5%	17.7%	18.6%	20.7%	20.0%	20.2%	19.7%	19.3%	
Inhalants ^a	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.3	0.6	1.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.5	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.4	
Hallucinogens ^b	1.7	2.3	1.4	1.2	2.3	2.5	2.1	3.3	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.8	
LSD	1.1	1.4	1.1	0.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.5	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.2	0.2	
MDMA (ecstasy) ^c	NA	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	2.1	2.5	1.5	0.7	1.0	
Cocaine	4.2	2.8	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.9	
Crack ^d	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.4	
Heroin	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	(e)	0.0	0.1	(e)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	(e)	
Other narcotics ^{f,g}	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.4	1.2	0.7	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.3	
Amphetamines ^f	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.5	2.2	0.9	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.9	3.3	3.0	3.1	
Crystal methamphetamine ^h	NA	NA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	
Barbiturates ^f	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.7	
Tranquilizers ^{b,f}	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	1.2	1.3	1.1	2.0	1.5	3.0	2.8	
Alcohol ⁱ	77.0	76.2	74.5	74.7	71.4	70.1	67.8	67.5	67.0	65.8	68.1	69.9	67.4	67.0	68.9	66.2	
Cigarettes	22.6	21.1	21.5	23.2	23.5	24.5	23.5	26.8	27.9	28.3	30.0	30.6	28.2	25.7	26.7	22.5	

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64 and 3.71. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1980 through 1987 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis drug was asked about in four of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in five of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-98, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1999.

^bIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording.

^cThis drug was asked about in two of the five questionnaire forms in 1989, in two of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^dThis drug was asked about in two of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in all six forms in 1990-2001, and in five of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^eLess than 0.05%.

^fOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^gIn 2002, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The list of examples of narcotics other than heroin was updated by replacing "Talwin," "laudanum," and "paregoric" with "Vicodin," "OxyContin," and "Percocet." The 2002 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2003, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^hThis drug was asked about in two of the six questionnaire forms.

ⁱIn 1993 and 1994, the question was changed slightly in half of the questionnaire forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." Data for 1993 and 1994 are from the revised and unrevised forms combined. Beginning in 1995, all forms include the revised wording.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 2, College Students and Adults Ages 19-45 (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 238. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.73

Reported daily use in last 30 days of drugs, alcohol, and cigarettes among college students

By type of drug, United States, 1988-2003

Type of drug	Percent who used daily in last 30 days																
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Marijuana	1.8%	2.6%	1.7%	1.8%	1.6%	1.9%	1.8%	3.7%	2.8%	3.7%	4.0%	4.0%	4.6%	4.5%	4.1%	4.7%	
Cocaine	0.1	(a)	0.0	(a)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(a)	
Amphetamines ^b	(a)	(a)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	(a)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	
Alcohol																	
Daily ^c	4.9	4.0	3.8	4.1	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.0	3.2	4.5	3.9	4.5	3.6	4.7	5.0	4.3	
5 or more drinks in a row in last 2 weeks	43.2	41.7	41.0	42.8	41.4	40.2	40.2	38.6	38.3	40.7	38.9	40.0	39.3	40.9	40.1	38.5	
Cigarettes																	
Daily	12.4	12.2	12.1	13.8	14.1	15.2	13.2	15.8	15.9	15.2	18.0	19.3	17.8	15.0	15.9	13.8	
Half-pack or more per day	7.3	6.7	8.2	8.0	8.9	8.9	8.0	10.2	8.5	9.1	11.3	11.0	10.1	7.8	7.9	7.6	

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64 and 3.71. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1980 through 1987 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

^bOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^cIn 1993 and 1994, the question was changed slightly in half of the questionnaire forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." Data for 1993 and 1994 are from the revised and unrevised forms combined. Beginning in 1995, all forms include the revised wording.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 2, College Students and Adults Ages 19-45 (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 239. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.74

Reported drug use, alcohol use, and cigarette use in last 12 months among young adults

By type of drug, United States, 1988-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used. . .during the last 12 months?"

Type of drug	Percent who used in last 12 months															
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Marijuana	31.8%	29.0%	26.1%	23.8%	25.2%	25.1%	25.5%	26.5%	27.0%	26.8%	27.4%	27.6%	27.9%	29.2%	29.3%	29.0%
Inhalants ^a	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.4
Hallucinogens ^b	3.9	3.6	4.1	4.5	5.0	4.5	4.8	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.4	4.7	5.2
Adjusted ^c	3.9	NA	4.2	4.6	5.1	4.6	4.9	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.5	4.7	5.2
LSD	2.9	2.7	3.3	3.8	4.3	3.8	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.4	3.5	4.0	3.7	3.4	1.8	1.2
PCP ^d	0.4	NA	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3
MDMA (ecstasy) ^e	NA	1.4	1.5	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.7	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.9	3.6	7.2	7.5	6.2	4.5
Cocaine	13.8	10.8	8.6	6.2	5.7	4.7	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.6	4.9	5.4	5.4	5.8	5.8	6.6
Crack ^f	3.1	2.5	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0
Other cocaine ^g	11.9	10.3	8.1	5.4	5.1	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.8	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.8	5.3	5.6	6.1
Heroin	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.4
Other narcotics ^{h,i}	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.5	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.8	4.1	5.0	7.1	8.5
Amphetamines ^h	7.3	5.8	5.2	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.5	4.6	4.2	4.6	4.5	4.7	5.4	5.8	5.9	5.8
Crystal metham- phetamine ^j	NA	NA	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.3
Barbiturates ^h	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.4	3.7	3.9	3.9
Tranquilizers ^{b,h}	4.2	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.8	3.7	4.6	5.5	7.0	6.8
Alcohol ^k	88.6	88.1	87.4	86.9	86.2	85.3	83.7	84.7	84.0	84.3	84.0	84.1	84.0	84.3	84.9	83.3
Steroids ^l	NA	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Cigarettes	37.7	38.0	37.1	37.7	37.9	37.8	38.3	38.8	40.3	41.8	41.6	41.1	40.9	41.1	39.1	38.6

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64 and 3.71. "Young adults" includes high school graduates 1 to 10 years beyond high school. These data present the prevalence for young adults combined. The approximate N for each year is as follows: 1988, 6,700; 1989, 6,600; 1990, 6,700; 1991, 6,600; 1992, 6,800; 1993, 6,700; 1994, 6,500; 1995, 6,400; 1996, 6,300; 1997, 6,400; 1998, 6,200; 1999, 6,000; 2000, 5,700; 2001, 5,800; 2002, 5,300; 2003, 5,300. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1986 and 1987 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis drug was asked about in four of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in five of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-98, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1999.

^bIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording.

^cAdjusted for underreporting of PCP.

^dThis drug was asked about in one of the five questionnaire forms in 1988, and in one of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1990.

^eThis drug was asked about in two of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^fThis drug was asked about in two of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in all six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in five of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^gThis drug was asked about in one of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, and in four of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1990.

^hOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

ⁱIn 2002, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The list of examples of narcotics other than heroin was updated by replacing "Talwin," "laudanum," and "paregoric" with "Vicodin," "OxyContin," and "Percocet." The 2002 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2003, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^jThis drug was asked about in two of the six questionnaire forms.

^kIn 1993 and 1994, the question was changed slightly in half of the questionnaire forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." Data for 1993 and 1994 are from the revised and unrevised forms combined. Beginning in 1995, all forms include the revised wording.

^lThis drug was asked about in one of the five questionnaire forms in 1989, and two of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1990.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 2, College Students and Adults Ages 19-45 (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 134. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.75

Reported drug use, alcohol use, and cigarette use in last 30 days among young adults

By type of drug, United States, 1988-2003

Question: "On how many occasions, if any, have you used . . . during the last 30 days?"

Type of drug	Percent who used in last 30 days															
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Marijuana	17.9%	15.5%	13.9%	13.5%	13.3%	13.4%	14.1%	14.0%	15.1%	15.0%	14.9%	15.6%	16.1%	16.7%	16.9%	17.3%
Inhalants ^a	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3
Hallucinogens ^b	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.2
Adjusted ^c	1.1	NA	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.2
LSD	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.3	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.2
PCP ^d	0.3	NA	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
MDMA (ecstasy) ^e	NA	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.3	0.8
Cocaine	5.7	3.8	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.2	2.4
Crack ^f	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
Other cocaine ^g	4.8	3.4	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.1
Heroin	0.1	0.1	0.1	(h)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	(h)	0.1
Other narcotics ^{h,i}	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.9	2.9
Amphetamines ⁱ	2.7	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5
Crystal methamphetamine ^k	NA	NA	0.1	(h)	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
Barbiturates ^j	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.5
Tranquilizers ^{b,i}	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.8	2.1	2.8	2.4
Alcohol ^l	74.0	72.4	71.2	70.6	69.0	68.3	67.7	68.1	66.7	67.5	66.9	68.2	66.8	67.2	68.3	67.0
Steroids ^m	NA	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Cigarettes	28.9	28.6	27.7	28.2	28.3	28.0	28.0	29.2	30.1	29.9	30.9	30.3	30.1	30.2	29.2	28.4

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64, 3.71, and 3.74. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1986 and 1987 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aThis drug was asked about in four of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in five of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-98, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1999.

^bIn 2001, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The 2001 data are based on the changed forms only. Beginning in 2002, all forms include the revised wording.

^cAdjusted for underreporting of PCP.

^dThis drug was asked about in one of the five questionnaire forms in 1988, and in one of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1990.

^eThis drug was asked about in two of the six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in three of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^fThis drug was asked about in two of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, in all six questionnaire forms in 1990-2001, and in five of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 2002.

^gThis drug was asked about in one of the five questionnaire forms in 1988 and 1989, and in four of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1990.

^hLess than 0.05%.

ⁱOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^jIn 2002, the question text was changed on half of the questionnaire forms. The list of examples of narcotics other than heroin was updated by replacing "Talwin," "laudanum," and "paregoric" with "Vicodin," "OxyContin," and "Percocet." The 2002 data are based on the changed forms only; N is one-half of N indicated. Beginning in 2003, all forms include the revised wording and data are based on all six forms.

^kThis drug was asked about in two of the six questionnaire forms.

^lIn 1993 and 1994, the question was changed slightly in half of the questionnaire forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." Data for 1993 and 1994 are from the revised and unrevised forms combined. Beginning in 1995, all forms include the revised wording.

^mThis drug was asked about in one of the five questionnaire forms in 1989, and in two of the six questionnaire forms beginning in 1990.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 2, College Students and Adults Ages 19-45 (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 135. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.76

Reported daily use within last 30 days of drugs, alcohol, and cigarettes among young adults

By type of drug, United States, 1988-2003

Type of drug	Percent using daily in last 30 days															
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Marijuana	3.3%	3.2%	2.5%	2.3%	2.3%	2.4%	2.8%	3.3%	3.3%	3.8%	3.7%	4.4%	4.2%	5.0%	4.5%	5.3%
Cocaine	0.2	0.1	(a)	0.1	(a)	0.1	(a)	0.1	(a)	(a)	(a)	0.1	(a)	0.1	(a)	(a)
Amphetamines ^b	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
<u>Alcohol</u>																
Daily ^c 5 or more drinks in a row in last 2 weeks	6.1	5.5	4.7	4.9	4.5	4.5	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.6	4.0	4.8	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.1
	35.2	34.8	34.3	34.7	34.2	34.4	33.7	32.6	33.6	34.4	34.1	35.8	34.7	35.9	35.9	35.8
<u>Cigarettes</u>																
Daily	22.7	22.4	21.3	21.7	20.9	20.8	20.7	21.2	21.8	20.6	21.9	21.5	21.8	21.2	21.2	20.3
Half-pack or more per day	17.7	17.3	16.7	16.0	15.7	15.5	15.3	15.7	15.3	14.6	15.6	15.1	15.1	14.6	14.2	13.9

Note: See Notes, tables 3.64, 3.71, and 3.74. For drugs not included in this table, daily use was below 0.2% in all years. Readers interested in responses to this question for 1986 and 1987 should consult previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 6.

^aLess than 0.05%.

^bOnly drug use that was not under a doctor's orders is included here.

^cIn 1993 and 1994, the question was changed slightly in half of the questionnaire forms to indicate that a "drink" meant "more than a few sips." Data for 1993 and 1994 are from the revised and unrevised forms combined. Beginning in 1995, all forms include the revised wording.

Source: Lloyd D. Johnston, et al., *Monitoring the Future National Survey Results on Drug Use, 1975-2003*, Vol. 2, College Students and Adults Ages 19-45 (Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 136. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.77

Reported drinking behaviors among college studentsBy sex, United States, 1993, 1997, 1999, and 2001^a

(Percent reporting the behavior)

Drinking behavior	1993 (N=15,282)	1997 (N=14,428)	1999 (N=13,954)	2001 (N=10,904)
Abstainer ^b	16.4%	19.6%	19.8%	19.3%
Male	15.7	18.9	20.5	20.1
Female	17.0	20.3	19.2	18.7
Drank in past year	83.6	80.3	79.8	80.7
Male	84.2	81.0	79.0	79.9
Female	82.9	79.7	80.5	81.3
Nonbinge drinking ^c	39.7	37.2	35.7	36.3
Male	35.1	32.6	29.4	31.3
Female	44.0	41.4	41.4	40.4
Binge drinking ^d	43.9	43.2	44.5	44.4
Male	49.2	48.5	50.2	48.6
Female	39.0	38.4	39.4	40.9
Occasional binge drinking ^e	24.3	22.2	21.9	21.6
Male	26.8	25.3	24.9	23.4
Female	21.9	19.4	19.2	20.0
Frequent binge drinking ^f	19.7	21.0	22.6	22.8
Male	22.4	23.2	25.3	25.2
Female	17.1	18.9	20.3	20.9

Note: These data are from the 1993, 1997, 1999, and 2001 College Alcohol Studies, conducted by the Harvard School of Public Health. The colleges and universities in the study were selected from the American Council on Education's list of accredited 4-year colleges and universities, using probability sampling proportionate to the size of the institution. This resulted in the inclusion of a cross-section of institutions in terms of type, size, and location. Random samples of full-time undergraduate students were provided from each college participating in the study. In each of the study years, students were mailed questionnaires asking about their drinking behaviors in the previous year, month, and 2-week period before completion of the questionnaire. The data presented are from 119 colleges that participated in all four surveys. The inclusion criteria for data analysis differed from previous survey years, i.e., six schools were reintroduced that had participated in earlier surveys but had been excluded from previous analyses. Therefore, data presented for 1993, 1997, and 1999 have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aSubcategories may not add to total because of rounding.

^bStudents who did not consume alcohol in the past year.

^cStudents who consumed alcohol in the past year but did not binge in the previous 2-week period.

^dStudents who consumed five or more drinks in a row for men and four or more in a row for women, on one or more occasions during the 2 weeks prior to the survey.

^eStudents who binged one or two times in the previous 2-week period.

^fStudents who binged three or more times in the previous 2-week period.

Source: Henry Wechsler et al., "Trends in College Binge Drinking During a Period of Increased Prevention Efforts," *Journal of American College Health*, Vol. 50 (March 2002), p. 207, Table 2 [Online]. Available: <http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cas/Documents/trends/Trends.pdf> [Dec. 14, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.78

Prevalence of binge drinking among college students

By selected characteristics, United States, 1993, 1997, 1999, and 2001

Characteristics	Percent binge drinkers			
	1993	1997	1999	2001
All students	43.9%	43.2%	44.5%	44.4%
Sex				
Male	49.2	48.5	50.2	48.6
Female	39.0	38.4	39.4	40.9
Race/ethnicity				
White	49.5	48.2	50.1	50.2
Black	16.7	18.5	17.5	21.7
Asian/Pacific Islander	23.1	24.4	23.3	26.2
Native American Indian/other	39.3	37.9	42.6	33.6
Hispanic	39.7	37.7	41.0	34.4
Non-Hispanic	44.3	43.7	44.8	45.2
Age				
20 years or younger	45.5	44.6	44.9	43.6
21 to 23 years	48.1	47.5	50.3	50.2
24 years or older	28.5	28.8	29.1	30.9
Year in school				
Freshman	42.9	42.8	42.0	42.4
Sophomore	45.4	44.6	44.9	42.8
Junior	44.4	44.8	46.3	45.9
Senior	42.8	41.7	45.6	44.9
Living arrangement				
Non-substance-free residence hall	46.7	45.8	44.5	45.3
Substance-free residence hall	34.7	32.5	32.1	35.3
Fraternity/sorority house	83.4	82.6	80.3	75.4
Off campus, alone or with a roommate	54.1	53.5	56.2	54.5
Off campus with a spouse	18.5	20.8	22.9	26.5
Off campus with parents	29.7	28.3	29.8	30.1
Fraternity/sorority member	67.4	67.4	65.2	64.3

Note: See Note, table 3.77. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: Henry Wechsler et al., "Trends in College Binge Drinking During a Period of Increased Prevention Efforts," *Journal of American College Health*, Vol. 50 (March 2002), p. 207, Table 2 and p. 208 [Online]. Available: <http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cas/Documents/trends/Trends.pdf> [Dec. 14, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.79

Drinking behaviors among college students reporting alcohol consumption in past year

By sex, United States, 1993, 1997, 1999, and 2001

(Percent reporting the behavior in the past year)

Drinking behavior	Total				Male				Female			
	1993	1997	1999	2001	1993	1997	1999	2001	1993	1997	1999	2001
Drank on 10 or more occasions in the past 30 days	18.1%	21.1%	23.1%	22.6%	23.9%	27.2%	30.1%	29.2%	12.3%	15.1%	16.4%	16.8%
Was drunk three or more times in the past month	23.4	29.0	30.2	29.4	28.0	33.6	35.8	34.9	18.9	24.4	25.0	24.6
Drinks to get drunk ^a	39.9	53.5	47.7	48.2	44.4	59.1	53.8	55.2	35.6	48.4	42.4	42.4

Note: See Note, table 3.77. This table includes only those students who reported drinking alcohol in the past year. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aStudents reporting that getting drunk is an important reason for drinking.

Source: Henry Wechsler et al., "Trends in College Binge Drinking During a Period of Increased Prevention Efforts," *Journal of American College Health*, Vol. 50 (March 2002), p. 209, Table 4 [Online]. Available: <http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cas/Documents/trends/Trends.pdf> [Dec. 14, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.80

Alcohol-related problems among college students

United States, 1993, 1997, 1999, and 2001

Problem	1993	1997	1999	2001
Missed a class	26.9%	31.1%	29.9%	29.5%
Got behind in school work	20.5	24.1	24.1	21.6
Did something you regret	32.1	37.0	36.1	35.0
Forgot where you were or what you did	24.7	27.4	27.1	26.8
Argued with friends	19.6	24.0	22.5	22.9
Engaged in unplanned sexual activities	19.2	23.3	21.6	21.3
Did not use protection when you had sex	9.8	11.2	10.3	10.4
Damaged property	9.3	11.7	10.8	10.7
Got into trouble with campus or local police	4.6	6.4	5.8	6.5
Got hurt or injured	9.3	12.0	12.4	12.8
Required medical treatment for an overdose	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8
Drove after drinking alcohol	26.6	29.5	28.8	29.0
Had five or more different alcohol-related problems	16.6	20.8	19.9	20.3

Note: See Note, table 3.77. This table includes only those students who reported drinking alcohol in the past year and reported having the problem one or more times since the beginning of the school year. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: Henry Wechsler et al., "Trends in College Binge Drinking During a Period of Increased Prevention Efforts," *Journal of American College Health*, Vol. 50 (March 2002), p. 210 [Online]. Available: <http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cas/Documents/trends/Trends.pdf> [Dec. 14, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.81

Binge drinking among underage and legal age college students

By living arrangement, United States, 2001

Living arrangement	Total	Underage	Legal age
		(N=4,231)	(N=4,547)
Off campus with parents	29.9%	24.9%	35.7%
Substance-free residence hall	35.5	35.8	33.8
Off campus without parents	53.9	49.6	56.2
Non-substance-free residence hall	49.9	50.7	47.1
Fraternity/sorority house	76.0	69.9	83.4
Controlled living arrangement ^a	32.0	30.3	35.4
Uncontrolled living arrangement ^b	53.1	51.1	55.5

Note: See Note, table 3.77. These data are limited to students participating in the 2001 College Alcohol Study who were 23 years of age and younger. "Underage" students are those under 21 years of age; "legal age" students are those 21 to 23 years of age. "Binge drinking" is the consumption of five or more drinks in a row for men and four or more drinks in a row for women, on one or more occasions during the 2 weeks prior to the survey.

^aIncludes substance-free residence hall and off campus with parents.

^bIncludes non-substance-free residence hall, off campus without parents, and fraternity/sorority house.

Source: Henry Wechsler et al., "Underage College Students' Drinking Behavior, Access to Alcohol, and the Influence of Deterrence Policies," *Journal of American College Health*, Vol. 50 (March 2002), p. 227 [Online]. Available: <http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cas/Documents/underminimum/DrinkingBehavior.pdf> [Dec. 14, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.82

Alcohol-related effects experienced by underage college students

By living arrangement, United States, 2001

Effect experienced	Living arrangement				
	Off campus with parents	Substance-free residence	Off campus without parents	Non-substance-free residence hall	Fraternity/sorority house
Been insulted/humiliated	17.9%	31.0%	32.4%	36.4%	45.0%
Had a serious argument/quarrel	18.7	24.6	29.9	27.8	46.9
Been pushed, hit/assaulted	8.2	13.1	13.1	14.8	20.5
Had property damaged	8.0	15.2	23.0	19.1	28.3
Had to take care of drunken student	34.7	55.9	60.1	64.6	83.7
Had studying/sleeping interrupted	16.3	55.9	50.1	62.4	77.0
Experienced unwanted sexual advance	15.0	25.1	30.6	29.9	34.5
Been victim of sexual assault or date rape ^a	0.8	2.1	1.4	2.5	6.8
Experienced at least one of the above problems	48.3	78.1	77.3	86.5	98.0

Note: See Notes, tables 3.77 and 3.81.

^aFemale respondents only.

Source: Henry Wechsler et al., "Underage College Students' Drinking Behavior, Access to Alcohol, and the Influence of Deterrence Policies," *Journal of American College Health*, Vol. 50 (March 2002), p. 228 [Online]. Available: <http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cas/Documents/underminimum/DrinkingBehavior.pdf> [Dec. 14, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.83

College students and underage college students reporting alcohol use

By frequency of use, United States, 1998-2002

	College students' alcohol use			Underage college students' alcohol use	
	In past year	In past 30 days	Binge drinking ^a	In past year	In past 30 days
1998	85.2%	73.1%	45.6%	83.3%	70.4%
1999	85.1	73.2	46.8	83.4	70.7
2000	84.1	72.1	46.5	82.2	69.1
2001	85.3	74.4	49.7	83.6	71.8
2002	85.2	73.4	47.7	82.2	70.3

Note: These data are from the Core Alcohol and Drug Survey, a series of surveys of college students conducted by the Core Institute, Southern Illinois University at Carbondale. These data are from samples of 2- and 4-year colleges and universities in the United States. The 1998 survey included 30,965 students from 64 colleges; the 1999 survey, 65,033 students from 157 colleges; the 2000 survey, 55,026 students from 132 colleges; the 2001 survey, 54,444 students from 131 colleges; and the 2002 survey, 54,367 students from 125 colleges. Only institutions employing random sampling techniques to collect data representative of their campuses are included. Comparisons across years should be undertaken with caution because participating institutions varied from year to year.

^a"Binge" drinking is defined as five or more drinks on the same occasion at least once during the 2 weeks prior to the survey.

Source: Core Institute, Southern Illinois University at Carbondale, *Core Alcohol and Drug Survey* [Online]. Available: http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/1998.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/1999.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2000.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2001.htm; and http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2002.htm [June 16, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.84

College students reporting drug use

By type of drug, United States, 1998-2002

	Percent of college students reporting drug use									
	1998		1999		2000		2001		2002	
	In past year	In past 30 days	In past year	In past 30 days	In past year	In past 30 days	In past year	In past 30 days	In past year	In past 30 days
Marijuana	32.4%	18.8%	32.5%	18.7%	33.6%	20.0%	36.4%	21.9%	35.7%	20.7%
Cocaine	4.4	1.8	3.8	1.6	5.0	2.1	5.1	2.4	5.5	2.5
Amphetamines	6.5	2.9	6.3	3.1	7.6	3.8	8.5	4.5	9.3	5.1
Sedatives	3.4	1.6	3.0	1.4	4.1	1.9	4.4	2.2	4.7	2.3
Hallucinogens	7.3	2.4	6.6	2.2	6.6	2.0	6.3	2.1	5.2	1.4
Opiates	1.6	0.8	1.4	0.7	1.5	0.7	2.1	1.0	1.8	0.8
Inhalants	2.2	0.9	2.3	1.0	1.9	0.8	2.2	1.0	1.7	0.8
Designer drugs	3.8	1.4	5.5	2.5	9.1	3.7	9.1	2.9	7.7	2.1
Steroids	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.6
Other	2.3	1.0	2.2	0.9	2.5	1.1	2.5	1.2	2.5	1.1

Note: See Note, table 3.83.

Source: Core Institute, Southern Illinois University at Carbondale, **Core Alcohol and Drug Survey** [Online]. Available: http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/1998.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/1999.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2000.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2001.htm; and http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2002.htm [June 16, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.85

College students reporting experiences of violence or harassment and involvement of alcohol or drugs before the experience

United States, 1995-2002

Question: "Indicate whether any of the following have happened to you within the last year while you were in and around campus. If you answered yes, indicate if you had consumed alcohol or other drugs shortly before these incidents."

(Percent reporting experience; percent reporting consumption of alcohol or drugs shortly before)

	Happened to respondent								Respondent reporting consumption of alcohol or drugs shortly before incident ^a							
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Threats of physical violence	10.7%	9.4%	10.8%	13.3%	10.6%	9.5%	10.3%	9.6%	50.1%	50.6%	57.9%	43.4%	54.4%	34.2%	58.8%	34.2%
Ethnic or racial harassment	6.9	7.1	6.7	8.7	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.7	13.6	11.5	16.1	10.5	11.3	15.5	17.9	13.5
Actual physical violence	5.2	4.8	5.3	8.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.7	66.0	62.9	69.1	42.7	43.6	38.0	68.3	67.3
Forced sexual touching or fondling	5.2	4.7	6.2	8.6	5.9	5.2	5.8	5.0	69.9	70.7	75.8	50.8	52.3	40.4	76.0	74.0
Theft involving force or threat of force	1.9	1.8	1.7	4.8	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	46.8	42.2	50.2	16.8	20.2	24.3	54.4	47.9

Note: See Note, table 3.83.

^aPercents are of those respondents reporting experiences of violence or harassment.

Source: Cheryl A. Presley, Jami S. Leichter, and Philip W. Meilman, **Alcohol and Drugs on American College Campuses: A Report to College Presidents** (Carbondale, IL: Core Institute, Southern Illinois University, 1998), p. 10; and Core Institute, Southern Illinois University at Carbondale, **Core Alcohol and Drug Survey** [Online]. Available: http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/1998.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/1999.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2000.htm; http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2001.htm; and http://www.siu.edu/departments/coreinst/public_html/2002.htm [June 16, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.86

Estimated prevalence of drug use during lifetime

By type of drug and age group, United States, 2002 and 2003

(Percent reporting use during lifetime)

Type of drug	Total		Age group					
			12 to 17 years		18 to 25 years		26 years and older	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Any illicit drug ^a	46.0%	46.4%	30.9%	30.5%	59.8%	60.5%	45.7%	46.1%
Marijuana and hashish	40.4	40.6	20.6	19.6	53.8	53.9	40.8	41.2
Cocaine	14.4	14.7	2.7	2.6	15.4	15.0	15.9	16.3
Crack	3.6	3.3	0.7	0.6	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.6
Heroin	1.6	1.6	0.4	0.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
Hallucinogens	14.6	14.5	5.7	5.0	24.2	23.3	14.1	14.2
LSD	10.4	10.3	2.7	1.6	15.9	14.0	10.5	10.8
PCP	3.2	3.0	0.9	0.8	2.7	3.0	3.5	3.3
Ecstasy	4.3	4.6	3.3	2.4	15.1	14.8	2.6	3.1
Inhalants	9.7	9.7	10.5	10.7	15.7	14.9	8.6	8.6
Nonmedical use of any psychotherapeutic ^b	19.8	20.1	13.7	13.4	27.7	29.0	19.3	19.5
Pain relievers	12.6	13.1	11.2	11.2	22.1	23.7	11.1	11.5
Tranquilizers	8.2	8.5	3.4	3.5	11.2	12.3	8.3	8.5
Stimulants	9.0	8.8	4.3	4.0	10.8	10.8	9.3	9.0
Methamphetamine	5.3	5.2	1.5	1.3	5.7	5.2	5.7	5.7
Sedatives	4.2	4.0	1.0	1.0	2.1	1.8	5.1	4.8
Any illicit drug other than marijuana ^c	29.9	29.9	21.4	21.3	40.1	40.2	29.3	29.3

Note: These data are from the 2002 and 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH). The NSDUH is an annual survey of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population of the United States age 12 and older, and is sponsored by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Prior to 2002, the survey was called the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (NHSDA). Due to methodological changes beginning with the 2002 NSDUH, estimates from the 2002 and 2003 surveys should not be compared with estimates from 2001 and earlier NHSDAs. For the 2002 NSDUH, a response rate of 78.9% yielded 68,126 completed interviews. For the 2003 NSDUH, a response rate of 77.4% yielded 67,784 completed interviews. For information on survey methodology, see Appendix 7.

^aIncludes use at least once of marijuana or hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens (including LSD, PCP, and ecstasy), inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

^bIncludes nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, stimulant, sedative, or tranquilizer; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

^cIncludes use at least once of any of these listed drugs, regardless of marijuana/hashish use; marijuana/hashish users who also have used any of the other listed drugs are included.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, **Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings** (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 189-192. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.87

Estimated prevalence of drug use during the last 12 months

By type of drug and age group, United States, 2002 and 2003

(Percent reporting use during last 12 months)

Type of drug	Total		Age group					
			12 to 17 years		18 to 25 years		26 years and older	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Any illicit drug ^a	14.9%	14.7%	22.2%	21.8%	35.5%	34.6%	10.4%	10.3%
Marijuana and hashish	11.0	10.6	15.8	15.0	29.8	28.5	7.0	6.9
Cocaine	2.5	2.5	2.1	1.8	6.7	6.6	1.8	1.9
Crack	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6
Heroin	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1
Hallucinogens	2.0	1.7	3.8	3.1	8.4	6.7	0.7	0.6
LSD	0.4	0.2	1.3	0.6	1.8	1.1	0.1	0.0
PCP	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.0
Ecstasy	1.3	0.9	2.2	1.3	5.8	3.7	0.5	0.3
Inhalants	0.9	0.9	4.4	4.5	2.2	2.1	0.2	0.2
Nonmedical use of any psychotherapeutic ^b	6.2	6.3	9.2	9.2	14.2	14.5	4.5	4.5
Pain relievers	4.7	4.9	7.6	7.7	11.4	12.0	3.1	3.3
Tranquilizers	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	4.9	5.3	1.5	1.5
Stimulants	1.4	1.2	2.6	2.3	3.7	3.5	0.8	0.6
Methamphetamine	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.7	1.7	1.6	0.4	0.4
Sedatives	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3
Any illicit drug other than marijuana ^c	8.7	8.5	13.5	13.4	20.2	19.7	6.0	5.9

Note: See Note, table 3.86. For information on survey methodology, see Appendix 7.

^aIncludes use at least once in last 12 months of marijuana or hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens (including LSD, PCP, and ecstasy), inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

^bIncludes nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, stimulant, sedative, or tranquilizer; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

^cIncludes use at least once of any of these listed drugs, regardless of marijuana/hashish use; marijuana/hashish users who also have used any of the other listed drugs are included.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings* (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 189-192. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.88

Estimated prevalence of drug use during the last 30 days

By type of drug and age group, United States, 2002 and 2003

(Percent reporting use during last 30 days)

Type of drug	Total		Age group					
			12 to 17 years		18 to 25 years		26 years and older	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Any illicit drug ^a	8.3%	8.2%	11.6%	11.2%	20.2%	20.3%	5.8%	5.6%
Marijuana and hashish	6.2	6.2	8.2	7.9	17.3	17.0	4.0	4.0
Cocaine	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.6	2.0	2.2	0.7	0.8
Crack	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Heroin	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Hallucinogens	0.5	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.7	0.2	0.1
LSD	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
PCP	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Ecstasy	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	1.1	0.7	0.1	0.1
Inhalants	0.3	0.2	1.2	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.1
Nonmedical use of any psychotherapeutic ^b	2.6	2.7	4.0	4.0	5.4	6.0	2.0	1.9
Pain relievers	1.9	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.1	4.7	1.3	1.3
Tranquilizers	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.6	1.7	0.6	0.6
Stimulants	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.3	0.4	0.3
Methamphetamine	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.2
Sedatives	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Any illicit drug other than marijuana ^c	3.7	3.7	5.7	5.7	7.9	8.4	2.7	2.6

Note: See Note, table 3.86. For information on survey methodology, see Appendix 7.

^aIncludes use at least once in the last 30 days of marijuana or hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens (including LSD, PCP, and ecstasy), inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

^bIncludes nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, stimulant, sedative, or tranquilizer; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

^cIncludes use at least once of any of these listed drugs, regardless of marijuana/hashish use; marijuana/hashish users who also have used any of the other listed drugs are included.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings* (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 189-192. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.89

Prevalence of any illicit drug use among military personnel

By branch of service and recency of use, United States, selected years 1980-2002

Branch of service and recency of use	1980	1982	1985	1988	1992	1995	1998	2002
Total								
Past 30 days	27.6%	19.0%	8.9%	4.8%	3.4%	3.0%	2.7%	3.4%
Past 12 months	36.7	26.6	13.4	8.9	6.2	6.5	6.0	6.9
Army								
Past 30 days	30.7	26.2	11.5	6.9	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.8
Past 12 months	39.4	32.4	16.6	11.8	7.7	9.2	9.8	10.4
Navy								
Past 30 days	33.7	16.2	10.3	5.4	4.0	3.6	1.8	3.7
Past 12 months	43.2	28.1	15.9	11.3	6.6	7.3	4.2	7.1
Marine Corps								
Past 30 days	37.7	20.6	9.9	4.0	5.6	3.6	3.3	3.8
Past 12 months	48.0	29.9	14.7	7.8	10.7	7.3	7.2	7.9
Air Force								
Past 30 days	14.5	11.9	4.5	2.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0
Past 12 months	23.4	16.4	7.2	3.8	2.3	2.5	2.4	1.8

Note: These data are from a series of eight surveys sponsored by the U.S. Department of Defense. All military personnel who were on active duty at the time of data collection for each survey year were included in the sampling frames, except for recruits, academy cadets, and persons who were absent without leave, incarcerated, or undergoing a permanent change of station. The final sample for the 2002 survey consisted of 12,756 military personnel (3,269 Army, 3,625 Navy, 3,008 Marine Corps, and 2,854 Air Force) who completed anonymous self-administered questionnaires. Participants were selected to represent males and females in all pay grades of the active force throughout the world. Data primarily were collected from participants in group sessions at military installations or by mail for those not attending the sessions. The overall response rate for 2002 was 55.6%. The data were weighted to represent all active-duty personnel.

"Any illicit drug use" was defined as nonmedical use of marijuana/hashish, phencyclidine (PCP), LSD or other hallucinogens, cocaine, amphetamines or other stimulants, tranquilizers or other depressants, barbiturates or other sedatives, heroin or other opiates, analgesics or other narcotics, inhalants, designer drugs, and gamma hydroxybutyrate (GHB).

Source: Robert M. Bray et al., *2002 Department of Defense Survey of Health Related Behaviors Among Military Personnel* [Online], p. 5-2. Available: <http://www.tricare.osd.mil/main/news/2002wwfinalreport.pdf> [July 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.90

Prevalence of illicit drug use among military personnel

By branch of service, type of drug, and recency of use, United States, 2002

Type of drug and recency of use	Branch of service				
	Total	Army	Navy	Marine Corps	Air Force
<u>Any illicit drugs^a</u>					
Past 30 days	3.4%	4.8%	3.7%	3.8%	1.0%
Past 12 months	6.9	10.4	7.1	7.9	1.8
<u>Any illicit drug except marijuana^b</u>					
Past 30 days	2.4	3.3	2.8	2.7	0.8
Past 12 months	4.4	6.6	4.4	5.2	1.2
<u>Marijuana/hashish</u>					
Past 30 days	1.7	2.5	2.1	1.8	0.3
Past 12 months	4.5	6.8	4.8	5.5	0.8
<u>Cocaine</u>					
Past 30 days	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.1
Past 12 months	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.0	0.2
<u>PCP</u>					
Past 30 days	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.1	(c)
Past 12 months	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.3	(c)
<u>LSD/hallucinogens</u>					
Past 30 days	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2
Past 12 months	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.8	0.2
<u>Amphetamines/stimulants</u>					
Past 30 days	0.8	1.1	1.3	0.3	0.1
Past 12 months	1.2	1.7	1.7	0.9	0.2
<u>Tranquilizers</u>					
Past 30 days	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.2
Past 12 months	1.1	1.7	1.0	1.2	0.3
<u>Barbiturates/sedatives</u>					
Past 30 days	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.2
Past 12 months	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.2
<u>Heroin/other opiates</u>					
Past 30 days	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.2	(c)
Past 12 months	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.4	(c)
<u>Analgesics</u>					
Past 30 days	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.1	0.4
Past 12 months	1.5	2.0	1.9	1.4	0.5
<u>Inhalants</u>					
Past 30 days	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.2
Past 12 months	1.0	1.3	1.2	0.9	0.3
<u>"Designer" drugs</u>					
Past 30 days	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.7	(c)
Past 12 months	1.6	2.5	1.6	2.0	0.1
<u>Steroids</u>					
Past 30 days	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.1
Past 12 months	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.2
<u>Gamma hydroxybutyrate (GHB)</u>					
Past 30 days	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.2	(c)
Past 12 months	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.5	(c)

Note: See Note, table 3.89.

^aNonmedical use one or more times of any of the listed classes of drugs, excluding steroids.^bNonmedical use one or more times of any of the listed classes of drugs, excluding marijuana and steroids.^cEstimate rounds to zero.Source: Robert M. Bray et al., *2002 Department of Defense Survey of Health Related Behaviors Among Military Personnel* [Online], p. 5-6. Available: <http://www.tricare.osd.mil/main/news/2002wfinalreport.pdf> [July 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.91

Prevalence of heavy alcohol use in the past 30 days among military personnel

By branch of service, United States, selected years 1980-2002

	1980	1982	1985	1988	1992	1995	1998	2002
Total	20.8%	24.1%	23.0%	17.2%	15.5%	17.4%	15.4%	18.1%
Army	20.3	24.7	25.5	19.7	17.7	18.4	17.2	18.8
Navy	25.6	27.7	25.0	14.7	14.2	19.1	13.5	18.3
Marine Corps	28.6	30.6	29.4	24.4	26.0	28.6	23.0	27.7
Air Force	14.3	17.7	16.5	14.5	10.6	10.4	11.7	12.3

Note: See Note, table 3.89. "Heavy alcohol use" was defined as consumption of five or more drinks on the same occasion at least once a week in the past 30 days. The method for computing drinking levels (including heavy alcohol use) was revised in 1998. Heavy alcohol use estimates made after 1995 take into account 32- and 40-ounce containers. Estimates for heavy alcohol use prior to 1998 did not take into account 40-ounce containers therefore the 1998 and 2002 estimates are not directly comparable to previous years.

Source: Robert M. Bray et al., *2002 Department of Defense Survey of Health Related Behaviors Among Military Personnel* [Online], p. 4-5. Available: <http://www.tricare.osd.mil/main/news/2002wwfinalreport.pdf> [July 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.92

Drug abuse-related emergency department episodes

By patient and episode characteristics, United States, 1994-2002

Patient and episode characteristics	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total number of drug episodes	518,880	513,429	513,841	526,671	542,250	554,570	601,392	638,345	670,307
Rate per 100,000 population	225	221	218	221	225	228	243	252	261
Sex									
Male	263,823	255,968	257,472	269,845	281,195	291,943	309,520	333,239	355,155
Female	250,182	252,128	250,753	251,963	256,098	257,860	281,712	296,305	308,098
Unknown	4,875	5,333	5,616	4,863	4,956	4,766	10,160	8,800	7,054
Race, ethnicity									
White, non-Hispanic	278,747	277,460	273,611	283,886	295,178	309,909	334,675	351,110	372,727
Black, non-Hispanic	141,351	139,386	135,295	134,894	136,471	132,901	133,727	139,371	142,974
Hispanic	50,368	47,350	55,024	52,695	57,162	56,783	68,272	79,517	79,098
Other race ^a	6,038	5,533	6,017	6,094	5,379	5,584	5,160	5,209	4,499
Unknown	42,377	43,699	43,895	49,102	48,060	49,394	59,559	63,138	71,008
Age									
6 to 17 years	61,294	62,215	64,986	63,157	59,875	53,810	64,460	62,704	64,142
18 to 25 years	112,273	103,699	98,611	104,549	103,367	109,562	123,294	127,110	140,475
26 to 34 years	151,419	143,922	139,530	138,882	138,467	131,183	135,460	145,408	145,806
35 years and older	190,446	202,214	209,857	218,364	239,132	259,206	277,139	301,721	318,799
Unknown	B	1,379	857	1,719	1,410	809	1,038	1,401	1,084
Drug use motive									
Psychic effect	85,656	90,996	97,175	94,329	97,389	105,366	118,686	129,007	132,711
Dependence	165,961	163,988	167,370	178,556	189,091	202,690	217,118	228,994	239,653
Suicide	199,554	200,944	191,090	191,112	189,634	174,786	192,861	194,185	189,198
Other	5,530	4,747	5,060	5,686	5,482	7,503	8,406	10,273	9,178
Unknown motive	62,180	52,754	53,145	56,987	60,653	64,225	64,321	75,886	99,567
Reason for emergency department contact									
Unexpected reaction	66,529	57,371	61,899	68,677	71,168	78,336	92,497	108,309	131,315
Overdose	269,442	271,546	252,636	244,553	244,894	232,123	264,036	263,951	258,931
Chronic effects	56,307	60,165	53,382	49,273	50,110	49,884	52,164	53,256	57,047
Withdrawal	14,051	15,127	15,009	15,176	17,978	25,910	22,497	24,603	29,229
Seeking detoxification	52,329	50,479	59,921	67,886	73,042	72,959	90,623	99,126	103,674
Accident, injury	16,452	16,184	17,991	20,399	19,016	20,537	16,072	18,469	19,706
Other	21,602	23,902	27,278	28,001	37,568	47,666	36,183	38,607	36,310
Unknown reason	22,168	18,656	25,726	32,706	28,475	27,155	27,321	32,025	34,094
Patient disposition									
Treated and released	NA	237,696	242,646	254,084	255,768	259,267	274,725	299,835	319,378
Admitted to hospital	NA	258,239	255,955	253,850	268,964	276,316	306,064	319,077	331,240
Left against medical advice	NA	10,770	8,940	11,243	9,907	10,998	12,330	12,273	13,974
Died	NA	1,359	1,122	932	1,368	1,270	1,541	1,258	1,618
Unknown	NA	5,366	5,177	6,563	6,242	6,719	6,732	5,902	4,097

Note: These data were collected through the Drug Abuse Warning Network (DAWN) sponsored by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. The data are weighted estimates representing all drug abuse-related emergency department episodes from a stratified random sample of non-Federal, short-stay hospitals with 24-hour emergency departments in the 48 contiguous States, the District of Columbia, and 21 metropolitan areas. These data are estimates derived from a sample and therefore subject to sampling variation. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology, estimation procedures, and data limitations, see Appendix 9.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and other racial/ethnic groups.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Emergency Department Trends from the Drug Abuse Warning Network, Preliminary Estimates January-June 2001 with Revised Estimates 1994-2000*, Drug Abuse Warning Network Series: D-20, pp. T-103, T-137, T-173; *Emergency Department Trends from the Drug Abuse Warning Network, Final Estimates 1995-2002*, Drug Abuse Warning Network Series: D-24, pp. T-161, T-217, T-275 (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.93

Type of drug mentioned in drug abuse-related emergency department episodes

By patient and episode characteristics, United States, 1999-2002

Patient and episode characteristics	Type of drug																
	Marijuana/hashish				Heroin				Cocaine/crack				Methamphetamine/speed				
	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Total number of drug mentions	87,068	96,426	110,512	119,472	82,192	94,804	93,064	93,519	168,751	174,881	193,034	199,198	10,447	13,505	14,923	17,696	
Sex																	
Male	58,043	61,621	71,591	76,526	55,561	62,719	62,075	61,470	109,271	113,355	125,424	128,017	6,054	8,381	8,130	10,512	
Female	28,208	33,334	37,781	41,707	26,054	30,146	30,023	31,173	58,253	59,314	65,713	69,852	4,312	4,841	6,680	6,565	
Unknown	817	1,471	1,139	1,239	578	B	966	876	1,227	2,212	1,898	1,329	B	B	B	B	
Race, ethnicity																	
White, non-Hispanic	45,395	49,015	57,836	65,979	31,827	38,426	40,104	39,937	56,724	59,820	71,531	79,715	7,180	18,600	11,019	12,191	
Black, non-Hispanic	25,607	26,446	29,455	30,943	28,646	30,934	28,706	28,721	78,017	75,889	80,022	79,889	B	837	369	863	
Hispanic	9,064	11,739	12,877	13,512	11,779	14,944	14,075	12,823	20,456	23,728	25,117	23,805	1,489	2,177	1,967	1,580	
Other race ^a	716	602	875	621	440	376	381	434	709	850	720	958	B	318	154	142	
Unknown	6,285	8,624	9,470	8,418	9,501	10,125	9,798	11,605	12,846	14,594	15,644	14,832	982	1,573	1,414	2,920	
Age																	
6 to 17 years	12,930	15,792	16,559	18,876	676	1,052	834	813	3,299	4,402	3,514	3,502	844	1,122	1,323	1,234	
18 to 25 years	27,266	30,413	33,365	36,896	14,901	18,065	17,451	17,626	25,264	25,753	28,666	30,808	3,289	3,711	4,651	5,769	
26 to 34 years	21,410	21,841	25,323	25,279	20,153	23,742	22,868	22,253	54,058	51,007	53,693	52,743	2,988	4,211	4,704	4,682	
35 years and older	25,387	28,271	35,123	38,327	46,356	51,698	51,827	52,643	85,869	93,357	106,810	111,937	3,316	4,456	4,170	6,003	
Unknown	75	108	142	94	106	247	85	B	261	362	351	208	10	B	B	8	
Drug use motive																	
Psychic effect	31,725	36,970	38,694	39,901	5,789	5,657	7,029	7,556	32,661	34,231	38,861	34,273	2,516	3,412	3,618	3,823	
Dependence	29,760	30,762	33,817	34,302	67,272	79,383	76,791	76,508	99,250	103,351	108,887	108,483	6,705	8,004	7,462	10,044	
Suicide	10,055	11,454	14,130	13,753	2,750	2,719	3,432	3,376	15,254	15,999	17,148	19,159	523	711	1,827	1,513	
Other	B	615	1,258	1,060	174	457	198	429	473	604	792	708	7	B	B	B	
Unknown motive	15,048	16,626	22,612	B	6,207	6,588	5,614	5,651	21,114	20,696	27,345	36,575	696	1,203	1,431	2,061	
Reason for emergency department contact																	
Unexpected reaction	23,139	31,218	36,626	45,223	8,666	8,751	9,790	10,163	37,004	43,725	49,840	56,075	2,869	3,104	3,378	3,570	
Overdose	16,629	18,722	22,469	22,533	15,413	15,667	15,850	15,921	25,499	27,792	28,692	29,582	1,883	2,423	3,976	4,317	
Chronic effects	6,889	8,620	9,834	10,583	15,221	16,151	14,896	16,684	23,328	24,926	25,945	27,054	1,281	2,522	2,313	2,596	
Withdrawal	B	1,401	1,840	1,419	9,016	10,400	8,899	9,132	5,422	3,221	4,561	4,193	B	B	B	B	
Seeking detoxification	11,907	14,109	14,580	13,917	26,471	36,070	35,345	34,317	43,111	49,527	53,853	54,778	1,190	B	1,741	3,377	
Accident, injury	6,986	5,632	6,130	6,731	1,635	1,775	1,604	1,520	7,816	6,815	7,586	7,121	102	407	425	320	
Other	13,192	10,521	12,242	11,986	3,835	3,943	3,943	2,809	16,773	11,151	12,069	11,741	B	B	B	1,386	
Unknown reason	5,995	6,202	6,791	7,081	1,935	2,047	2,736	2,974	9,797	7,726	10,489	8,653	389	511	590	B	
Patient disposition																	
Treated and released	49,462	52,146	59,841	65,268	44,572	50,121	51,944	51,742	88,153	87,093	96,557	93,349	6,797	8,578	8,912	11,218	
Admitted to hospital	35,043	41,715	47,606	51,661	33,388	40,106	37,277	37,569	74,518	82,255	90,647	100,480	3,106	4,121	5,596	6,000	
Left against medical advice	1,474	1,518	1,979	1,763	3,332	3,396	2,742	3,305	3,696	3,139	3,785	3,988	447	451	164	436	
Died	B	60	B	B	360	339	257	470	451	B	366	B	2	B	B	5	
Unknown	959	987	901	693	540	843	844	432	1,934	1,957	1,680	951	B	226	B	38	

Note: See Note, table 3.92. For 1999, there were an estimated total of 554,570 episodes involving 1,013,688 drug mentions; for 2000, an estimated total of 601,392 episodes involving 1,098,915 drug mentions; for 2001, an estimated total of 638,345 episodes involving 1,165,148 drug mentions; and for 2002, an estimated total of 670,307 episodes involving 1,209,938 drug mentions. A "drug mention" refers to a substance that was mentioned during a drug-related emergency department episode. In addition to alcohol-in-combination, up to four substances may be reported for each emergency department drug abuse episode; thus, the total number of mentions exceeds the total number of episodes. It should be noted that a particular drug mentioned may or may not be the confirmed "cause" of the episode in multiple-drug abuse cases. Even when only one substance is reported for an episode, allowance still should be made for reportable drugs not mentioned or for other contributory factors. (Source, p. 131.)

Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology, estimation procedures, and data limitations, see Appendix 9.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and other racial/ethnic groups.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Emergency Department Trends from the Drug Abuse Warning Network, Final Estimates 1995-2002*, Drug Abuse Warning Network Series: D-24 (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2003), pp. T-189, T-191, T-193, T-197, T-245, T-247, T-249, T-253. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.94

Type and rate (per 100,000 population) of drug mentioned in drug abuse-related emergency department episodes

By patient characteristics, United States, 1999-2002

Patient characteristics	Type of drug															
	Marijuana/hashish				Heroin				Cocaine/crack				Methamphetamine/speed			
	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total rate of drug mentions ^a	36	39	44	47	34	38	37	36	69	71	76	78	4	5	6	7
Sex																
Male	49	52	58	61	47	52	50	49	93	95	102	103	5	7	7	8
Female	22	26	29	32	21	24	23	24	46	46	50	53	3	4	5	5
Age																
12 to 17 years	55	67	68	77	3	5	3	3	14	19	14	14	4	5	5	5
18 to 25 years	97	105	99	109	53	62	52	52	89	89	85	91	12	13	14	17
26 to 34 years	64	66	83	82	60	72	75	72	162	155	176	171	9	13	15	15
35 years and older	19	21	25	27	34	37	37	37	64	68	76	79	2	3	3	4

Note: See Notes, tables 3.92 and 3.93. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. For information on methodology, estimation procedures, and data limitations, see Appendix 9.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Emergency Department Trends from the Drug Abuse Warning Network, Final Estimates 1995-2002*, Drug Abuse Warning Network Series: D-24 (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2003), pp. T-445, T-447, T-449, T-453. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aTotal rate includes patients whose sex or age was unknown.

Table 3.95

Reported alcohol use

By sex, United States, selected years 1939-2004

Question: "Do you have occasion to use alcoholic beverages such as liquor, wine or beer, or are you a total abstainer?"

(Percent of respondents reporting that they use alcoholic beverages)

	National	Male	Female
1939	58%	70%	45%
1945	67	75	60
1946	67	NA	NA
1947	63	72	54
1949	58	66	49
1950	60	NA	NA
1951	59	70	46
1952	60	68	53
1956	60	NA	NA
1957	58	67	50
1958	55	66	45
1960	62	NA	NA
1964	63	NA	NA
1966	65	70	61
1969	64	NA	NA
1974	68	77	61
1976	71	NA	NA
1977	71	77	65
1978	71	75	64
1979	69	74	64
1981	70	75	66
1982	65	69	61
1983	65	71	58
1984	64	73	57
1985	67	72	62
1987	65	72	57
1988	63	72	55
1989	56	64	48
1990	57	64	51
1992	64	72	57
1994	65	70	61
1996	61	66	55
1997	61	63	58
1999	64	70	58
2000	64	67	60
2001	62	68	55
2002	66	72	60
2003	62	68	57
2004	62	66	58

Note: Sample sizes vary from year to year; the data for 2004 are based on telephone interviews with a randomly selected national sample of 1,005 adults, 18 years of age and older, conducted July 8-11, 2004. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

Source: George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Report*, Report No. 288, p. 14; *The Gallup Poll Monthly*, No. 303, p. 4; No. 317, p. 46 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll); *The Gallup Poll* (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, June 16, 1994), p. 2; The Gallup Organization, Inc., *The Gallup Poll* [Online]. Available: <http://www.gallup.com/poll/releases/pr001204.asp> [Dec. 11, 2000]; <http://www.gallup.com/poll/releases/pr020809.asp> [Sept. 4, 2002]; <http://www.gallup.com/poll/topics/alcohol.asp> [July 23, 2003]; and data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.96

Reported alcohol use

By demographic characteristics, United States, 2004

Question: "Do you have occasion to use alcoholic beverages such as liquor, wine or beer, or are you a total abstainer?"

	Yes	No, total abstainer
National	62%	38%
Sex		
Male	66	34
Female	58	42
Race		
White	65	35
Nonwhite	53	47
Black	42	58
Age		
18 to 29 years	61	39
30 to 49 years	70	30
50 to 64 years	60	40
50 years and older	55	45
65 years and older	48	52
Education		
College post graduate	76	24
College graduate	77	23
Some college	64	36
High school graduate or less	51	49
Income		
\$75,000 and over	78	22
\$50,000 to \$74,999	70	30
\$30,000 to \$49,999	60	40
\$20,000 to \$29,999	45	55
Under \$20,000	39	61
Community		
Urban area	61	39
Suburban area	69	31
Rural area	48	52
Region		
East	72	28
Midwest	60	40
South	54	46
West	65	35
Politics		
Republican	59	41
Democrat	67	33
Independent	60	40

Note: See Note, table 3.95. The "don't know/refused" category has been omitted; therefore percents may not sum to 100. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.97

Respondents reporting whether they drink more than they should

By demographic characteristics, United States, 2004

Question: "Do you sometimes drink more alcoholic beverages than you think you should?"

	Yes	No
National	25%	75%
Sex		
Male	30	70
Female	20	80
Race		
White	25	75
Nonwhite	27	72
Black	19	81
Age		
18 to 29 years	33	67
30 to 49 years	31	69
50 to 64 years	16	83
50 years and older	13	86
65 years and older	9	91
Education		
College post graduate	28	71
College graduate	20	80
Some college	29	71
High school graduate or less	22	77
Income		
\$75,000 and over	32	68
\$50,000 to \$74,999	20	80
\$30,000 to \$49,999	24	75
\$20,000 to \$29,999	30	70
Under \$20,000	24	76
Community		
Urban area	23	77
Suburban area	26	74
Rural area	28	72
Region		
East	28	72
Midwest	22	78
South	24	75
West	27	73
Politics		
Republican	30	70
Democrat	23	76
Independent	21	79

Note: See Note, table 3.95. This question was asked of the 62% of respondents answering "yes" to the question: "Do you have occasion to use alcoholic beverages such as liquor, wine or beer, or are you a total abstainer?" presented in table 3.96. The "don't know/refused" category has been omitted; therefore percents may not sum to 100. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.98

Alcohol use and underage alcohol use in the last 30 days

By age group, level of use, and demographic characteristics, United States, 2002 and 2003

(Percent reporting use in last 30 days)

	Total						Under 21 years					
	Any use		"Binge" use ^a		Heavy use ^a		Any use		"Binge" use ^a		Heavy use ^a	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Total	51.0%	50.1%	22.9%	22.6%	6.7%	6.8%	28.8%	29.0%	19.3%	19.2%	6.2%	6.1%
Sex												
Male	57.4	57.3	31.2	30.9	10.8	10.4	29.6	29.9	21.8	21.7	8.1	7.9
Female	44.9	43.2	15.1	14.8	3.0	3.4	28.0	28.1	16.7	16.5	4.2	4.3
Age group												
12 to 17 years	17.6	17.7	10.7	10.6	2.5	2.6	X	X	X	X	X	X
18 to 25 years	60.5	61.4	40.9	41.6	14.9	15.1	X	X	X	X	X	X
26 years and older	53.9	52.5	21.4	21.0	5.9	5.9	X	X	X	X	X	X
Race, ethnicity												
White, non-Hispanic	55.0	54.4	23.4	23.6	7.5	7.7	32.8	33.2	22.7	22.8	7.9	8.0
Black, non-Hispanic	39.9	37.9	21.0	19.0	4.4	4.5	19.3	18.2	9.8	9.1	2.0	1.6
American Indian or Alaska Native	44.7	42.0	27.9	29.6	8.7	10.0	32.4	26.0	22.6	20.8	3.1	4.0
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	B	43.3	25.2	29.8	8.3	10.4	B	B	B	B	1.5	5.7
Asian	37.1	39.8	12.4	11.0	2.6	2.3	15.5	18.2	8.6	9.6	1.8	3.1
More than one race	49.9	44.4	19.8	21.8	7.5	6.1	28.1	27.7	19.8	16.5	8.2	2.9
Hispanic	42.8	41.5	24.8	24.2	5.9	5.2	25.0	25.6	16.8	16.9	4.3	4.1

Note: See Note, table 3.86. For information on survey methodology, see Appendix 7.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, **Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings** (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), pp. 208, 212. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^a"Binge" alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. "Occasion" means at the same time or within a couple hours of each other. Heavy alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all heavy alcohol users are also "binge" alcohol users.

Table 3.99

Respondents reporting whether drinking has ever been a source of family trouble

United States, selected years 1947-2004

Question: "Has drinking ever been a cause of trouble in your family?"

	Yes	No
1947	15%	85%
1950	14	86
1966	12	88
1974	12	88
1976	17	83
1978	22	78
1981	22	78
1984	18	82
1985	21	79
1987	24	76
1989	19	81
1990	23	76
1992	24	76
1994	27	72
1996	23	77
1997	30	70
1999	36	64
2000	36	64
2001	36	64
2002	28	72
2003	31	69
2004	37	63

Note: See Note, table 3.95. The "don't know/refused" category has been omitted; therefore percents may not sum to 100. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

Source: George Gallup, Jr., **The Gallup Poll Monthly**, No. 384 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, September 1997), p. 24; The Gallup Organization, Inc., **The Gallup Poll** [Online]. Available: <http://www.gallup.com/poll/topics/alcohol.asp> [July 23, 2003]; and data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.100

Respondents reporting whether drinking has ever been a source of family trouble

By demographic characteristics, United States, 2004

Question: "Has drinking ever been a cause of trouble in your family?"

	Yes	No
National	37%	63%
<u>Sex</u>		
Male	36	64
Female	38	62
<u>Race</u>		
White	39	61
Nonwhite	31	69
Black	26	74
<u>Age</u>		
18 to 29 years	29	71
30 to 49 years	39	61
50 to 64 years	41	59
50 years and older	39	61
65 years and older	37	63
<u>Education</u>		
College post graduate	31	69
College graduate	29	71
Some college	36	64
High school graduate or less	44	56
<u>Income</u>		
\$75,000 and over	32	68
\$50,000 to \$74,999	35	65
\$30,000 to \$49,999	42	58
\$20,000 to \$29,999	44	56
Under \$20,000	43	57
<u>Community</u>		
Urban area	37	63
Suburban area	36	64
Rural area	40	60
<u>Region</u>		
East	32	68
Midwest	35	65
South	34	66
West	49	51
<u>Politics</u>		
Republican	35	65
Democrat	38	62
Independent	40	60

Note: See Note, table 3.95. The "don't know/refused" category has been omitted; therefore percents may not sum to 100. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.101

Respondents reporting whether drug abuse has ever been a source of family trouble

By demographic characteristics, United States, 2003

Question: "Has drug abuse ever been a cause of trouble in your family?"

	Yes	No
National	24%	76%
<u>Sex</u>		
Male	18	82
Female	28	72
<u>Race</u>		
White	23	77
Nonwhite	24	76
Black	27	73
<u>Age</u>		
18 to 29 years	31	69
30 to 49 years	25	75
50 to 64 years	25	75
50 years and older	18	81
65 years and older	10	90
<u>Education</u>		
College post graduate	24	76
College graduate	23	76
Some college	29	71
High school graduate or less	19	81
<u>Income</u>		
\$75,000 and over	21	79
\$50,000 to \$74,999	18	82
\$30,000 to \$49,999	29	71
\$20,000 to \$29,999	26	74
Less than \$20,000	25	74
<u>Community</u>		
Urban area	26	74
Suburban area	23	77
Rural area	22	77
<u>Region</u>		
East	22	78
Midwest	21	78
South	24	76
West	26	74
<u>Politics</u>		
Republican	20	80
Democrat	26	73
Independent	24	76

Note: These data are based on telephone interviews with a randomly selected national sample of 1,017 adults, 18 years of age and older, conducted Oct. 6-8, 2003. The "don't know/refused" category has been omitted; therefore percents may not sum to 100. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

Table 3.102

Respondents reporting having driven a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or drugs during the last 12 months

By demographic characteristics, United States, 2002 and 2003

	Respondents reporting that they drove under the influence in the last 12 months					
	Total		Under influence of alcohol in the last 12 months		Under influence of illicit drugs in the last 12 months ^a	
	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
Total	15.2%	14.6%	14.2%	13.6%	4.7%	4.6%
Sex						
Male	20.0	19.5	18.8	18.2	6.3	6.6
Female	10.8	9.9	9.9	9.3	3.1	2.8
Age group						
12 to 17 years	5.4	4.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.4
18 to 25 years	29.6	28.2	26.6	25.3	14.7	14.1
26 years and older	14.1	13.5	13.5	12.9	3.0	3.1
Race, ethnicity						
White, non-Hispanic	17.3	16.5	16.2	15.4	5.0	5.0
Black, non-Hispanic	10.5	9.8	9.6	8.8	4.5	4.1
American Indian or Alaska Native	16.4	17.0	15.3	15.4	6.3	6.7
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	11.2	14.1	11.1	13.6	3.1	9.7
Asian	5.9	7.7	5.7	7.3	1.3	2.0
More than one race	11.9	16.6	10.2	14.1	5.8	7.0
Hispanic	11.2	10.3	10.5	9.7	3.7	3.4

Note: See Note, table 3.86. For information on survey methodology, see Appendix 7.

^aIncludes use at least once in the last 12 months of marijuana or hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens (including PCP and LSD), inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Results from the 2003 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings* (Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2004), p. 254. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.103

Total fatalities and fatalities in alcohol-related motor vehicle crashesBy highest blood alcohol concentration level in the crash, United States, 1982-2002^a

	Total fatalities in motor vehicle crashes	Total fatalities in alcohol-related crashes		Blood alcohol concentration level					
		Number	Percent	0.00		0.01 to 0.07		0.08 or more	
				Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1982	43,945	26,173	60%	17,773	40%	2,927	7%	23,246	53%
1983	42,589	24,635	58	17,955	42	2,594	6	22,041	52
1984	44,257	24,762	56	19,496	44	3,046	7	21,715	49
1985	43,825	23,167	53	20,659	47	3,081	7	20,086	46
1986	46,087	25,017	54	21,070	46	3,546	8	21,471	47
1987	46,390	24,094	52	22,297	48	3,398	7	20,696	45
1988	47,087	23,833	51	23,254	49	3,234	7	20,599	44
1989	45,582	22,424	49	23,159	51	2,893	6	19,531	43
1990	44,599	22,587	51	22,012	49	2,980	7	19,607	44
1991	41,508	20,159	49	21,349	51	2,560	6	17,599	42
1992	39,250	18,290	47	20,960	53	2,443	6	15,847	40
1993	40,150	17,908	45	22,242	55	2,361	6	15,547	39
1994	40,716	17,308	43	23,409	57	2,322	6	14,985	37
1995	41,817	17,732	42	24,085	58	2,490	6	15,242	36
1996	42,065	17,749	42	24,316	58	2,486	6	15,263	36
1997	42,013	16,711	40	25,302	60	2,290	5	14,421	34
1998	41,501	16,673	40	24,828	60	2,465	6	14,207	34
1999	41,717	16,572	40	25,145	60	2,321	6	14,250	34
2000	41,945	17,380	41	24,565	59	2,511	6	14,870	35
2001	42,196	17,400	41	24,796	59	2,542	6	14,858	35
2002	42,815	17,419	41	25,396	59	2,401	6	15,019	35

Note: These data are based on information from two of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's data systems: the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) and the National Automotive Sampling System - General Estimates System (GES). FARS contains data from a census of fatal traffic crashes occurring in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. FARS data include crashes involving motor vehicles traveling on a trafficway customarily open to the public and resulting in the death of a vehicle occupant or a nonmotorist within 30 days of the crash. GES data are obtained from a nationally representative probability sample selected from all police-reported crashes. To be eligible for the GES sample, a police accident report must be completed and the crash must involve at least one motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway, and result in property damage, injury, or death.

A fatal crash is defined as alcohol-related or alcohol-involved if either a driver or a nonmotorist (usually a pedestrian) had a measurable or

estimated blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.01 or more grams per deciliter. BAC values are estimated by the Source when alcohol test results are unknown.

Beginning in 2001, the Source changed the BAC categories. The "0.01 to 0.09" category was changed to "0.01 to 0.07" and the "0.10 or more" category was changed to "0.08 or more." The data for 1982-2000 were revised to reflect these new categories. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts 2002* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, 2004), p. 32. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.104

Blood alcohol concentration level of motor vehicle drivers involved in fatal crashes

By age, United States, 1990-2002

Blood alcohol concentration	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Ages 15 and younger													
0.01 or more	19%	18	18	14	16	14	13	11	15	13	15	16	14
0.08 or more	14%	11	11	9	12	9	9	8	11	10	10	12	9
Total number	409	364	350	383	397	410	413	345	361	333	320	293	336
Ages 16 to 20													
0.01 or more	33%	30	27	24	24	21	23	22	22	22	24	23	23
0.08 or more	25%	23	21	18	18	16	17	17	17	17	18	18	17
Total number	8,821	8,002	7,192	7,256	7,723	7,725	7,824	7,719	7,767	7,985	8,024	7,992	8,082
Ages 21 to 24													
0.01 or more	46%	45	42	40	39	38	38	36	37	38	38	39	39
0.08 or more	39%	38	35	34	33	32	31	30	32	31	32	33	33
Total number	7,195	6,748	6,323	6,406	6,291	6,263	6,205	5,705	5,613	5,639	5,950	6,037	6,285
Ages 25 to 34													
0.01 or more	43%	41	40	37	36	35	34	32	32	32	33	32	33
0.08 or more	37%	36	35	32	31	30	30	27	28	28	28	28	28
Total number	15,764	14,151	13,049	13,038	12,891	13,048	12,889	12,453	11,925	11,763	11,739	11,584	11,416
Ages 35 to 44													
0.01 or more	33%	32	31	30	29	30	29	29	28	28	30	29	29
0.08 or more	30%	28	27	27	26	26	25	26	24	25	26	25	26
Total number	10,177	9,482	9,284	9,738	9,951	10,677	10,955	10,904	11,241	11,059	11,132	11,261	10,896
Ages 45 to 54													
0.01 or more	24%	23	22	21	21	21	21	20	21	20	22	22	22
0.08 or more	20%	20	19	18	18	18	18	17	18	17	18	19	19
Total number	5,867	5,458	5,672	5,970	6,493	6,815	7,127	7,522	7,690	7,708	8,234	8,346	8,517
Ages 55 to 64													
0.01 or more	17%	16	16	17	15	16	15	14	14	14	15	14	15
0.08 or more	14%	13	13	14	12	14	12	11	11	11	12	12	12
Total number	4,068	3,695	3,688	3,824	3,828	4,079	4,237	4,394	4,478	4,608	4,766	4,714	5,063
Ages 65 to 74													
0.01 or more	12%	12	12	10	11	10	11	10	9	10	11	9	9
0.08 or more	9%	9	9	8	9	8	8	8	7	7	8	7	7
Total number	3,161	3,017	3,024	3,031	3,194	3,251	3,319	3,401	3,399	3,251	3,134	3,156	3,076
Ages 75 and older													
0.01 or more	8%	7	6	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
0.08 or more	5%	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total number	2,340	2,454	2,450	2,817	2,867	2,989	3,068	3,314	3,291	3,346	3,147	3,290	3,195

Note: See Note, table 3.103. The "0.01 or more" category includes the "0.08 or more" category. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCE-BOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts 2002* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, 2004), p. 36. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.105

Total fatalities and fatalities in alcohol-related motor vehicle crashesBy highest blood alcohol concentration level in the crash and jurisdiction, 2002^a

Jurisdiction	Total fatalities in motor vehicle crashes	Total fatalities in alcohol-related crashes		Blood alcohol concentration level					
		Number	Percent	0.00		0.01 to 0.07		0.08 or more	
				Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ^b	42,815	17,419	41%	25,396	59%	2,401	6%	15,019	35%
Alabama	1,033	413	40	620	60	43	4	370	36
Alaska	87	35	41	52	59	2	2	34	39
Arizona	1,117	477	43	640	57	58	5	420	38
Arkansas	640	242	38	398	62	35	5	207	32
California	4,078	1,612	40	2,466	60	300	7	1,312	32
Colorado	742	307	41	435	59	39	5	268	36
Connecticut	322	140	43	182	57	17	5	123	38
Delaware	124	51	41	73	59	8	6	43	34
District of Columbia	47	25	52	22	48	3	5	22	47
Florida	3,132	1,276	41	1,856	59	177	6	1,099	35
Georgia	1,523	529	35	994	65	90	6	439	29
Hawaii	119	50	42	69	58	10	8	41	34
Idaho	264	91	34	173	66	17	7	74	28
Illinois	1,411	648	46	763	54	97	7	552	39
Indiana	792	269	34	523	66	46	6	223	28
Iowa	404	131	32	273	68	24	6	107	27
Kansas	512	229	45	283	55	23	5	205	40
Kentucky	915	301	33	614	67	39	4	263	29
Louisiana	875	413	47	462	53	62	7	351	40
Maine	216	51	24	165	76	4	2	47	22
Maryland	659	265	40	394	60	49	7	216	33
Massachusetts	459	221	48	238	52	30	6	192	42
Michigan	1,277	490	38	787	62	68	5	422	33
Minnesota	657	255	39	402	61	46	7	209	32
Mississippi	885	332	38	553	62	41	5	292	33
Missouri	1,208	525	43	683	57	68	6	457	38
Montana	270	127	47	143	53	21	8	106	39
Nebraska	307	117	38	190	62	21	7	97	31
Nevada	381	171	45	210	55	23	6	148	39
New Hampshire	127	51	40	76	60	5	4	46	36
New Jersey	773	299	39	474	61	45	6	254	33
New Mexico	449	215	48	234	52	27	6	189	42
New York	1,522	478	31	1,044	69	77	5	400	26
North Carolina	1,575	601	38	974	62	67	4	533	34
North Dakota	97	48	50	49	50	8	8	40	41
Ohio	1,418	562	40	856	60	66	5	496	35
Oklahoma	734	249	34	485	66	35	5	215	29
Oregon	436	179	41	257	59	26	6	153	35
Pennsylvania	1,614	656	41	958	59	88	5	568	35
Rhode Island	84	46	55	38	45	8	9	38	45
South Carolina	1,053	551	52	502	48	64	6	487	46
South Dakota	180	92	51	88	49	13	7	80	44
Tennessee	1,175	471	40	704	60	61	5	410	35
Texas	3,725	1,745	47	1,980	53	194	5	1,551	42
Utah	328	73	22	255	78	7	2	67	20
Vermont	78	27	35	51	65	5	6	22	28
Virginia	914	371	41	544	59	48	5	323	35
Washington	659	298	45	361	55	32	5	265	40
West Virginia	439	180	41	259	59	20	5	160	36
Wisconsin	803	364	45	440	55	39	5	325	40
Wyoming	176	70	39	107	61	7	4	62	35
Puerto Rico ^b	510	241	47	270	53	42	8	199	39

Note: See Note, table 3.103.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts 2002* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, 2004), pp. 160, 161. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bData for Puerto Rico are not included in the totals.

Table 3.106

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, United States, 1960-2002

	Total Crime Index ^a	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
Number of offenses										
1960	3,384,200	288,460	3,095,700	9,110	17,190	107,840	154,320	912,100	1,855,400	328,200
1961	3,488,000	289,390	3,198,600	8,740	17,220	106,670	156,760	949,600	1,913,000	336,000
1962	3,752,200	301,510	3,450,700	8,530	17,550	110,860	164,570	994,300	2,089,600	366,800
1963	3,109,500	316,970	3,792,500	8,640	17,650	116,470	174,210	1,086,400	2,297,800	408,300
1964	4,564,600	364,220	4,200,400	9,360	21,420	130,390	203,050	1,213,200	2,514,400	472,800
1965	4,739,400	387,390	4,352,000	9,960	23,410	138,690	215,330	1,282,500	2,572,600	496,900
1966	5,223,500	430,180	4,793,300	11,040	25,820	157,990	235,330	1,410,100	2,822,000	561,200
1967	5,903,400	499,930	5,403,500	12,240	27,620	202,910	257,160	1,632,100	3,111,600	659,800
1968	6,720,200	595,010	6,125,200	13,800	31,670	262,840	286,700	1,858,900	3,482,700	783,600
1969	7,410,900	661,870	6,749,000	14,760	37,170	298,850	311,090	1,981,900	3,888,600	878,500
1970	8,098,000	738,820	7,359,200	16,000	37,990	349,860	334,970	2,205,000	4,225,800	928,400
1971	8,588,200	816,500	7,771,700	17,780	42,260	387,700	368,760	2,399,300	4,424,200	948,200
1972	8,248,800	834,900	7,413,900	18,670	46,850	376,290	393,090	2,375,500	4,151,200	887,200
1973	8,718,100	875,910	7,842,200	19,640	51,400	384,220	420,650	2,565,500	4,347,900	928,800
1974	10,253,400	974,720	9,278,700	20,710	55,400	442,400	456,210	3,039,200	5,262,500	977,100
1975	11,292,400	1,039,710	10,252,700	20,510	56,090	470,500	492,620	3,265,300	5,977,700	1,009,600
1976	11,349,700	1,004,210	10,345,500	18,780	57,080	427,810	500,530	3,108,700	6,270,800	966,000
1977	10,984,500	1,029,580	9,955,000	19,120	63,500	412,610	534,350	3,071,500	5,905,700	977,700
1978	11,209,000	1,085,550	10,123,400	19,560	67,610	426,930	571,460	3,128,300	5,991,000	1,004,100
1979	12,249,500	1,208,030	11,041,500	21,460	76,390	480,700	629,480	3,327,700	6,601,000	1,112,800
1980	13,408,300	1,344,520	12,063,700	23,040	82,990	565,840	672,650	3,795,200	7,136,900	1,131,700
1981	13,423,800	1,361,820	12,061,900	22,520	82,500	592,910	663,900	3,779,700	7,194,400	1,087,800
1982	12,974,400	1,322,390	11,652,000	21,010	78,770	553,130	669,480	3,447,100	7,142,500	1,062,400
1983	12,108,630	1,258,087	10,850,543	19,308	78,918	506,567	653,294	3,129,851	6,712,759	1,007,933
1984	11,881,755	1,273,282	10,608,473	18,692	84,233	485,008	685,349	2,984,434	6,591,874	1,032,165
1985	12,430,357	1,327,767	11,102,590	18,976	87,671	497,874	723,246	3,073,348	6,926,380	1,102,862
1986	13,211,869	1,489,169	11,722,700	20,613	91,459	542,775	834,322	3,241,410	7,257,153	1,224,137
1987	13,508,708	1,483,999	12,024,709	20,096	91,111	517,704	855,088	3,236,184	7,499,851	1,288,674
1988	13,923,086	1,566,221	12,356,865	20,675	92,486	542,968	910,092	3,218,077	7,705,872	1,432,916
1989	14,251,449	1,646,037	12,605,412	21,500	94,504	578,326	951,707	3,168,170	7,872,442	1,564,800
1990	14,475,613	1,820,127	12,655,486	23,438	102,555	639,271	1,054,863	3,073,909	7,945,670	1,635,907
1991	14,872,883	1,911,767	12,961,116	24,703	106,593	687,732	1,092,739	3,157,150	8,142,228	1,661,738
1992	14,438,191	1,932,274	12,505,917	23,760	109,062	672,478	1,126,974	2,979,884	7,915,199	1,610,834
1993	14,144,794	1,926,017	12,218,777	24,526	106,014	659,870	1,135,607	2,834,808	7,820,909	1,563,060
1994	13,989,543	1,857,670	12,131,873	23,326	102,216	618,949	1,113,179	2,712,774	7,879,812	1,539,287
1995	13,862,727	1,798,792	12,063,935	21,606	97,470	580,509	1,099,207	2,593,784	7,997,710	1,472,441
1996	13,493,863	1,688,540	11,805,323	19,645	96,255	535,594	1,037,049	2,506,400	7,904,685	1,394,238
1997	13,194,571	1,636,096	11,558,475	18,208	96,153	498,534	1,023,201	2,460,526	7,743,760	1,354,189
1998	12,485,714	1,533,887	10,951,827	16,974	93,144	447,186	976,583	2,332,735	7,376,311	1,242,781
1999	11,634,378	1,426,044	10,208,334	15,522	89,411	409,371	911,740	2,100,739	6,955,520	1,152,075
2000	11,608,070	1,425,486	10,182,584	15,586	90,178	408,016	911,706	2,050,992	6,971,590	1,160,002
2001	11,876,669	1,439,480	10,437,189	16,037 ^c	90,863	423,557	909,023	2,116,531	7,092,267	1,228,391
2002	11,877,218	1,426,325	10,450,893	16,204	95,136	420,637	894,348	2,151,875	7,052,922	1,246,096
Rate (per 100,000 inhabitants)^d										
1960	1,887.2	160.9	1,726.3	5.1	9.6	60.1	86.1	508.6	1,034.7	183.0
1961	1,906.1	158.1	1,747.9	4.8	9.4	58.3	85.7	518.9	1,045.4	183.6
1962	2,019.8	162.3	1,857.5	4.6	9.4	59.7	88.6	535.2	1,124.8	197.4
1963	2,180.3	168.2	2,012.1	4.6	9.4	61.8	92.4	576.4	1,219.1	216.6
1964	2,388.1	190.6	2,197.5	4.9	11.2	68.2	106.2	634.7	1,315.5	247.4
1965	2,449.0	200.2	2,248.8	5.1	12.1	71.7	111.3	662.7	1,329.3	256.8
1966	2,670.8	220.0	2,450.9	5.6	13.2	80.8	120.3	721.0	1,442.9	286.9
1967	2,989.7	253.2	2,736.5	6.2	14.0	102.8	130.2	826.6	1,575.8	334.1
1968	3,370.2	298.4	3,071.8	6.9	15.9	131.8	143.8	932.3	1,746.6	393.0
1969	3,680.0	328.7	3,351.3	7.3	18.5	148.4	154.5	984.1	1,930.9	436.2
1970	3,984.5	363.5	3,621.0	7.9	18.7	172.1	164.8	1,084.9	2,079.3	456.8
1971	4,164.7	396.0	3,768.8	8.6	20.5	188.0	178.8	1,163.5	2,145.5	459.8
1972	3,961.4	401.0	3,560.4	9.0	22.5	180.7	188.8	1,140.8	1,993.6	426.1
1973	4,154.4	417.4	3,737.0	9.4	24.5	183.1	200.5	1,222.5	2,071.9	442.6
1974	4,850.4	461.1	4,389.3	9.8	26.2	209.3	215.8	1,437.7	2,489.5	462.2
1975	5,298.5	487.8	4,810.7	9.6	26.3	220.8	231.1	1,532.1	2,804.8	473.7
1976	5,287.3	467.8	4,819.5	8.8	26.6	199.3	233.2	1,448.2	2,921.3	450.0
1977	5,077.6	475.9	4,601.7	8.8	29.4	190.7	240.0	1,419.8	2,729.9	451.9
1978	5,140.3	497.8	4,642.5	9.0	31.0	195.8	262.1	1,434.6	2,747.4	460.5
1979	5,565.5	548.9	5,016.6	9.7	34.7	218.4	286.0	1,511.9	2,999.1	505.6
1980	5,950.0	596.6	5,353.3	10.2	36.8	251.1	298.5	1,684.1	3,167.0	502.2
1981	5,850.0	593.5	5,256.5	9.8	36.0	258.4	289.3	1,647.2	3,135.3	474.1
1982	5,600.5	570.8	5,029.7	9.1	34.0	238.8	289.0	1,488.0	3,083.1	458.6
1983	5,179.2	538.1	4,641.1	8.3	33.8	216.7	279.4	1,338.7	2,871.3	431.1
1984	5,038.4	539.9	4,498.5	7.9	35.7	205.7	290.6	1,265.5	2,795.2	437.7
1985	5,224.5	558.1	4,666.4	8.0	36.8	209.3	304.0	1,291.7	2,911.2	463.5
1986	5,501.9	620.1	4,881.8	8.6	38.1	226.0	347.4	1,349.8	3,022.1	509.8
1987	5,575.5	612.5	4,963.0	8.3	37.6	213.7	352.9	1,335.7	3,095.4	531.9
1988	5,694.5	640.6	5,054.0	8.5	37.8	222.1	372.2	1,316.2	3,151.7	586.1
1989	5,774.0	669.9	5,107.1	8.7	38.3	234.3	385.6	1,283.6	3,189.6	634.0
1990	5,802.7	729.6	5,073.1	9.4	41.1	256.3	422.9	1,232.2	3,185.1	655.8

See notes on next page.

Table 3.106

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, United States, 1960-2002--Continued

	Total Crime Index ^a	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
Rate (per 100,000 inhabitants)^d-- continued										
1991	5,898.4	758.2	5,140.2	9.8	42.3	272.7	433.4	1,252.1	3,229.1	659.0
1992	5,661.4	757.7	4,903.7	9.3	42.8	263.7	441.9	1,168.4	3,103.6	631.6
1993	5,487.1	747.1	4,740.0	9.5	41.1	256.0	440.5	1,099.7	3,033.9	606.3
1994	5,373.8	713.6	4,660.2	9.0	39.3	237.8	427.6	1,042.1	3,026.9	591.3
1995	5,274.9	684.5	4,590.5	8.2	37.1	220.9	418.3	987.0	3,043.2	560.3
1996	5,087.6	636.6	4,451.0	7.4	36.3	201.9	391.0	945.0	2,980.3	525.7
1997	4,927.3	611.0	4,316.3	6.8	35.9	186.2	382.1	918.8	2,891.8	505.7
1998	4,620.1	567.6	4,052.5	6.3	34.5	165.5	361.4	863.2	2,729.5	459.9
1999	4,266.5	523.0	3,743.6	5.7	32.8	150.1	334.3	770.4	2,550.7	422.5
2000	4,124.8	506.5	3,618.3	5.5	32.0	145.0	324.0	728.8	2,477.3	412.2
2001	4,162.6	504.5	3,658.1	5.6 ^c	31.8	148.5	318.6	741.8	2,485.7	430.5
2002	4,118.8	494.6	3,624.1	5.6	33.0	145.9	310.1	746.2	2,445.8	432.1

Note: These data were compiled by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. On a monthly basis, law enforcement agencies (police, sheriffs, and State police) report the number of offenses that become known to them in the following crime categories: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. A count of these crimes, which are known as Part I offenses, is taken from records of all complaints of crime received by law enforcement agencies from victims or other sources and/or from officers who discovered the offenses. Whenever complaints of crime are determined through investigation to be unfounded or false, they are eliminated from an agency's count (Source, **2002**, p. 442).

The UCR Program uses seven crime categories to establish a "crime index." Crime index offenses include murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft; the "Total Crime Index" is a simple sum of the index offenses. Arson was designated as a Part I Index offense in October 1978; data collection began in 1979. However, due to the incompleteness of arson reporting by police, arson data are not displayed nor are they included in the Total Crime Index of the offenses known to the police.

The figures in this table are subject to updating by the UCR Program and therefore may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK. The number of agencies reporting and populations represented may vary from year to year. This table and tables 3.107 and 3.108 present data from all law enforcement agencies in the UCR Program, including those submitting less than 12 months of data. Estimates for nonreporting areas are included and are based on agencies reporting.

Due to ongoing National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) conversion efforts as well as other reporting problems, complete data were not available for a small number of States for certain years. As a result, the Source estimated State totals for these States for the years in question, but did not include these States in detailed breakdowns of the data. For instance, in 2002, complete data were not available for Illinois and Kentucky. Therefore, estimates for these States were included in tables displaying State totals by offense type. However, these States were omitted from tables displaying detailed breakdowns. For definitions of offenses and a list of States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, the offenses may not add to totals.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

^cThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

^dAll rates were calculated on the number of offenses before rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1975*, p. 49, Table 2; *1995*, p. 58; *2002*, p. 66 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.107

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense and extent of urbanization, 2002

Area	Population ^a	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^b	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
United States, total	288,368,698	11,877,218	1,426,325	10,450,893	16,204	95,136	420,637	894,348	2,151,875	7,052,922	1,246,096
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,118.8	494.6	3,624.1	5.6	33.0	145.9	310.1	746.2	2,445.8	432.1
Metropolitan Statistical Area	231,376,218										
Area actually reporting ^c	94.3%	9,482,136	1,163,636	8,318,500	13,100	72,708	369,834	707,994	1,658,078	5,570,764	1,089,658
Estimated totals	100.0%	10,201,622	1,262,359	8,939,263	14,235	78,236	401,140	768,748	1,778,174	6,007,505	1,153,584
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,409.1	545.6	3,863.5	6.2	33.8	173.4	332.3	768.5	2,596.4	498.6
Other cities	22,475,044										
Area actually reporting ^c	85.5%	881,650	79,845	801,805	617	7,464	11,981	59,783	157,232	603,408	41,165
Estimated totals	100.0%	1,016,773	90,586	926,187	717	8,679	13,746	67,444	181,014	698,507	46,666
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,524.0	403.1	4,121.0	3.2	38.6	61.2	300.1	805.4	3,107.9	207.6
Rural	34,517,436										
Area actually reporting ^c	84.7%	582,496	65,962	516,534	1,046	6,937	5,045	52,934	169,192	306,754	40,588
Estimated totals	100.0%	658,823	73,380	585,443	1,252	8,221	5,751	58,156	192,687	346,910	45,846
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	1,908.7	212.6	1,696.1	3.6	23.8	16.7	168.5	558.2	1,005.0	132.8

Note: See Note, table 3.106. These figures are aggregated from individual State statistics presented in table 3.108. These data include estimated offense totals for agencies submitting less than 12 months of offense reports (Source, p. 449). Complete data for 2002 were not available for Illinois and Kentucky; crime counts for these States were estimated by the Source. For definitions of offenses and areas, see Appendix 3.

^aPopulations are U.S. Census Bureau 2002 provisional estimates as of July 1, 2002 and are subject to change.

^bViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

^cThe percentage representing "area actually reporting" is based on the population covered by law enforcement agencies providing 3 or more months of crime reports to the FBI.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 67, Table 2. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
ALABAMA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,136,510										
Area actually reporting	93.2%	146,135	14,368	131,767	231	1,197	4,970	7,970	30,511	90,531	10,725
Estimated totals	100.0%	155,153	15,126	140,027	240	1,256	5,210	8,420	32,145	96,566	11,316
Cities outside metropolitan areas	539,598										
Area actually reporting	82.2%	25,276	2,469	22,807	24	195	484	1,766	4,993	16,610	1,204
Estimated totals	100.0%	30,749	3,003	27,746	29	237	589	2,148	6,074	20,207	1,465
Rural	810,400										
Area actually reporting	73.6%	10,626	1,327	9,299	25	126	120	1,056	3,210	5,272	817
Estimated totals	100.0%	14,429	1,802	12,627	34	171	163	1,434	4,359	7,159	1,109
State total	4,486,508	200,331	19,931	180,400	303	1,664	5,962	12,002	42,578	123,932	13,890
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,465.2	444.2	4,020.9	6.8	37.1	132.9	267.5	949.0	2,762.3	309.6
ALASKA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	267,280										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	13,670	1,721	11,949	18	254	382	1,067	1,521	9,255	1,173
Cities outside metropolitan areas	167,350										
Area actually reporting	95.0%	8,727	1,122	7,605	5	134	73	910	1,015	5,901	689
Estimated totals	100.0%	9,181	1,180	8,001	5	141	77	957	1,068	6,208	725
Rural	209,156										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,894	726	4,168	10	116	30	570	1,319	2,276	573
State total	643,786	27,745	3,627	24,118	33	511	489	2,594	3,908	17,739	2,471
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,309.7	563.4	3,746.3	5.1	79.4	76.0	402.9	607.0	2,755.4	383.8
ARIZONA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	4,814,487										
Area actually reporting	98.3%	322,139	27,408	294,731	364	1,499	7,804	17,741	53,694	185,611	55,426
Estimated totals	100.0%	327,109	27,729	299,380	367	1,520	7,876	17,966	54,662	188,571	56,147
Cities outside metropolitan areas	305,238										
Area actually reporting	98.8%	13,860	1,146	12,714	8	54	91	993	2,353	9,487	874
Estimated totals	100.0%	14,030	1,160	12,870	8	55	92	1,005	2,382	9,603	885
Rural	336,728										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,328	1,282	6,046	12	33	32	1,205	2,043	3,367	636
State total	5,456,453	348,467	30,171	318,296	387	1,608	8,000	20,176	59,087	201,541	57,668
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	6,386.3	552.9	5,833.4	7.1	29.5	146.6	369.8	1,082.9	3,693.6	1,056.9
ARKANSAS											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,339,146										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	74,398	7,326	67,072	95	525	2,044	4,662	13,879	48,670	4,523
Cities outside metropolitan areas	509,713										
Area actually reporting	98.4%	26,046	2,878	23,168	20	132	393	2,333	5,668	16,197	1,303
Estimated totals	100.0%	26,468	2,924	23,544	20	134	399	2,371	5,760	16,460	1,324
Rural	861,220										
Area actually reporting	97.1%	11,467	1,215	10,252	26	92	79	1,018	3,487	5,827	938
Estimated totals	100.0%	11,806	1,251	10,555	27	95	81	1,048	3,590	5,999	966
State total	2,710,079	112,672	11,501	101,171	142	754	2,524	8,081	23,229	71,129	6,813
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,157.5	424.4	3,733.1	5.2	27.8	93.1	298.2	857.1	2,624.6	251.4
CALIFORNIA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	33,953,585										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,348,339	204,139	1,144,200	2,352	9,809	64,453	127,525	229,182	696,315	218,703
Cities outside metropolitan areas	501,198										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,249	2,323	18,926	20	202	375	1,726	4,468	12,416	2,042
Rural	661,250										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,284	1,926	13,358	23	187	140	1,576	4,778	6,961	1,619
State total	35,116,033	1,384,872	208,388	1,176,484	2,395	10,198	64,968	130,827	238,428	715,692	222,364
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,943.7	593.4	3,350.3	6.8	29.0	185.0	372.6	679.0	2,038.1	633.2
COLORADO											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,779,831										
Area actually reporting	95.6%	166,005	13,589	152,416	158	1,740	3,314	8,377	27,280	103,999	21,137
Estimated totals	100.0%	174,593	14,220	160,373	164	1,821	3,464	8,771	28,431	109,651	22,291
Cities outside metropolitan areas	313,320										
Area actually reporting	86.6%	13,287	992	12,295	5	151	83	753	1,801	10,007	487
Estimated totals	100.0%	15,351	1,146	14,205	6	174	96	870	2,081	11,561	563
Rural	413,391										
Area actually reporting	87.9%	5,061	449	4,612	8	62	15	364	1,005	3,333	274
Estimated totals	100.0%	5,992	516	5,476	9	71	19	417	1,166	3,981	329
State total	4,506,542	195,936	15,882	180,054	179	2,066	3,579	10,058	31,678	125,193	23,183
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,347.8	352.4	3,995.4	4.0	45.8	79.4	223.2	702.9	2,778.0	514.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
CONNECTICUT											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,897,041										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	93,997	9,455	84,542	75	661	3,926	4,793	14,651	58,934	10,957
Cities outside metropolitan areas	60,995										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,628	235	2,393	2	13	56	164	539	1,711	143
Rural	502,467										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,094	1,077	6,017	3	56	78	940	1,898	3,647	472
State total	3,460,503	103,719	10,767	92,952	80	730	4,060	5,897	17,088	64,292	11,572
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,997.2	311.1	2,686.1	2.3	21.1	117.3	170.4	493.8	1,857.9	334.4
DELAWARE											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	645,993										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	26,417	3,961	22,456	19	266	1,035	2,641	4,222	15,409	2,825
Estimated totals	100.0%	26,458	3,966	22,492	19	266	1,036	2,645	4,228	15,437	2,827
Cities outside metropolitan areas	37,573										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,303	293	2,010	2	15	69	207	408	1,517	85
Rural	123,819										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,042	577	2,465	5	77	49	446	719	1,601	145
State total	807,385	31,803	4,836	26,967	26	358	1,154	3,298	5,355	18,555	3,057
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,939.0	599.0	3,340.0	3.2	44.3	142.9	408.5	663.3	2,298.2	378.6
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA^c											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	570,898										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	45,799	9,322	36,477	264	262	3,834	4,962	5,170	21,708	9,599
Cities outside metropolitan areas	NONE										
Rural	NONE										
Total	570,898	45,799	9,322	36,477	264	262	3,834	4,962	5,170	21,708	9,599
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	8,022.3	1,632.9	6,389.4	46.2	45.9	671.6	869.2	905.6	3,802.4	1,681.4
FLORIDA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	15,515,922										
Area actually reporting	99.2%	854,239	121,332	732,907	869	6,225	31,484	82,754	164,155	483,463	85,289
Estimated totals	100.0%	859,847	122,124	737,723	874	6,273	31,647	83,330	165,296	486,611	85,816
Cities outside metropolitan areas	240,207										
Area actually reporting	98.8%	16,556	2,120	14,436	9	105	457	1,549	3,610	9,962	864
Estimated totals	100.0%	16,750	2,144	14,606	9	106	462	1,567	3,653	10,079	874
Rural	957,020										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	29,360	4,453	24,907	28	374	472	3,579	8,293	14,788	1,826
State total	16,713,149	905,957	128,721	777,236	911	6,753	32,581	88,476	177,242	511,478	88,516
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,420.6	770.2	4,650.4	5.5	40.4	194.9	529.4	1,060.5	3,060.3	529.6
GEORGIA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,925,447										
Area actually reporting	99.0%	283,284	28,554	254,730	473	1,535	11,664	14,882	53,571	169,095	32,064
Estimated totals	100.0%	286,953	28,856	258,097	476	1,548	11,767	15,065	54,153	171,571	32,373
Cities outside metropolitan areas	915,341										
Area actually reporting	92.3%	50,888	5,642	45,246	47	303	1,155	4,137	8,539	34,476	2,231
Estimated totals	100.0%	55,159	6,115	49,044	51	328	1,252	4,484	9,256	37,370	2,418
Rural	1,719,522										
Area actually reporting	90.4%	39,504	3,885	35,619	71	210	373	3,231	9,509	23,178	2,932
Estimated totals	100.0%	43,718	4,300	39,418	79	232	413	3,576	10,523	25,650	3,245
State total	8,560,310	385,830	39,271	346,559	606	2,108	13,432	23,125	73,932	234,591	38,036
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,507.2	458.8	4,048.4	7.1	24.6	156.9	270.1	863.7	2,740.4	444.3
HAWAII											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	900,433										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	57,271	2,601	54,670	18	304	1,072	1,207	8,932	37,250	8,488
Cities outside metropolitan areas	NONE										
Rural	344,465										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	17,967	661	17,306	6	68	138	449	3,790	12,094	1,422
State total	1,244,898	75,238	3,262	71,976	24	372	1,210	1,656	12,722	49,344	9,910
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	6,043.7	262.0	5,781.7	1.9	29.9	97.2	133.0	1,021.9	3,963.7	796.0
IDAHO											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	526,430										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	20,859	1,682	19,177	13	267	153	1,249	3,443	14,390	1,344
Cities outside metropolitan areas	379,717										
Area actually reporting	97.9%	14,642	1,010	13,632	9	126	69	806	2,284	10,572	776
Estimated totals	100.0%	14,949	1,031	13,918	9	129	70	823	2,332	10,794	792
Rural	434,984										
Area actually reporting	98.9%	6,665	699	5,966	14	100	17	568	1,647	3,833	486
Estimated totals	100.0%	6,739	706	6,033	14	101	17	574	1,666	3,876	491
State total	1,341,131	42,547	3,419	39,128	36	497	240	2,646	7,441	29,060	2,627
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,172.5	254.9	2,917.5	2.7	37.1	17.9	197.3	554.8	2,166.8	195.9
ILLINOIS^d											
State total	12,600,620	506,086	78,214	427,872	949	4,298	25,272	47,695	81,123	301,892	44,857
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,016.4	620.7	3,395.6	7.5	34.1	200.6	378.5	643.8	2,395.9	356.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
INDIANA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	4,446,634										
Area actually reporting	89.7%	173,239	17,786	155,453	305	1,391	5,971	10,119	31,422	107,426	16,605
Estimated totals	100.0%	183,586	18,576	165,010	312	1,470	6,102	10,692	33,404	114,178	17,428
Cities outside metropolitan areas	590,072										
Area actually reporting	81.7%	23,587	1,183	22,404	19	149	259	756	3,547	17,616	1,241
Estimated totals	100.0%	28,872	1,447	27,425	23	182	317	925	4,342	21,564	1,519
Rural	1,122,362										
Area actually reporting	56.0%	10,372	1,108	9,264	15	107	108	878	2,723	5,790	751
Estimated totals	100.0%	18,508	1,978	16,530	27	191	193	1,567	4,859	10,331	1,340
State total	6,159,068	230,966	22,001	208,965	362	1,843	6,612	13,184	42,605	146,073	20,287
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,750.0	357.2	3,392.8	5.9	29.9	107.4	214.1	691.7	2,371.7	329.4
IOWA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,330,865										
Area actually reporting	98.4%	67,221	5,761	61,460	30	555	1,026	4,150	11,123	46,145	4,192
Estimated totals	100.0%	67,944	5,801	62,143	30	559	1,032	4,180	11,213	46,711	4,219
Cities outside metropolitan areas	710,725										
Area actually reporting	91.8%	23,511	1,904	21,607	5	180	119	1,600	4,475	16,101	1,031
Estimated totals	100.0%	25,622	2,075	23,547	5	196	130	1,744	4,877	17,546	1,124
Rural	895,170										
Area actually reporting	98.5%	7,582	504	7,078	9	41	7	447	2,514	4,091	473
Estimated totals	100.0%	7,699	512	7,187	9	42	7	454	2,553	4,154	480
State total	2,936,760	101,265	8,388	92,877	44	797	1,169	6,378	18,643	68,411	5,823
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,448.2	285.6	3,162.6	1.5	27.1	39.8	217.2	634.8	2,329.5	198.3
KANSAS											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,536,604										
Area actually reporting	95.8%	64,646	5,817	58,829	48	560	1,523	3,686	10,711	43,642	4,476
Estimated totals	100.0%	69,861	6,592	63,269	58	586	1,837	4,111	11,738	46,324	5,207
Cities outside metropolitan areas	682,033										
Area actually reporting	91.7%	28,872	2,384	26,488	11	288	263	1,822	4,887	20,322	1,279
Estimated totals	100.0%	31,474	2,599	28,875	12	314	287	1,986	5,327	22,154	1,394
Rural	497,247										
Area actually reporting	95.4%	9,219	991	8,228	8	129	39	815	2,494	5,151	583
Estimated totals	100.0%	9,662	1,038	8,624	8	135	41	854	2,614	5,399	611
State total	2,715,884	110,997	10,229	100,768	78	1,035	2,165	6,951	19,679	73,877	7,212
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,087.0	376.6	3,710.3	2.9	38.1	79.7	255.9	724.6	2,720.2	265.5
KENTUCKY^d											
State total	4,092,891	118,799	11,418	107,381	184	1,088	3,063	7,083	27,855	70,776	8,750
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,902.6	279.0	2,623.6	4.5	26.6	74.8	173.1	680.6	1,729.2	213.8
LOUISIANA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,380,522										
Area actually reporting	98.8%	186,021	22,968	163,053	529	1,262	6,409	14,768	36,188	108,417	18,448
Estimated totals	100.0%	188,429	23,226	165,203	530	1,274	6,459	14,963	36,620	110,010	18,573
Cities outside metropolitan areas	372,005										
Area actually reporting	67.2%	15,170	2,156	13,014	12	77	284	1,783	2,849	9,641	524
Estimated totals	100.0%	22,579	3,210	19,369	18	115	423	2,654	4,240	14,349	780
Rural	730,119										
Area actually reporting	88.7%	15,539	2,886	12,653	40	124	214	2,508	3,982	7,932	739
Estimated totals	100.0%	17,520	3,254	14,266	45	140	241	2,828	4,490	8,943	833
State total	4,482,646	228,528	29,690	198,838	593	1,529	7,123	20,445	45,350	133,302	20,186
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,098.1	662.3	4,435.7	13.2	34.1	158.9	456.1	1,011.7	2,973.7	450.3
MAINE											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	488,483										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	15,213	610	14,603	7	167	156	280	2,678	11,351	574
Estimated totals	100.0%	15,225	610	14,615	7	167	156	280	2,680	11,361	574
Cities outside metropolitan areas	428,325										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	13,414	575	12,839	4	141	94	336	2,231	10,107	501
Estimated totals	100.0%	13,502	579	12,923	4	142	95	338	2,246	10,173	504
Rural	377,656										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,654	207	5,447	3	68	19	117	2,039	3,057	351
State total	1,294,464	34,381	1,396	32,985	14	377	270	735	6,965	24,591	1,429
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,656.0	107.8	2,548.2	1.1	29.1	20.9	56.8	538.1	1,899.7	110.4
MARYLAND											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,060,926										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	244,746	39,609	205,137	493	1,240	13,033	24,843	37,148	134,608	33,381
Cities outside metropolitan areas	108,964										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	8,287	1,303	6,984	9	63	276	955	1,314	5,386	284
Rural	288,247										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	6,087	1,103	4,984	11	67	108	917	1,303	3,326	355
State total	5,458,137	259,120	42,015	217,105	513	1,370	13,417	26,715	39,765	143,320	34,020
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,747.4	769.8	3,977.6	9.4	25.1	245.8	489.5	728.5	2,625.8	623.3

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
MASSACHUSETTS											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	6,166,938										
Area actually reporting	95.5%	184,978	29,255	155,723	168	1,642	6,944	20,501	30,464	99,669	25,590
Estimated totals	100.0%	190,894	29,971	160,923	170	1,689	7,054	21,058	31,503	103,287	26,133
Cities outside metropolitan areas	251,236										
Area actually reporting	87.4%	6,918	962	5,956	3	77	99	783	1,517	4,044	395
Estimated totals	100.0%	7,970	1,153	6,817	3	88	113	949	1,736	4,629	452
Rural	9,627										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	26	13	13	0	0	2	11	4	6	3
State total	6,427,801	198,890	31,137	167,753	173	1,777	7,169	22,018	33,243	107,922	26,588
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,094.2	484.4	2,609.8	2.7	27.6	111.5	342.5	517.2	1,679.0	413.6
MICHIGAN											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	8,261,532										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	340,257	49,949	290,308	643	4,059	11,668	33,579	59,841	183,112	47,355
Estimated totals	100.0%	341,916	50,097	291,819	644	4,074	11,697	33,682	60,103	184,194	47,522
Cities outside metropolitan areas	590,393										
Area actually reporting	89.2%	18,818	1,261	17,557	7	336	66	852	2,545	14,336	676
Estimated totals	100.0%	21,099	1,414	19,685	8	377	74	955	2,853	16,074	758
Rural	1,198,521										
Area actually reporting	98.3%	25,898	2,747	23,151	26	897	75	1,749	7,876	13,857	1,418
Estimated totals	100.0%	26,351	2,795	23,556	26	913	76	1,780	8,014	14,099	1,443
State total	10,050,446	389,366	54,306	335,060	678	5,364	11,847	36,417	70,970	214,367	49,723
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,874.1	540.3	3,333.8	6.7	53.4	117.9	362.3	706.1	2,132.9	494.7
MINNESOTA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,533,926										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	138,855	11,309	127,546	95	1,599	3,816	5,799	20,598	95,543	11,405
Estimated totals	100.0%	139,550	11,342	128,208	95	1,606	3,824	5,817	20,688	96,073	11,447
Cities outside metropolitan areas	559,457										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	22,009	1,158	20,851	5	335	74	744	2,861	16,956	1,034
Estimated totals	100.0%	22,137	1,164	20,973	5	337	74	748	2,878	17,055	1,040
Rural	926,337										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,767	922	14,845	12	330	39	541	4,468	9,022	1,355
State total	5,019,720	177,454	13,428	164,026	112	2,273	3,937	7,106	28,034	122,150	13,842
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,535.1	267.5	3,267.6	2.2	45.3	78.4	141.6	558.5	2,433.4	275.8
MISSISSIPPI											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,033,431										
Area actually reporting	82.8%	51,618	3,950	47,668	104	478	1,917	1,451	11,734	30,627	5,307
Estimated totals	100.0%	57,587	4,309	53,278	116	540	2,007	1,646	13,124	34,402	5,752
Cities outside metropolitan areas	657,437										
Area actually reporting	79.3%	32,095	2,402	29,693	52	264	738	1,348	7,177	20,882	1,634
Estimated totals	100.0%	40,481	3,030	37,451	66	333	931	1,700	9,052	26,338	2,061
Rural	1,180,914										
Area actually reporting	41.4%	8,850	1,043	7,807	34	105	173	731	3,071	4,028	708
Estimated totals	100.0%	21,374	2,519	1,885	82	254	418	1,765	7,417	9,728	1,710
State total	2,871,782	119,442	9,858	109,584	264	1,127	3,356	5,111	29,593	70,468	9,523
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,159.2	343.3	3,815.9	9.2	39.2	116.9	178.0	1,030.5	2,453.8	331.6
MISSOURI											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,847,277										
Area actually reporting	99.7%	211,121	23,892	187,229	267	1,089	6,644	15,892	32,331	129,332	25,566
Estimated totals	100.0%	211,647	23,936	187,711	267	1,091	6,653	15,925	32,403	129,699	25,609
Cities outside metropolitan areas	761,234										
Area actually reporting	99.3%	31,434	3,494	27,940	20	193	300	2,981	4,904	21,876	1,160
Estimated totals	100.0%	31,662	3,519	28,143	20	194	302	3,003	4,940	22,035	1,168
Rural	1,064,068										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	17,768	3,102	14,666	44	180	69	2,809	5,378	8,187	1,101
State total	5,672,579	261,077	30,557	230,520	331	1,465	7,024	21,737	42,721	159,921	27,878
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,602.4	538.7	4,063.8	5.8	25.8	123.8	383.2	753.1	2,819.2	491.5
MONTANA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	307,963										
Area actually reporting	87.3%	13,675	914	12,761	6	57	192	659	1,343	10,616	802
Estimated totals	100.0%	14,565	1,017	13,548	6	62	202	747	1,438	11,245	865
Cities outside metropolitan areas	178,045										
Area actually reporting	72.6%	6,349	573	5,776	3	59	34	477	508	4,971	297
Estimated totals	100.0%	8,744	789	7,955	4	81	47	657	700	6,846	409
Rural	423,445										
Area actually reporting	64.8%	5,601	902	4,699	4	61	22	815	746	3,623	330
Estimated totals	100.0%	8,639	1,391	7,248	6	94	34	1,257	1,151	5,588	509
State total	909,453	31,948	3,197	28,751	16	237	283	2,661	3,289	23,679	1,783
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,512.9	351.5	3,161.4	1.8	26.1	31.1	292.6	361.6	2,603.7	196.1

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
NEBRASKA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	909,259										
Area actually reporting	97.3%	50,855	4,452	46,403	35	307	1,242	2,868	6,214	34,840	5,349
Estimated totals	100.0%	51,466	4,486	46,980	35	310	1,248	2,893	6,303	35,277	5,400
Cities outside metropolitan areas	412,276										
Area actually reporting	90.4%	14,890	592	14,298	8	105	85	394	2,284	11,431	583
Estimated totals	100.0%	16,475	655	15,820	9	116	94	436	2,527	12,648	645
Rural	407,645										
Area actually reporting	93.1%	5,273	267	5,006	4	35	16	212	1,395	3,272	339
Estimated totals	100.0%	5,665	287	5,378	4	38	17	228	1,499	3,515	364
State total	1,729,180	73,606	5,428	68,178	48	464	1,359	3,557	10,329	51,440	6,409
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,256.7	313.9	3,942.8	2.8	26.8	78.6	205.7	597.3	2,974.8	370.6
NEVADA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,901,003										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	90,821	13,043	77,778	174	845	5,047	6,977	17,449	43,289	17,040
Cities outside metropolitan areas	46,975										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,849	115	1,734	2	15	15	83	380	1,248	106
Rural	225,513										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,082	698	4,384	5	68	56	569	1,122	2,922	340
State total	2,173,491	97,752	13,856	83,896	181	928	5,118	7,629	18,951	47,459	17,486
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,497.5	637.5	3,860.0	8.3	42.7	235.5	351.0	871.9	2,183.5	804.5
NEW HAMPSHIRE											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	772,025										
Area actually reporting	80.5%	15,278	1,244	14,034	7	224	323	690	2,487	10,359	1,188
Estimated totals	100.0%	17,848	1,435	16,413	7	261	347	820	2,911	12,120	1,382
Cities outside metropolitan areas	441,658										
Area actually reporting	66.8%	6,778	385	6,393	2	116	42	225	1,221	4,815	357
Estimated totals	100.0%	10,153	577	9,576	3	174	63	337	1,829	7,212	535
Rural	61,373										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	305	44	261	2	11	3	28	98	136	27
State total	1,275,056	28,306	2,056	26,250	12	446	413	1,185	4,838	19,468	1,944
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,220.0	161.2	2,058.7	0.9	35.0	32.4	92.9	379.4	1,526.8	152.5
NEW JERSEY											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	8,590,300										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	258,903	32,110	226,793	337	1,347	13,882	16,544	43,877	147,217	35,699
Estimated totals	100.0%	259,789	32,168	227,621	337	1,347	13,905	16,579	43,898	147,984	35,739
Cities outside metropolitan areas	NONE										
Rural	NONE										
State total	8,590,300	259,789	32,168	227,621	337	1,347	13,905	16,579	43,898	147,984	35,739
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,024.2	374.5	2,649.7	3.9	15.7	161.9	193.0	511.0	1,722.7	416.0
NEW MEXICO											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,060,156										
Area actually reporting	87.0%	55,962	7,558	48,404	76	527	1,672	5,283	10,584	32,541	5,279
Estimated totals	100.0%	59,826	8,381	51,445	83	583	1,774	5,941	11,519	34,292	5,634
Cities outside metropolitan areas	442,777										
Area actually reporting	90.3%	24,373	3,616	20,757	35	242	334	3,005	5,156	14,624	977
Estimated totals	100.0%	26,984	4,004	22,980	39	268	370	3,327	5,708	16,190	1,082
Rural	352,126										
Area actually reporting	82.8%	6,118	1,105	5,013	25	146	51	883	1,994	2,422	597
Estimated totals	100.0%	7,386	1,334	6,052	30	176	62	1,066	2,407	2,924	721
State total	1,855,059	94,196	13,719	80,477	152	1,027	2,206	10,334	19,634	53,406	7,437
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,077.8	739.5	4,338.2	8.2	55.4	118.9	557.1	1,058.4	2,878.9	400.9
NEW YORK											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	17,639,788										
Area actually reporting	90.5%	470,354	88,373	381,981	862	3,215	35,621	48,675	64,789	272,759	44,433
Estimated totals	100.0%	502,782	91,371	411,411	894	3,478	36,332	50,667	69,911	295,019	46,481
Cities outside metropolitan areas	607,003										
Area actually reporting	86.1%	16,156	1,387	14,769	3	132	197	1,055	2,462	11,889	418
Estimated totals	100.0%	18,760	1,611	17,149	4	153	229	1,225	2,859	13,805	485
Rural	910,741										
Area actually reporting	92.1%	14,346	1,886	12,460	10	234	85	1,557	3,619	8,473	368
Estimated totals	100.0%	15,579	2,048	13,531	11	254	92	1,691	3,930	9,201	400
State total	19,157,532	537,121	95,030	442,091	909	3,885	36,653	53,583	76,700	318,025	47,366
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,803.7	496.0	2,307.7	4.7	20.3	191.3	279.7	400.4	1,660.1	247.2

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
NORTH CAROLINA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,619,995										
Area actually reporting	99.3%	282,298	28,800	253,498	373	1,543	9,864	17,020	65,851	168,529	19,118
Estimated totals	100.0%	284,500	28,953	255,547	374	1,552	9,909	17,118	66,280	170,055	19,212
Cities outside metropolitan areas	810,696										
Area actually reporting	95.6%	54,791	5,224	49,567	52	291	1,519	3,362	12,354	34,847	2,366
Estimated totals	100.0%	57,283	5,461	51,822	54	304	1,588	3,515	12,916	36,432	2,474
Rural	1,889,455										
Area actually reporting	95.8%	48,895	4,506	44,389	115	326	678	3,387	19,483	21,860	3,046
Estimated totals	100.0%	51,043	4,704	46,339	120	340	708	3,536	20,339	22,820	3,180
State total	8,320,146	392,826	39,118	353,708	548	2,196	12,205	24,169	99,535	229,307	24,866
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,721.4	470.2	4,251.2	6.6	26.4	146.7	290.5	1,196.3	2,756.0	298.9
NORTH DAKOTA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	280,387										
Area actually reporting	99.1%	9,430	299	9,131	2	94	41	162	1,282	7,218	631
Estimated totals	100.0%	9,528	301	9,227	2	95	41	163	1,297	7,294	636
Cities outside metropolitan areas	144,198										
Area actually reporting	88.3%	3,666	128	3,538	2	41	15	70	477	2,859	202
Estimated totals	100.0%	4,149	144	4,005	2	46	17	79	540	3,236	229
Rural	209,525										
Area actually reporting	84.5%	1,336	44	1,292	1	19	0	24	343	820	129
Estimated totals	100.0%	1,581	51	1,530	1	22	0	28	406	971	153
State total	634,110	15,258	496	14,762	5	163	58	270	2,243	11,501	1,018
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,406.2	78.2	2,328.0	0.8	25.7	9.1	42.6	353.7	1,813.7	160.5
OHIO											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	9,269,065										
Area actually reporting	87.5%	376,175	35,708	340,467	468	4,018	16,627	14,595	79,941	222,822	37,704
Estimated totals	100.0%	408,945	37,428	371,517	486	4,304	17,253	15,385	85,684	245,901	39,932
Cities outside metropolitan areas	795,592										
Area actually reporting	79.5%	30,482	1,474	29,008	15	268	404	787	5,256	22,644	1,108
Estimated totals	100.0%	38,347	1,854	36,493	19	337	508	990	6,612	28,487	1,394
Rural	1,356,610										
Area actually reporting	62.5%	13,640	529	13,111	13	105	69	342	4,295	7,915	901
Estimated totals	100.0%	21,812	846	20,966	21	168	110	547	6,868	12,657	1,441
State total	11,421,267	469,104	40,128	428,976	526	4,809	17,871	16,922	99,164	287,045	42,767
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,107.3	351.3	3,755.9	4.6	42.1	156.5	148.2	868.2	2,513.3	374.5
OKLAHOMA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,123,513										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	122,845	12,688	110,157	104	1,124	2,614	8,846	24,466	75,589	10,102
Cities outside metropolitan areas	699,127										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	32,564	3,524	29,040	24	327	313	2,860	7,285	20,109	1,646
Rural	671,074										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	10,306	1,375	8,931	35	122	39	1,179	3,420	4,487	1,024
State total	3,493,714	165,715	17,587	148,128	163	1,573	2,966	12,885	35,171	100,185	12,772
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,743.2	503.4	4,239.8	4.7	45.0	84.9	368.8	1,006.7	2,867.6	365.6
OREGON											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,575,588										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	137,598	8,793	128,805	53	989	2,444	5,307	19,095	95,330	14,380
Estimated totals	100.0%	137,645	8,795	128,850	53	989	2,445	5,308	19,101	95,364	14,385
Cities outside metropolitan areas	443,276										
Area actually reporting	97.1%	23,232	1,030	22,202	5	160	240	625	3,658	17,228	1,316
Estimated totals	100.0%	23,933	1,061	22,872	5	165	247	644	3,768	17,748	1,356
Rural	502,651										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	9,865	442	9,423	14	84	50	294	2,827	5,813	783
State total	3,521,515	171,443	10,298	161,145	72	1,238	2,742	6,246	25,696	118,925	16,524
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,868.4	292.4	4,576.0	2.0	35.2	77.9	177.4	729.7	3,377.1	469.2
PENNSYLVANIA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	10,437,252										
Area actually reporting	90.6%	289,525	43,374	246,151	564	3,005	16,123	23,682	44,675	172,421	29,055
Estimated totals	100.0%	312,507	45,563	266,944	584	3,166	16,685	25,128	47,667	188,670	30,607
Cities outside metropolitan areas	805,839										
Area actually reporting	76.1%	16,064	1,795	14,269	10	195	264	1,326	2,271	11,265	733
Estimated totals	100.0%	21,122	2,360	18,762	13	256	347	1,744	2,986	14,812	964
Rural	1,092,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	16,817	1,655	15,162	27	309	131	1,188	4,957	8,959	1,246
State total	12,335,091	350,446	49,578	300,868	624	3,731	17,163	28,060	55,610	212,441	32,817
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,841.0	401.9	2,439.1	5.1	30.2	139.1	227.5	450.8	1,722.2	266.0
PUERTO RICO											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,252,499										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	79,618	11,997	67,621	698	207	8,184	2,908	20,346	35,251	12,024
Cities outside metropolitan areas	606,307										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	11,165	1,474	9,691	76	34	794	570	4,391	4,389	911
Total	3,858,806	90,783	13,471	77,312	774	241	8,978	3,478	24,737	39,640	12,935
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,352.6	349.1	2,003.5	20.1	6.2	232.7	90.1	641.1	1,027.3	335.2

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft
RHODE ISLAND											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,003,857										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	35,952	2,827	33,125	37	356	892	1,542	5,980	22,362	4,783
Estimated totals	65,868										
Cities outside metropolitan areas	65,868										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,358	188	2,170	1	23	23	141	431	1,660	79
Rural	NONE										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	83	36	47	3	16	1	16	4	29	14
State total	1,069,725	38,393	3,051	35,342	41	395	916	1,699	6,415	24,051	4,876
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,589.1	285.2	3,303.8	3.8	36.9	85.6	158.8	599.7	2,248.3	455.8
SOUTH CAROLINA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,873,545										
Area actually reporting	99.8%	158,519	22,943	135,576	205	1,384	4,509	16,845	30,200	92,031	13,345
Estimated totals	100.0%	158,894	22,985	135,909	205	1,386	4,517	16,877	30,257	92,285	13,367
Cities outside metropolitan areas	311,683										
Area actually reporting	98.4%	23,583	4,386	19,197	31	147	606	3,602	4,114	14,118	965
Estimated totals	100.0%	23,972	4,458	19,514	32	149	616	3,661	4,182	14,351	981
Rural	921,955										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	34,703	6,318	28,385	61	424	641	5,192	9,306	16,560	2,519
State total	4,107,183	217,569	33,761	183,808	298	1,959	5,774	25,730	43,745	123,196	16,867
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,297.3	822.0	4,475.3	7.3	47.7	140.6	626.5	1,065.1	2,999.5	410.7
SOUTH DAKOTA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	263,131										
Area actually reporting	93.8%	8,988	725	8,263	3	215	82	425	1,448	6,428	387
Estimated totals	100.0%	9,439	753	8,686	3	226	84	440	1,519	6,764	403
Cities outside metropolitan areas	214,373										
Area actually reporting	88.6%	5,222	301	4,921	4	71	16	210	849	3,820	252
Estimated totals	100.0%	5,893	340	5,553	5	80	18	237	958	4,311	284
Rural	283,559										
Area actually reporting	65.7%	1,321	169	1,152	2	36	10	121	366	699	87
Estimated totals	100.0%	2,010	257	1,753	3	55	15	184	557	1,064	132
State total	761,063	17,342	1,350	15,992	11	361	117	861	3,034	12,139	819
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,278.7	177.4	2,101.3	1.4	47.4	15.4	113.1	398.7	1,595.0	107.6
TENNESSEE											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,935,464										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	228,278	33,438	194,840	340	1,820	8,726	22,552	46,561	125,860	22,419
Cities outside metropolitan areas	656,434										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	36,531	4,236	32,295	28	244	532	3,432	6,679	23,639	1,977
Estimated totals	100.0%	36,574	4,241	32,333	28	244	533	3,436	6,687	23,667	1,979
Rural	1,205,391										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	26,109	3,883	22,226	52	226	154	3,451	8,000	12,083	2,143
State total	5,797,289	290,961	41,562	249,399	420	2,290	9,413	29,439	61,248	161,610	26,541
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,018.9	716.9	4,302.0	7.2	39.5	162.4	507.8	1,056.5	2,787.7	457.8
TEXAS											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	18,479,316										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	1,035,510	116,035	919,475	1,165	7,536	36,665	70,669	188,088	633,518	97,869
Estimated totals	100.0%	1,036,268	116,090	920,178	1,165	7,541	36,679	70,705	188,238	634,024	97,916
Cities outside metropolitan areas	1,486,837										
Area actually reporting	99.2%	62,401	6,215	56,186	50	623	696	4,846	13,294	40,038	2,854
Estimated totals	100.0%	62,653	6,244	56,409	50	625	697	4,872	13,341	40,202	2,866
Rural	1,813,740										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	31,371	3,684	27,687	87	342	204	3,051	11,023	14,766	1,898
State total	21,779,893	1,130,292	126,018	1,004,274	1,302	8,508	37,580	78,628	212,602	688,992	102,680
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,189.6	578.6	4,611.0	6.0	39.1	172.5	361.0	976.1	3,163.4	471.4
UTAH											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,772,063										
Area actually reporting	99.8%	88,281	4,596	83,685	34	723	1,096	2,743	12,621	64,067	6,997
Estimated totals	100.0%	88,399	4,601	83,798	34	724	1,097	2,746	12,639	64,153	7,006
Cities outside metropolitan areas	293,306										
Area actually reporting	96.5%	9,775	563	9,212	6	152	28	377	1,521	7,263	428
Estimated totals	100.0%	10,127	583	9,544	6	157	29	391	1,576	7,525	443
Rural	250,887										
Area actually reporting	96.6%	4,447	294	4,153	7	60	14	213	878	3,011	264
Estimated totals	100.0%	4,603	304	4,299	7	62	14	221	909	3,117	273
State total	2,316,256	103,129	5,488	97,641	47	943	1,140	3,358	15,124	74,795	7,722
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	4,452.4	236.9	4,215.5	2.0	40.7	49.2	145.0	653.0	3,229.1	333.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.108

Estimated number and rate (per 100,000 inhabitants) of offenses known to police

By offense, jurisdiction, and extent of urbanization, 2002--Continued

Jurisdiction	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
VERMONT											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	163,177										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,417	216	5,201	8	16	34	158	1,128	3,858	215
Cities outside metropolitan areas	206,092										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	6,187	272	5,915	1	68	33	170	1,013	4,653	249
Estimated totals	100.0%	6,224	273	5,951	1	68	33	171	1,019	4,681	251
Rural	247,323										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,959	169	3,790	4	42	10	113	1,342	2,145	303
State total	616,592	15,600	658	14,942	13	126	77	442	3,489	10,684	769
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,530.0	106.7	2,423.3	2.1	20.4	12.5	71.7	565.9	1,732.8	124.7
VIRGINIA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,695,993										
Area actually reporting	99.6%	195,402	18,151	177,251	304	1,435	6,492	9,920	25,657	134,985	16,609
Estimated totals	100.0%	196,372	18,251	178,121	305	1,443	6,520	9,983	25,768	135,664	16,689
Cities outside metropolitan areas	449,150										
Area actually reporting	92.7%	14,081	1,174	12,907	15	125	216	818	1,902	10,393	612
Estimated totals	100.0%	15,185	1,266	13,919	16	135	233	882	2,051	11,208	660
Rural	1,148,399										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	17,378	1,729	15,649	67	259	207	1,196	3,915	10,612	1,122
Estimated totals	100.0%	17,482	1,739	15,743	67	261	208	1,203	3,938	10,676	1,129
State total	7,293,542	229,039	21,256	207,783	388	1,839	6,961	12,068	31,757	157,548	18,478
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,140.3	291.4	2,848.9	5.3	25.2	95.4	165.5	435.4	2,160.1	253.3
WASHINGTON											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,044,509										
Area actually reporting	97.9%	257,184	18,287	238,897	146	2,166	5,365	10,610	44,484	157,459	36,954
Estimated totals	100.0%	261,666	18,554	243,112	148	2,210	5,433	10,763	45,291	160,226	37,595
Cities outside metropolitan areas	463,899										
Area actually reporting	90.7%	29,773	1,372	28,401	10	285	262	815	4,782	21,958	1,661
Estimated totals	100.0%	32,838	1,513	31,325	11	314	289	899	5,274	24,219	1,832
Rural	560,588										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,427	897	14,530	25	210	75	587	4,383	9,081	1,066
State total	6,068,996	309,931	20,964	288,967	184	2,734	5,797	12,249	54,948	193,526	40,493
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	5,106.8	345.4	4,761.4	3.0	45.0	95.5	201.8	905.4	3,188.8	667.2
WEST VIRGINIA											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	762,826										
Area actually reporting	91.8%	22,873	1,968	20,905	19	166	416	1,367	4,570	14,150	2,185
Estimated totals	100.0%	25,084	2,156	22,928	20	180	458	1,498	4,938	15,629	2,361
Cities outside metropolitan areas	278,400										
Area actually reporting	81.1%	6,428	567	5,861	6	39	88	434	1,185	4,369	307
Estimated totals	100.0%	7,921	699	7,222	8	48	108	535	1,460	5,384	378
Rural	760,647										
Area actually reporting	97.3%	11,978	1,329	10,649	28	97	89	1,115	3,189	6,333	1,127
Estimated totals	100.0%	12,315	1,366	10,949	29	100	91	1,146	3,279	6,511	1,159
State total	1,801,873	45,320	4,221	41,099	57	328	657	3,179	9,677	27,524	3,898
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	2,515.2	234.3	2,280.9	3.2	18.2	36.5	176.4	537.1	1,527.5	216.3
WISCONSIN											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,692,594										
Area actually reporting	97.4%	134,920	10,363	124,557	135	956	4,572	4,700	19,851	93,057	11,649
Estimated totals	100.0%	136,716	10,437	126,279	136	967	4,588	4,746	20,143	94,399	11,737
Cities outside metropolitan areas	718,125										
Area actually reporting	99.0%	25,127	1,012	24,115	2	147	85	778	3,156	20,105	854
Estimated totals	100.0%	25,371	1,022	24,349	2	148	86	786	3,187	20,300	862
Rural	1,030,477										
Area actually reporting	97.6%	14,547	761	13,786	16	119	38	588	4,487	8,460	839
Estimated totals	100.0%	14,900	779	14,121	16	122	39	602	4,596	8,666	859
State total	5,441,196	176,987	12,238	164,749	154	1,237	4,713	6,134	27,926	123,365	13,458
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,252.7	224.9	3,027.8	2.8	22.7	86.6	112.7	513.2	2,267.2	247.3
WYOMING											
Metropolitan Statistical Area	149,614										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	6,626	367	6,259	5	54	51	257	988	4,957	314
Cities outside metropolitan areas	208,723										
Area actually reporting	98.4%	8,560	649	7,911	4	56	35	554	994	6,592	325
Estimated totals	100.0%	8,697	660	8,037	4	57	36	563	1,010	6,697	330
Rural	140,366										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,535	337	2,198	6	37	6	288	450	1,649	99
State total	498,703	17,858	1,364	16,494	15	148	93	1,108	2,448	13,303	743
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	X	3,580.9	273.5	3,307.4	3.0	29.7	18.6	222.2	490.9	2,667.5	149.0

Note: See Note, table 3.106. These data include estimated offense totals for agencies submitting less than 12 months of offense reports (Source, p. 449). For definitions of offenses and areas, see Appendix 3.

^cIncludes offenses reported by the Zoological Police and the Metro Transit Police.

^dComplete data were not available for Illinois and Kentucky; crime counts for these States were estimated by the Source.

^aViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^bProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), pp. 78-88. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.109

Offenses known to police

By offense and size of place, 2001 and 2002

(2002 estimated population)

Population group	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter ^c	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
TOTAL ALL AGENCIES										
12,270 agencies; total population 255,383,586:										
2001	10,781,626	1,327,864	9,453,762	14,888	80,223	400,324	832,429	1,915,952	6,394,800	1,143,010
2002	10,758,229	1,308,757	9,449,472	15,031	83,631	395,474	814,621	1,942,577	6,350,026	1,156,869
Percent change	-0.2	-1.4	(d)	1.0	4.2	-1.2	-2.1	1.4	-0.7	1.2
TOTAL CITIES										
8,618 cities; total population 171,734,038:										
2001	8,565,743	1,072,524	7,493,219	11,823	59,203	356,474	645,024	1,407,365	5,138,943	946,911
2002	8,523,610	1,052,260	7,471,350	11,750	61,551	350,974	627,985	1,420,872	5,101,814	948,664
Percent change	-0.5	-1.9	-0.3	-0.6	4.0	-1.5	-2.6	1.0	-0.7	0.2
Group I										
69 cities, 250,000 and over; population 51,949,588:										
2001	3,255,232	546,105	2,709,127	6,880	21,373	209,681	308,171	517,254	1,709,386	482,487
2002	3,220,348	532,902	2,687,446	6,823	21,773	205,183	299,123	515,935	1,692,484	479,027
Percent change	-1.1	-2.4	-0.8	-0.8	1.9	-2.1	-2.9	-0.3	-1.0	-0.7
10 cities, 1,000,000 and over; population 24,682,265:										
2001	1,298,118	262,710	1,035,408	3,222	7,239	103,827	148,422	188,589	648,583	198,236
2002	1,288,482	257,755	1,030,727	3,090	7,385	102,672	144,608	188,526	645,634	196,567
Percent change	-0.7	-1.9	-0.5	-4.1	2.0	-1.1	-2.6	(d)	-0.5	-0.8
21 cities, 500,000 to 999,999; population 13,963,253:										
2001	1,014,346	146,304	868,042	1,911	7,038	53,223	84,132	169,262	554,602	144,178
2002	1,005,707	140,595	865,112	1,926	7,303	50,280	81,086	169,540	552,076	143,496
Percent change	-0.9	-3.9	-0.3	0.8	3.8	-5.5	-3.6	0.2	-0.5	-0.5
38 cities, 250,000 to 499,999; population 13,304,070:										
2001	942,768	137,091	805,677	1,747	7,096	52,631	75,617	159,403	506,201	140,073
2002	926,159	134,552	791,607	1,807	7,085	52,231	73,429	157,869	494,774	138,964
Percent change	-1.8	-1.9	-1.7	3.4	-0.2	-0.8	-2.9	-1.0	-2.3	-0.8
Group II										
166 cities, 100,000 to 249,999; population 24,834,622:										
2001	1,398,173	158,920	1,239,253	1,850	9,252	55,373	92,445	241,215	837,554	160,484
2002	1,409,516	156,772	1,252,744	1,906	10,066	54,243	90,557	245,410	844,408	162,926
Percent change	0.8	-1.4	1.1	3.0	8.8	-2.0	-2.0	1.7	0.8	1.5
Group III										
387 cities, 50,000 to 99,999; population 26,758,653:										
2001	1,188,578	129,564	1,059,014	1,118	9,190	38,967	80,289	204,585	735,536	118,893
2002	1,195,535	128,209	1,067,326	1,198	9,456	38,858	78,697	205,909	739,275	122,142
Percent change	0.6	-1.0	0.8	7.2	2.9	-0.3	-2.0	0.6	0.5	2.7
Group IV										
701 cities, 25,000 to 49,999; population 24,448,049:										
2001	1,001,664	92,139	909,525	766	7,435	24,776	59,162	166,915	662,089	80,521
2002	989,433	90,670	898,763	763	7,683	24,372	57,852	168,453	650,184	80,126
Percent change	-1.2	-1.6	-1.2	-0.4	3.3	-1.6	-2.2	0.9	-1.8	-0.5
Group V										
1,538 cities, 10,000 to 24,999; population 24,424,834:										
2001	925,269	79,164	846,105	666	6,753	17,481	54,264	150,759	634,399	60,947
2002	919,341	78,131	841,210	600	7,019	18,050	52,462	154,921	624,962	61,327
Percent change	-0.6	-1.3	-0.6	-9.9	3.9	3.3	-3.3	2.8	-1.5	0.6
Group VI										
5,757 cities, under 10,000; population 19,318,292:										
2001	796,827	66,632	730,195	543	5,200	10,196	50,693	126,637	559,979	43,579
2002	789,437	65,576	723,861	460	5,554	10,268	49,294	130,244	550,501	43,116
Percent change	-0.9	-1.6	-0.9	-15.3	6.8	0.7	-2.8	2.8	-1.7	-1.1

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.109

Offenses known to police

By offense and size of place, 2001 and 2002--Continued

Population group	Total Crime Index	Violent crime ^a	Property crime ^b	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter ^c	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft
SUBURBAN COUNTIES										
1,259 agencies; population 55,661,496:										
2001	1,672,347	193,253	1,479,094	2,050	14,739	39,076	137,388	354,044	965,598	159,452
2002	1,688,437	195,127	1,493,310	2,289	15,524	39,763	137,551	363,406	959,610	170,294
Percent change	1.0	1.0	1.0	11.7	5.3	1.8	0.1	2.6	-0.6	6.8
RURAL COUNTIES^e										
2,393 agencies; population 27,988,052:										
2001	543,536	62,087	481,449	1,015	6,281	4,774	50,017	154,543	290,259	36,647
2002	546,182	61,370	484,812	992	6,556	4,737	49,085	158,299	288,602	37,911
Percent change	0.5	-1.2	0.7	-2.3	4.4	-0.8	-1.9	2.4	-0.6	3.4
SUBURBAN AREAS^f										
5,893 agencies; population 101,022,671:										
2001	3,279,354	325,394	2,953,960	3,082	25,157	72,353	224,802	605,950	2,060,715	287,295
2002	3,277,268	323,799	2,953,469	3,259	26,079	72,917	221,544	619,687	2,035,813	297,969
Percent change	-0.1	-0.5	(d)	5.7	3.7	0.8	-1.4	2.3	-1.2	3.7

Note: See Note, table 3.106. These data represent all law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for at least 6 common months in 2001 and 2002 (Source, p. 450). Forcible rape figures furnished by the State-level Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program administered by the Delaware State Bureau of Investigation for 2001 and the Illinois Department of State Police for 2001 and 2002 were not in accordance with national UCR guidelines and were excluded by the Source from the forcible rape, violent crime, and Total Crime Index categories. Complete data were not available for Illinois and Kentucky for 2001 and 2002. Crime counts for these States were estimated by the Source. For definitions of offenses, and suburban and rural areas, see Appendix 3.

^aViolent crimes are offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^bProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Data are not included for the property crime of arson.

^cThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

^dLess than 0.1%.

^eIncludes State police agencies with no county breakdown.

^fIncludes law enforcement agencies in cities with less than 50,000 inhabitants and county law enforcement agencies that are within a Metropolitan Statistical Area; excludes all metropolitan agencies associated with a central city. The agencies associated with suburban areas also will appear in other groups within this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), pp. 200, 201. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Abilene, TX	2001	118,561	5,186	2	66	88	227	1,084	3,504	215	37
	2002	121,089	5,394	4	63	111	266	1,289	3,432	229	37
Akron, OH ^a	2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2002	218,377	13,101	19	156	655	361	3,069	7,383	1,458	112
Albuquerque, NM	2001	451,098	39,541	34	219	1,610	3,396	6,585	23,535	4,162	179
	2002	457,488	35,762	51	293	1,295	3,250	5,452	21,371	4,050	77
Alexandria, VA ^a	2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2002	132,180	5,165	3	21	176	212	482	3,532	739	16
Allentown, PA	2001	106,685	5,237	8	46	295	269	1,111	3,052	456	41
	2002	107,101	5,944	9	58	294	254	1,212	3,615	502	81
Amarillo, TX	2001	177,567	13,627	19	98	277	1,008	2,533	8,747	945	56
	2002	181,355	13,473	7	109	330	1,033	2,468	8,566	960	66
Amherst Town, NY	2001	111,169	2,010	0	3	31	50	171	1,645	110	5
	2002	112,024	1,940	0	9	44	48	194	1,558	87	NA
Anaheim, CA	2001	334,110	11,225	8	91	484	733	1,798	6,328	1,783	47
	2002	340,065	12,198	17	80	465	827	1,995	6,945	1,869	50
Anchorage, AK	2001	263,588	13,214	10	210	384	1,144	1,606	8,648	1,212	103
	2002	267,280	13,670	18	254	382	1,067	1,521	9,255	1,173	141
Ann Arbor, MI	2001	114,625	3,880	1	25	125	201	739	2,626	163	18
	2002	115,309	3,727	5	26	87	183	859	2,385	182	35
Arlington, TX	2001	340,525	24,551	15	145	687	1,282	3,552	16,345	2,525	58
	2002	347,789	23,594	14	152	794	1,242	3,638	15,746	2,008	73
Arvada, CO	2001	104,919	3,784	0	23	37	130	466	2,783	345	40
	2002	107,028	4,148	2	17	48	107	519	3,098	357	48
Athens- Clarke County, GA	2001	102,843	6,855	8	26	156	261	1,069	4,956	379	35
	2002	105,007	6,693	7	53	158	223	1,042	4,779	431	35
Atlanta, GA	2001	426,511	52,195	144	367	4,341	5,956	8,731	25,721	6,935	128
	2002	435,494	49,451	152	276	4,168	5,373	8,554	23,706	7,222	151
Aurora, CO	2001	283,876	17,224	17	224	496	937	1,834	10,871	2,845	102
	2002	289,584	18,075	16	256	549	1,031	2,161	10,745	3,317	130
Aurora, IL ^b	2001	143,715	NA	8	NA	256	605	1,064	3,672	356	32
	2002	145,078	NA	25	NA	158	538	1,017	3,979	317	40
Austin, TX	2001	671,462	43,210	26	262	1,171	1,670	7,439	29,276	3,366	144
	2002	685,784	42,979	25	256	1,174	1,748	6,916	29,725	3,135	152
Bakersfield, CA	2001	251,648	10,255	22	34	324	460	2,035	6,226	1,154	247
	2002	256,134	11,846	22	47	355	647	2,436	6,941	1,398	149
Baltimore, MD	2001	660,826	63,488	256	296	5,747	8,500	10,899	29,615	8,175	426
	2002	671,028	55,820	253	178	4,714	8,644	8,759	26,716	6,556	344
Baton Rouge, LA ^c	2001	227,637	20,149	46	62	1,071	1,368	3,716	12,128	1,758	169
	2002	228,515	18,949	59	133	1,107	1,371	4,070	10,763	1,446	193
Beaumont, TX	2001	116,450	8,845	10	158	361	585	1,692	5,512	527	59
	2002	118,934	10,443	7	172	408	563	1,722	7,015	556	66
Bellevue, WA	2001	111,314	4,667	0	21	59	82	535	3,431	539	35
	2002	112,819	4,640	0	26	48	66	606	3,349	545	39
Berkeley, CA	2001	104,652	9,470	1	17	398	326	1,453	6,054	1,221	51
	2002	106,518	10,271	7	28	407	287	1,514	6,687	1,341	48
Birmingham, AL	2001	243,762	21,085	73	206	1,084	1,664	4,079	11,928	2,051	251
	2002	244,972	21,265	65	239	1,186	1,697	4,389	11,640	2,049	211
Boise, ID	2001	189,671	8,730	2	84	78	471	1,347	6,163	585	68
	2002	192,561	8,748	6	92	84	497	1,318	6,209	542	78
Boston, MA	2001	591,944	37,385	65	361	2,523	4,412	4,222	17,608	8,194	NA
	2002	596,444	35,706	60	369	2,533	3,994	3,830	17,824	7,096	NA
Bridgeport, CT	2001	140,328	8,162	16	69	608	1,217	1,266	2,876	2,110	161
	2002	141,780	8,551	12	65	555	1,063	1,401	3,920	1,535	129
Brownsville, TX	2001	142,893	11,910	7	27	180	595	1,066	9,574	461	35
	2002	145,941	12,759	1	32	181	592	1,207	10,266	480	26
Buffalo, NY	2001	293,187	19,894	64	229	1,600	1,816	3,965	9,669	2,551	444
	2002	295,441	19,017	43	185	1,627	1,902	3,857	9,115	2,288	406
Burbank, CA	2001	102,180	3,377	3	7	122	198	503	2,013	531	10
	2002	104,001	3,216	1	10	100	162	501	1,851	591	24
Cambridge, MA	2001	101,837	4,416	1	15	181	273	688	2,740	518	NA
	2002	102,611	4,306	6	11	195	285	720	2,664	425	NA
Cape Coral, FL	2001	104,936	3,670	2	13	34	297	855	2,293	176	31
	2002	106,963	4,086	3	17	42	327	1,081	2,394	222	25
Carrollton, TX	2001	112,063	3,842	2	2	52	135	802	2,491	358	23
	2002	114,453	4,289	1	18	90	148	819	2,802	411	40
Cedar Rapids, IA	2001	120,628	7,473	3	57	99	248	1,318	5,381	367	19
	2002	121,189	7,233	2	57	104	267	1,111	5,387	305	15
Chandler, AZ ^a	2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2002	187,795	11,204	3	46	149	321	1,893	7,447	1,345	63
Charlotte- Mecklenberg, NC	2001	636,459	49,757	66	293	2,996	4,420	10,285	27,291	4,406	317
	2002	646,864	48,597	67	289	2,893	4,334	10,516	25,860	4,638	455

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002--Continued

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Chattanooga, TN	2001	156,941	19,320	26	86	765	1,929	3,270	11,042	2,202	78
	2002	158,507	15,867	24	112	625	1,638	2,574	9,462	1,432	72
Chesapeake, VA ^a	2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2002	205,235	8,756	6	65	321	971	1,438	5,351	604	18
Chicago, IL ^b	2001	2,910,709	NA	666	NA	18,433	25,533	25,966	97,496	27,694	1,004
	2002	2,938,299	NA	648	NA	18,532	24,842	25,552	96,380	25,245	1,022
Chula Vista, CA	2001	176,781	7,644	8	69	242	610	1,009	3,999	1,707	58
	2002	179,932	7,463	5	50	257	579	1,068	3,733	1,771	86
Cincinnati, OH	2001	331,880	27,817	55	358	2,075	1,402	6,297	14,283	3,347	537
	2002	333,273	29,205	64	388	2,412	1,329	6,461	14,526	4,025	452
Clarksville, TN	2001	105,378	4,794	6	57	90	372	653	3,445	171	9
	2002	105,419	5,962	6	44	82	462	768	4,330	270	20
Clearwater, FL	2001	111,606	6,642	4	56	230	736	1,188	3,979	449	38
	2002	113,761	6,544	7	51	270	795	1,181	3,799	441	37
Cleveland, OH	2001	479,263	33,065	77	624	3,298	2,425	7,937	12,925	5,779	539
	2002	481,274	33,209	80	619	3,263	2,402	8,096	13,250	5,499	489
Colorado Springs, CO	2001	370,661	19,475	14	257	494	1,142	3,070	13,155	1,343	137
	2002	378,114	21,817	25	275	497	1,235	4,063	14,137	1,585	139
Columbia, SC	2001	117,756	10,574	15	62	442	781	1,426	6,863	985	29
	2002	119,036	10,307	10	83	497	949	1,639	6,213	916	NA
Columbus, GA	2001	190,262	12,143	9	18	440	524	1,803	8,473	876	11
	2002	194,265	12,382	20	25	359	427	1,937	8,595	1,019	50
Columbus, OH	2001	712,748	68,547	81	602	3,364	2,349	15,740	38,835	7,576	476
	2002	715,739	66,261	81	673	3,503	2,242	16,066	36,063	7,633	223
Concord, CA	2001	124,043	5,573	0	16	158	324	750	3,563	762	10
	2002	126,254	5,661	3	22	143	260	767	3,490	976	4
Coral Springs, FL	2001	120,595	3,604	2	13	73	157	648	2,393	318	6
	2002	122,923	3,918	2	25	87	178	681	2,613	332	8
Corona, CA	2001	127,288	4,218	3	19	149	153	681	2,500	713	21
	2002	129,557	4,430	8	24	169	148	736	2,551	794	33
Corpus Christi, TX	2001	283,750	22,534	19	224	582	1,640	3,999	14,555	1,515	124
	2002	289,803	21,237	19	243	511	1,290	3,581	14,147	1,446	149
Costa Mesa, CA	2001	110,745	4,021	4	28	155	203	554	2,595	482	15
	2002	112,718	3,826	2	14	98	156	511	2,620	425	16
Dallas, TX	2001	1,215,553	111,006	240	660	8,330	8,546	20,635	53,611	18,984	1,655
	2002	1,241,481	112,040	196	656	8,041	8,125	20,351	56,306	18,365	1,567
Daly City, CA	2001	105,547	2,300	5	25	146	175	213	1,253	483	8
	2002	107,428	2,199	2	27	113	160	221	1,232	444	11
Dayton, OH	2001	166,478	16,952	30	152	1,090	796	4,018	7,497	3,369	202
	2002	167,176	15,932	42	193	1,066	728	3,903	7,311	2,689	176
Denver, CO	2001	569,653	30,272	45	317	1,250	1,462	5,642	14,621	6,935	345
	2002	581,105	32,132	51	324	1,193	1,539	6,117	15,467	7,441	283
Des Moines, IA	2001	198,468	12,610	11	89	298	352	1,301	9,549	1,010	66
	2002	199,390	13,776	9	113	290	364	1,676	10,313	1,011	72
Detroit, MI	2001	956,283	90,193	395	652	7,096	12,804	15,096	29,613	24,537	1,634
	2002	961,987	85,035	402	708	6,288	12,542	14,399	26,839	23,857	2,429
Downey, CA	2001	109,318	3,715	5	20	208	200	490	1,793	999	22
	2002	111,266	3,651	1	17	195	224	556	1,594	1,064	16
Durham, NC	2001	190,217	15,132	28	77	980	769	3,457	8,723	1,098	47
	2002	193,328	14,461	30	75	942	763	3,088	8,483	1,080	38
Elizabeth, NJ	2001	121,571	7,164	5	16	548	279	912	3,403	2,001	11
	2002	123,088	7,149	13	30	571	291	1,050	3,400	1,794	16
El Monte, CA	2001	118,120	3,778	10	24	281	434	589	1,546	894	40
	2002	120,225	3,592	7	39	265	437	647	1,392	805	13
El Paso, TX	2001	576,453	30,814	20	203	775	3,388	2,553	22,039	1,836	126
	2002	588,750	26,998	14	221	575	3,082	2,221	18,887	1,998	110
Erie, PA	2001	103,768	4,269	4	52	227	203	734	2,828	221	48
	2002	104,173	3,560	4	71	196	179	702	2,241	167	41
Escondido, CA	2001	136,041	5,194	2	31	167	376	851	2,826	941	23
	2002	138,466	5,495	4	40	165	399	960	3,111	816	21
Eugene, OR	2001	139,967	9,415	2	55	203	327	1,247	6,893	688	113
	2002	141,928	9,308	2	56	155	256	1,209	6,824	806	100
Evansville, IN	2001	122,267	6,667	8	52	164	483	1,164	4,327	469	67
	2002	123,153	6,154	2	53	134	473	1,112	4,067	313	65
Fayetteville, NC	2001	123,074	9,861	18	62	464	235	2,485	5,780	817	54
	2002	125,087	10,594	20	54	435	634	2,273	6,480	698	43
Flint, MI ^d	2001	125,601	10,962	41	95	508	1,364	2,695	4,291	1,968	138
	2002	126,351	9,714	30	101	449	1,133	2,261	4,398	1,342	87
Fontana, CA	2001	131,325	3,969	10	41	234	625	746	1,297	1,016	39
	2002	133,665	4,312	7	45	274	587	843	1,337	1,219	37
Fort Collins, CO	2001	121,864	4,695	0	86	35	248	662	3,448	216	36
	2002	124,315	5,371	0	99	35	302	738	3,990	207	31
Fort Lauderdale, FL	2001	156,346	12,581	29	48	837	767	2,439	7,049	1,412	48
	2002	159,365	11,681	12	39	669	687	2,482	6,418	1,374	54

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002--Continued

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Fort Wayne, IN	2001	206,886	13,291	23	92	609	348	2,013	9,016	1,190	111
	2002	208,386	12,152	24	113	454	255	2,030	8,268	1,008	117
Fort Worth, TX	2001	546,828	40,466	67	332	1,389	2,076	7,971	24,675	3,956	305
	2002	558,493	44,797	53	321	1,648	2,221	9,736	26,881	3,937	268
Fremont, CA	2001	207,193	6,152	0	19	144	236	1,000	4,045	708	41
	2002	210,886	5,704	3	32	134	221	1,018	3,686	610	25
Fresno, CA	2001	435,600	34,681	40	202	1,362	2,492	5,203	18,398	6,984	548
	2002	443,363	33,909	42	158	1,479	2,101	4,476	18,478	7,175	707
Fullerton, CA	2001	128,345	4,555	3	25	157	184	719	2,914	553	25
	2002	130,632	4,774	1	33	124	203	778	3,055	580	32
Garden Grove, CA	2001	168,266	5,176	5	32	302	460	681	2,785	911	38
	2002	171,266	5,430	6	18	218	550	848	2,875	915	35
Garland, TX	2001	220,665	9,568	9	45	274	264	2,141	5,802	1,033	57
	2002	225,371	9,734	11	44	286	287	1,868	6,349	889	43
Gary, IN	2001	103,325	6,132	82	77	461	281	1,742	2,249	1,240	NA
	2002	104,074	5,812	60	58	420	219	1,543	2,271	1,241	NA
Gilbert, AZ	2001	113,475	4,651	0	21	46	62	1,464	2,663	395	36
	2002	116,663	5,284	5	23	44	112	1,378	3,249	473	46
Glendale, AZ	2001	226,348	14,410	17	66	426	705	2,509	7,531	3,156	72
	2002	232,707	15,475	17	65	405	866	2,438	7,889	3,795	91
Glendale, CA ^e	2001	198,596	4,491	5	22	180	235	987	2,313	749	46
	2002	202,136	4,535	9	21	186	279	913	2,392	735	50
Grand Prairie, TX	2001	130,319	6,928	6	51	128	199	1,095	4,278	1,171	54
	2002	133,099	7,924	3	68	193	259	1,291	4,804	1,306	34
Grand Rapids, MI ^c	2001	198,842	12,026	12	53	552	1,431	2,582	6,719	677	66
	2002	200,029	11,292	8	75	508	1,588	2,309	6,124	680	99
Green Bay, WI	2001	103,042	3,712	3	35	36	198	675	2,561	204	11
	2002	103,791	3,762	1	63	73	252	635	2,468	270	22
Greensboro, NC	2001	227,700	15,962	20	89	896	864	3,258	9,871	964	79
	2002	231,424	15,128	28	103	702	806	2,946	9,392	1,151	104
Hampton, VA	2001	148,696	6,815	10	35	283	276	991	4,129	1,091	38
	2002	150,885	6,209	9	38	291	269	961	3,772	869	35
Hartford, CT	2001	122,274	10,789	25	64	889	615	1,569	5,798	1,829	142
	2002	123,540	10,870	25	57	891	574	1,572	5,571	2,180	164
Hayward, CA	2001	142,632	5,525	10	43	275	213	851	2,784	1,349	61
	2002	145,174	5,508	9	42	324	225	791	2,756	1,361	75
Henderson, NV	2001	184,844	5,728	9	99	195	220	1,434	2,863	908	31
	2002	190,761	5,781	4	104	200	146	1,470	2,705	1,152	56
Hialeah, FL	2001	232,286	12,248	9	40	461	1,059	1,596	6,513	2,570	63
	2002	236,772	12,217	9	48	431	1,012	1,609	7,029	2,079	44
Hollywood, FL	2001	142,968	9,250	7	51	393	592	1,235	5,834	1,138	41
	2002	145,729	9,171	11	44	392	576	1,205	5,917	1,026	35
Honolulu, HI	2001	885,605	48,442	20	293	999	1,141	7,340	33,052	5,597	396
	2002	900,433	57,271	18	304	1,072	1,207	8,932	37,250	8,488	429
Houston, TX	2001	1,997,965	141,987	267	945	9,921	12,286	25,108	69,371	24,089	1,758
	2002	2,040,583	149,247	256	892	11,212	12,598	26,905	73,445	23,939	1,696
Huntington Beach, CA	2001	193,117	4,500	0	44	94	205	1,002	2,608	547	48
	2002	196,559	4,385	3	36	84	216	856	2,715	475	33
Huntsville, AL	2001	158,830	11,413	15	109	345	570	1,802	7,802	770	41
	2002	159,618	10,167	5	82	315	559	1,714	6,718	774	45
Independence, MO	2001	113,986	8,889	6	27	144	491	1,157	6,220	844	53
	2002	114,854	8,483	6	33	124	489	1,210	5,833	788	48
Indianapolis, IN ^c	2001	798,251	41,058	112	442	2,787	4,087	9,043	18,224	6,363	279
	2002	804,034	48,503	112	441	2,937	4,028	9,662	24,821	6,502	389
Inglewood, CA ^c	2001	114,672	4,586	38	36	639	610	839	1,550	874	36
	2002	116,716	4,107	28	61	507	329	690	1,522	970	24
Irvine, CA	2001	145,731	3,396	0	9	44	80	904	2,054	305	7
	2002	148,328	3,624	1	20	62	78	867	2,339	257	16
Irving, TX	2001	195,963	9,993	10	58	281	467	1,387	6,561	1,229	44
	2002	200,144	10,812	5	47	250	501	1,634	7,077	1,298	49
Jackson, MS	2001	185,122	18,586	50	218	1,044	654	4,683	8,972	2,965	96
	2002	186,012	17,648	49	182	1,074	497	4,377	8,669	2,800	73
Jacksonville, FL	2001	754,679	51,250	75	287	2,195	4,831	9,903	28,827	5,132	311
	2002	769,253	51,021	90	277	2,016	4,660	9,173	29,391	5,414	297
Jersey City, NJ	2001	242,055	12,527	25	89	1,301	1,438	2,350	4,911	2,413	48
	2002	245,075	12,182	21	86	1,381	1,419	2,285	4,694	2,296	31
Joliet, IL ^b	2001	106,760	NA	5	NA	209	477	887	3,128	387	65
	2002	107,772	NA	7	NA	183	405	851	3,025	290	70
Kansas City, MO	2001	444,267	49,959	103	319	2,367	4,292	7,454	27,126	8,298	493
	2002	447,650	44,942	83	300	2,011	3,660	7,978	24,161	6,749	478
Knoxville, TN	2001	175,441	11,069	15	139	637	1,314	1,717	5,951	1,296	141
	2002	177,191	11,983	21	74	553	1,308	2,135	6,680	1,212	138
Lafayette, LA	2001	110,170	8,167	5	74	195	771	1,332	5,318	472	41
	2002	110,594	8,431	3	85	171	784	1,391	5,503	494	32
Lakewood, CO	2001	148,028	8,454	7	94	164	244	1,035	5,829	1,081	58
	2002	151,005	8,938	1	80	144	207	1,277	6,084	1,145	40

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002--Continued

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Lancaster, CA	2001	120,924	4,747	7	56	263	837	1,159	1,909	516	55
	2002	123,079	5,123	12	57	313	980	1,179	1,893	689	63
Lansing, MI	2001	119,756	7,212	8	178	227	940	994	4,382	483	68
	2002	120,471	6,601	11	169	245	867	1,065	3,837	407	52
Laredo, TX	2001	180,583	13,056	8	39	200	874	1,791	9,125	1,019	87
	2002	184,435	12,952	7	58	203	839	1,898	9,064	883	77
Las Vegas, NV ^c	2001	1,117,763	50,570	133	447	3,667	3,302	10,083	22,394	10,544	268
	2002	1,153,546	56,810	137	494	3,776	4,574	11,136	24,204	12,489	270
Lexington, KY ^e	2001	262,045	13,032	24	120	721	718	2,516	8,155	778	58
	2002	263,807	12,521	15	117	626	671	2,439	8,004	649	31
Lincoln, NE	2001	225,841	15,041	6	88	154	1,054	1,970	11,194	575	26
	2002	227,943	15,005	6	98	179	992	2,014	11,190	526	26
Little Rock, AR	2001	184,413	16,866	34	92	617	1,130	3,630	9,841	1,522	168
	2002	185,646	20,680	41	116	884	1,370	4,826	11,930	1,513	148
Livonia, MI	2001	101,075	3,113	1	21	71	112	429	2,202	277	23
	2002	101,678	2,779	7	33	61	112	400	1,938	228	25
Long Beach, CA	2001	470,099	18,467	49	125	1,417	1,822	3,232	7,876	3,946	267
	2002	478,478	19,303	67	144	1,505	1,910	3,405	8,530	3,742	253
Los Angeles, CA	2001	3,763,486	189,278	588	1,409	17,166	33,080	25,695	79,521	31,819	2,348
	2002	3,830,561	190,992	654	1,415	17,197	32,429	25,374	79,813	34,110	2,091
Louisville, KY	2001	257,739	15,673	25	78	989	823	3,390	7,934	2,434	249
	2002	259,472	15,439	35	49	995	958	3,519	7,710	2,173	216
Lowell, MA	2001	105,668	4,510	4	37	122	687	650	2,052	958	NA
	2002	106,472	4,258	7	47	158	637	630	1,957	822	NA
Lubbock, TX	2001	204,093	14,063	10	100	317	2,042	2,847	8,068	679	66
	2002	208,447	14,371	11	133	303	2,067	2,979	8,307	571	65
Macon, GA	2001	99,601	10,590	18	60	275	351	2,291	6,272	1,323	60
	2002	101,696	10,433	16	63	240	319	2,288	6,296	1,211	80
Madison, WI	2001	209,537	8,299	6	63	295	344	1,354	5,530	707	75
	2002	211,061	8,847	3	90	266	396	1,564	5,898	630	127
Manchester, NH	2001	109,032	3,520	0	53	118	86	597	2,356	310	53
	2002	110,406	3,545	0	44	116	82	617	2,441	245	54
McAllen, TX	2001	108,829	8,989	3	11	124	336	1,567	6,235	713	32
	2002	111,150	8,982	4	12	178	339	1,074	6,684	691	58
Memphis, TN ^e	2001	655,898	65,479	158	480	4,338	5,886	15,874	29,207	9,536	262
	2002	662,441	65,846	151	517	4,240	5,538	16,340	29,841	9,219	275
Mesa, AZ ^c	2001	410,026	27,508	17	106	452	1,941	4,313	16,121	4,558	35
	2002	421,547	33,335	22	129	590	2,146	4,957	20,405	5,086	67
Mesquite, TX	2001	127,349	6,542	4	3	147	312	646	4,554	876	102
	2002	130,065	6,480	9	5	135	298	689	4,528	816	52
Miami, FL	2001	371,863	35,291	66	118	2,719	4,307	6,218	16,635	5,228	259
	2002	379,044	33,952	65	96	2,706	4,361	5,962	15,886	4,876	228
Milwaukee, WI	2001	601,229	45,748	127	295	2,913	2,128	6,680	25,712	7,893	453
	2002	605,600	46,315	111	326	3,197	2,148	6,922	26,424	7,187	382
Minneapolis, MN	2001	386,726	26,820	43	399	1,943	1,716	4,092	14,548	4,079	259
	2002	390,415	26,630	47	362	1,794	1,920	4,433	14,641	3,433	261
Mobile, AL ^f	2001	255,551	19,875	42	95	840	552	4,653	12,284	1,409	92
	2002	256,542	17,949	40	107	752	477	3,590	11,534	1,449	NA
Modesto, CA ^c	2001	192,366	11,976	17	104	381	659	1,829	7,580	1,406	120
	2002	195,795	12,981	5	71	344	593	1,819	8,426	1,723	46
Montgomery, AL	2001	202,350	15,791	26	102	652	676	3,252	9,928	1,155	NA
	2002	203,355	17,617	30	118	698	629	3,812	10,640	1,690	NA
Moreno Valley, CA	2001	145,027	6,588	3	33	312	853	1,635	2,869	883	21
	2002	147,612	6,902	7	51	278	907	1,446	3,087	1,126	35
Naperville, IL ^b	2001	129,009	NA	0	NA	25	67	254	2,057	74	24
	2002	130,232	NA	1	NA	13	62	334	1,921	93	15
Nashville, TN	2001	555,059	50,155	64	427	2,521	6,063	7,842	27,837	5,401	228
	2002	560,596	46,018	61	403	2,081	6,138	7,468	25,082	4,785	162
Newark, NJ	2001	275,823	18,748	90	91	1,837	1,819	2,552	6,324	6,035	415
	2002	279,269	17,814	65	88	1,567	1,473	2,253	6,033	6,335	247
New Haven, CT ^g	2001	124,334	9,844	19	56	768	1,072	1,348	5,190	1,391	21
	2002	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Orleans, LA	2001	484,289	36,057	213	209	2,778	2,677	5,262	16,187	8,731	NA
	2002	486,157	31,206	258	162	1,994	2,142	4,759	14,325	7,566	NA
Newport News, VA	2001	182,930	9,784	30	97	448	750	1,508	5,788	1,163	113
	2002	185,622	9,936	20	106	420	805	1,636	5,715	1,234	117
New York, NY ^h	2001	8,023,018	266,587	3,472	1,530	28,202	37,893	31,563	133,938	29,989	NA
	2002	8,084,693	250,630	587	1,689	27,229	34,334	30,102	129,655	27,034	NA
Norfolk, VA	2001	238,020	14,966	31	127	809	633	1,728	10,123	1,515	24
	2002	241,523	15,476	41	115	709	488	1,758	10,738	1,627	23
North Las Vegas, NV	2001	121,719	6,817	20	50	433	850	1,336	2,824	1,304	40
	2002	125,616	7,367	19	57	449	769	1,525	3,029	1,519	68

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002--Continued

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Norwalk, CA	2001	105,218	3,656	7	19	219	556	544	1,436	875	21
	2002	107,093	3,576	10	22	194	520	639	1,340	851	20
Oakland, CA	2001	406,908	27,627	84	295	2,125	2,826	3,696	13,081	5,520	328
	2002	414,161	29,875	108	249	2,452	2,852	4,252	13,703	6,259	354
Oceanside, CA	2001	164,022	5,887	4	86	258	722	1,071	3,074	672	44
	2002	166,945	6,964	5	75	285	751	1,109	3,824	915	40
Oklahoma City, OK	2001	507,517	45,875	45	405	1,090	2,643	8,405	29,771	3,516	222
	2002	512,448	49,929	38	445	1,169	2,562	8,314	33,686	3,715	228
Omaha, NE	2001	390,456	29,507	25	157	868	1,658	3,107	19,382	4,310	255
	2002	394,090	28,781	26	173	998	1,632	3,220	18,490	4,242	268
Ontario, CA	2001	160,943	8,546	10	74	388	717	1,082	4,432	1,843	95
	2002	163,812	8,296	7	55	391	595	1,139	4,390	1,719	108
Orange, CA	2001	131,215	3,692	0	18	125	209	467	2,435	438	37
	2002	133,554	3,872	1	17	108	151	628	2,435	532	25
Orlando, FL	2001	190,769	22,363	15	135	1,086	2,449	3,529	12,842	2,307	60
	2002	194,454	21,133	15	121	1,034	2,449	3,710	11,602	2,202	53
Overland Park, KS ^a	2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2002	150,603	5,186	2	26	46	290	559	3,712	551	27
Oxnard, CA	2001	173,524	5,250	6	38	393	375	917	3,062	459	48
	2002	176,617	5,373	10	36	353	449	913	3,034	578	41
Palmdale, CA	2001	118,838	4,312	8	48	178	673	896	1,932	577	43
	2002	120,956	5,374	7	56	245	847	961	2,521	737	82
Pasadena, CA	2001	136,425	5,240	4	34	268	370	899	3,157	508	46
	2002	138,857	4,881	3	25	255	374	959	2,803	462	60
Pasadena, TX	2001	144,889	6,919	3	52	153	555	1,270	4,057	829	78
	2002	147,979	7,184	7	68	154	390	1,379	4,402	784	84
Paterson, NJ	2001	150,465	8,004	16	15	673	598	1,964	3,059	1,679	10
	2002	152,340	6,842	15	29	653	468	1,595	2,645	1,437	19
Pembroke Pines, FL	2001	140,988	5,079	3	14	130	203	620	3,470	639	12
	2002	143,711	4,751	3	20	121	234	675	3,091	607	29
Peoria, AZ	2001	112,096	5,332	3	22	73	242	1,102	3,018	872	15
	2002	115,245	5,877	0	34	64	184	955	3,439	1,201	15
Peoria, IL ^b	2001	113,509	NA	14	NA	345	536	1,840	5,649	932	105
	2002	114,585	NA	9	NA	380	437	1,841	5,590	860	85
Philadelphia, PA	2001	1,518,302	93,878	309	1,014	9,604	10,477	11,629	45,318	15,527	NA
	2002	1,524,226	83,392	288	1,035	8,869	9,865	11,244	38,789	13,302	NA
Phoenix, AZ	2001	1,366,542	104,975	209	400	4,629	5,294	16,673	55,190	22,580	421
	2002	1,404,938	109,916	177	410	4,075	5,561	16,855	57,214	25,624	501
Pittsburgh, PA	2001	341,414	19,708	55	134	1,384	1,391	3,246	10,766	2,732	173
	2002	342,529	19,737	47	148	1,616	1,983	3,298	10,108	2,537	114
Plano, TX	2001	227,069	8,987	4	23	113	448	1,417	6,440	542	45
	2002	231,912	9,020	6	40	145	478	1,326	6,505	520	22
Pomona, CA	2001	152,251	6,131	19	54	418	1,046	951	2,489	1,154	27
	2002	154,964	6,132	18	77	448	805	886	2,681	1,217	28
Portland, OR	2001	537,081	43,183	21	305	1,267	2,963	5,592	28,358	4,677	385
	2002	544,604	43,327	20	354	1,294	2,844	5,702	27,933	5,180	496
Portsmouth, VA	2001	102,117	6,650	12	30	473	584	1,515	3,370	666	15
	2002	103,620	7,015	11	38	425	524	1,316	4,058	643	20
Providence, RI	2001	175,374	14,185	23	111	595	714	2,284	7,387	3,071	344
	2002	177,162	13,864	23	109	550	620	2,186	7,515	2,861	324
Provo, UT	2001	106,891	3,844	0	43	18	98	558	2,929	198	21
	2002	109,079	3,657	0	37	23	105	514	2,789	189	17
Pueblo, CO	2001	104,886	6,466	5	49	146	608	1,131	4,170	357	60
	2002	106,995	6,145	6	27	164	528	1,144	3,893	383	63
Raleigh, NC	2001	280,791	18,585	10	91	804	1,282	3,983	11,087	1,328	101
	2002	285,383	17,833	19	106	697	1,144	3,836	10,692	1,339	90
Rancho Cucamonga, CA	2001	130,117	3,805	1	17	123	156	811	2,089	608	36
	2002	132,436	3,966	2	29	99	149	744	2,372	571	35
Reno, NV ^d	2001	190,218	10,989	6	98	407	704	1,435	7,399	940	42
	2002	196,307	11,626	9	126	450	899	1,288	7,748	1,106	64
Richmond, CA	2001	101,060	7,190	18	47	410	540	1,230	3,448	1,497	95
	2002	102,861	7,838	29	38	471	660	1,051	3,534	2,055	88
Richmond, VA	2001	200,842	18,207	72	117	1,430	1,127	2,943	9,455	3,063	166
	2002	203,799	18,002	77	118	1,289	1,122	2,966	9,926	2,504	191
Riverside, CA	2001	259,908	14,518	20	95	622	1,422	2,225	7,896	2,238	220
	2002	264,540	15,161	20	94	616	1,296	2,525	8,140	2,470	238
Rochester, NY	2001	220,177	16,156	40	84	921	618	2,459	9,719	2,315	NA
	2002	221,871	16,911	42	107	972	665	2,467	9,853	2,805	330
Rockford, IL ^b	2001	150,877	NA	11	NA	446	672	2,502	8,143	1,017	34
	2002	152,307	NA	20	NA	518	631	3,234	8,015	1,197	37
Sacramento, CA	2001	414,582	30,691	40	169	1,440	1,660	5,068	15,977	6,337	440
	2002	421,971	30,780	47	185	1,734	1,581	5,019	15,548	6,666	333
Saint Louis, MO	2001	350,336	52,635	148	120	3,140	4,256	8,128	28,000	8,843	711
	2002	353,004	50,429	111	136	2,818	4,434	7,059	26,036	9,835	585
Saint Paul, MN	2001	290,234	19,046	9	221	680	1,326	3,009	11,457	2,344	236
	2002	293,002	17,803	13	192	973	1,181	3,232	10,041	2,171	208

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002--Continued

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Saint Petersburg, FL	2001	254,664	20,534	21	149	1,147	3,059	3,678	10,418	2,062	133
	2002	259,582	20,914	23	124	1,027	3,249	3,628	10,550	2,313	119
Salem, OR	2001	138,984	11,120	4	81	160	88	1,395	8,515	877	27
	2002	140,931	12,389	6	79	156	103	1,415	9,277	1,353	23
Salinas, CA	2001	153,867	6,979	15	56	399	799	843	4,102	765	53
	2002	156,609	6,834	20	59	367	692	757	4,013	926	58
Salt Lake City, UT	2001	184,723	16,438	18	121	481	546	2,209	11,401	1,662	65
	2002	188,504	19,059	11	109	478	635	2,512	13,337	1,977	87
San Antonio, TX	2001	1,170,622	96,498	100	492	2,146	6,808	14,018	66,694	6,240	576
	2002	1,195,592	94,132	100	464	2,114	7,091	13,368	65,251	5,744	533
San Bernardino, CA	2001	188,847	12,803	30	89	829	1,449	2,299	5,868	2,239	139
	2002	192,212	13,755	42	102	886	1,454	2,340	6,226	2,705	109
San Diego, CA	2001	1,246,136	50,444	50	342	1,729	5,284	7,219	25,050	10,770	201
	2002	1,268,346	50,124	47	330	1,627	5,189	7,639	24,577	10,715	206
San Francisco, CA ^a	2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	2002	805,269	42,671	68	210	3,208	2,573	5,947	24,468	6,197	227
San Jose, CA	2001	913,513	25,163	22	329	712	4,501	2,939	13,567	3,093	497
	2002	927,821	24,139	26	379	827	2,902	3,026	13,642	3,337	258
Santa Ana, CA	2001	344,258	12,066	24	55	942	823	1,396	6,263	2,563	203
	2002	350,393	12,038	23	66	871	970	1,225	6,485	2,398	159
Santa Clara, CA	2001	104,263	3,350	0	20	45	217	420	2,412	236	45
	2002	106,121	3,228	4	19	62	226	417	2,188	312	29
Santa Clarita, CA	2001	153,896	3,161	3	23	79	210	662	1,831	353	53
	2002	156,639	3,195	6	24	90	185	611	1,844	435	34
Santa Rosa, CA	2001	150,338	5,854	3	72	123	309	773	4,050	524	45
	2002	153,018	6,531	6	93	167	359	974	4,213	719	43
Savannah, GA	2001	134,682	12,458	26	70	840	602	2,080	7,400	1,440	53
	2002	137,516	11,595	32	58	650	449	1,985	6,884	1,537	27
Scottsdale, AZ	2001	209,686	9,905	10	58	196	355	2,660	5,251	1,375	58
	2002	215,578	10,134	1	63	171	248	2,786	5,487	1,378	51
Seattle, WA	2001	572,345	46,091	25	164	1,594	2,367	6,684	26,502	8,755	216
	2002	580,089	46,432	26	152	1,576	2,338	7,290	26,742	8,308	211
Shreveport, LA	2001	199,986	15,616	31	111	534	1,253	3,368	9,200	1,119	130
	2002	200,757	16,389	40	119	667	1,218	3,350	9,346	1,649	146
Simi Valley, CA	2001	113,420	1,746	6	11	37	99	361	1,040	192	13
	2002	115,442	1,756	0	7	26	105	355	1,100	163	20
Sioux Falls, SD	2001	124,263	4,130	2	76	38	208	681	2,943	182	38
	2002	124,997	4,189	1	115	52	228	652	2,946	195	53
South Bend, IN	2001	108,396	9,122	21	78	487	302	1,932	5,603	699	57
	2002	109,182	8,203	20	93	354	353	1,826	4,983	574	69
Spokane, WA	2001	198,744	17,073	7	79	440	883	3,101	10,792	1,771	50
	2002	201,433	15,895	20	83	379	820	2,660	10,248	1,685	62
Springfield, IL ^b	2001	112,019	NA	14	NA	243	744	1,830	5,366	418	59
	2002	113,081	NA	5	NA	342	846	1,736	6,095	349	60
Springfield, MA	2001	152,806	12,798	10	99	503	2,665	2,697	5,087	1,737	156
	2002	153,967	14,299	12	107	585	2,400	3,808	5,117	2,270	125
Springfield, MO	2001	152,515	14,141	10	60	262	657	2,182	10,066	904	93
	2002	153,675	12,066	4	102	222	733	1,882	8,352	771	84
Stamford, CT	2001	117,754	3,086	1	13	141	116	357	2,095	363	6
	2002	118,971	2,398	2	14	147	117	249	1,571	298	3
Sterling Heights, MI	2001	125,127	3,552	0	20	37	203	387	2,631	274	10
	2002	125,873	3,377	1	30	35	180	397	2,489	245	20
Stockton, CA	2001	248,301	19,728	30	144	1,030	2,092	2,871	10,558	3,003	115
	2002	252,727	21,114	36	141	1,171	2,345	2,965	11,003	3,453	74
Sunnyvale, CA	2001	134,209	2,698	0	18	59	103	289	1,995	234	17
	2002	136,601	2,569	2	24	70	96	322	1,837	218	30
Syracuse, NY	2001	147,577	9,413	15	41	568	936	1,802	5,166	885	113
	2002	148,712	9,791	23	43	551	902	1,930	5,060	1,282	118
Tacoma, WA	2001	196,638	18,370	15	143	743	1,211	2,920	10,033	3,305	123
	2002	199,299	20,182	19	171	715	1,277	3,032	11,728	3,240	115
Tallahassee, FL	2001	154,527	12,151	7	127	428	1,247	2,265	7,227	850	26
	2002	157,511	11,880	9	151	384	1,073	2,262	7,188	813	34
Tampa, FL	2001	311,310	34,848	34	212	2,359	4,011	6,096	15,586	6,550	197
	2002	317,322	35,380	37	204	2,334	3,714	6,283	16,088	6,720	134
Tempe, AZ	2001	164,088	16,534	5	72	327	533	2,273	10,497	2,827	37
	2002	168,699	17,819	10	75	344	811	2,360	11,004	3,215	41
Thousand Oaks, CA	2001	119,179	1,888	1	10	33	130	308	1,276	130	20
	2002	121,304	2,030	0	18	35	105	364	1,359	149	24
Toledo, OH ^d	2001	314,183	27,105	18	185	1,312	1,535	6,299	14,006	3,750	373
	2002	315,501	26,717	28	185	1,378	1,592	5,811	14,510	3,213	487
Topeka, KS ^d	2001	122,660	11,530	22	84	358	611	2,046	7,632	777	18
	2002	123,627	11,294	8	73	409	499	1,767	7,863	675	NA
Torrance, CA	2001	140,510	4,366	4	24	210	171	744	2,582	631	26
	2002	143,014	4,541	2	23	211	248	708	2,712	637	23

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.110

Offenses known to police in cities over 100,000 population

2001 and 2002--Continued

City	Year	Population	Total Crime Index	Murder and non- negligent man- slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny- theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson
Tucson, AZ	2001	503,461	49,757	42	321	1,698	2,762	6,553	31,217	7,164	355
	2002	517,607	50,171	47	338	1,350	2,974	6,717	32,539	6,206	328
Tulsa, OK	2001	394,125	29,354	34	256	776	3,481	5,863	15,308	3,636	250
	2002	397,953	30,119	26	243	901	3,153	6,313	15,918	3,565	246
Vallejo, CA	2001	118,930	7,249	4	53	344	758	1,176	3,963	951	67
	2002	121,049	7,117	7	45	326	704	1,194	3,768	1,073	46
Vancouver, WA ^c	2001	145,846	7,962	4	76	132	475	1,067	5,745	463	61
	2002	147,819	7,773	1	100	155	276	1,196	5,189	856	39
Ventura, CA	2001	102,791	3,357	2	28	91	160	565	2,280	231	13
	2002	104,623	3,648	2	30	90	164	621	2,478	263	9
Virginia Beach, VA	2001	431,819	16,135	12	110	368	350	2,285	12,078	932	181
	2002	438,175	16,067	3	132	443	376	2,290	11,981	842	175
Waco, TX	2001	116,307	10,361	7	100	269	527	1,875	6,787	796	60
	2002	118,788	11,001	14	58	277	596	2,197	7,143	716	32
Warren, MI	2001	138,976	5,633	5	63	191	559	769	2,584	1,462	58
	2002	139,805	5,358	8	68	204	577	870	2,483	1,148	52
Washington, DC	2001	571,822	44,041	232	188	3,940	5,568	5,009	21,434	7,670	95
	2002	570,898	44,349	264	262	3,731	4,854	5,167	20,903	9,168	109
Waterbury, CT	2001	107,886	6,872	7	38	277	224	1,299	4,147	880	16
	2002	109,002	6,524	4	48	283	248	1,246	3,926	769	12
West Covina, CA	2001	107,033	4,793	2	18	152	199	560	2,962	900	46
	2002	108,940	4,238	2	25	136	199	532	2,573	771	30
West Valley, UT ^c	2001	110,682	6,950	2	64	116	281	887	4,998	602	25
	2002	112,948	6,889	3	59	98	275	883	4,843	728	35
Wichita, KS	2001	345,081	23,534	17	183	742	1,501	4,422	14,953	1,716	NA
	2002	347,801	24,104	20	208	796	1,344	4,459	15,523	1,754	NA
Wichita Falls, TX	2001	106,562	8,185	4	21	256	590	1,502	5,314	498	31
	2002	108,834	8,532	11	31	246	710	1,726	5,327	481	35
Winston-Salem, NC ^e	2001	188,937	16,037	15	120	701	930	3,444	9,798	1,029	15
	2002	192,027	14,669	15	116	549	934	3,311	8,757	987	115
Worcester, MA ^g	2001	173,469	8,212	7	117	363	935	1,152	4,421	1,217	72
	2002	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Yonkers, NY	2001	196,447	5,419	6	15	473	441	837	2,746	901	65
	2002	197,957	4,676	13	11	419	450	746	2,225	812	47

Note: See Note, table 3.106. Arson is shown only if 12 months of arson data were received. The Total Crime Index is the sum of the Crime Index offenses, not including arson. Cities are included in the table if the population was 100,000 or more in either of the years presented. Complete data were not available for Illinois and Kentucky for 2001 and 2002. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aFigures not reported for 2001.

^bForcible rape figures furnished by the State-level Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program administered by the Illinois Department of State Police were not in accordance with national UCR guidelines. Therefore, the figures were excluded from the forcible rape and Total Crime Index categories.

^cDue to reporting changes, annexations, and/or incomplete data, 2002 figures are not comparable to earlier years.

^dDue to reporting changes, annexations, and/or incomplete data, 2001 and 2002 figures are not comparable to earlier years.

^eDue to reporting changes, annexations, and/or incomplete data, 2001 figures are not comparable to earlier years.

^fThe population for the city of Mobile, AL includes 55,864 inhabitants from the jurisdiction of the Mobile County Sheriff's Department.

^gFigures not reported for 2002.

^hThe murder and nonnegligent manslaughter figure includes 2,823 deaths reported as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2001*, pp. 118-164; *2002*, pp. 120-165 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.111

Number of offenses known to police and average loss incurred

By selected offenses and type of target, United States, 2002

(12,524 agencies; 2002 estimated population 236,622,152)

Offense and type of target	Number of offenses 2002	Percent change over 2001 ^a	Percent ^b	Average property loss (in dollars)
Murder ^c	12,904	2.2%	100.0%	NA
Forcible rape	77,639	4.2	100.0	NA
Robbery	324,938	-1.1	100.0	\$1,281
Street/highway	139,037	-2.9	42.8	1,045
Commercial house	47,344	-1.3	14.6	1,676
Gas or service station	8,690	-7.6	2.7	679
Convenience store	20,990	-4.8	6.5	665
Residence	43,800	4.4	13.5	1,340
Bank	7,485	-6.5	2.3	4,763
Miscellaneous	57,592	2.7	17.7	1,340
Burglary	1,793,362	2.0	100.0	1,549
Residence (dwelling)	1,180,063	3.0	65.8	1,482
Night	348,538	2.4	19.4	1,177
Day	561,688	4.3	31.3	1,567
Unknown	269,837	1.3	15.0	1,698
Nonresidence (store, office, etc.)	613,299	-0.1	34.2	1,678
Night	260,525	(d)	14.5	1,449
Day	190,651	0.1	10.6	1,525
Unknown	162,123	-0.4	9.0	2,227
Larceny-theft (except motor vehicle theft)	5,808,133	(d)	100.0	699
By type				
Pocket-picking	26,707	-5.0	0.5	328
Purse-snatching	32,011	3.0	0.6	332
Shoplifting	811,709	2.2	14.0	187
From motor vehicles (except accessories)	1,536,453	2.9	26.5	692
Motor vehicle accessories	622,384	4.7	10.7	432
Bicycles	227,970	-3.5	3.9	257
From buildings	727,395	-5.4	12.5	1,013
From coin-operated machines	43,103	1.8	0.7	250
All others	1,780,401	-2.2	30.7	984
By value				
Over \$200	2,301,455	0.7	39.6	1,682
\$50 to \$200	1,310,879	-1.5	22.6	114
Under \$50	2,195,799	0.1	37.8	18
Motor vehicle theft	1,039,490	2.2	100.0	6,701

Note: See Note, table 3.106. "Commercial house" refers to nonresidential structures, with the exception of gas stations, convenience stores, and banking-type institutions. "Loss" refers to property taken during the commission of the offense only. All offenses, including those that involve no loss of property, were used in compiling "average loss." These data are based on law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for at least 6 months in 2002 (Source, p. 451). Complete data were not available for Illinois and Kentucky; crime counts for these States were estimated by the Source. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aPercent change calculations are based only on agencies submitting 6 or more common months of data for both 2001 and 2002. As a result, direct comparisons should not be made with similar data presented in previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^bBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^cThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in the figures used to calculate percent change.

^dLess than 0.1%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 217, Table 23.

Table 3.112

Bias-motivated (hate) crimes known to police

By offense, United States, 2002

	Offenses	Victims ^a	Known offenders ^b
Total	8,832	9,222	7,314 ^c
Crimes against persons	6,091	6,139	6,359
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	11	11	15
Forcible rape	8	8	16
Robbery	131	179	269
Aggravated assault	1,035	1,035	1,498
Simple assault	1,791	1,791	2,436
Intimidation	3,105	3,105	2,117
Other ^d	10	10	8
Crimes against property	2,692	3,034	1,154
Burglary	131	163	86
Larceny-theft	151	157	95
Motor vehicle theft	9	9	3
Arson	38	47	27
Destruction/damage/vandalism	2,347	2,642	927
Other ^d	16	16	16
Other ^d	49	49	61

Note: These data reflect the number of bias-motivated offenses reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting Program. In accordance with the Hate Crime Statistics Act of 1990, the FBI defines a crime motivated by bias against race, religion, ethnic/national origin, disability, or sexual orientation as a bias-motivated or hate crime. For 2002, a total of 12,073 law enforcement agencies in 49 States and the District of Columbia participated in the Hate Crime Data Collection Program. Hawaii did not participate. These figures include data from law enforcement agencies submitting less than 12 months of data to the FBI (Source, pp. 3, 23). Data from this source have been updated by the FBI and may differ from those reported in *Crime in the United States, 2002*.

^aMay include persons, businesses, institutions, or society as a whole.

^b"Known offender" does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known, rather that an attribute of the suspect has been identified, distinguishing him/her from an unknown offender.

^cThe actual number of known offenders is 7,314. Some offenders, however, committed more than one offense per incident and are counted more than once. Therefore subcategories will not add to total.

^dIncludes offenses other than those listed that are collected as part of the National Incident-Based Reporting System.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Hate Crime Statistics 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 10. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.113

Bias motivations in hate crimes known to police

United States, 2002

Bias motivation	Incidents	Offenses	Victims ^a	Known offenders ^b
Total	7,462	8,832	9,222	7,314
Race	3,642	4,393	4,580	4,011
Anti-white	719	888	910	1,064
Anti-black	2,486	2,967	3,076	2,510
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	62	68	72	52
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	217	268	280	242
Anti-multi-racial group	158	202	242	143
Ethnicity	1,102	1,345	1,409	1,247
Anti-Hispanic	480	601	639	656
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin	622	744	770	591
Religion	1,426	1,576	1,659	568
Anti-Jewish	931	1,039	1,084	317
Anti-Catholic	53	58	71	21
Anti-Protestant	55	57	58	34
Anti-Islamic	155	170	174	103
Anti-other religious group	198	217	237	73
Anti-multi-religious group	31	32	32	18
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc.	3	3	3	2
Sexual orientation	1,244	1,464	1,513	1,438
Anti-male homosexual	825	957	984	1,022
Anti-female homosexual	172	207	221	172
Anti-homosexual	222	259	267	225
Anti-heterosexual	10	26	26	6
Anti-bisexual	15	15	15	13
Disability	45	47	50	47
Anti-physical	20	20	20	21
Anti-mental	25	27	30	26
Multiple biases ^c	3	7	11	3

Note: See Note, table 3.112.

^aMay include persons, businesses, institutions, or society as a whole.^b"Known offender" does not imply that the identity of the suspect is known, rather that an attribute of the suspect has been identified, distinguishing him/her from an unknown offender.^cA hate crime in which two or more offense types were committed as a result of two or more bias motivations.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Hate Crime Statistics 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 9. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.114

Race of suspected offender in bias-motivated (hate) crimes known to police

By type of bias motivation, United States, 2002

Bias motivation	Total offenses	Race of suspected offender					
		White	Black	American Indian/Alaskan Native	Asian/Pacific Islander	Multi-racial group	Unknown race
Total	8,832	3,712	1,082	46	61	218	651
Race	4,393	2,040	639	29	38	127	344
Anti-white	888	130	497	8	11	34	71
Anti-black	2,967	1,689	84	14	26	72	217
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	68	31	1	2	0	1	9
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	268	104	38	4	1	15	22
Anti-multi-racial group	202	86	19	1	0	5	25
Ethnicity	1,345	647	178	8	9	29	73
Anti-Hispanic	601	323	111	0	0	5	25
Anti-other ethnicity/national origin	744	324	67	8	9	24	48
Religion	1,576	327	46	1	8	13	138
Anti-Jewish	1,039	179	15	1	4	5	98
Anti-Catholic	58	10	1	0	2	1	3
Anti-Protestant	57	17	3	0	0	0	7
Anti-Islamic	170	59	19	0	1	7	9
Anti-other religious group	217	50	6	0	1	0	17
Anti-multi-religious group	32	11	1	0	0	0	4
Anti-atheism/agnosticism/etc.	3	1	1	0	0	0	0
Sexual orientation	1,464	679	210	8	6	46	88
Anti-male homosexual	957	458	151	4	5	30	50
Anti-female homosexual	207	94	25	2	0	7	12
Anti-homosexual	259	118	29	2	1	8	25
Anti-heterosexual	26	6	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-bisexual	15	3	5	0	0	1	0
Disability	47	17	9	0	0	3	5
Anti-physical	20	9	6	0	0	0	2
Anti-mental	27	8	3	0	0	3	3
Multiple biases ^a	7	2	0	0	0	0	3

Note: See Note, table 3.112. This table excludes 3,062 hate crime offenses for which no information about the offender was available.

^aA hate crime in which two or more offense types were committed as a result of two or more bias motivations.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Hate Crime Statistics 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 14. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.115

Offenses in Federal parks known to park rangers and park police

By offense, 1975-2002

	Total offenses	Total annual visitation (in thousands)	Offense							
			Homicide ^a	Forcible rape ^b	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary ^b	Larceny-theft	Motor vehicle theft	Arson ^c
1975	7,697	238,849	10	84	779	385	1,031	5,156	252	X
1976	7,521	267,827	10	66	281	470	954	5,570	170	X
1977	7,763	261,584	17	60	238	458	1,097	5,662	231	X
1978	8,247	283,090	12	91	261	494	1,188	5,986	215	X
1979	8,561	282,435	15	87	264	505	1,330	6,124	236	X
1980	9,074	300,324	16	89	294	643	1,552	6,230	250	X
1981	8,319	329,663	19	87	303	575	1,391	5,451	296	197
1982	7,892	344,448	30	83	330	607	1,083	5,468	220	71
1983	7,617	335,646	19	81	306	542	1,238	5,125	200	106
1984	6,612	332,507	18	57	266	527	717	4,766	178	83
1985	7,318	346,200	19	70	309	483	892	5,147	235	163
1986	7,945	364,600	24	88	261	637	922	5,732	179	102
1987	6,417	372,800	15	79	197	543	926	4,259	294	104
1988	6,195	368,000	20	79	215	300	801	4,378	313	89
1989	6,532	351,900	9	73	123	441	1,009	4,548	213	116
1990	7,009	337,900	24	92	184	448	1,180	4,643	310	128
1991	7,203	358,295	28	78	209	390	1,118	5,004	251	125
1992	7,212	360,352	23	71	222	386	928	5,204	241	137
1993	6,452	387,707	25	62	197	367	747	4,681	210	163
1994	4,508	380,156	20	37	208	337	389	3,180	201	136
1995	6,009	387,804	16	50	138	318	830	4,309	198	150
1996	5,992	399,765	24	40	146	299	677	4,465	177	164
1997	6,352	419,795	17	44	119	265	499	5,105	219	84
1998	5,640	435,637	12	46	108	368	506	4,385	130	85
1999	5,164	436,296	11	34	142	202	515	3,988	164	108
2000	4,428	429,800	13	50	91	292	576	3,159	145	102
2001	4,328	424,100	10	37	70	212	488	3,277	130	104
2002	3,876	421,200	14	44	47	257	456	2,812	148	98

Note: The National Park Service is responsible for the administration of 384 park areas that are owned by the Federal Government. Three urban park areas are policed by the U.S. Park Police; other park areas are policed by the U.S. Park Rangers. In some park areas law enforcement responsibilities are shared with other police agencies, e.g., State police, sheriff departments, and city/town police. These data exclude offenses handled by other agencies. The offense categories listed above are the Uniform Crime Reporting Program Part I offenses; see Appendix 3 for definitions. Note, however, that prior to 1994 these offenses were not counted in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's figures. In 1975, the "Human Kindness Day" activities held in Washington, DC accounted for approximately 500 robbery incidents. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCE-BOOK.

^aIncludes negligent and nonnegligent manslaughter.

^bIncludes attempts.

^cIncluded in tabulations as a Part I offense beginning in 1981.

Source: Table provided to SOURCEBOOK staff by the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service.

Table 3.116

Offenses in Federal parks known to park rangers and park police, and reported by other law enforcement agencies

By offense, 2002

Offense	Total offenses		
	Park rangers	Park police	Other law enforcement agencies
Total, all offenses	89,573	11,639	578
Part I offenses, total	3,113	763	82
Homicide			
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7	2	2
Manslaughter by negligence	5	0	2
Forcible rape			
Rape by force	28	4	4
Attempted forcible rape	12	0	0
Robbery			
Firearm	2	8	0
Knife or cutting instrument	1	2	0
Strong arm; hands, fist, feet, etc.	9	16	0
Other dangerous weapon	1	8	0
Aggravated assault			
Firearm	14	9	3
Knife or cutting instrument	15	18	2
Other dangerous weapon	25	15	0
Hands, fist, feet, etc.	88	73	6
Burglary			
Forcible entry	241	21	12
Unlawful entry ^a	97	25	2
Attempted forcible entry	67	5	1
Larceny-theft^b	2,281	531	26
Motor vehicle theft			
Automobiles	107	16	9
Trucks and buses	10	0	2
Other vehicles	14	1	2
Arson			
Structural	19	2	2
Mobile	15	7	1
Other	55	0	6
Part II offenses, total	86,460	10,876	496
Other assaults	232	143	14
Forgery and counterfeiting	65	57	7
Fraud	70	34	2
Embezzlement	16	2	2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	209	331	20
Vandalism	2,723	390	15
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	1,310	431	8
Prostitution and commercialized vice	17	19	0
Sex offenses	281	182	6
Drug sale/manufacture	249	35	23
Drug possession	2,626	1,996	38
Offenses against family and children	108	56	1
Gambling	3	1	0
Driving while intoxicated	1,143	620	24
Liquor laws	4,007	1,019	7
Drunkenness	729	57	18
Disorderly conduct	1,952	737	10
Archaeological Resource Protection Act violations	497	1	3
All other offenses	67,241	3,029	291
Suspicion	1,055	1,730	4
Curfew and loitering	492	4	0
Runaways	28	2	1
Thefts	1,407	0	2

Note: See Note, table 3.115. For definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

^aNo force used.^bExcludes motor vehicle theft.

Source: Table provided to SOURCEBOOK staff by the U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service.

Table 3.117

Percent distribution of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By type of weapon used, United States, 1964-2002

	Number of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters	Total ^a	Type of weapon used					
			Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Blunt object (club, hammer, etc.) ^b	Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) ^c	Non-personal weapons ^c	Other weapon not stated ^d
1964	7,990	100%	55%	24%	5%	10%	3%	2%
1965	8,773	100	57	23	6	10	3	1
1966	9,552	100	59	22	5	9	2	1
1967	11,114	100	63	20	5	9	2	1
1968	12,503	100	65	18	6	8	2	1
1969	13,575	100	65	19	4	8	3	1
1970	13,649	100	66	18	4	8	3	1
1971	16,183	100	66	19	4	8	2	1
1972	15,832	100	66	19	4	8	2	1
1973	17,123	100	66	17	5	8	2	2
1974	18,632	100	67	17	5	8	1	1
1975	18,642	100	65	17	5	9	2	2
1976	16,605	100	64	18	5	8	2	3
1977	18,033	100	62	19	5	8	2	3
1978	18,714	100	64	19	5	8	2	3
1979	20,591	100	63	19	5	8	2	3
1980	21,860	100	62	19	5	8	2	4
1981	20,053	100	62	19	5	7	2	3
1982	19,485	100	60	21	5	8	2	3
1983	18,673	100	58	22	6	9	2	3
1984	16,689	100	59	21	6	8	3	4
1985	17,545	100	59	21	6	8	3	4
1986	19,257	100	59	20	6	9	2	4
1987	17,859	100	59	20	6	8	2	4
1988	18,269	100	61	19	6	8	2	4
1989	18,954	100	62	18	6	7	2	4
1990	20,045	100	64	18	5	7	2	4
1991	21,505	100	66	16	5	7	2	4
1992	22,540	100	68	14	5	6	2	5
1993	23,271	100	70	13	4	6	2	5
1994	22,076	100	70	13	4	7	2	5
1995	20,043	100	68	13	4	7	3	5
1996	15,848	100	68	14	5	7	2	5
1997	15,289	100	68	13	5	8	2	5
1998	14,088	100	65	13	5	8	2	6
1999	12,658	100	65	13	6	8	2	5
2000	12,943	100	66	13	5	8	2	6
2001 ^e	13,752	100	63	13	5	7	3	9
2002	14,054	100	67	13	5	8	2	6

Note: See Note, table 3.106. In trend tables "constructed" or "adapted" by SOURCEBOOK staff from *Crime in the United States*, the data are from the first year in which the data are reported. It should be noted that the number of agencies reporting and the populations represented vary from year to year.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program requests that supplementary information be transmitted to the FBI when a murder or nonnegligent manslaughter has been committed. The actual number of offenses presented in the tables displaying characteristics of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to the police may differ from figures in other tables that reflect data from only the initial report of the offense. For example, supplementary data were provided by contributing agencies for 14,054 of the estimated total of 16,204 murders and nonnegligent manslaughters in 2002 (Source, **2002**, pp. 19, 20).

For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.^bIncludes beatings, strangulations, and "pushed."^cIncludes poison, explosives, fire, narcotics, and asphyxiation.^dBeginning in 1991, this category includes drownings.^eThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, **1964**, p. 104, Table 16; **1965**, p. 106, Table 16; **1966**, p. 107, Table 20; **1967**, p. 112, Table 20; **1968**, p. 108, Table 20; **1969**, p. 106, Table 21; **1970**, p. 188, Table 21; **1971**, p. 114, Table 21; **1972**, p. 188, Table 24; **1973**, p. 8; **1974**, p. 18; **1975**, p. 18; **1976**, p. 10; **1977**, p. 11; **1978**, p. 12; **1979**, p. 11; **1980**, p. 12; **1981**, p. 11; **1982**, p. 11; **1983**, p. 10; **1984**, p. 10; **1985**, p. 10; **1986**, p. 10; **1987**, p. 10; **1988**, p. 12; **1989**, p. 11; **1990**, p. 12; **1991**, p. 18; **1992**, p. 18, Table 2.10; **1993**, p. 18, Table 2.11; **1994**, p. 18, Table 2.11; **1995**, p. 18, Table 2.11; **1996**, p. 18, Table 2.11; **1997**, p. 20, Table 2.11; **1998**, p. 18, Table 2.11; **1999**, p. 18, Table 2.11; **2000**, p. 19, Table 2.11; **2001**, p. 23, Table 2.11; **2002**, p. 23, Table 2.11 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.118

Percent distribution of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By type of weapon used and region, 2002

Region	Total ^a	Type of weapon used			
		Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Unknown or other dangerous weapon	Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) ^b
Total	100.0%	66.7%	12.6%	14.1%	6.6%
Northeast	100.0	62.6	17.4	12.6	7.5
Midwest	100.0	66.4	10.3	16.5	6.8
South	100.0	66.9	12.1	14.6	6.4
West	100.0	68.9	12.3	12.4	6.4

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117. In this table, strangulations are classified in the "unknown or other dangerous weapon" category rather than in the category "personal weapons," as was done in table 3.117. For a list of States in regions, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bIncludes "pushed."

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 23, Table 2.9.

Table 3.119

Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By type of weapon used and age of victim, United States, 2002

Age of victim	Total	Type of weapon used										
		Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Blunt object (club, hammer, etc.) ^a	Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) ^a	Poison	Explosives	Fire	Narcotics	Strangulation	Asphyxiation	Other weapon not stated ^b
Total	14,054	9,369	1,767	666	933	23	11	104	48	143	103	887
Under 18 years ^c	1,357	661	90	52	299	5	5	21	11	16	41	156
Under 22 years ^c	3,398	2,358	256	94	345	6	5	29	14	23	47	221
18 years and older ^c	12,406	8,568	1,646	595	607	18	6	76	36	125	58	671
Infant (under 1 year)	180	9	4	12	91	0	1	0	3	0	19	41
1 to 4 years	328	45	10	19	166	2	1	7	3	2	12	61
5 to 8 years	86	26	14	2	11	2	2	7	1	2	7	12
9 to 12 years	92	56	11	2	4	1	0	2	0	3	0	13
13 to 16 years	390	299	30	11	17	0	0	5	3	6	2	17
17 to 19 years	1,184	972	101	23	32	1	1	3	4	6	3	38
20 to 24 years	2,756	2,244	250	55	72	0	3	9	7	7	5	104
25 to 29 years	2,059	1,628	227	42	56	0	0	11	2	16	7	70
30 to 34 years	1,587	1,168	197	45	57	0	2	14	5	15	4	80
35 to 39 years	1,337	864	193	74	78	2	0	7	5	25	11	78
40 to 44 years	1,137	663	221	63	84	3	1	9	1	13	8	71
45 to 49 years	856	461	151	80	74	0	0	8	1	15	3	63
50 to 54 years	566	312	101	48	50	2	0	3	2	3	1	44
55 to 59 years	353	172	66	46	23	0	0	1	0	7	2	36
60 to 64 years	245	107	41	37	16	0	0	7	1	7	4	25
65 to 69 years	162	67	27	20	15	1	0	0	3	5	5	19
70 to 74 years	156	53	35	28	14	0	0	0	0	6	2	18
75 years and older	289	83	57	40	46	9	0	4	6	3	4	37
Unknown	291	140	31	19	27	0	0	7	1	2	4	60

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 23, Table 2.11.

^aIncludes "pushed."

^bIncludes drownings.

^cDoes not include unknown ages.

Table 3.120

Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By victim-offender relationship and circumstances of the offense, United States, 2002

(- represents zero)

Circumstances	Total	Relationship of victim to offender ^a									
		Husband	Wife	Mother	Father	Son	Daughter	Brother	Sister	Other family	Acquaintance
Total	14,054	133	601	113	110	239	210	87	20	271	3,217
Felony type, total	2,314	4	17	4	3	8	9	4	1	32	586
Rape	43	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	11
Robbery	1,092	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	13	221
Burglary	96	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	21
Larceny-theft	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Motor vehicle theft	16	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Arson	59	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	-	1	9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Other sex offenses	8	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	3
Narcotic drug laws	657	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	245
Gambling	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Other - not specified	315	4	14	2	-	6	5	1	-	10	68
Suspected felony type	67	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Other than felony type, total	7,097	109	516	93	88	199	184	69	17	202	2,179
Romantic triangle	130	1	9	-	-	1	-	1	-	9	57
Child killed by babysitter	38	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	7	23
Brawl due to influence of alcohol	153	1	6	-	3	-	2	-	-	5	68
Brawl due to influence of narcotics	84	-	2	-	1	-	-	2	-	3	36
Argument over money or property	203	-	4	5	1	-	-	-	-	7	104
Other arguments	3,527	81	334	45	47	52	29	51	11	111	1,154
Gangland killings	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Juvenile gang killings	911	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	221
Institutional killings	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Sniper attack	11	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other - not specified	1,955	26	160	43	36	145	151	15	6	59	484
Unknown	4,576	20	68	15	19	32	17	14	2	37	446

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117. Law enforcement agencies are requested to describe the circumstances of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters. These descriptions are categorized by the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. These data include murder and nonnegligent manslaughter victims for which supplementary homicide data were received. "Felony type" refers to killings that occur in conjunction with the commission of another felony, such as robbery or burglary.

^aColumn headers refer to victims.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 24. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Friend	Boyfriend	Girlfriend	Neighbor	Employee	Employer	Stranger	Unknown relationship
352	154	444	110	5	10	1,963	6,015
50	8	18	16	-	1	595	958
2	-	-	1	-	-	7	17
10	4	1	11	-	-	396	432
1	1	1	1	-	1	39	26
-	-	-	-	-	-	8	5
1	-	-	-	-	-	7	6
3	-	3	-	-	-	17	21
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
22	2	2	-	-	-	67	315
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
11	1	9	3	-	-	51	130
1	-	-	-	-	-	2	57
257	134	348	77	4	7	999	1,615
10	2	14	1	-	-	15	10
3	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
10	1	4	-	-	-	41	12
3	-	3	1	-	-	8	25
13	-	3	8	-	1	17	40
170	105	243	48	4	3	496	543
-	-	-	-	-	-	20	30
-	-	-	-	-	-	200	489
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3
48	26	81	19	-	3	193	460
44	12	78	17	1	2	367	3,385

Table 3.121

Percent distribution of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By age of victim, United States, 1964, 1974, 1984, 1989-2002

Age of victim	1964	1974	1984	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 ^a	2002
Number of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters	7,990	18,632	16,689	18,954	20,045	21,505	22,540	23,271	22,076	20,043	15,848	15,289	14,088	12,658	12,943	13,752	14,054
Total ^b	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Infant (under 1 year)	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
1 to 4 years	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
5 to 8 years ^c	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(d)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9 to 12 years ^c	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	(d)	1	1
13 to 16 years ^c	7	9	7	11	12	13	13	13	4	5	4	4	3	4	3	3	3
17 to 19 years ^c	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	10	11	11	10	10	10	9	9	8
20 to 24 years	12	16	16	17	17	18	19	19	19	18	17	19	18	18	18	19	20
25 to 29 years	12	15	17	17	17	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	15	15
30 to 34 years	12	12	13	14	14	13	14	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
35 to 39 years	12	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	10	10	10	10	10	10
40 to 44 years	10	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	9	8	8
45 to 49 years	8	7	5	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	5	6	6	6	6
50 to 54 years	6	6	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
55 to 59 years	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2
60 to 64 years	3	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
65 to 69 years	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
70 to 74 years	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
75 years and older	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Unknown	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1964*, p. 104, Table 17; *1974*, p. 17, Table 17; *1984*, p. 8; *1987*, p. 9; *1989*, p. 10; *1990*, p. 11; *1991*, p. 16, Table 2.4; *1992*, p. 16, Table 2.4; *1993*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1994*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1995*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1996*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1997*, p. 18, Table 2.5; *1998*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1999*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *2000*, p. 17, Table 2.5; *2001*, p. 21, Table 2.5; *2002*, p. 21, Table 2.5 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

^bBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^cIn 1994, these age categories were changed by the Source; previously the age groups were "5 to 9 years," "10 to 14 years," and "15 to 19 years."

^dLess than 0.5%.

Table 3.122

Percent distribution of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By sex of victim, United States, 1964-2002

	Number of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters	Total ^a	Sex of victim	
			Male	Female
1964	7,990	100%	74%	26%
1965	8,773	100	74	26
1966	9,552	100	74	26
1967	11,114	100	75	25
1968	12,503	100	78	22
1969	13,575	100	78	22
1970	13,649	100	78	22
1971	16,183	100	79	21
1972	15,832	100	78	22
1973	17,123	100	77	23
1974	18,632	100	77	23
1975	18,642	100	76	24
1976	16,605	100	76	24
1977	18,033	100	75	25
1978	18,714	100	76	24
1979	20,591	100	77	23
1980	21,860	100	77	23
1981	20,053	100	77	23
1982	19,485	100	76	24
1983	18,673	100	76	24
1984	16,689	100	75	25
1985	17,545	100	74	26
1986	19,257	100	75	25
1987	17,859	100	74	26
1988	18,269	100	75	25
1989	18,954	100	76	24
1990	20,045	100	78	22
1991	21,505	100	78	22
1992	22,540	100	78	22
1993	23,271	100	77	23
1994	22,076	100	78	22
1995	20,043	100	77	23
1996	15,848	100	77	23
1997	15,289	100	77	23
1998	14,088	100	75	24
1999	12,658	100	76	24
2000	12,943	100	76	24
2001 ^b	13,752	100	76	23
2002	14,054	100	77	23

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1964*, p. 104, Table 17; *1965*, p. 106, Table 17; *1966*, p. 107, Table 21; *1967*, p. 112, Table 21; *1968*, p. 108, Table 21; *1969*, p. 106, Table 22; *1970*, p. 118, Table 22; *1971*, p. 114, Table 22; *1972*, p. 118, Table 25; *1973*, p. 8; *1974*, p. 17; *1975*, p. 17; *1976*, p. 11; *1977*, p. 12; *1978*, p. 9; *1979*, p. 10; *1980*, p. 11; *1981*, p. 10; *1982*, p. 8; *1983*, p. 8; *1984*, p. 8; *1985*, p. 9; *1986*, p. 9; *1987*, p. 9; *1988*, p. 11; *1989*, p. 10; *1990*, p. 11; *1991*, p. 16, Table 2.4; *1992*, p. 16, Table 2.4; *1993*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1994*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1995*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1996*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1997*, p. 18, Table 2.5; *1998*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1999*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *2000*, p. 17, Table 2.5; *2001*, p. 21, Table 2.5; *2002*, p. 21, Table 2.5 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.123

Percent distribution of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By race of victim, United States, 1964-2002

	Number of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters	Total ^a	Race of victim		
			White	Black	All other (including race unknown)
1964	7,990	100%	45%	54%	1%
1965	8,773	100	45	54	1
1966	9,552	100	45	54	1
1967	11,114	100	45	54	1
1968	12,503	100	45	54	1
1969	13,575	100	44	55	2
1970	13,649	100	44	55	1
1971	16,183	100	44	55	2
1972	15,832	100	45	53	2
1973	17,123	100	47	52	1
1974	18,632	100	48	50	2
1975	18,642	100	51	47	2
1976	16,605	100	51	47	2
1977	18,033	100	52	45	2
1978	18,714	100	54	44	2
1979	20,591	100	54	43	2
1980	21,860	100	53	42	4
1981	20,053	100	54	44	2
1982	19,485	100	55	42	2
1983	18,673	100	55	42	3
1984	16,689	100	56	41	3
1985	17,545	100	56	42	3
1986	19,257	100	53	44	3
1987	17,859	100	52	45	3
1988	18,269	100	49	48	3
1989	18,954	100	48	49	3
1990	20,045	100	48	49	3
1991	21,505	100	47	50	2
1992	22,540	100	47	50	3
1993	23,271	100	46	51	3
1994	22,076	100	46	51	3
1995	20,043	100	48	48	4
1996	15,848	100	48	48	4
1997	15,289	100	48	48	4
1998	14,088	100	49	47	4
1999	12,658	100	49	46	4
2000	12,943	100	48	48	4
2001 ^b	13,752	100	49	47	4
2002	14,054	100	48	48	4

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bThe murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1964*, p. 104, Table 17; *1965*, p. 106, Table 17; *1966*, p. 107, Table 21; *1967*, p. 112, Table 21; *1968*, p. 108, Table 21; *1969*, p. 106, Table 22; *1970*, p. 118, Table 22; *1971*, p. 114, Table 21; *1972*, p. 118, Table 25; *1973*, p. 8; *1974*, p. 17; *1975*, p. 17; *1976*, p. 11; *1977*, p. 12; *1978*, p. 9; *1979*, p. 10; *1980*, p. 11; *1981*, p. 10; *1982*, p. 8; *1983*, p. 8; *1984*, p. 8; *1985*, p. 9; *1986*, p. 9; *1987*, p. 9; *1988*, p. 11; *1989*, p. 10; *1990*, p. 11; *1991*, p. 16, Table 2.4; *1992*, p. 16, Table 2.4; *1993*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1994*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1995*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1996*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1997*, p. 18, Table 2.5; *1998*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *1999*, p. 16, Table 2.5; *2000*, p. 17, Table 2.5; *2001*, p. 21, Table 2.5; *2002*, p. 21, Table 2.5 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.124

Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By sex, race, and age of victim, United States, 2002

Age of victim	Total	Sex of victim			Race of victim			
		Male	Female	Unknown	White	Black	Other	Unknown
Total	14,054	10,779	3,251	24	6,757	6,730	377	190
Under 18 years ^a	1,357	867	489	1	689	610	45	13
Under 22 years ^a	3,398	2,624	772	2	1,581	1,683	104	30
18 years and older ^a	12,406	9,703	2,699	4	5,945	6,009	331	121
Infant (under 1 year)	180	96	84	0	102	71	4	3
1 to 4 years	328	180	147	1	176	134	14	4
5 to 8 years	86	35	51	0	50	33	3	0
9 to 12 years	92	50	42	0	53	35	4	0
13 to 16 years	390	281	109	0	180	196	11	3
17 to 19 years	1,184	1,018	166	0	519	615	39	11
20 to 24 years	2,756	2,356	398	2	1,115	1,560	58	23
25 to 29 years	2,059	1,746	313	0	809	1,173	48	29
30 to 34 years	1,587	1,212	375	0	667	851	54	15
35 to 39 years	1,337	976	359	2	676	624	23	14
40 to 44 years	1,137	812	325	0	621	470	40	6
45 to 49 years	856	624	232	0	487	337	25	7
50 to 54 years	566	412	154	0	333	214	16	3
55 to 59 years	353	246	107	0	237	98	14	4
60 to 64 years	245	181	64	0	170	60	10	5
65 to 69 years	162	103	59	0	116	44	2	0
70 to 74 years	156	96	60	0	115	35	4	2
75 years and older	289	146	143	0	208	69	7	5
Unknown	291	209	63	19	123	111	1	56

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 21, Table 2.5. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.^aDoes not include unknown ages.

Table 3.125

Rate (per 100,000 persons in each group) of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter victimization

By age, sex, and race of victim, United States, 1976-2002

	Age											
	Total	Age						Sex		Race		
		13 years and younger	14 to 17 years	18 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 49 years	50 years and older	Male	Female	White	Black	Other
1976	8.8	1.8	4.5	13.8	15.4	12.6	6.8	13.6	4.2	5.1	37.1	4.9
1977	8.8	1.9	4.9	14.3	15.5	12.3	6.6	13.7	4.2	5.4	36.2	4.7
1978	9.0	1.9	5.1	14.6	16.1	12.2	6.3	14.0	4.1	5.6	35.1	4.0
1979	9.7	1.8	5.2	16.5	17.5	12.8	6.7	15.4	4.4	6.1	37.5	4.1
1980	10.2	1.8	5.9	17.5	18.5	13.2	6.8	16.2	4.5	6.3	37.7	5.7
1981	9.8	1.9	5.0	16.0	17.5	13.0	6.7	15.6	4.3	6.2	36.4	6.1
1982	9.1	2.0	4.8	15.0	15.7	11.8	6.2	14.1	4.3	5.9	32.3	6.5
1983	8.3	1.8	4.5	13.8	14.6	10.5	5.5	12.8	3.9	5.3	29.4	6.4
1984	7.9	1.7	4.2	13.2	13.8	10.0	5.1	12.1	3.9	5.2	27.2	5.5
1985	8.0	1.8	4.9	13.2	13.9	9.9	5.0	12.2	4.0	5.2	27.6	5.5
1986	8.6	2.0	5.2	15.3	15.2	10.1	5.0	13.2	4.1	5.4	31.5	6.2
1987	8.3	1.8	5.8	15.5	14.7	9.4	4.9	12.6	4.2	5.1	30.7	5.2
1988	8.5	2.0	6.5	16.4	15.3	9.2	4.7	12.9	4.2	4.9	33.5	4.0
1989	8.7	2.1	7.9	18.2	15.6	9.2	4.6	13.6	4.0	5.0	35.1	4.3
1990	9.4	2.0	9.7	21.1	16.7	9.9	4.4	15.0	4.0	5.4	37.6	4.2
1991	9.8	2.1	11.1	23.9	16.7	10.0	4.5	15.7	4.2	5.5	39.3	6.0
1992	9.3	2.0	11.3	23.4	16.1	9.4	4.2	14.9	4.0	5.3	37.2	5.4
1993	9.5	2.2	12.1	24.4	16.1	9.5	4.2	15.0	4.2	5.3	38.7	5.5
1994	9.0	2.0	11.2	23.6	15.4	8.9	3.8	14.4	3.8	5.0	36.4	4.6
1995	8.2	1.9	11.0	21.5	13.8	8.2	3.8	12.9	3.7	4.8	31.6	4.9
1996	7.4	1.9	9.1	19.5	12.4	7.7	3.4	11.7	3.3	4.3	28.3	4.1
1997	6.8	1.7	7.3	19.1	11.4	6.8	3.2	10.7	3.0	3.9	26.0	4.1
1998	6.3	1.7	6.2	17.5	10.7	6.5	2.8	9.7	3.0	3.8	23.0	2.9
1999	5.7	1.6	5.9	15.4	9.9	5.9	2.6	8.8	2.7	3.5	20.5	3.3
2000	5.5	1.4	4.8	15.0	10.3	5.7	2.5	8.6	2.6	3.3	20.5	2.7
2001	5.6	1.5	4.6	15.4	10.7	5.6	2.6	8.8	2.6	3.4	20.4	2.8
2002	5.6	1.5	4.5	15.3	11.0	5.7	2.5	8.8	2.6	3.3	20.8	2.7

Note: These data are from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Supplementary Homicide Reports (SHR), a component of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. SHRs are incident-based reports, rather than the monthly aggregates that comprise the FBI Crime Index. Not all agencies that report aggregate offense data to the FBI also submit supplemental homicide data. On average, about 91% of homicides reported to the FBI are included in the SHR database. To account for homicides for which SHR data were not available, the victim-based analyses include SHR data that have been weighted to match national and State estimates prepared by the FBI. Rates are calculated from U.S.

Census Bureau, Current Populations Reports. Deaths resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in any of the analyses that generated these tables. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Homicide Trends in the United States" [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm> [Sept. 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.126

Rate (per 100,000 persons in each group) of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter victimization

By age, sex, and race of victim, United States, 1976-2002

	14 to 17 years				18 to 24 years				25 years and older			
	Male		Female		Male		Female		Male		Female	
	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black
1976	3.7	24.2	2.1	6.3	11.3	89.8	4.2	25.1	9.8	97.2	3.0	19.3
1977	4.1	22.4	2.4	8.7	12.5	86.9	4.4	24.5	9.9	94.1	3.1	17.2
1978	4.7	21.9	2.5	7.6	13.3	86.4	4.4	23.7	10.4	90.3	3.1	16.5
1979	4.9	23.2	2.3	7.8	16.0	90.9	5.2	24.0	11.0	95.7	3.2	18.2
1980	5.1	26.3	2.6	6.8	16.2	96.7	5.3	23.5	11.4	94.8	3.3	17.1
1981	4.3	23.0	2.4	6.0	14.9	89.7	4.9	20.4	11.3	93.2	3.3	16.0
1982	4.0	22.3	1.9	7.5	13.9	82.6	5.2	17.7	10.4	79.5	3.3	14.4
1983	3.8	21.4	2.0	5.2	12.7	75.0	4.2	19.4	9.4	70.7	3.1	13.0
1984	3.5	18.4	2.1	6.4	11.9	68.0	5.1	18.2	9.1	64.6	3.0	12.4
1985	3.9	23.7	1.9	7.3	12.1	73.3	4.2	16.5	8.9	62.4	3.2	13.2
1986	4.1	26.8	2.3	6.5	13.3	87.9	4.7	19.7	9.0	70.2	3.1	14.1
1987	3.7	36.2	2.2	7.1	12.3	96.4	4.6	19.6	8.5	64.0	3.3	14.4
1988	3.9	43.3	2.2	7.2	12.3	109.5	4.5	20.8	8.1	69.2	3.0	14.8
1989	5.3	54.3	2.1	8.6	13.4	128.3	4.4	20.0	8.2	70.5	2.8	14.7
1990	7.5	59.0	2.5	10.3	16.7	151.0	4.0	20.5	8.7	74.4	2.9	14.3
1991	8.5	71.9	2.5	9.4	18.2	173.7	4.6	23.4	8.8	72.7	2.8	15.0
1992	9.0	67.3	2.4	12.8	17.4	171.8	4.4	20.8	8.4	67.6	2.8	14.4
1993	9.1	76.4	2.7	12.7	17.2	183.5	4.3	24.1	8.1	68.3	3.0	14.5
1994	8.7	71.6	2.0	10.0	17.8	176.2	3.8	20.7	7.7	64.3	2.6	13.7
1995	8.6	63.2	2.7	11.9	17.3	148.9	4.2	17.1	6.9	56.4	2.7	12.2
1996	7.9	52.2	2.0	8.9	15.4	138.2	3.3	15.4	6.5	50.0	2.4	11.3
1997	5.7	42.0	1.7	7.2	14.5	136.5	3.5	15.4	5.9	45.5	2.1	9.9
1998	5.7	32.8	1.9	5.9	14.5	117.4	3.4	14.3	5.3	40.6	2.2	9.3
1999	5.1	31.0	1.7	5.9	12.5	102.4	3.4	12.9	5.0	36.5	2.0	7.9
2000	4.1	25.8	1.4	4.5	12.1	100.6	2.9	13.5	4.7	38.1	2.0	7.6
2001	3.8	26.3	1.4	3.9	12.9	104.0	3.2	10.1	4.8	37.5	2.0	7.6
2002	3.6	22.6	1.5	6.1	12.7	102.3	2.9	11.8	4.7	39.0	1.9	7.4

Note: See Note, table 3.125. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Homicide Trends in the United States" [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm> [Sept. 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.127

Estimated rate (per 100,000 persons in each group) of offenders committing murder and nonnegligent manslaughter

By age, sex, and race of offender, United States, 1976-2002

	Age						Sex		Race		
	13 years and younger	14 to 17 years	18 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 49 years	50 years and older	Male	Female	White	Black	Other
	1976	0.2	11.4	22.9	19.4	10.7	3.7	16.3	3.0	4.9	46.5
1977	0.2	10.7	22.8	18.6	10.9	3.7	16.3	2.9	5.1	44.3	4.9
1978	0.3	10.5	24.0	18.9	10.9	3.5	16.9	2.7	5.3	44.5	3.8
1979	0.2	12.3	26.8	20.4	11.3	3.7	18.6	2.9	5.8	47.6	5.0
1980	0.2	12.9	30.0	22.6	12.8	3.6	20.6	3.1	6.5	51.4	6.9
1981	0.2	12.1	26.6	20.2	12.3	3.5	19.0	2.8	6.0	45.8	6.4
1982	0.2	11.1	25.1	19.1	10.9	3.1	17.6	2.6	5.6	41.1	6.4
1983	0.2	10.2	23.0	17.4	9.8	2.7	16.0	2.4	5.3	36.2	6.2
1984	0.2	9.1	22.2	16.9	9.1	2.8	15.4	2.2	5.3	33.0	5.3
1985	0.2	10.5	22.2	16.0	9.1	2.8	15.3	2.1	5.1	33.9	5.8
1986	0.2	12.7	24.4	17.5	9.4	2.7	16.7	2.2	5.3	37.8	6.0
1987	0.2	12.9	25.2	16.3	8.9	2.7	16.2	2.1	5.2	36.5	5.0
1988	0.2	16.8	27.9	16.3	8.6	2.6	17.0	2.0	5.0	41.2	4.5
1989	0.3	18.5	31.6	16.5	8.0	2.3	17.6	2.0	5.1	42.0	4.7
1990	0.2	25.7	36.1	17.5	8.2	2.3	19.6	2.0	5.7	46.5	4.2
1991	0.3	28.1	42.7	18.0	7.5	2.1	20.8	2.1	5.6	51.3	5.4
1992	0.3	28.0	39.5	16.5	7.2	2.1	19.4	1.8	5.2	46.9	5.7
1993	0.3	31.3	42.8	15.6	7.0	2.2	20.0	1.9	5.2	49.2	5.6
1994	0.4	31.1	40.7	14.9	6.8	1.8	19.0	1.8	5.1	45.4	5.1
1995	0.3	25.1	37.7	13.9	6.4	1.8	17.3	1.5	4.9	39.3	5.3
1996	0.2	21.0	36.8	12.8	5.8	1.7	15.6	1.6	4.5	35.8	4.8
1997	0.2	17.5	33.9	12.3	5.2	1.7	14.3	1.4	4.1	32.1	4.5
1998	0.2	13.7	31.7	12.0	5.3	1.5	13.1	1.4	4.2	27.7	3.9
1999	0.2	11.1	28.4	10.9	4.8	1.5	11.8	1.2	3.6	25.3	3.9
2000	0.1	9.5	28.0	11.6	4.8	1.4	11.6	1.2	3.5	25.5	3.3
2001	0.1	9.3	28.4	12.1	4.8	1.3	11.8	1.2	3.6	25.6	3.0
2002	0.1	9.0	26.8	12.8	4.9	1.4	11.7	1.2	3.6	24.9	2.9

Note: See Note, table 3.125. These data are estimates based on characteristics of known offenders from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Supplementary Homicide Reports and an imputation procedure for cases where information on the offender was unknown because no suspects were identified (unsolved cases). The imputation procedure used to adjust for unsolved homicides is based on characteristics of the victim, circumstances of the incident, and year the incident occurred. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Homicide Trends in the United States" [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm> [Sept. 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.128

Estimated rate (per 100,000 persons in each group) of offenders committing murder and nonnegligent manslaughter

By age, sex, and race of offender, United States, 1976-2002

	14 to 17 years				18 to 24 years				25 years and older			
	Male		Female		Male		Female		Male		Female	
	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black	White	Black
1976	10.9	80.3	1.4	11.2	21.0	180.6	2.5	29.4	9.0	100.6	1.5	22.1
1977	11.2	73.8	1.3	7.0	21.8	169.7	2.6	29.8	9.2	96.1	1.4	20.9
1978	11.0	70.1	1.1	7.7	23.6	178.1	2.6	27.3	9.5	96.0	1.4	19.2
1979	13.5	78.4	1.1	9.0	26.8	197.3	2.8	27.0	10.2	101.4	1.5	18.8
1980	13.9	83.5	1.0	8.2	30.2	212.0	2.9	32.5	11.4	108.6	1.6	19.5
1981	11.6	82.6	1.2	8.1	27.2	185.6	2.5	23.8	10.9	96.4	1.5	17.6
1982	11.6	69.0	1.2	5.9	24.5	174.4	2.6	24.1	10.4	84.9	1.5	15.1
1983	11.0	57.3	1.5	7.2	23.9	149.8	2.3	21.9	9.5	76.1	1.3	13.1
1984	10.0	52.6	1.2	6.0	25.3	129.6	2.7	18.5	9.6	71.3	1.2	12.3
1985	10.4	68.9	0.9	7.1	23.2	143.1	2.5	18.0	9.3	68.7	1.2	12.0
1986	13.0	79.8	1.2	5.7	25.1	161.6	2.2	20.2	9.5	76.9	1.2	12.6
1987	11.8	87.3	1.3	6.8	24.4	177.1	2.5	16.5	9.3	69.2	1.2	11.1
1988	14.6	125.1	1.0	7.5	23.3	218.6	2.5	20.6	8.8	72.6	1.1	10.2
1989	16.7	135.0	1.1	6.9	26.9	249.7	2.7	19.0	8.6	67.8	1.1	10.8
1990	22.0	194.0	1.5	6.9	30.9	290.0	2.8	19.1	9.2	70.3	1.1	10.1
1991	22.8	213.6	1.3	10.5	32.9	364.1	2.6	22.0	8.8	68.8	1.0	10.2
1992	23.3	208.5	1.4	11.2	31.8	325.3	2.3	17.2	8.0	65.6	0.9	8.8
1993	22.8	253.0	1.3	9.2	32.7	361.6	2.3	20.1	7.9	60.7	1.1	8.1
1994	24.8	235.1	1.6	9.6	32.7	337.5	2.2	17.7	7.5	55.1	1.0	7.8
1995	22.0	178.6	1.3	7.6	32.0	300.3	2.1	13.0	7.2	51.2	0.9	6.3
1996	18.3	142.8	1.8	8.9	31.6	281.5	2.7	15.7	6.4	47.1	0.9	6.2
1997	16.3	116.7	1.5	4.5	29.5	251.9	2.8	15.9	5.9	45.1	0.8	5.3
1998	14.1	80.2	1.2	5.3	29.7	226.2	2.5	13.3	6.1	39.6	0.9	5.1
1999	10.5	68.3	1.4	6.1	24.8	212.1	2.4	10.7	5.4	36.3	0.8	4.3
2000	8.0	63.2	1.2	5.3	24.6	210.3	2.0	11.5	5.4	38.1	0.8	4.1
2001	8.2	60.8	1.0	5.2	26.0	206.6	2.2	12.6	5.4	38.8	0.7	4.2
2002	9.2	54.5	0.9	3.7	24.9	191.1	2.6	11.0	5.5	40.9	0.7	3.7

Note: See Notes, tables 3.125 and 3.127. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Homicide Trends in the United States" [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm> [Sept. 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.129

Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By race and sex of victim and offender, United States, 2002

Characteristics of victim	Total	Characteristics of offender						
		Race				Sex		
		White	Black	Other	Un-known	Male	Female	Un-known
Total	7,005	3,309	3,386	180	130	6,151	722	132
Race								
White	3,582	3,000	483	58	41	3,169	372	41
Black	3,137	227	2,852	11	47	2,768	320	49
Other	192	51	28	109	4	169	19	4
Unknown	94	31	23	2	38	45	11	38
Sex								
Male	4,931	2,192	2,545	121	73	4,328	528	75
Female	1,980	1,086	818	57	19	1,778	183	19
Unknown	94	31	23	2	38	45	11	38

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.117. These data pertain only to the 7,005 murders and nonnegligent manslaughters that involved a single offender and a single victim.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 22, Table 2.8.

Table 3.130

Percent distribution of U.S. population, and murder and nonnegligent manslaughter victims and offenders

By age, sex, and race, United States, 1976-2002

	14 to 24 year old white males			14 to 24 year old black males			All others		
	Population	Victims	Offenders	Population	Victims	Offenders	Population	Victims	Offenders
1976	8.9%	8.7%	16.3%	1.3%	9.2%	18.8%	89.8%	82.1%	64.9%
1977	8.9	9.5	16.9	1.3	9.0	18.0	89.8	81.6	65.1
1978	8.8	10.1	17.5	1.3	8.9	18.4	89.9	81.1	64.1
1979	8.8	10.8	18.3	1.3	8.7	18.8	89.9	80.5	62.9
1980	8.6	10.4	18.1	1.3	9.0	18.5	90.1	80.6	63.4
1981	8.5	9.7	17.3	1.4	8.9	18.6	90.2	81.4	64.1
1982	8.3	9.6	16.8	1.3	8.8	18.2	90.4	81.6	64.9
1983	8.1	9.5	17.5	1.3	8.8	16.9	90.6	81.7	65.6
1984	7.9	9.0	18.3	1.3	8.2	15.2	90.9	82.8	66.4
1985	7.7	9.0	16.9	1.3	8.9	17.3	91.1	82.2	65.7
1986	7.5	8.9	17.0	1.3	9.7	18.0	91.3	81.4	65.0
1987	7.3	8.2	16.3	1.2	11.1	20.0	91.5	80.6	63.7
1988	7.1	7.9	15.3	1.2	12.3	24.1	91.7	79.9	60.6
1989	6.9	8.4	16.7	1.2	13.9	25.8	91.9	77.8	57.5
1990	6.7	9.8	17.6	1.2	14.7	28.1	92.1	75.6	54.2
1991	6.5	10.0	17.2	1.2	16.1	31.8	92.3	73.9	51.0
1992	6.4	10.0	17.7	1.1	16.4	31.1	92.5	73.6	51.1
1993	6.4	9.6	17.4	1.1	17.4	34.5	92.5	73.0	48.1
1994	6.3	10.2	18.5	1.1	17.5	33.7	92.6	72.3	47.9
1995	6.2	10.7	19.1	1.1	16.2	31.6	92.6	73.1	49.3
1996	6.1	10.4	19.3	1.1	16.2	30.8	92.7	73.4	49.9
1997	6.1	10.0	19.3	1.1	16.6	29.3	92.8	73.5	51.4
1998	6.1	10.7	20.1	1.1	15.2	26.7	92.8	74.1	53.2
1999	6.1	10.4	18.4	1.1	14.9	27.8	92.8	74.8	53.8
2000	6.1	10.0	17.7	1.1	14.8	27.8	92.7	75.2	54.4
2001	6.1	10.3	18.7	1.2	15.2	27.3	92.7	74.5	54.1
2002	6.2	10.3	18.6	1.2	14.9	25.5	92.7	74.9	55.9

Note: See Notes, tables 3.125 and 3.127. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Homicide Trends in the United States" [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm> [Sept. 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.131

Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters by intimates of the victims

By sex and race of victim, and victim-offender relationship, United States, 1976-2002

	Sex and race									Victim-offender relationship		
	Sex		Male			Female			Spouse	Ex-spouse	Boyfriend/ girlfriend	
	Male	Female	White	Black	Other	White	Black	Other				
1976	1,357	1,600	493	846	12	849	714	20	2,174	123	662	
1977	1,294	1,437	479	804	5	831	570	17	2,017	110	603	
1978	1,202	1,482	490	703	7	868	583	14	1,940	116	629	
1979	1,262	1,506	535	712	10	883	594	13	1,940	146	683	
1980	1,221	1,549	493	718	5	913	588	34	1,911	115	744	
1981	1,278	1,572	554	703	18	952	591	27	1,946	136	768	
1982	1,141	1,480	510	619	10	946	504	29	1,722	136	763	
1983	1,113	1,462	508	594	10	910	513	37	1,676	128	770	
1984	989	1,442	443	530	15	938	467	34	1,501	97	833	
1985	957	1,546	427	518	12	1,005	492	48	1,580	111	811	
1986	985	1,586	448	529	5	1,000	532	52	1,542	127	901	
1987	933	1,494	424	498	8	968	486	35	1,489	96	841	
1988	854	1,582	376	459	15	1,007	527	36	1,467	100	869	
1989	903	1,415	371	512	11	883	474	42	1,326	78	913	
1990	859	1,501	393	441	18	952	490	45	1,371	110	879	
1991	779	1,518	359	413	7	931	520	55	1,297	82	918	
1992	722	1,455	337	369	10	890	509	48	1,262	81	834	
1993	708	1,581	330	362	12	989	542	43	1,232	94	964	
1994	692	1,405	318	359	11	900	463	35	1,145	91	861	
1995	546	1,317	251	285	9	872	387	50	1,023	60	780	
1996	515	1,324	259	248	8	862	422	28	1,008	73	759	
1997	451	1,217	239	202	9	761	401	40	867	72	728	
1998	515	1,317	275	225	12	881	394	38	975	76	787	
1999	426	1,218	223	190	11	814	338	61	839	62	743	
2000	442	1,252	230	193	18	855	335	49	902	67	725	
2001	399	1,202	206	181	11	804	343	50	836	56	711	
2002	388	1,202	215	163	8	775	366	52	804	57	731	

Note: See Note, table 3.125. "Intimates" include spouses, ex-spouses, boyfriends, and girlfriends. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, "Homicide Trends in the United States" [Online]. Available: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/homicide/homtrnd.htm> [Sept. 30, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.132

Estimated rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older) of nonfatal intimate partner violence and percent change in rate

By sex of victim, 1993-2001

Sex of victim	Nonfatal intimate victimizations per 1,000 persons									Percent change 1993 to 2001
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	
Total	5.8	5.5	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.8	3.5	2.8	3.0	-48.4%
Male	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.5	1.1	0.8	0.9	-41.8
Female	9.8	9.1	8.5	7.8	7.5	7.8	5.8	4.7	5.0	-49.3

Note: These data are from the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics' National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS). Nonfatal violence includes rape, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, and simple assault. These data do not include fatal violence. "Intimate partners" include current or former spouses, boyfriends, or girlfriends. Percent changes are based on unrounded rates. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Intimate Partner Violence, 1993-2001*, Crime Data Brief NCJ 197838 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, February 2003), p. 2.

Table 3.133

Murder and nonnegligent manslaughters resulting from the Sept. 11, 2001 terrorist attacks

By sex and race of victim, and location

Race of victim	Total	Sex of victim		
		Male	Female	Unknown
All locations, total	3,047	2,303	739	5
White	2,435	1,908	527	0
Black	286	170	116	0
Other	187	127	60	0
Unknown	139	98	36	5
World Trade Center, total	2,823	2,175	648	0
White	2,279	1,811	468	X
Black	234	148	86	X
Other	184	124	60	X
Unknown	126	92	34	X
Pentagon, total	184	108	71	5
White	120	79	41	0
Black	49	11	28	0
Other	2	2	0	0
Unknown	13	6	2	5
Somerset County, PA, total	40	20	20	0
White	36	18	18	X
Black	3	1	2	X
Other	1	1	0	X

Note: The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program is limited in its ability to report the offenses committed on Sept. 11, 2001. For the most part, the data associated with the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in tables from *Crime in the United States, 2001*. The number of deaths is so great that combining these figures with traditional crime statistics would distort many types of measurements based on UCR data. Though the deaths resulting from these events may not meet the traditional definition of criminal homicide, the UCR program has classified those deaths for the purposes of presenting these data as murder and nonnegligent manslaughter. (Source: pp. iii, 302, 303).

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2001* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2002), p. 302.

Table 3.134

Sniper-attack murder incidents, victims, and offenders

By type of firearm, 1982-2001

Year	Incidents	Victims	Offenders ^a	Type of firearm				
				Handgun (pistol, revolver, etc.)	Rifle	Shotgun	Type not stated	Other, unknown gun
Total	327	379	224	208	75	23	19	3
1982	12	15	8	6	2	2	2	0
1983	17	17	8	7	4	4	2	0
1984	18	37	16	7	7	4	0	0
1985	10	10	5	5	5	0	0	0
1986	9	9	4	1	6	0	2	0
1987	28	36	17	12	12	2	2	0
1988	47	55	32	32	9	6	0	0
1989	46	49	28	37	8	1	0	0
1990	40	41	24	29	4	3	4	0
1991	10	12	5	7	3	0	0	0
1992	31	33	14	26	3	0	2	0
1993	6	6	3	4	2	0	0	0
1994	2	2	5	1	0	0	0	1
1995	11	12	6	6	2	1	0	2
1996	8	8	13	4	1	0	3	0
1997	4	4	1	4	0	0	0	0
1998	10	15	15	7	3	0	0	0
1999	5	5	4	5	0	0	0	0
2000	8	8	5	7	1	0	0	0
2001 ^b	5	5	11	1	3	0	2	0

Note: These data are from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Supplementary Homicide Reports (SHR), which are comprised of additional data submitted by participating law enforcement agencies for the offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter only. "Sniper attack" is an available designation on the SHR reporting form. However, the Source cautions that there is no uniform definition of sniper attacks for law enforcement agencies to follow. Reporting agencies are required to select only one circumstance. If a sniper attack occurred in conjunction with another offense type such as a gangland killing or romantic triangle, the agency may have selected one of these designations. The above data include only those incidents in which sniper attack was designated by the reporting agency, the victim was killed, and the weapon reported on the SHR form was a firearm. (Source, p. 315.)

^aIncludes only offenders for whom age, sex and/or race was reported by law enforcement.

^bIn 2001, one incident involved more than one weapon type.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 315, Table 5.13; p. 316, Table 5.15. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.135

Workplace homicidesBy victim characteristics, type of event, and selected occupation and industry,
United States, 1992-2002^a

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 ^b	2002 ^c
Total	1,044	1,074	1,080	1,036	927	860	714	651	677	639	609
Victim characteristics											
<u>Employee status</u>											
Wage and salary workers ^d	793	786	818	823	675	632	526	485	488	470	449
Self-employed ^e	251	288	262	213	252	228	188	166	189	169	160
<u>Sex</u>											
Male	862	884	895	790	751	715	550	525	543	513	473
Female	182	190	185	246	176	145	164	126	134	126	136
<u>Age</u>											
Under 16 years	(f)	6	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)
16 to 17 years	11	11	10	6	8	9	(f)	8	(f)	(f)	(f)
18 to 19 years	19	16	27	26	21	16	12	11	14	14	10
20 to 24 years	105	89	102	70	74	60	44	49	41	45	34
25 to 34 years	271	294	280	264	220	215	178	145	142	136	147
35 to 44 years	275	295	290	258	228	216	199	166	177	174	167
45 to 54 years	186	194	205	215	189	171	139	155	165	151	147
55 to 64 years	116	108	104	127	120	120	82	74	100	81	76
65 years and older	56	61	61	65	65	51	52	38	31	34	24
<u>Race, ethnicity</u>											
White	597	583	592	578	504	500	399	346	344	331	309
Black	192	164	210	206	171	146	128	116	118	113	111
Asian or Pacific Islander	105	128	129	100	105	104	74	85	84	72	54
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	(f)	6	7	5	6	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)	(f)
Other or unspecified	14	8	(f)	17	11	5	10	5	20	13	26
Hispanic ^g	132	185	139	130	130	101	99	95	108	106	107
<u>Type of event</u>											
Shooting	852	884	934	762	761	708	574	509	533	505	469
Stabbing	90	95	60	67	80	73	61	62	66	58	58
Hitting, kicking, beating	52	35	47	46	50	48	48	48	37	36	34
Other	30	48	31	153	29	26	24	26	38	38	38
<u>Major occupation</u>											
Managerial and professional specialty occupations	185	162	149	200	184	156	132	117	141	120	104
Technical, sales, and administrative support jobs	353	404	426	381	332	305	239	197	235	203	210
Service occupations	228	212	251	216	188	181	146	156	130	171	156
Police and detectives	62	68	70	81	55	66	53	47	49	62	57
Guards	56	55	76	61	52	43	39	36	33	38	37
Farming, forestry, and fishing	15	11	17	20	18	10	19	19	14	11	13
Precision production, craft, and repair jobs	43	67	39	40	37	36	41	35	38	34	28
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	211	204	178	160	154	162	130	118	113	96	96
<u>Major industry</u>											
Agriculture, forestry, fishing	15	13	18	19	18	9	19	19	12	9	(f)
Construction	20	20	16	15	12	14	20	6	21	26	18
Manufacturing	32	46	33	44	40	43	38	26	25	32	24
Transportation and public utilities	117	126	118	98	76	110	69	70	65	52	49
Taxicabs	86	96	87	68	50	74	48	51	42	33	27
Wholesale trade	25	25	20	25	24	21	21	26	16	6	18
Retail trade	503	525	530	422	437	395	287	264	310	280	263
Grocery stores	166	176	196	152	146	141	95	78	111	92	77
Eating and drinking places	145	145	135	121	135	109	69	95	91	93	86
Gasoline service stations	41	53	41	36	23	34	25	17	14	16	17
Finance, insurance, real estate	37	35	31	53	41	28	22	34	21	20	28
Services	175	155	193	141	169	146	139	136	127	125	110
Detective and armored car services	23	32	49	27	29	21	18	17	16	21	19
Government ^h	104	124	104	212	100	88	94	66	78	88	83
Federal	11	18	12	109	11	7	16	7	6	9	5
State	11	20	12	17	20	19	22	11	11	10	16
Local	80	86	80	84	69	60	56	48	61	68	61

See notes on next page.

Table 3.135

Workplace homicides

By victim characteristics, type of event, and selected occupation and industry,
United States, 1992-2002^a--Continued

Note: These data were collected through the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries conducted annually by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in cooperation with numerous Federal, State, and local agencies. Data were compiled from various Federal, State, and local administrative sources including death certificates, workers' compensation reports and claims, medical examiner reports, police reports, news reports, and reports to various regulatory agencies.

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, therefore, includes data for all fatal work injuries, whether they are covered by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), another Federal or State agency, or are outside the scope of regulatory coverage. Federal agencies participating in the census include OSHA, the Employment Standards Administration, the Mine Safety and Health Administration, the Federal Aviation Administration, the Federal Railroad Administration, the Department of Energy, and the U.S. Coast Guard. State and local agencies participating in the census include State and local police departments; State vital statistics registrars; State departments of health, labor, and industries; State farm bureaus; and local coroners and medical examiners. Multiple sources were used because studies have shown that no single source captures all job-related fatalities. Source documents were matched so that each fatality is counted only once. To ensure that a fatality was work related, information was verified from two or more independent source documents or from a source document and a followup questionnaire.

^aDetail may not add to total because of the omission of miscellaneous categories.

^bThe workplace homicides that occurred as a result of the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included in this table.

^cData for 2002 are preliminary.

^dMay include volunteers and other workers receiving compensation.

^eIncludes paid and unpaid family workers, and may include owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

^fNo data reported or data did not meet publication criteria specified by the Source.

^gPersons identified as Hispanic may be of any race; therefore detail will not add to total.

^hIncludes fatalities to workers employed by government agencies regardless of industry.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 3.136

Suicide rate (per 100,000 persons in each age group)

By age, United States, 1980, 1985, 1990-2002

Age	1980	1985	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	11.83	12.38	12.39	12.22	11.95	12.06	11.96	11.90	11.65	11.41	11.31	10.71	12.40	12.46	12.74
10 to 14 years	0.76	1.62	1.50	1.50	1.68	1.70	1.70	1.75	1.57	1.59	1.65	1.24	1.51	1.30	1.23
15 to 19 years	8.53	9.87	11.14	11.02	10.76	10.85	11.00	10.40	9.74	9.45	8.89	8.18	8.15	7.95	7.44
20 to 24 years	16.09	15.39	15.11	14.87	14.91	15.74	16.30	16.03	14.47	13.61	13.57	12.68	12.84	11.93	12.28
25 to 29 years	16.43	15.52	15.04	14.90	14.21	15.20	15.80	15.18	14.82	14.36	14.03	13.17	13.11	12.59	12.82
30 to 34 years	15.17	15.04	15.33	15.47	14.87	14.96	15.02	15.61	14.25	14.29	13.66	13.73	12.52	12.94	12.60
35 to 39 years	15.27	14.36	15.51	15.05	15.06	15.03	15.45	14.94	15.40	15.06	15.20	14.58	13.97	14.27	14.40
40 to 44 years	15.22	14.89	14.72	14.28	15.06	15.21	15.11	15.47	15.68	15.55	15.52	14.28	15.25	15.18	16.17
45 to 49 years	15.41	15.54	14.90	15.65	14.66	14.24	14.43	14.67	15.11	15.17	15.28	14.55	15.01	15.69	16.33
50 to 54 years	16.45	15.92	14.59	15.25	14.65	14.92	14.31	14.44	14.73	14.16	14.31	13.77	14.20	14.56	15.11
55 to 59 years	16.23	17.20	16.16	15.48	14.70	14.61	13.37	12.94	14.21	14.48	13.76	13.03	12.83	13.99	14.60
60 to 64 years	15.45	16.45	15.93	15.39	14.98	14.65	13.39	13.62	13.10	12.37	12.23	11.58	11.60	11.99	12.35
65 to 69 years	16.12	16.92	16.54	15.68	15.59	14.97	13.89	14.48	14.35	13.22	13.12	12.56	11.38	12.70	12.49
70 to 74 years	17.69	20.81	19.50	18.34	17.52	17.89	16.96	17.27	15.80	15.71	15.20	14.64	13.94	13.88	14.54
75 to 79 years	19.54	23.26	23.77	22.23	21.70	20.80	20.55	19.55	18.62	18.45	17.64	17.46	16.56	16.40	16.56
80 to 84 years	18.17	24.98	26.23	25.55	24.70	24.56	22.55	22.49	22.16	20.61	22.86	19.45	19.46	18.90	19.36
85 years and older	19.03	19.38	21.94	23.80	21.60	22.68	22.90	21.49	20.18	20.79	20.99	19.19	19.39	17.36	18.07

Note: These data are based on information from all death certificates filed in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The mortality data files are maintained by the National Center for Health Statistics at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Rates for decennial years were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau decennial census counts; population estimates produced by the Census Bureau were used for noncensus years.

Suicide rates for ages under 10 years have been omitted because of low incidence. A category including cases where the age is unknown also has been omitted; this category also comprises a small number of cases each year. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control [Online]. Available: <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us8179/suic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us8582/suic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us8986/suic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us9390/suic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us9794/suic.htm> [Feb. 9, 2000]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate.html> [June 4, 2001]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Mar. 19, 2002]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Apr. 4, 2003]; and <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Dec. 7, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.137

Suicide rate (per 100,000 persons in each age group)

By age, sex, and race, United States, 2002

Age	Total	Race and sex										
		Sex		Race			White		Black		Other	
		Male	Female	White	Black	Other	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total	12.74	20.94	4.91	14.10	6.21	7.27	23.02	5.48	11.13	1.85	11.06	3.70
10 to 14 years	1.23	1.81	0.62	1.29	0.97	1.26 ^a	1.87	0.68	1.57	0.35 ^a	1.81 ^a	0.69 ^a
15 to 19 years	7.44	12.23	2.36	8.17	4.04	6.54	13.44	2.57	6.89	1.09 ^a	9.95	2.96 ^a
20 to 24 years	12.28	20.63	3.49	13.10	9.06	9.67	21.86	3.72	16.00	2.28	15.68	3.48
25 to 29 years	12.82	20.84	4.52	13.59	10.34	9.29	21.56	5.13	19.47	1.96	15.36	3.29
30 to 34 years	12.60	20.31	4.76	13.75	8.27	7.88	21.81	5.34	15.19	2.04	12.10	3.78
35 to 39 years	14.40	22.78	6.03	15.92	8.14	7.99	24.81	6.84	14.49	2.49	12.50	3.66
40 to 44 years	16.17	24.76	7.70	18.20	7.14	6.62	27.66	8.68	11.55	3.25	9.28	4.15
45 to 49 years	16.33	24.89	8.02	18.45	5.89	6.92	27.65	9.31	10.99	1.47 ^a	10.35	3.86
50 to 54 years	15.11	23.84	6.75	16.80	5.87	7.54	26.43	7.38	9.25	3.00	10.10	5.31
55 to 59 years	14.60	23.54	6.19	16.12	4.64	7.75	25.71	6.94	8.65	1.35 ^a	12.45	3.59 ^a
60 to 64 years	12.35	20.46	4.99	13.59	5.05	4.70	22.50	5.35	8.14	2.64 ^a	5.81 ^a	3.71 ^a
65 to 69 years	12.49	21.95	4.32	13.70	3.51	8.54	23.80	4.81	7.74	0.37 ^a	13.89	4.12 ^a
70 to 74 years	14.54	27.87	3.88	15.67	6.56	5.78 ^a	30.10	3.91	12.35	2.68 ^a	5.26 ^a	6.16 ^a
75 to 79 years	16.56	34.26	4.06	17.56	6.69	12.77	36.22	4.20	13.84	1.37 ^a	19.97 ^a	7.58 ^a
80 to 84 years	19.36	44.08	4.36	20.87	3.67 ^a	10.18 ^a	47.29	4.71	10.74 ^a	0.00 ^a	17.74 ^a	4.93 ^a
85 years and older	18.07	51.14	3.82	19.20	5.95 ^a	12.57 ^a	54.46	3.98	19.36 ^a	0.82 ^a	20.67 ^a	7.73 ^a

Note: See Note, table 3.136.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control [Online]. Available: <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Dec. 8, 2004].

^aRate based on 20 or fewer deaths.

Table 3.138

Suicide rate (per 100,000 persons in each age group) for persons 15 to 24 years of age

By age and sex, United States, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 1993-2002

Age and sex	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 to 19 years of age	2.7	3.6	5.9	8.5	11.1	10.9	11.0	10.4	9.7	9.4	8.9	8.2	8.2	8.0	7.4
Male	3.5	5.6	8.8	13.8	18.1	17.5	18.1	17.3	15.6	15.2	14.6	13.3	13.2	12.9	12.2
Female	1.8	1.6	2.9	3.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.1	3.6	3.4	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.4
20 to 24 years of age	6.2	7.1	12.2	16.1	15.1	15.7	16.3	16.0	14.5	13.6	13.6	12.7	12.8	11.9	12.3
Male	9.3	11.5	19.2	26.8	25.7	26.6	28.5	27.7	24.8	23.0	23.0	21.6	22.0	20.4	20.6
Female	3.3	2.9	5.6	5.5	4.1	4.4	3.9	4.3	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.5

Note: See Note, table 3.136. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, "Programs for the Prevention of Suicide Among Adolescents and Young Adults," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* (Washington, DC: USGPO, Apr. 22, 1994), p. 3; and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control [Online]. Available: <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us9390/suic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us9794/suic.htm> [Feb. 9, 2000]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate.html> [June 4, 2001]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Mar. 19, 2002]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Apr. 4, 2003]; and <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Dec. 7, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.139

Firearm suicide rate (per 100,000 persons in each age group)

By age, United States, 1980, 1985, 1990-2002

Age	1980	1985	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	6.78	7.30	7.57	7.35	7.12	7.35	7.21	7.04	6.85	6.56	6.45	7.10	7.01	6.87	6.89
10 to 14 years	0.43	0.82	0.83	0.88	0.95	1.01	1.00	0.97	0.85	0.66	0.80	0.53	0.55	0.43	0.41
15 to 19 years	5.38	5.96	7.50	7.43	7.29	7.33	7.77	6.97	6.15	5.95	5.56	4.94	4.51	4.14	3.65
20 to 24 years	9.92	9.24	9.58	9.54	9.55	10.30	10.66	9.98	8.98	8.29	8.05	7.43	7.41	6.53	6.62
25 to 29 years	9.16	8.85	9.04	8.59	8.13	9.04	9.14	8.58	8.31	7.83	7.63	7.10	6.85	6.66	6.44
30 to 34 years	8.09	7.94	8.46	8.22	7.73	8.27	8.04	8.09	7.21	7.39	6.79	6.74	6.28	6.28	5.68
35 to 39 years	8.54	7.55	8.06	7.82	7.70	7.73	7.88	7.61	7.84	7.54	7.44	7.17	6.83	6.42	6.65
40 to 44 years	8.13	8.23	8.06	7.59	7.74	7.93	7.77	7.80	7.91	7.56	7.52	6.65	7.38	7.02	7.44
45 to 49 years	8.26	8.81	8.74	8.84	8.20	7.97	8.10	7.75	8.14	7.83	7.83	7.55	7.49	7.47	7.77
50 to 54 years	9.05	9.54	8.63	8.98	8.53	9.13	8.27	8.43	8.66	7.92	7.48	7.39	7.92	7.99	7.91
55 to 59 years	9.07	10.19	10.25	9.46	9.40	9.29	8.25	8.13	8.68	9.03	8.40	8.22	7.52	8.42	8.65
60 to 64 years	9.10	10.36	10.30	9.64	9.33	9.82	8.88	9.04	8.56	7.93	8.09	7.63	7.80	7.99	8.10
65 to 69 years	9.97	11.20	11.52	10.80	10.82	10.19	9.62	9.98	10.20	9.36	8.89	8.75	8.39	8.98	8.83
70 to 74 years	10.98	14.40	13.51	13.14	12.84	12.58	12.05	12.41	11.68	11.36	11.11	10.99	10.40	10.25	10.68
75 to 79 years	11.48	15.41	17.09	16.06	15.08	14.97	15.07	14.48	13.50	13.18	13.22	12.91	12.37	12.38	12.35
80 to 84 years	10.41	16.13	17.79	17.60	16.42	17.54	15.93	15.86	15.84	14.58	16.58	13.70	14.16	14.14	14.35
85 years and older	10.09	10.91	13.11	13.97	12.83	14.08	14.03	13.61	13.29	12.76	13.40	12.55	12.99	12.12	12.03

Note: See Note, table 3.136.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control [Online]. Available: <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us8179/farmsuic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us8582/farmsuic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us8986/farmsuic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us9390/farmsuic.htm>, <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/data/us9794/farmsuic.htm> [Feb. 9, 2000]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate.html> [June 4, 2001]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Mar. 19, 2002]; <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Apr. 4, 2003]; and <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10.html> [Dec. 7, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.140

Percent distribution of robberies known to police

By type of weapon used, United States, 1974-2002

	Total ^a	Type of weapon used			
		Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Other weapon	Strong-armed
1974	100%	45%	13%	8%	34%
1975	100	45	12	8	35
1976	100	43	13	8	36
1977	100	42	13	8	37
1978	100	41	13	9	37
1979	100	40	13	9	38
1980	100	40	13	9	38
1981	100	40	13	9	38
1982	100	40	14	9	37
1983	100	37	14	10	40
1984	100	36	13	9	42
1985	100	35	13	9	42
1986	100	34	14	10	43
1987	100	33	14	10	44
1988	100	33	14	10	43
1989	100	33	13	10	43
1990	100	37	12	10	42
1991	100	40	11	9	40
1992	100	40	11	10	40
1993	100	42	10	10	38
1994	100	42	10	10	39
1995	100	41	9	9	41
1996	100	41	9	12	39
1997	100	40	8	13	38
1998	100	38	9	13	40
1999	100	40	8	10	42
2000	100	41	8	10	40
2001	100	42	9	10	39
2002	100	42	9	9	40

Note: See Note, table 3.106. In trend tables "constructed" or "adapted" by SOURCEBOOK staff from *Crime in the United States*, the data are from the first year in which the data are reported. It should be noted that the number of agencies reporting and the populations represented vary from year to year. Also, the percent distributions are based on offense reports for which the FBI received detailed information from local law enforcement agencies and exclude jurisdictions for which the FBI generated estimated offense totals. For data on the estimated total number of offenses occurring in the United States for each Index crime, see table 3.106. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1974, p. 26; 1975, p. 26; 1976, p. 21; 1977, p. 19; 1978, p. 19; 1979, p. 18; 1980, p. 19; 1981, p. 18; 1982, p. 18; 1983, p. 18; 1984, p. 18; 1985, p. 18; 1986, p. 18; 1987, p. 18; 1988, p. 21; 1989, p. 20; 1990, p. 21; 1991, p. 29, Table 2.21; 1992, p. 29, Table 2.21; 1993, p. 29, Table 2.22; 1994, p. 29, Table 2.22; 1995, p. 29, Table 2.22; 1996, p. 29, Table 2.22; 1997, p. 31, Table 2.22; 1998, p. 29, Table 2.22; 1999, p. 29, Table 2.22; 2000, p. 31, Table 2.22; 2001, p. 35; 2002, p. 35 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.141

Percent distribution of robberies known to police

By type of weapon used and region, 2002

Region	Total ^a	Type of weapon used			
		Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Other weapon	Strong-armed
Total	100.0%	42.1%	8.7%	9.3%	39.9%
Northeast	100.0	34.0	10.8	8.3	46.9
Midwest	100.0	43.8	6.5	9.7	40.0
South	100.0	47.8	7.8	9.7	34.7
West	100.0	36.3	10.3	9.1	44.3

Note: See Note, table 3.106. For a list of States in regions, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 35.

Table 3.142

Percent distribution of robberies known to police

By place of occurrence, United States, 1973-2002

	Total ^a	Place of occurrence						
		Street/highway	Commercial house	Gas or service station	Convenience store	Residence	Bank	Miscellaneous
1973	100%	49%	17%	4%	6%	11%	1%	14%
1974	100	50	17	3	6	12	1	11
1975	100	51	16	4	6	12	1	10
1976	100	47	15	5	6	12	1	14
1977	100	46	15	6	7	12	1	14
1978	100	47	14	6	7	11	1	13
1979	100	49	14	4	7	11	2	13
1980	100	52	14	4	7	11	2	11
1981	100	52	13	4	6	11	1	12
1982	100	54	12	4	6	11	1	12
1983	100	54	11	3	6	11	1	13
1984	100	54	12	3	6	11	1	13
1985	100	55	12	3	6	10	1	12
1986	100	56	12	3	5	10	1	12
1987	100	54	13	3	6	10	1	12
1988	100	54	12	3	6	10	1	13
1989	100	55	12	3	6	10	1	13
1990	100	56	12	3	6	10	2	12
1991	100	56	12	3	6	10	2	12
1992	100	56	12	2	5	10	2	13
1993	100	55	12	2	5	10	2	13
1994	100	55	12	2	5	11	1	14
1995	100	54	12	2	5	11	2	13
1996	100	51	14	2	6	11	2	14
1997	100	50	14	2	6	12	2	15
1998	100	49	14	2	6	12	2	15
1999	100	48	14	2	6	12	2	16
2000	100	46	14	3	6	12	2	16
2001	100	44	14	3	7	13	2	17
2002	100	43	15	3	6	14	2	18

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.140. "Commercial house" refers to nonresidential structures, with the exception of gas stations, convenience stores, and banking-type institutions. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1973, p. 120, Table 22; 1974, p. 178, Table 26; 1975, p. 178, Table 26; 1976, p. 21; 1977, p. 19; 1978, p. 17; 1979, p. 16; 1980, p. 17; 1981, p. 16; 1982, p. 17; 1983, p. 18; 1984, p. 18; 1985, p. 18; 1986, p. 18; 1987, p. 18; 1988, p. 19; 1989, p. 18; 1990, p. 19; 1991, p. 27, Table 2.19; 1992, p. 27, Table 2.19; 1993, p. 27, Table 2.20; 1994, p. 27, Table 2.20; 1995, p. 27, Table 2.20; 1996, p. 27, Table 2.20; 1997, p. 29, Table 2.20; 1998, p. 27, Table 2.20; 1999, p. 28, Table 2.20; 2000, p. 30, Table 2.20; 2001, p. 33; 2002, p. 32, Table 2.20 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.143

Percent distribution of aggravated assaults known to police

By type of weapon used, United States, 1964-2002

	Total ^a	Type of weapon used			
		Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Other weapons (clubs, blunt objects, etc.)	Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.)
1964	100%	15%	40%	23%	22%
1965	100	17	36	22	25
1966	100	19	34	22	25
1967	100	21	33	22	24
1968	100	23	31	24	22
1969	100	24	30	25	22
1970	100	24	28	24	23
1971	100	25	27	24	24
1972	100	25	26	23	25
1973	100	26	25	23	27
1974	100	25	24	23	27
1975	100	25	24	25	27
1976	100	24	24	26	27
1977	100	23	23	27	26
1978	100	22	23	28	27
1979	100	23	22	28	27
1980	100	24	22	28	27
1981	100	24	22	28	26
1982	100	22	23	28	26
1983	100	21	24	29	26
1984	100	21	23	31	25
1985	100	21	23	31	25
1986	100	21	22	32	25
1987	100	21	21	32	25
1988	100	21	20	31	27
1989	100	22	20	32	27
1990	100	23	20	32	26
1991	100	24	18	31	27
1992	100	25	18	31	26
1993	100	25	18	31	26
1994	100	24	18	32	26
1995	100	23	18	33	26
1996	100	22	18	34	26
1997	100	20	18	35	27
1998	100	19	18	36	27
1999	100	18	18	35	29
2000	100	18	18	36	28
2001	100	18	18	36	28
2002	100	19	18	35	28

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.140. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1964, p. 9; 1965, p. 8; 1966, p. 9; 1967, p. 11; 1968, p. 10; 1969, p. 10; 1970, p. 12; 1971, p. 12; 1972, p. 10; 1973, p. 11; 1974, p. 20; 1975, p. 20; 1976, p. 13; 1977, p. 21; 1978, p. 21; 1979, p. 20; 1980, p. 21; 1981, p. 20; 1982, p. 22; 1983, p. 23; 1984, p. 23; 1985, p. 23; 1986, p. 22; 1987, p. 23; 1988, p. 24; 1989, p. 23; 1990, p. 24; 1991, p. 32, Table 2.23; 1992, p. 32, Table 2.23; 1993, p. 32, Table 2.24; 1994, p. 32, Table 2.24; 1995, p. 32, Table 2.24; 1996, p. 32, Table 2.24; 1997, p. 34, Table 2.24; 1998, p. 32, Table 2.24; 1999, p. 33, Table 2.24; 2000, p. 35, Table 2.24; 2001, p. 38; 2002, p. 38, Table 2.24 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.144

Percent distribution of aggravated assaults known to police

By type of weapon used and region, 2002

Region	Total ^a	Type of weapon used			
		Firearm	Knife or other cutting instrument	Other weapons (clubs, blunt objects, etc.)	Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.)
Total	100.0%	19.0%	17.8%	35.4%	27.7%
Northeast	100.0	14.1	18.4	34.4	33.1
Midwest	100.0	18.0	17.2	34.7	30.1
South	100.0	21.0	19.5	37.6	21.9
West	100.0	18.0	15.2	32.6	34.3

Note: See Note, table 3.106. For a list of States in regions, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 2002 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 38, Table 2.24.

Table 3.145

Percent distribution of burglaries known to police

By place and time of occurrence, United States, 1976-2002

	Total ^a	Residence (dwelling)			Non-residence (store, office, etc.)		
		Night	Day	Unknown	Night	Day	Unknown
1976	100%	22%	25%	16%	23%	5%	9%
1977	100	23	26	16	21	5	9
1978	100	22	26	16	20	6	10
1979	100	21	26	16	21	6	10
1980	100	21	28	17	18	5	10
1981	100	22	29	17	18	5	9
1982	100	22	27	16	19	6	10
1983	100	23	26	18	18	6	10
1984	100	22	27	18	17	6	10
1985	100	21	27	18	17	6	10
1986	100	22	28	18	17	6	10
1987	100	21	28	18	16	6	10
1988	100	21	29	18	16	7	10
1989	100	20	28	17	16	8	10
1990	100	21	29	16	16	8	9
1991	100	21	28	17	16	8	10
1992	100	21	29	16	16	9	9
1993	100	21	29	16	16	8	10
1994	100	20	30	17	15	9	9
1995	100	20	29	17	14	9	10
1996	100	20	28	19	15	8	11
1997	100	19	28	19	15	8	11
1998	100	19	29	19	14	8	11
1999	100	19	29	18	14	9	11
2000	100	19	30	16	15	11	10
2001	100	19	30	16	15	11	10
2002	100	19	31	15	14	11	9

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.140. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1976, p. 159, Table 18; 1977, p. 159, Table 18; 1978, p. 174, Table 18; 1979, p. 176, Table 18; 1980, p. 179, Table 18; 1981, p. 150, Table 17; 1982, p. 155, Table 17; 1983, p. 158, Table 17; 1984, p. 151, Table 18; 1985, p. 153, Table 18; 1986, p. 153, Table 18; 1987, p. 152, Table 18; 1988, p. 156, Table 18; 1989, p. 160, Table 18; 1990, p. 162, Table 18; 1991, p. 201, Table 23; 1992, p. 205, Table 23; 1993, p. 205, Table 23; 1994, p. 205, Table 23; 1995, p. 196, Table 23; 1996, p. 202, Table 23; 1997, p. 210, Table 23; 1998, p. 197, Table 23; 1999, p. 199, Table 23; 2000, p. 204, Table 23; 2001, p. 218, Table 23; 2002, p. 217, Table 23 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.146

Percent distribution of larceny-thefts known to police

By type of target, United States, 1973-2002

	Total ^a	Type of target								All others
		Pocket-picking	Purse-snatching	Shop-lifting	From motor vehicles (except accessories)	Motor vehicle accessories	Bicycles	From buildings	From coin-operated machines	
1973	100%	1%	2%	11%	17%	16%	17%	17%	1%	18%
1974	100	1	2	11	18	16	17	17	1	17
1975	100	1	2	11	18	19	13	17	1	18
1976	100	1	2	10	20	22	10	15	1	18
1977	100	1	2	11	17	20	11	16	1	20
1978	100	1	2	11	17	19	11	17	1	21
1979	100	1	1	11	17	19	11	16	1	22
1980	100	1	2	11	17	19	10	17	1	23
1981	100	1	2	11	18	19	9	17	1	22
1982	100	1	1	12	19	20	9	16	1	21
1983	100	1	1	13	19	19	8	16	1	22
1984	100	1	1	13	19	18	8	16	1	22
1985	100	1	1	14	20	17	8	16	1	23
1986	100	1	1	15	21	17	7	15	1	22
1987	100	1	1	15	21	17	6	15	1	23
1988	100	1	1	15	22	16	6	15	1	23
1989	100	1	1	16	22	16	6	15	1	24
1990	100	1	1	16	22	15	6	14	1	24
1991	100	1	1	16	22	14	6	14	1	24
1992	100	1	1	16	23	14	6	14	1	25
1993	100	1	1	15	23	14	6	13	1	26
1994	100	1	1	15	24	13	6	13	1	27
1995	100	1	1	15	24	12	6	12	1	28
1996	100	(b)	1	15	25	11	6	13	1	29
1997	100	1	1	15	26	10	6	14	1	28
1998	100	1	1	15	26	10	5	13	1	29
1999	100	1	1	14	26	10	5	14	1	29
2000	100	1	1	14	25	10	4	13	1	32
2001	100	(b)	1	14	26	10	4	13	1	31
2002	100	1	1	14	26	11	4	12	1	31

Note: See Notes, tables 3.106 and 3.140. For information on States supplying incomplete data for selected years, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bLess than 0.5%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1973*, p. 120, Table 22; *1974*, p. 178, Table 26; *1975*, p. 178, Table 26; *1976*, p. 159, Table 18; *1977*, p. 159, Table 18; *1978*, p. 174, Table 18; *1979*, p. 176, Table 18; *1980*, p. 179, Table 18; *1981*, p. 150, Table 17; *1982*, p. 155, Table 17; *1983*, p. 158, Table 17; *1984*, p. 151, Table 18; *1985*, p. 153, Table 18; *1986*, p. 153, Table 18; *1987*, p. 152, Table 18; *1988*, p. 156, Table 18; *1989*, p. 160, Table 18; *1990*, p. 162, Table 18; *1991*, p. 201, Table 23; *1992*, p. 205, Table 23; *1993*, p. 205, Table 23; *1994*, p. 205, Table 23; *1995*, p. 196, Table 23; *1996*, p. 202, Table 23; *1997*, p. 210, Table 23; *1998*, p. 197, Table 23; *1999*, p. 199, Table 23; *2000*, p. 204, Table 23; *2001*, p. 218, Table 23; *2002*, p. 217, Table 23 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.147

Motor vehicle registrations and thefts

United States, 1980-2002

	Number of motor vehicle registrations	Estimated number of motor vehicle thefts	Ratio of vehicles stolen to registered	Thefts per 100,000 registrations
1980	161,614,294	1,131,700	1:143	700
1981	164,287,643	1,087,800	1:151	662
1982	165,298,024	1,062,400	1:156	643
1983	167,718,000	1,007,933	1:166	601
1984	169,446,281	1,032,165	1:164	609
1985	175,709,000	1,102,862	1:159	628
1986	181,890,000	1,224,137	1:149	673
1987	186,137,000	1,288,674	1:144	692
1988	183,930,000	1,432,916	1:128	779
1989	188,981,016	1,564,800	1:121	828
1990	194,502,000	1,635,907	1:119	841
1991	194,897,000	1,661,738	1:117	853
1992	193,775,000	1,610,834	1:120	831
1993	198,041,338	1,563,060	1:127	789
1994	201,763,492	1,539,287	1:131	763
1995	205,297,050	1,472,441	1:139	717
1996	210,236,393	1,394,238	1:151	663
1997	211,580,033	1,354,189	1:156	640
1998	215,496,003	1,242,781	1:173	577
1999	220,461,056	1,152,075	1:191	523
2000	225,821,241	1,160,002	1:195	514
2001	235,331,382	1,228,391	1:192	522
2002	234,624,135	1,246,096	1:188	531

Note: Data on motor vehicle thefts were obtained from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Figures for number of thefts include motorcycles; beginning in 1993, figures for number of registrations also include motorcycles. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics 1999*, p. II-3; *2000*, p. II-3; *2001*, p. II-3; *2002*, p. II-3 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation); and U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1999*, p. 64; *2001*, p. 64; *2002*, p. 66 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.148

Financial institution fraud and failure matters handled by the U.S. Department of Justice

United States, 1986-2003

	Cases pending		Convictions ^a		Indictments	Dollar amounts (in millions)			Failed financial institutions under investigation at end of fiscal year
	Total	Major cases ^b	Total	Major cases ^b		Recovered	Restitution	Fine	
1986	7,286	2,948	1,957	533	X	X	X	X	202
1987	7,622	3,393	2,309	740	X	X	X	X	282
1988	7,385	3,446	2,197	851	X	X	X	X	357
1989	7,819	3,605	2,174	791	X	X	X	X	404
1990	7,613	3,672	2,461	1,043	X	X	X	X	530
1991	8,678	4,336	2,559	986	2,784	\$59.4	\$490.7	\$7.8	670
1992	9,772	5,071	2,751	1,136	3,064	67.1	402.7	14.6	740
1993	10,088	5,405	3,233	1,407	3,446	89.6	1,333.5	10.5	651
1994	9,286	4,926	2,926	1,348	2,867	240.6	865.0	10.4	531
1995	8,641	4,413	2,616	1,298	2,880	185.1	1,139.9	16.8	395
1996	8,574	4,070	2,510	1,255	2,630	67.2	359.1	442.7	247
1997	8,512	3,859	2,551	1,342	2,437	41.2	537.1	25.7	200
1998	8,577	3,709	2,613	1,207	2,691	62.4	491.0	5.5	142
1999	8,799	3,855	2,878	1,488	2,869	114.5	834.3	77.8	129
2000	8,638	4,081	2,783	1,394	2,877	48.5	589.0	8.0	99
2001	8,184	4,383	2,702	1,363	2,738	45.8	754.2	15.2	97
2002	7,305	4,287	2,397	1,328	2,471	28.2	1,983.8	7.6	71
2003	5,869	4,027	2,053	1,286	1,918	15.1	3,128.0	35.6	67

Note: Financial institutions include banks, savings and loans, and credit unions. Prior to 1992, data for cases pending and convictions are reported on a fiscal year basis, data for dollar losses are reported on a calendar year basis, and data for failed financial institutions under investigation are as of February of each year. Beginning in 1992, all data are reported for the Federal fiscal year. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aIncludes pre-trial diversions.

^bA major case is defined as a case involving a failed financial institution, or where the amount of reported loss or exposure is \$100,000 or more.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Criminal Division, *Attacking Financial Institution Fraud, Annual Report, Fiscal Year 1992* (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 1993), pp. 131, 133; and U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Financial Institution Fraud and Failure Report, Fiscal Years 2000 & 2001* [Online], pp. 6, 9, 15, 22, 26. Available: <http://www.fbi.gov/publications/financial/2000-01fif.pdf> [Jan. 9, 2003]; *2003* [Online], pp. 5, 8, 12, 17, 20. Available: <http://www.fbi.gov/publications/financial/2003fif/fif03.pdf> [Jan. 21, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.149

Violations of the Federal Bank Robbery and Incidental Crimes Statute

By type of violation, United States, 1985-2002

	Robbery	Burglary	Larceny	Extortion
1985	5,427	359	209	106
1986	5,672	397	209	78
1987	6,078	312	187	73
1988	6,549	288	158	67
1989	6,691	273	142	65
1990	7,837	279	119	72
1991	9,388	298	124	57
1992	9,063	361	88	48
1993	8,647	310	78	39
1994	7,029	271	84	33
1995	6,758	234	75	36
1996	8,046	290	47	40
1997	7,876	413	83	42
1998	7,584	313	94	34
1999	6,599	315	74	22
2000	7,127	341	78	30
2001	8,496	304	59	31
2002	7,688	254	62	26

Note: These bank crime statistics were compiled by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Violations of the Federal Bank Robbery and Incidental Crimes Statute include robbery, burglary (entry of bank and/or theft from bank during non-business hours), and larceny (theft not involving direct confrontation between offender and bank personnel or customers) of commercial banks, mutual savings banks, savings and loan institutions, credit unions, and armored carrier companies. Extortion violations also are investigated under the statute and include extortion and kidnaping of bank officials or their families.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Bank Crime Statistics, Federally Insured Financial Institutions, January 1, 1985-December 31, 1985," p. 13; "January 1, 1986-December 31, 1986," p. 13; "January 1, 1987-December 31, 1987," p. 13; "January 1, 1988-December 31, 1988," p. 13; "January 1, 1989-December 31, 1989," p. 13; "January 1, 1990-December 31, 1990," p. 13; "January 1, 1991-December 31, 1991," p. 12; "January 1, 1992-December 31, 1992," p. 11; "January 1, 1993-December 31, 1993," p. 10; "January 1, 1994-December 31, 1994," p. 10; "January 1, 1995-December 31, 1995," p. 11; "January 1, 1996-December 31, 1996," p. 11; "January 1, 1997-December 31, 1997," p. 12; "January 1, 1998-December 31, 1998," p. 11; "January 1, 1999-December 31, 1999," p. 11; "January 1, 2000-December 31, 2000," p. 10; "January 1, 2001-December 31, 2001," p. 10; "January 1, 2002-December 31, 2002," p. 9. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice. (Mimeographed.) Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.150

Violations of the Federal Bank Robbery and Incidental Crimes Statute

By type of violation and jurisdiction, 1999-2002

Jurisdiction	1999				2000				2001				2002			
	Robbery	Burglary	Larceny	Extor- tion												
Total	6,599	315	74	22	7,127	341	78	30	8,496	304	59	31	7,688	254	62	26
Alabama	69	6	2	0	77	2	0	0	91	1	3	0	99	2	1	0
Alaska	23	0	2	0	3	2	1	1	6	1	0	0	8	3	0	0
Arizona	246	0	0	0	184	6	0	0	211	2	0	2	173	1	0	1
Arkansas	18	6	0	0	18	9	2	0	32	3	0	0	33	4	4	0
California	1,249	18	12	0	1,279	13	7	4	1,480	32	3	0	1,380	28	4	1
Colorado	85	3	13	1	149	7	7	0	121	6	1	0	134	11	3	1
Connecticut	26	5	0	0	16	0	0	0	69	2	1	0	73	3	1	0
Delaware	26	1	0	0	24	1	0	0	33	0	0	0	23	0	0	0
District of Columbia	21	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	28	0	0	0
Florida	467	21	1	2	510	28	1	5	561	7	4	0	523	5	1	0
Georgia	145	7	0	3	174	13	1	0	195	4	0	0	237	6	0	0
Guam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hawaii	50	0	0	0	37	3	0	0	38	0	0	0	37	1	1	2
Idaho	14	0	0	1	12	2	0	0	14	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
Illinois	153	7	1	2	180	24	4	1	219	20	3	3	249	11	0	4
Indiana	94	2	2	1	137	10	2	0	182	4	0	2	137	5	0	0
Iowa	46	2	0	0	50	0	1	0	59	4	0	1	44	2	1	0
Kansas	56	1	0	1	48	2	0	0	71	9	1	0	43	9	5	0
Kentucky	63	0	0	0	65	5	0	0	80	0	0	1	74	2	0	0
Louisiana	60	1	0	0	86	2	0	1	113	7	2	0	80	9	2	1
Maine	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	12	0	1	0
Maryland	196	2	3	1	167	5	0	0	291	2	0	0	297	0	0	0
Massachusetts	150	0	0	0	153	5	0	0	270	12	1	1	232	7	0	0
Michigan	292	18	2	0	324	12	11	1	317	17	2	3	243	9	2	1
Minnesota	65	8	3	0	88	7	3	0	99	3	0	0	67	1	0	0
Mississippi	47	8	0	0	63	6	1	0	67	2	2	1	58	8	0	0
Missouri	82	6	2	0	93	1	2	0	123	2	5	3	137	11	5	0
Montana	7	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	5	1	1	0
Nebraska	37	8	0	0	44	3	0	0	64	1	0	0	32	4	0	0
Nevada	130	16	0	0	178	11	0	0	204	0	0	0	170	2	2	0
New Hampshire	21	1	0	0	15	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	17	1	0	1
New Jersey	95	8	1	0	136	2	3	0	104	3	0	1	108	0	1	0
New Mexico	51	2	0	0	45	0	0	0	129	1	2	0	87	0	3	0
New York	321	41	2	0	300	65	0	0	427	30	3	0	395	13	0	0
North Carolina	221	24	3	1	288	14	15	1	380	22	3	0	248	11	3	1
North Dakota	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Ohio	395	21	1	0	400	4	4	1	490	5	1	4	333	7	4	1
Oklahoma	20	8	0	0	23	4	1	1	40	11	0	2	41	9	2	0
Oregon	204	2	3	0	150	0	1	1	153	10	1	0	128	5	1	1
Pennsylvania	288	7	3	3	334	22	2	6	329	6	5	1	344	4	5	2
Puerto Rico	9	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	27	0	1	0
Rhode Island	15	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	37	0	0	0
South Carolina	93	8	2	1	121	8	0	0	142	9	0	0	101	6	0	1
South Dakota	2	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	7	0	0	0	8	0	0	0
Tennessee	118	6	5	0	135	7	3	0	152	15	3	0	135	19	2	6
Texas	223	13	6	2	331	11	5	2	377	20	6	2	393	10	3	2
Utah	31	6	0	3	46	5	0	3	81	4	0	0	74	3	1	0
Vermont	2	1	0	0	13	1	0	0	8	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Virgin Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Virginia	182	5	2	1	148	2	0	2	183	3	0	0	188	1	0	0
Washington	320	6	2	0	314	5	0	0	287	7	4	1	285	9	0	0
West Virginia	6	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	11	1	3	0	10	1	0	0
Wisconsin	61	7	0	0	115	9	0	0	100	16	0	3	71	9	2	0
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	0

Note: See Note, table 3.149.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Bank Crime Statistics, Federally Insured Financial Institutions, January 1, 1999-December 31, 1999," pp. 11-13; "January 1, 2000-December 31, 2000," pp. 10-12; "January 1, 2001-December 31, 2001," pp. 10-12; "January 1, 2002-December 31, 2002," pp. 9-11. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice. (Mimeographed.) Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.151

Injuries, deaths, and hostages taken during violations of the Federal Bank Robbery and Incidental Crimes Statute

By type of victim, United States, 1999-2002

Type of victim	1999			2000			2001			2002		
	Injuries	Deaths	Hostages taken									
Total	149	27	100	166	23	108	160	14	51	164	28	136
Customer	23	0	16	35	1	38	31	1	2	18	1	26
Employee	78	2	67	81	1	46	92	2	34	88	6	101
Employee family	0	1	5	0	0	4	2	0	2	0	0	1
Perpetrator	15	22	X	23	19	X	19	9	X	28	18	X
Law officer	11	0	0	13	0	0	6	1	0	15	0	0
Guard	9	2	1	7	1	3	6	1	4	11	2	3
Other	13	0	11	7	1	17	4	0	9	4	1	5

Note: See Note, table 3.149.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Bank Crime Statistics, Federally Insured Financial Institutions, January 1, 1999-December 31, 1999," pp. 5, 6; "January 1, 2000-December 31, 2000," p. 5; "January 1, 2001-December 31, 2001," p. 5; "January 1, 2002-December 31, 2002," p. 5. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice. (Mimeographed.) Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.152

Assaults on Federal officers

By department and agency, 1991-2002

Department and agency	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 ^a	2002
Total	683	661	770	1,028	744	556	628	653	627	528	590	374
<u>U.S. Department of Homeland Security^b</u>												
Bureau of Immigration and Customs												
Enforcement	296	228 ^c	210	260	180	194	233	200	214	242	286	54 ^d
U.S. Customs Service	66	7	67	128	138	77	61	141	76	55	52	45
U.S. Secret Service	29	37	35	66	46	24	31	26	23	12	17	14
<u>U.S. Department of the Interior</u>												
Bureau of Indian Affairs												
	0	110	104	133	0	36	41	38	37	2	0	63
National Park Service												
	96	57	95	207	105	0	74	91	66	99	104	97
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u>												
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,												
Firearms and Explosives ^e												
	31	36	69	42	112	66	50	38	13	7	2	3
Drug Enforcement Administration												
	47	66	94	87	65	64	44	33	73	55	28	28
Federal Bureau of Investigation												
	31	50	28	31	40	53	37	22	59	25	33	48
U.S. Marshals Service												
	30	32	26	17	14	9	24	45	38	7	31	1
<u>U.S. Department of the Treasury</u>												
Internal Revenue Service												
	1	9	10	17	10	4	7	0	0	0	3	0
Treasury Inspector General for												
Tax Administration												
	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	2	9	3
U.S. Capitol Police												
	17	5	7	9	7	4	2	7	6	7	6	10
U.S. Postal Inspection Service												
	39	24	25	31	27	25	24	12	13	15	19	8

Note: These data include law enforcement officers killed or assaulted in the line of duty who were employed by the U.S. Departments of the Interior, Justice, Treasury, and the newly established U.S. Department of Homeland Security; the U.S. Capitol Police; and the U.S. Postal Inspection Service. Within these 6 Federal departments are 13 agencies, bureaus, or services, that employ the majority of the personnel responsible for protecting government officials, and enforcing and investigating violations of Federal laws. The Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program annually contacts these departments and requests information on officers who were killed or assaulted in the line of duty. All assaults and threats of assault are included in the analysis even if no injury to an officer resulted, as are assaults that resulted in the death of an officer (Source, 2002, p. 87). Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aDeaths of two Federal officers resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included.

^bThe U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) was established as a result of the Homeland Security Act of 2002. The U.S. Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement, formerly the Immigration and Naturalization Service, was moved from the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) to DHS. The U.S. Customs Service and the U.S. Secret Service were moved from the U.S. Department of the Treasury to the DHS.

^cData reported by the Immigration and Naturalization Service include the Border Patrol Division only.

^dData for 2002 are based only on victim officers who discharged their service weapons.

^eIn accordance with the Homeland Security Act, the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, formerly the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, was moved from the U.S. Department of the Treasury to the DOJ.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, 1992, p. 73; 1994, p. 79; 1996, p. 79; 1999, p. 89; 2001, p. 100; 2002, p. 91; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.153

Assaults on Federal officers

By extent of injury and type of weapon used, 1977-2002

	Total victims	Type of weapon used							
		Firearm	Personal weapon	Knife	Blunt object	Threat	Vehicle	Bomb	Other
Total, 1977-2002	17,367	2,137	5,593	380	770	5,672	1,165	84	1,566
<u>Killed, total</u>	72	56	2	3	2	X	1	7	1
1977	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1978	1	0	1	0	0	X	0	0	0
1979	5	5	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1980	2	2	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1981	1	1	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1982	2	2	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1983	7	4	0	2	1	X	0	0	0
1984	2	1	0	1	0	X	0	0	0
1985	1	0	0	0	1	X	0	0	0
1986	6	6	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1987	1	1	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1988 ^a	4	3	0	0	0	X	0	0	1
1989	2	2	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1990	4	3	0	0	0	X	1	0	0
1991 ^b	1	1	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1992 ^c	4	4	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1993	4	4	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1994	4	4	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1995 ^b	8	1	0	0	0	X	0	7	0
1996	3	2	1	0	0	X	0	0	0
1997	2	2	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1998	6	6	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
1999	1	1	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
2001 ^d	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
2002	1	1	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
<u>Injured, total</u>	3,557	278	2,272	104	230	6	310	26	331
1977	140	13	88	8	22	0	8	1	0
1978	121	8	91	5	13	0	4	0	0
1979	126	15	91	3	14	0	1	0	2
1980	118	6	85	11	7	0	8	0	1
1981	133	17	80	7	19	0	8	0	2
1982	123	13	73	8	4	0	7	1	17
1983	78	8	43	7	4	0	4	0	12
1984	60	7	41	3	0	0	3	0	6
1985	62	6	46	1	1	0	5	0	3
1986	58	8	35	6	2	0	3	0	4
1987	36	11	17	1	0	0	7	0	0
1988 ^a	55	6	40	2	2	0	3	0	2
1989	130	7	88	5	17	0	11	0	2
1990	151	9	90	5	23	0	19	0	5
1991 ^b	189	7	137	2	19	0	14	0	10
1992 ^c	176	9	118	4	14	0	26	0	5
1993	215	20	150	0	6	2	14	7	16
1994	314	23	185	7	7	4	30	0	58
1995 ^b	271	9	129	0	5	0	29	11	88
1996	116	22	69	2	2	0	14	0	7
1997	157	9	89	6	5	0	16	6	26
1998	175	3	129	0	4	0	26	0	13
1999	171	32	108	3	4	0	13	0	11
2000	124	5	80	1	4	0	12	0	22
2001	126	4	67	2	22	0	17	0	14
2002	132	1	103	5	10	0	8	0	5

See notes at end of table.

Table 3.153

Assaults on Federal officers

By extent of injury and type of weapon used, 1977-2002--Continued

	Total victims	Type of weapon used							
		Firearm	Personal weapon	Knife	Blunt object	Threat	Vehicle	Bomb	Other
No injury, total	13,738	1,803	3,319	273	538	5,666	854	51	1,234
1977	740	109	216	21	15	346	32	1	0
1978	649	83	157	14	26	336	28	4	1
1979	491	48	139	3	15	271	13	0	2
1980	604	64	154	8	18	326	23	1	10
1981	594	107	117	11	18	312	16	0	13
1982	587	69	104	16	11	324	26	0	37
1983	495	50	81	12	14	312	9	0	17
1984	610	61	112	11	1	387	17	0	21
1985	745	60	110	4	13	518	14	2	24
1986	565	41	116	14	2	357	10	2	23
1987	534	40	151	18	24	247	36	4	14
1988 ^a	643	50	108	6	12	431	25	1	10
1989	429	91	154	13	42	73	31	0	25
1990	509	58	173	11	135	80	48	2	2
1991 ^b	393	77	97	17	59	101	35	1	6
1992 ^c	481	89	144	10	51	143	37	0	7
1993	551	84	188	7	11	168	30	1	62
1994	711	94	196	22	29	166	58	2	144
1995 ^b	465	86	80	4	3	177	48	0	67
1996	437	89	92	9	1	159	29	2	56
1997	469	104	104	4	3	69	51	22	112
1998	472	57	124	9	9	88	66	1	118
1999	455	67	126	10	5	91	42	0	114
2000	404	51	91	6	2	52	38	5	159
2001	464	42	115	2	6	67	53	0	179
2002	241	32	70	11	13	65	39	0	11

Note: See Note, table 3.152. Beginning in 1984, data include assaults on officers of the U.S. Capitol Police. Data for this agency are not available for years prior to 1984. Beginning in 1991, assault statistics from the Bureau of Prisons, Executive Office for United States Attorneys, and the judicial branch were no longer collected. Therefore, data from 1991 and beyond are not directly comparable with preceding years. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aDoes not include 1988 data from the Bureau of Prisons where 23 officers were assaulted with weapons and 123 without weapons.

^bNo reports concerning assaults on Bureau of Indian Affairs officers were received for 1991 and 1995. The data for 1991 do not include 96 National Park Service victim officers and 4 Immigration and Naturalization Service victim officers for whom type of weapon was not reported.

^cData reported by the Immigration and Naturalization Service include the Border Patrol Division only.

^dDeaths of two Federal officers resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001 are not included.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Assaults on Federal Officers, 1981*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1982), p. 5, Table 3; and U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 1985*, p. 54; *1990*, p. 53; *1993*, p. 79; *1999*, p. 91; *2002*, p. 93; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.154

Law enforcement officers killed

United States, 1972-2002

	Officers killed in the line of duty	
	Feloniously	Accidentally
Total	2,553	1,896
1972	117	NA
1973	134	42
1974	132	47
1975	129	56
1976	111	29
1977	93	32
1978	93	52
1979	106	58
1980	104	61
1981	91	66
1982	92	72
1983	80	72
1984	72	75
1985	78	70
1986	66	67
1987	74	74
1988	78	77
1989	66	79
1990	66	67
1991	71	53
1992	64	66
1993	70	59
1994	80	62
1995	74	59
1996	61	52
1997	71	63
1998	61	82
1999	42	65
2000	51	84
2001	70 ^a	78
2002	56	77

Note: These data are from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies participating in the UCR Program submit data on any sworn officer killed feloniously or accidentally in the line of duty within their jurisdictions. FBI field divisions and legal attaché offices also report such incidents occurring in the United States and its territories, as well as those in which a United States law enforcement officer dies while assigned to duties in another country (Source, 2002, p. 5). Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aDoes not include the deaths of 72 law enforcement officers resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed, 1981*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1982), p. 12; *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 1982*, pp. 10, 40; 1992, pp. 23, 57; 2002, pp. 9, 59; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.155

Law enforcement officers feloniously killed

By circumstances at scene of incident, United States, 1979-2002

Circumstances at scene of incident	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	106	104	91	92	80	72	78	66	74	78	66	66	71	64	70	80	74	61	71	61	42	51	70 ^a	56
Disturbance calls	17	12	19	18	15	8	13	7	23	7	13	10	17	11	10	8	8	4	14	16	7	8	14	9
Bar fights, persons with firearms, etc.	13	6	14	11	10	7	6	5	10	4	5	5	8	2	5	4	2	1	3	7	6	4	5	4
Family quarrels	4	6	5	7	5	1	7	2	13	3	8	5	9	9	5	4	6	3	11	9	1	4	9	5
Arrest situations	47	49	38	36	31	33	29	26	27	33	24	30	14	27	28	34	21	26	22	16	12	12	24	10
Burglaries in progress/pursuing burglary suspects	7	8	6	3	4	2	4	1	6	3	0	1	3	5	1	4	4	3	5	0	0	3	3	0
Robberies in progress/pursuing robbery suspects	19	22	17	14	11	9	12	9	4	7	8	13	4	11	9	18	7	12	11	3	4	1	4	4
Drug-related matters	6	9	2	5	6	4	6	7	4	12	7	5	3	3	3	4	4	3	1	7	2	3	8	3
Attempting other arrests	15	10	13	14	10	18	7	9	13	11	9	11	4	8	15	8	6	8	5	6	6	5	9	3
Civil disorders (mass disobedience, riot, etc.)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	3	1	1	3	3	3	4	5	6	2	6	2	6	2	1	1	4	0	4	4	2	2	2	0
Investigating suspicious persons/circumstances	9	16	10	11	10	12	9	11	5	23	10	9	10	7	15	15	17	13	10	6	7	6	8	8
Ambush situations	11	7	9	9	9	8	7	4	4	6	4	8	11	7	5	8	14	6	12	10	6	10	10	15
Entrapment/premeditation	8	2	5	7	6	4	5	2	3	2	2	2	5	5	3	1	6	2	5	4	4	2	3	4
Unprovoked attack	3	5	4	2	3	4	2	2	1	4	2	6	6	2	2	7	8	4	7	6	2	8	7	11
Mentally deranged assailants	4	2	2	2	1	0	0	3	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	4
Traffic pursuits/stops	15	17	12	12	11	8	16	10	8	6	7	6	13	10	10	10	9	11	8	9	8	13	9	10

Note: See Note, table 3.154. These data include Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers feloniously killed in the line of duty. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, 1987, p. 17; 1997, p. 29; 2002, p. 22; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

^aDoes not include the deaths of 72 law enforcement officers resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001.

Table 3.156

Law enforcement officers feloniously killed

By circumstances at scene of incident and type of assignment, United States,
1993-2002 (aggregate)

Circumstances at scene of incident	Total	Type of assignment							Off-duty
		2-officer vehicle	1-officer vehicle		Foot patrol		Other ^a		
			Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	
Total	636 ^b	84	189	131	8	7	37	96	84
Disturbance calls	98	17	28	34	1	0	3	6	9
Bar fights, persons with firearms, etc.	41	7	7	19	0	0	1	2	5
Family quarrels	57	10	21	15	1	0	2	4	4
Arrest situations	205	24	33	42	1	6	6	55	38
Burglaries in progress/pursuing burglary suspects	23	3	9	5	0	0	1	2	3
Robberies in progress/pursuing robbery suspects	73	9	11	16	0	2	1	5	29
Drug-related matters	38	4	2	1	0	2	4	24	1
Attempting other arrests	71	8	11	20	1	2	0	24	5
Civil disorders (mass disobedience, riot, etc.)	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	20	2	9	1	0	0	4	4	0
Investigating suspicious persons/circumstances	105	16	41	12	3	1	4	12	16
Ambush situations	96	11	22	12	3	0	17	11	20
Entrapment/premeditation	34	3	10	4	1	0	4	2	10
Unprovoked attack	62	8	12	8	2	0	13	9	10
Mentally deranged assailants	15	0	2	8	0	0	0	5	0
Traffic pursuits/stops	97	14	54	22	0	0	3	3	1

Note: See Notes, tables 3.154 and 3.155.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2002**, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 28.

^aIncludes detectives, undercover officers, and officers on special assignments and other types of assignments not listed.

^bDoes not include the deaths of 72 law enforcement officers resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001.

Table 3.157

Law enforcement officers feloniously killed

By circumstances at scene of incident and type of assignment, United States, 2002

Circumstances at scene of incident	Total	Type of assignment								Off-duty
		2-officer vehicle	1-officer vehicle		Foot patrol		Other ^a			
		Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	
Total	56	6	17	15	1	0	2	10	5	
Disturbance calls	9	2	1	5	0	X	0	1	0	
Bar fights, persons with firearms, etc.	4	0	1	3	0	X	0	0	0	
Family quarrels	5	2	0	2	0	X	0	1	0	
Arrest situations	10	1	1	1	0	X	0	5	2	
Burglaries in progress/pursuing burglary suspects	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Robberies in progress/pursuing robbery suspects	4	1	0	1	0	X	0	0	2	
Drug-related matters	3	0	0	0	0	X	0	3	0	
Attempting other arrests	3	0	1	0	0	X	0	2	0	
Civil disorders (mass disobedience, riot, etc.)	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Investigating suspicious persons/circumstances	8	0	4	2	0	X	0	2	0	
Ambush situations	15	2	3	3	1	X	2	1	3	
Entrapment/premeditation	4	0	0	0	0	X	1	1	2	
Unprovoked attack	11	2	3	3	1	X	1	0	1	
Mentally deranged assailants	4	0	1	3	0	X	0	0	0	
Traffic pursuits/stops	10	1	7	1	0	X	0	1	0	

Note: See Notes, tables 3.154 and 3.155.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 26.^aIncludes detectives, undercover officers, and officers on special assignments and other types of assignments not listed.

Table 3.158

Percent distribution of law enforcement officers feloniously killedBy selected characteristics of officers, United States, 1984-2002^a

Characteristics of officers killed	1984 (N=72)	1985 (N=78)	1986 (N=66)	1987 (N=73)	1988 (N=78)	1989 (N=66)	1990 (N=65)	1991 (N=71)	1992 (N=62)	1993 (N=70)	1994 (N=76)	1995 (N=74)	1996 (N=55)	1997 (N=65)	1998 (N=61)	1999 (N=42)	2000 (N=51)	2001 (N=70 ^b)	2002 (N=56)
Sex																			
Male	94%	96%	98%	100%	97%	97%	98%	96%	100%	94%	96%	99%	96%	100%	90%	93%	98%	96%	86%
Female	6	4	2	0	3	3	2	4	0	6	4	1	4	0	10	7	2	4	14
Race																			
White	85	88	89	90	91	89	80	87	82	86	84	84	80	80	87	88	76	87	91
Black	14	10	11	10	9	11	18	13	16	14	14	12	15	17	11	7	22	11	7
Other ^c	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	4	5	3	2	5	0	1	2
Age																			
Under age 25	6	5	8	11	15	4	5	7	6	6	8	8	4	2	11	2	10	9	2
25 to 30 years	28	26	30	26	15	20	14	27	21	37	26	26	35	26	30	24	22	24	20
31 to 40 years	40	35	29	32	40	38	42	37	39	33	38	24	40	35	28	55	35	40	50
Over 40 years	26	35	33	32	30	38	40	30	34	21	28	42	22	37	31	19	33	27	29
Length of service																			
Less than 1 year of service	4	6	3	8	4	3	3	6	6	3	11	12	4	6	3	2	6	1	0
1 to 4 years of service	30	20	33	22	31	23	26	38	22	34	20	20	38	17	33	26	33	26	21
5 to 10 years of service	40	24	30	29	22	29	26	24	24	24	34	27	33	48	26	38	22	30	36
Over 10 years of service	24	49	32	41	40	44	45	31	44	34	36	41	24	28	36	33	39	43	41
In uniform	75	73	67	79	68	67	63	73	64	81	63	66	78	75	79	74	80	69	84
Wearing protective body armor	24	19	24	25	26	32	25	34	27	56	47	46	56	42	57	64	61	59	66

Note: See Notes, tables 3.154 and 3.155. The Ns presented and the distribution of characteristics are based on the known number of victim officers at the time the initial FBI report is published. The Ns presented above may therefore differ from other tables that include totals subsequently revised by the Source.

^bDoes not include the deaths of 72 law enforcement officers resulting from the events of Sept. 11, 2001.^cIncludes Asian, Pacific Islander, American Indian, and Alaskan Native.^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding. Also, for some years, age, race, or length of service was not reported for a small number of cases. Percents are computed on total number of cases and therefore may not total 100.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 1984*, p. 20; *1985*, p. 21; *1986*, p. 22; *1987*, p. 20; *1988*, p. 20; *1989*, p. 21; *1990*, p. 20; *1991*, p. 31; *1992*, p. 35; *1993*, p. 35; *1994*, p. 37; *1995*, p. 35; *1996*, p. 35; *1997*, p. 35; *1998*, p. 39; *1999*, p. 37; *2000*, p. 37; *2001*, p. 41; *2002*, p. 14; p. 15, Table 7; and p. 16, Table 9; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice), Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.159

Law enforcement officers feloniously killed in Sept. 11, 2001 terrorist attacks

By selected characteristics of officers

Officer characteristics	Number
Total	72
Sex	
Male	70
Female	2
Race	
White	59
Black	12
Not reported	1
Age	
Under age 25	0
25 to 30 years	8
31 to 40 years	31
Over 40 years	33
Length of service	
Less than 1 year of service	0
1 to 4 years of service	7
5 to 10 years of service	20
Over 10 years of service	43
Not reported	2

Note: These data include 71 law enforcement officers killed at the World Trade Center in New York and 1 officer that died in the plane crash in Somerset County, Pennsylvania.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2001*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2002), p. 65.

Table 3.160

Persons identified in the felonious killing of law enforcement officersBy demographic characteristics and prior record, United States, 1993-2002 (aggregate) and 2002^a

Characteristics of persons identified	1993 to 2002		2002	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	785	100%	61	100%
Sex				
Male	750	96	59	97
Female	22	3	2	3
Not reported	13	2	0	X
Race				
White	417	53	37	61
Black	307	39	24	39
Other ^b	29	4	0	X
Not reported	32	4	0	X
Age				
Under age 18	83	11	2	3
18 to 24 years	290	37	24	39
25 to 30 years	150	19	10	16
31 to 40 years	117	15	12	20
Over 40 years	109	14	13	21
Not reported	36	5	0	X
Prior record^c				
Prior criminal arrest	528	67	48	79
Convicted on prior criminal charges	373	48	36	59
Prior arrest for crime of violence	245	31	18	30
On parole or probation at time of killing	158	20	15	25
Prior arrest on murder charge	22	3	2	3
Prior arrest on drug law violation	252	32	28	46
Prior arrest for assaulting an officer or resisting arrest	146	19	10	16
Prior arrest for weapons violation	240	31	19	31

Note: See Notes, tables 3.154 and 3.155.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bIncludes Asian, Pacific Islander, American Indian, and Alaskan Native.

^cOffenders may fall into multiple categories for prior record therefore detail will not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 41, Table 38; p. 42, Table 39; and p. 43, Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.161

Persons identified in the felonious killing of law enforcement officersBy type of disposition, United States, 1991-2000 (aggregate)^a

Type of disposition	Number	Percent
Persons identified	844	100%
Fugitives	9	1
Justifiably killed	101	12
Murdered while at large	1	(b)
Committed suicide	62	7
Died under other circumstances	6	1
Arrested and charged	665	79
Persons arrested and charged	665	100%
Guilty of murder	464	70
Guilty of a lesser offense related to murder	58	9
Guilty of crime other than murder	35	5
Acquitted or otherwise dismissed	45	7
Committed to psychiatric institution	14	2
Case pending or disposition unknown	37	6
Died in custody prior to sentencing	8	1
Other	4	1

Note: See Notes, tables 3.154 and 3.155.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bLess than 0.5%.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 44. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.162

Law enforcement officers accidentally killed

By circumstances at scene of incident, United States, 1980-2002

	Circumstances at scene of incident									
	Total	Automobile accidents	Motorcycle accidents	Aircraft accidents	Struck by vehicles		Accidental shootings			Other (falls, drownings, etc.)
					Traffic stops, road blocks, etc.	Directing traffic, assisting motorists, etc.	Crossfires, mistaken identities, firearm mishaps	Training sessions	Self-inflicted, cleaning mishaps	
Total	1,580	776	119	168	134	176	66	19	12	110
1980	61	35	2	6	6	6	4	0	1	1
1981	66	21	3	11	12	11	3	0	3	2
1982	72	22	6	11	12	11	3	1	1	5
1983	72	28	8	10	10	8	1	3	1	3
1984	75	34	6	11	6	6	5	1	1	5
1985	70	32	3	8	9	10	3	1	1	3
1986	67	24	5	12	2	10	8	2	0	4
1987	74	36	5	5	7	11	4	1	0	5
1988	77	35	6	7	7	9	6	0	1	6
1989	79	43	5	10	8	4	4	0	0	5
1990	67	27	10	7	6	9	4	1	0	3
1991	53	24	6	7	5	3	1	0	0	7
1992	66	34	5	5	6	5	3	0	0	8
1993	59	38	1	9	1	3	2	3	0	2
1994	62	32	8	10	3	4	1	1	0	3
1995	59	33	3	8	1	9	2	0	0	3
1996	52	33	4	1	4	3	1	1	0	5
1997	63	33	4	4	4	11	1	0	0	6
1998	82	49	3	4	4	10	3	0	0	9
1999	65	41	6	4	3	6	2	1	0	2
2000	84	42	6	7	7	7	1	1	1	12
2001	78	38	7	5	7	12	2	2	1	4
2002	77	42	7	6	4	8	2	0	1	7

Note: See Note, table 3.154. These data include Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers who lost their lives due to accidents occurring while performing official duties. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, 1989, p. 47; 1999, p. 63; 2002, p. 65; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.163

Law enforcement officers assaultedBy circumstances at scene of incident and type of weapon, United States, 2002^a

Circumstances at scene of incident	Total	Type of weapon			
		Firearm	Knife or cutting instrument	Other dangerous weapon	Personal weapon
Total	58,066	1,889	1,056	8,326	46,795
Percent of total	100%	3.3	1.8	14.3	80.6
Disturbance calls (family quarrels, bar fights, persons with firearms, etc.)	18,063	554	486	1,766	15,257
Percent	100%	3.1	2.7	9.8	84.5
Burglaries in progress/pursuing burglary suspects	820	33	14	193	580
Percent	100%	4.0	1.7	23.5	70.7
Robberies in progress/pursuing robbery suspects	505	111	11	100	283
Percent	100%	22.0	2.2	19.8	56.0
Attempting other arrests	9,464	207	117	1,109	8,031
Percent	100%	2.2	1.2	11.7	84.9
Civil disorders (mass disobedience, riot, etc.)	656	10	2	90	554
Percent	100%	1.5	0.3	13.7	84.5
Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	7,759	26	55	616	7,062
Percent	100%	0.3	0.7	7.9	91.0
Investigating suspicious persons/circumstances	5,702	289	100	911	4,402
Percent	100%	5.1	1.8	16.0	77.2
Ambush situations	199	53	6	42	98
Percent	100%	26.6	3.0	21.1	49.2
Mentally deranged assailants	982	68	87	127	700
Percent	100%	6.9	8.9	12.9	71.3
Traffic pursuits/stops	6,412	271	50	2,222	3,869
Percent	100%	4.2	0.8	34.7	60.3
All other	7,504	267	128	1,150	5,959
Percent	100%	3.6	1.7	15.3	79.4

Note: These data are based on 9,987 agencies reporting assaults to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program for all 12 months of 2002. These agencies cover approximately 75% of the total U.S. population. In 2002, data for Illinois, Montana, Vermont, and West Virginia were not available for inclusion in the tabulations. (Source, pp. 73, 75.)

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 83.

Table 3.164

Law enforcement officers assaultedBy circumstances at scene of incident and type of assignment, United States, 2002^a

Circumstances at scene of incident	Total	Type of assignment						
		2-officer vehicle	1-officer vehicle		Detective, special assignment		Other	
			Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted
Total	58,066	10,142	13,645	22,998	1,142	2,113	2,453	5,573
Percent of total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Disturbance calls (family quarrels, bar fights, persons with firearms, etc.)	18,063	3,468	4,005	8,851	197	285	349	908
Percent	31.1	34.2	29.4	38.5	17.3	13.5	14.2	16.3
Burglaries in progress/pursuing burglary suspects	820	141	167	406	25	16	21	44
Percent	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.8	2.2	0.8	0.9	0.8
Robberies in progress/pursuing robbery suspects	505	127	103	181	16	27	25	26
Percent	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.5
Attempting other arrests	9,464	1,687	2,171	3,809	211	578	323	685
Percent	16.3	16.6	15.9	16.6	18.5	27.4	13.2	12.3
Civil disorders (mass disobedience, riot, etc.)	656	90	122	238	21	41	29	115
Percent	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.9	1.2	2.1
Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	7,759	810	1,311	2,197	173	275	719	2,274
Percent	13.4	8.0	9.6	9.6	15.1	13.0	29.3	40.8
Investigating suspicious persons/circumstances	5,702	1,397	1,442	1,833	134	346	205	345
Percent	9.8	13.8	10.6	8.0	11.7	16.4	8.4	6.2
Ambush situations	199	43	63	25	4	12	18	34
Percent	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.6
Mentally deranged assailants	982	180	180	485	15	29	27	66
Percent	1.7	1.8	1.3	2.1	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.2
Traffic pursuits/stops	6,412	1,216	1,985	2,711	97	140	73	190
Percent	11.0	12.0	14.5	11.8	8.5	6.6	3.0	3.4
All other	7,504	983	2,096	2,262	249	364	664	886
Percent	12.9	9.7	15.4	9.8	21.8	17.2	27.1	15.9

Note: See Note, table 3.163.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2002*, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 78.^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Table 3.165

Assaults on law enforcement officers and percent sustaining personal injury

By type of weapon used, 1980-2002

	Total victims	Type of weapon used			
		Firearm	Personal weapon	Knife or cutting instrument	Other dangerous weapon
Total					
1980	57,847	3,295	47,484	1,653	5,415
1981	57,174	3,334	47,304	1,733	4,803
1982	55,775	2,642	46,802	1,452	4,879
1983	62,324	3,067	51,901	1,829	5,527
1984	60,153	2,654	50,689	1,662	5,148
1985	61,724	2,793	51,953	1,715	5,263
1986	64,259	2,852	54,072	1,614	5,721
1987	63,842	2,789	53,807	1,561	5,685
1988	58,916	2,760	49,209	1,368	5,579
1989	62,172	3,154	51,861	1,379	5,778
1990	72,091	3,651	59,370	1,647	7,423
1991	64,803	3,619	52,451	1,536	7,197
1992	81,150	4,445	66,013	2,093	8,599
1993	62,933	3,880	50,412	1,486	7,155
1994	64,967	3,174	53,086	1,510	7,197
1995	57,762	2,354	47,638	1,356	6,414
1996	46,608	1,878	38,790	871	5,069
1997	52,149	2,110	43,268	971	5,800
1998	60,673	2,126	50,034	1,098	7,415
1999	55,971	1,772	45,640	999	7,560
2000	58,398	1,749	47,502	1,015	8,132
2001	57,463	1,841	46,221	1,168	8,233
2002	58,066	1,889	46,795	1,056	8,326

Percent sustaining personal injury

1980	37.2%	22.5%	38.2%	34.4%	38.0%
1981	35.5	18.3	36.2	34.3	40.6
1982	30.7	16.4	30.7	27.0	39.1
1983	33.4	21.8	33.4	31.4	40.2
1984	33.6	20.1	33.5	30.0	42.2
1985	33.7	20.8	33.9	27.4	41.1
1986	33.7	22.3	33.9	29.9	38.3
1987	33.3	21.7	33.5	30.7	38.4
1988	35.8	27.3	35.6	32.4	42.1
1989	35.2	30.2	35.0	30.5	40.8
1990	36.3	29.4	36.2	29.6	42.6
1991	37.1	30.2	36.9	30.2	43.0
1992	36.5	25.5	36.9	30.3	40.9
1993	36.3	27.7	37.1	31.6	36.2
1994	35.8	26.6	36.4	29.3	36.7
1995	30.1	19.3	30.7	23.9	31.1
1996	32.1	24.8	31.5	30.7	39.4
1997	30.4	23.1	30.6	25.4	32.1
1998	30.7	20.7	31.3	23.7	30.2
1999	28.0	11.9	29.0	17.5	27.1
2000	28.1	11.4	29.2	15.2	26.9
2001	28.3	10.3	29.7	15.3	26.1
2002	28.4	12.2	29.8	17.1	25.7

Note: These data are based on agencies reporting assaults to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program; the number of agencies reporting and percent of total population represented vary from year to year. Data for 2002 are based on 9,987 agencies covering approximately 75% of the total population. Data for previous years are from agencies covering from 63% to 85% of the total population. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 1989*, p. 55; *1999*, p. 80; *2002*, p. 79; FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.166

Estimated number of structure fires and intentionally set structure fires, and resulting civilian fire deaths and value of property damage

United States, 2002

	Structure fires		
	Estimated number of fires	Estimated number of civilian fire deaths	Estimated value of property damage (in thousands)
Total, all fires in structures	519,000	2,775	\$8,742,000
Total, intentionally set structure fires	44,500	350	919,000

Note: These data are weighted estimates from an annual survey of fire departments conducted by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). All U.S. fire departments that protect communities of 100,000 population or more are included in the sample. For departments that protect communities of less than 100,000 population, the sample is stratified by community size. A total of 3,460 fire departments responded to the 2002 survey. Readers are advised to consult the Source for more detailed information on methodology and weighting procedures.

"Civilians" include anyone other than a fire fighter. "Property damage" includes all forms of direct loss to contents, structure, machinery, etc., but does not include indirect losses, such as interruption of business or temporary shelter provisions. (Source, p. 33.)

Source: Michael J. Karter, Jr., *Fire Loss in the United States During 2002* (Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Association, 2003), pp. 3, 8, 15. Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted with permission from NFPA, Fire Analysis and Research. Copyright 2003 National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02169.

Table 3.167

Estimated number of intentionally set structure fires, and resulting civilian fire deaths and value of property damage

United States, 1977-2002

	Intentionally set structure fires		
	Estimated number	Estimated civilian fire deaths	Estimated property damage (in millions)
1977	86,500	480	\$636
1978	87,000	520	650
1979	88,500	435	787
1980	92,000	590	1,158
1981	88,000	555	1,142
1982	77,500	720	1,088
1983	72,500	565	946
1984	66,000	385	883
1985	68,500	455	1,069
1986	71,000	505	1,162
1987	65,500	465	1,109
1988	63,000	570	1,022
1989	59,500	460	1,057
1990	58,500	565	875
1991	62,000	365	1,072
1992	58,000	465	1,493
1993	54,000	415	1,839
1994	53,000	410	964
1995	57,500	570	981
1996	52,500	330	897
1997	52,000	340	802
1998	46,500	355	816
1999	43,500	290	828
2000	45,500	375	792
2001 ^a	45,500	330	1,013
2002	44,500	350	919

Note: See Note, table 3.166. This table has been revised by the Source due to a change in survey methodology beginning with the 2001 data. Data for 1977-2000 have been adjusted to include only intentionally set structure fires and are comparable to the figures for 2001 and later.

^aDoes not include events of Sept. 11, 2001, which resulted in 2,451 civilian deaths and property loss valued at \$33,440,000,000.

Source: Michael J. Karter, Jr., *Fire Loss in the United States During 2002* (Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Association, 2003), p. 15; and data provided by Michael J. Karter, Jr., National Fire Protection Association. Reprinted with permission from NFPA, Fire Analysis and Research. National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02169.

Table 3.168

Arson offenses and average value of property damage

By type of target, 2002

(12,414 agencies; 2002 estimated population 225,428,667)

Target	Number of offenses	Percent ^a	Average damage
Total	66,308	100.0%	\$11,253
Total structure	27,373	41.3	20,818
Single occupancy residential	11,789	17.8	18,535
Other residential	4,821	7.3	21,846
Storage	1,940	2.9	15,627
Industrial/manufacturing	333	0.5	71,376
Other commercial	2,735	4.1	45,927
Community/public	3,140	4.7	11,181
Other structure	2,615	3.9	11,933
Total mobile	21,920	33.1	6,073
Motor vehicles	20,736	31.3	5,781
Other mobile	1,184	1.8	11,183
Other	17,015	25.7	2,536

Note: Arson was designated as a Part I Index Offense in October 1978; data collection began in 1979. In 2002, 12,454 law enforcement agencies reported 74,921 arson offenses to the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The data presented above are from 12,414 agencies that furnished detailed reports such as type of structure and estimated value of property damage. Readers should be aware that these data do not represent the Nation's total arson experience (Source, p. 57). For a definition of arson, see Appendix 3.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 58. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.169

Arson of structures and percent not in use

By type of structure, 2002

(12,414 agencies; 2002 estimated population 225,428,667)

Structure	Arson of structures	
	Number	Percent not in use
Total	27,373	18.2%
Single occupancy residential	11,789	19.7
Other residential	4,821	14.8
Storage	1,940	19.7
Industrial/manufacturing	333	22.8
Other commercial	2,735	15.4
Community/public	3,140	13.6
Other structure	2,615	24.3

Note: See Note, table 3.168. Structures not in use are structures that were uninhabited or abandoned at the time the arson occurred. For a definition of arson, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2002* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 2003), p. 58.

Table 3.170

Bombing incidents known to police

By type of incident and device, value of property damage, and outcome of incident, United States, 1973-99

	Total actual and attempted bombings	Actual				Attempted		Accidental		Property damage (dollar value in thousands) ^a	Persons injured	Deaths
		Explosive		Incendiary		Explosive	Incendiary	Explosive	Incendiary			
Total	45,573	26,366	9,354	6,615	2,931	140	8	\$883,959	6,779	840		
1973	1,955	742	787	253	173	NA	NA	7,262	187	22		
1974	2,044	893	758	236	157	NA	NA	9,887	207	24		
1975	2,074	1,088	613	238	135	NA	NA	27,004 ^b	326 ^b	69 ^b		
1976	1,570	852	405	188	125	NA	NA	11,265	212	50		
1977	1,318	867	248	118	85	NA	NA	8,943	162	22		
1978	1,301	768	349	105	79	NA	NA	9,161	135	18		
1979	1,220	728	305	104	83	NA	NA	9,273	173	22		
1980	1,249	742	336	99	72	NA	NA	12,562	160	34		
1981	1,142	637	315	92	98	NA	NA	67,082 ^b	133 ^b	30		
1982	795	485	194	77	39	NA	NA	7,203	99	16		
1983	687	442	127	77	41	NA	NA	6,343	100	12		
1984	803	518	127	118	40	NA	NA	5,619	112	6		
1985	847	575	102	113	57	NA	NA	6,352	144	28		
1986	858	580	129	101	48	NA	NA	3,405	185	14		
1987	848	600	104	102	42	NA	NA	4,201	107	21		
1988	977 ^c	593	156	161	40	NA	NA	2,257	145	20		
1989	1,208 ^d	641	203	243	91	NA	NA	5,000	202	11		
1990	1,582	931	267	254	130	NA	NA	9,600	222	27		
1991	2,499	1,551	423	395	130	NA	NA	6,440	230	29		
1992	2,989	1,911	582	384	112	NA	NA	12,500	349	26		
1993	2,980	1,880	538	375	187	NA	NA	518,000 ^e	1,323 ^e	49		
1994	3,163	1,916	545	522	180	NA	NA	7,500	308	31		
1995	2,577	1,562	406	417	192	NA	NA	105,100 ^f	744 ^f	193 ^f		
1996	2,573	1,457	427	504	185	NA	NA	5,000	336	23		
1997	2,217	1,212	378	473	154	NA	NA	9,000	204	18		
1998	2,300 ^g	1,225	307	488	142	69	6	6,000	160	16		
1999	1,797 ^h	970	223	378	114	71	2	2,000	114	9		

Note: Prior to 1988, detailed information concerning bombing incidents occurring in the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands was gathered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Since 1988, the FBI Bomb Data Center has collected these data. Reports of bombing incidents are gathered from State and local public safety agencies, the U.S. Postal Inspection Service, Military Explosive Ordnance Disposal units, and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.

Bombing incidents refer to actual and attempted detonations of explosive or incendiary devices in violation of a State, local, or Federal law. Prior to 1990, these tabulations excluded threats to bomb, hoax bomb devices, accidental explosions, recoveries of explosive or incendiary devices, and such misdemeanor offenses as the illegal use of fireworks. Beginning in 1990, only bomb threats and such violations as the illegal use of fireworks were excluded from the tabulations.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding. Beginning in 1985, the Source presented only rounded dollar values.

^bIncludes major bombing incidents resulting in an unusually high number of personal injuries and deaths, or substantial damage to property.

^cIncludes 27 incidents involving combination devices.

^dIncludes 30 incidents involving combination devices.

^eThese figures include \$510,000,000 in property damage and 1,042 persons injured resulting from the bombing of the World Trade Center in New York City on Feb. 26, 1993.

^fThese figures include \$100,000,000 in property damage, 518 persons injured, and 168 deaths resulting from the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal building in Oklahoma City on Apr. 19, 1995.

^gIncludes 63 incidents involving combination devices.

^hIncludes 39 incidents involving combination devices.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **Bomb Summary 1982**, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1983), Table 1; U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **1993 Bomb Summary** (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 1994), p. 15; U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "1994 Bombing Incidents," FBI Explosives Unit-Bomb Data Center General Information Bulletin 95-2, Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 1995. (Mimeographed.) P. 3; U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **1996 Bomb Summary**, FBI Bomb Data Center General Information Bulletin 96-1, p. 6; **1997 Bomb Summary**, FBI Bomb Data Center General Information Bulletin 97-1, p. 7 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice); and U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **1999 Bombing Incidents**, FBI Bomb Data Center General Information Bulletin 99-1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 7. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.171

Bombing incidents known to police

By type of target and device, and value of property damage, United States, 1999

Type of target	Explosive	Incendiary	Explosive and incendiary	Property damage
Total	1,041	225	11	\$1,852,991
<u>Residential properties</u>				
Private residences	201	105	2	249,025
Mailboxes	400	8	2	39,969
<u>Commercial properties</u>				
Commercial business	53	19	0	172,460
Restaurants	8	4	0	205,150
Office buildings	2	1	0	700
<u>Financial institutions</u>				
Banks	1	1	0	35,000
ATMs	1	0	0	0
Vehicles	60	44	1	200,906
Utilities	13	1	0	7,970
Hospitals	1	2	0	3,500
<u>Other targets</u>				
Local/State government facilities	9	1	0	1,300
Judicial facilities	1	0	0	0
Educational facilities	63	12	0	68,475
Church	4	0	0	20,030
Person	23	6	1	92,230
Other	96	14	4	31,055
Unknown	34	5	1	10,911
Accidental explosion/no target	71	2	0	714,310

Note: See Note, table 3.170.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, **1999 Bombing Incidents**, FBI Bomb Data Center General Information Bulletin 99-1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), p. 16.

Table 3.172

Bombing incidents known to police

By type of incident and device, and region and jurisdiction, 1999

Region and jurisdiction	Explosive			Incendiary			Explosive and incendiary		
	Actual	Attempted	Accidental	Actual	Attempted	Accidental	Actual	Attempted	Accidental
East	46	24	9	11	8	0	1	1	0
Connecticut	2	0	0	2	0	X	0	0	X
Maine	0	2	0	0	1	X	0	0	X
Massachusetts	8	6	2	4	2	X	0	0	X
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
New Jersey	15	4	1	3	0	X	1	1	X
New York	12	4	5	2	0	X	0	0	X
Pennsylvania	7	7	1	0	5	X	0	0	X
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
Vermont	2	1	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
North Central	174	97	16	94	35	0	4	9	0
Illinois	46	24	6	64	21	X	2	3	X
Indiana	23	14	1	0	1	X	0	1	X
Iowa	23	11	0	4	0	X	1	2	X
Kansas	14	3	2	2	1	X	0	0	X
Michigan	16	29	2	1	1	X	0	1	X
Minnesota	17	2	2	11	3	X	0	1	X
Missouri	23	3	0	2	3	X	1	0	X
Nebraska	0	5	1	1	1	X	0	0	X
North Dakota	4	0	1	0	0	X	0	0	X
Ohio	8	6	1	9	4	X	0	1	X
South Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
Wisconsin	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
South	262	110	20	56	33	0	4	7	0
Alabama	4	3	0	1	1	X	0	0	X
Arkansas	3	3	3	0	0	X	0	0	X
Delaware	1	0	0	0	1	X	0	0	X
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
Florida	144	30	5	12	8	X	2	1	X
Georgia	1	9	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
Kentucky	8	3	1	0	1	X	0	1	X
Louisiana	2	2	1	4	1	X	0	0	X
Maryland	14	7	4	4	6	X	1	0	X
Mississippi	1	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
North Carolina	3	3	0	2	1	X	0	0	X
Oklahoma	6	8	1	3	2	X	0	1	X
South Carolina	8	8	1	1	2	X	0	1	X
Tennessee	21	18	1	14	4	X	0	0	X
Texas	29	11	1	6	4	X	1	1	X
Virginia	12	4	1	4	2	X	0	2	X
West Virginia	1	0	1	0	0	X	0	0	X
Puerto Rico	4	1	0	5	0	X	0	0	X
Virgin Islands	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	X
West	489	147	26	61	38	2	2	11	0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X
Arizona	43	17	0	6	3	0	0	1	X
California	123	58	14	33	16	1	1	3	X
Colorado	24	6	0	8	8	0	0	0	X
Hawaii	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X
Idaho	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	X
Montana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X
Nevada	10	6	0	3	2	0	0	1	X
New Mexico	2	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	X
Oregon	14	23	0	1	1	0	0	0	X
Utah	48	8	4	0	1	0	0	2	X
Washington	218	24	8	8	6	1	1	4	X
Wyoming	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	X
Guam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X

Note: See Note, table 3.170.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *1999 Bombing Incidents*, FBI Bomb Data Center General Information Bulletin 99-1 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 2003), pp. 10-13. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.173

Terrorist incidents and preventions

United States, 1980-2001

	Terrorist incidents	Suspected terrorist incidents	Terrorism preventions
Total	294	55	133
1980	29	0	1
1981	42	4	0
1982	51	1	3
1983	31	2	6
1984	13	3	9
1985	7	6	23
1986	25	2	9
1987	9	8	5
1988	9	5	3
1989	4	16	7
1990	7	1	5
1991	5	1	5
1992	4	0	0
1993	12	2	7
1994	1	1	0
1995	1	1	2
1996	3	0	5
1997	4	0	21
1998	5	0	12
1999	10	2	7
2000	8	0	1
2001	14	0	2

Note: A terrorist incident is a violent act, or an act dangerous to human life, in violation of the criminal laws of the United States or of any State, to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in furtherance of political or social objectives. A terrorism prevention is a documented instance in which a violent act by a known or suspected terrorist group or individual with the means and a proven propensity for violence is successfully interdicted through investigative activity. (Source, p. iv.) A suspected terrorist incident is a potential act of terrorism in which responsibility for the act cannot be attributed at the time to a known or suspected terrorist group or individual. Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Terrorism 2000/2001* [Online]. Available: http://www.fbi.gov/publications/terror/terror2000_2001.pdf [Sept. 14, 2004], p. 10. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.174

Terrorist incidents

By type of incident and region, United States, 1980-2001 (aggregate)

	Number
Total	482
Type of incident	
Bombing attacks ^a	324
Arson	33
Assassinations	21
Malicious destruction of property; sabotage	19
Shootings	19
Robbery; attempted robbery	15
Hostile takeover	10
Assaults	6
Weapons of mass destruction	6
Hijackings; aircraft attacks ^b	3
Kidnaping	2
Rocket attacks	2
Other	22
Region ^c	
Northeast	144
North Central	56
South	72
West	97
Puerto Rico	103
Other/unknown	12

Note: See Note, table 3.173.

^aIncludes detonated and undetonated devices, tear gas, pipebombs, letterbombs, and firebombs.

^bIncludes the aircraft attacks of Sept. 11, 2001, which are counted by the Source as a single terrorist incident.

^cThese figures sum to 484 because although designated as a single act of terrorism, the aircraft attacks of Sept. 11, 2001 have been designated as one terrorist incident in the Northeast and one terrorist incident in the South. Similarly, although the anthrax mailings that occurred from September through November 2001 have been categorized as a single act of terrorism, the incidents have been designated as one terrorist incident in the North-east and one terrorist incident in the South.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Terrorism 2000/2001* [Online]. Available: http://www.fbi.gov/publications/terror/terror2000_2001.pdf [Sept. 14, 2004], pp. 7, 12. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.175

U.S. citizen casualties resulting from international terrorism

By type of casualty, 1981-2003

	Total	U.S. citizens	
		Killed	Wounded
Total	2,939	670	2,269
1981	47	7	40
1982	19	8	11
1983	386	271	115
1984	42	11	31
1985	195	38	157
1986	112	12	100
1987	54	7	47
1988	231	192	39
1989	34	16	18
1990	43	9	34
1991	23	7	16
1992	3	2	1
1993	1,011 ^a	7	1,004
1994	11	6	5
1995	70	10	60
1996	535 ^b	25	510
1997	27	6	21
1998	23	12	11
1999	12	6	6
2000	70	23	47
2001 ^c	2,779	2,689	90
2002	64	27	37
2003	64	35	29

Note: Terrorism is defined as premeditated, politically motivated violence perpetrated against noncombatant targets by subnational groups or clandestine agents, usually intended to influence an audience. International terrorism involves citizens or territory of more than one country. (Source, **2003**, p. xii.) Most attacks that have occurred during Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom do not meet this definition of international terrorism because they were directed at military forces on duty. Only those incidents directed against civilians and unarmed military personnel while off duty are considered terrorist attacks. (Source, **2003**, p. 2.) Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aThe bombing of the World Trade Center in New York City on Feb. 26, 1993 accounts for this increase.

^bThe bombing of the Al Khubar U.S. military housing complex near Dhahran, Saudi Arabia on June 25, 1996 accounts for this increase.

^cThese figures may not include complete counts of persons killed and wounded in the Sept. 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and are subject to revision.

Source: U.S. Department of State, *Patterns of Global Terrorism: 1987*, p.1; **1988**, p. 4; **1995**, p. 74; **2000**, p. 87; **2003**, p. 180 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of State); and data provided by U.S. Department of State [Online]. Available: <http://www.state.gov/s/ct/rls/pgtrpt/2003/33777.htm> [June 22, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.176

Terrorist attacks against the United States internationally

By type of event, 1994-2003

Type of event	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	66	99	73	123	111	169	200	219	77	60
Armed attack	9	8	3	5	5	11	4	1	8	7
Arson	0	6	7	2	1	6	2	0	0	2
Assault	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombing ^a	43	65	55	108	96	111	179	207	66	43
Firebombing	2	0	1	0	5	12	1	1	0	2
Hijacking	NA	1	0	1						
Kidnaping/hostage	10	11	6	8	4	21	11	6	3	3
Vandalism	1	9	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	3	0	0	2

Note: See Note, table 3.175. Includes attacks against U.S. facilities and attacks in which U.S. citizens suffered casualties.

^aIncludes suicide bombing.

Source: U.S. Department of State, *Patterns of Global Terrorism: 1994*, p. 67; **1995**, p. 73; **1996**, p. 74; **1997**, p. 86; **1998**, p. 96; **1999**, p. 106; **2000**, p. 88; **2001**, p. 176; **2002**, p. 166; **2003**, p. 181 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of State); and data provided by U.S. Department of State [Online]. Available: <http://www.state.gov/s/ct/rls/pgtrpt/2003/33777.htm> [June 22, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.177

Results of airline passenger screening

United States, 1977-2000

	Persons screened (in millions)	Weapons detected				Other dangerous articles ^a	Explosive/incendiary devices ^b	Persons arrested	
		Total	Handguns	Long guns	Other ^a			For carrying firearms/explosives	For giving false information
1977	508.8	2,034	1,730	64	240	NA	5	810	44
1978	579.7	2,058	1,827	67	164	NA	3	896	64
1979	592.5	2,161	1,962	55	144	NA	3	1,060	47
1980	585.0	2,022	1,878	36	108	NA	8	1,031	32
1981	598.5	2,255	2,124	44	87	NA	11	1,187	49
1982	630.2	2,676	2,559	57	60	NA	1	1,314	27
1983	709.1	2,784	2,634	67	83	NA	4	1,282	34
1984	775.6	2,957	2,766	100	91	NA	6	1,285	27
1985	992.9	2,987	2,823	90	74	NA	12	1,310	42
1986	1,055.3	3,241	2,981	146	114	NA	11	1,415	89
1987	1,095.6	3,252	3,012	99	141	NA	14	1,581	81
1988	1,054.9	2,773	2,591	74	108	NA	11	1,493	222
1989	1,113.3	2,879	2,397	92	390	NA	26	1,436	83
1990	1,145.1	2,853	2,490	59	304	NA	15	1,336	18
1991	1,015.1	1,919	1,597	47	275	NA	94	893	28
1992	1,110.8	2,608	2,503	105	NA	2,341	167	1,282	13
1993	1,150.0	2,798	2,707	91	NA	3,867	251	1,354	31
1994	1,261.3	2,994	2,860	134	NA	6,051	505	1,433	35
1995	1,263.0	2,390	2,230	160	NA	4,414	631	1,194	68
1996	1,496.9	2,155	1,999	156	NA	NA	NA	999	131
1997	1,659.7	2,067	1,905	162	NA	NA	NA	924	72
1998	1,666.5	1,515	1,401	114	NA	NA	NA	660	86
1999	1,767.0	1,552	1,421	131	NA	NA	NA	633	58
2000	1,812.0	1,937	1,643	294	NA	NA	NA	600	61

Note: Screening consists of "the systematic examination of persons and property using weapons-detecting procedures or facilities (electronic or physical search) for the purpose of detecting weapons and dangerous articles and to prevent their unauthorized introduction into sterile areas or aboard aircraft." (Source, 1993, p. 42.) Some data have been revised by the Source and may differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

^aPrior to 1992, the weapons category "other" included items such as starter pistols, flare pistols, and BB guns. Beginning in 1992, this category was expanded to include stunning devices, chemical agents, martial arts equipment, knives, bludgeons, and certain other designated items, and renamed "other dangerous articles." Reporting of this category was discontinued by the Source in 1996 due to inconsistent reporting.

^bFrom 1992 to 1994, the method of counting "explosive/incendiary devices" was revised. Individual items were counted rather than packages (i.e., one box of firecrackers counted as 20 firecrackers; one box of ammunition counted as 50 cartridges). Reporting of this category was discontinued by the Source in 1996 due to inconsistent reporting.

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, *Semiannual Report to Congress on the Effectiveness of the Civil Aviation Security Program, July 1 to December 31, 1978*, Exhibit 10; *July 1 to December 31, 1982*, Exhibit 10; *July 1 to December 31, 1984*, Exhibit 7; *July 1 to December 31, 1989*, p. 11 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation); U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, *Annual Report to Congress on Civil Aviation Security, January 1, 1993-December 31, 1993*, p. 9; *January 1, 1995-December 31, 1995*, p. 11 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation); and data provided by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration and Bureau of Transportation Statistics [Online]. Available: http://www.bts.gov/publications/national_transportation_statistics/2003/html/table_02_16.html [May 24, 2004]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.